## M9 - 3.1 - Multiplication-Exponential Form (+/-) WS

#### Write the following in exponential form, then evaluate.

$2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^5 = 32$	$5 \times 5 =$
$4 \times 4 \times 4 =$	$3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 =$
$(-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) = (-2)^3 = -8$	$(-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) =$
(3)(3)(3) =	(4)(4) =
$1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 =$	5 =
9 × 9 =	$6 \times 6 \times 6 =$
$-4 \times 4 \times 4 =$	$-2 \times -2 \times -2 =$
$x \times x =$	$-5 \times 5 =$
$a \times a \times a =$	$(-m) \times (-m) \times (-m) =$

#### Write as a repeated multiplication, then evaluate.

_
$2^2 =$
54 =
44 =
34 =
$-3^{4} =$
-1 <sup>3</sup> =
$-(-2)^4 =$
$-(2)^2 =$
$(-2)^2 =$
$(-1)^4 =$

#### Write if the answer is positive (+) or negative (-).

$$-4^{2} = -$$

$$(-4)^{2} = +$$

$$-2^{3} =$$

$$-3^{3} =$$

$$(-2)^{3} =$$

$$(-2)^{2} =$$

$$(-5)^{5} =$$

$$(-5)^{5} =$$

$$(-3)^{odd} =$$

$$(-3)^{odd} =$$

$$-3^{odd} =$$

$$-a^{odd} =$$

$$-a^{even} =$$

$$(-a)^{even} =$$

$$(-a)^{even} =$$

# M9 - 3.1 - Repeated Multiplication - Exp Form WS

Write as a repeated multiplication then in exponential form.

$$4 = 2 \times 2 = 2^2$$

Write as a repeated multiplication then in exponential form.

1000 =

Write as a repeated multiplication then in exponential form. Answers may vary.

$$256 =$$

$$625 =$$

$$1024 =$$

729 =

### M9 - 3.1 - Find the exponent WS

#### Find the exponent

$$4 = 2^{-}$$

$$25 = 5^{-}$$

$$9 = 3^{-}$$

$$16 = 4^-$$

$$64 = 8^{-}$$

$$8 = 2^{-}$$

$$3^{-} = 27$$

$$32 = 2^{-}$$

$$144 = 12^{-}$$

$$729 = 9^-$$

$$1024 = 2^-$$

$$216 = 6^-$$

$$729 = 3^-$$

$$1000 = 10^{-}$$

$$625 = 5^{-}$$

$$256 = 2^{-}$$

$$128 = 2^{-}$$

$$256 = 8^{-}$$

$$625 = 25^{-}$$

$$1 = 5^{-}$$

#### Find the base.

$$64 = \underline{\phantom{0}}^2$$

$$625 = _{-}^{2}$$

#### Find the base.

$$343 = _{-}^{3}$$

$$1000 = \__3$$

$$27 = \__3$$

$$8 = _{3}$$

$$729 = _{-}^{3}$$

#### Find the base.

#### Find the base.

$$32 = _{-}^{5}$$

## M9 - 3.1 - Change of Base Exponents WS

Write in exponential form with a base of 2.

$$4 = 2^2$$

$$4^2 =$$

$$8^2 =$$

$$4^{3} =$$

$$16^2 =$$

Write in exponential form with a base of 3.

$$9 = 3^2$$

Write in exponential form with any base you'd like.

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 =

$$\frac{1}{25} =$$

$$\frac{1}{81} =$$

$$\frac{1}{64} =$$

$$\frac{1}{100} =$$

$$\frac{1}{256} =$$

## M9 - 3.1 - Mult Div Exponent Laws HW

Write each product of powers as a single power.

$$2^2 \times 2^2 = 2^{2+2} = 2^4$$

$$7^3 \times 7^4 =$$

$$(-3)^2 \times (-3)^3 =$$

$$2^3 \times 2^2 =$$

$$5^3 \times 5^4 =$$

$$(-3)^2 \times (-3)^2 =$$

$$3^2 \times 3^2 =$$

$$9^4 \times 9^2 =$$

$$3^2 \times 3^3 =$$

$$3^2 \times 3^3 =$$

Write each quotient of repeated multiplication division statement in faction form then simplify as a single power.

$$3^4 \div 3^2 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 3^2$$
  $2^3 \div 2^2 =$ 

$$2^3 \div 2^2 =$$

$$(-4)^8 \div (-4)^7 =$$

$$4^7 \div 4^4 =$$

$$3^2 \div 3^2 =$$

$$(-3)^6 \div (-3)^3 =$$

$$2^4 \div 2^2 =$$

$$3^5 \div 3^3 =$$

$$(-2)^5 \div (-2)^3 =$$

$$8^6 \div 8^4 =$$

$$6^2 \div 6^2 =$$

Write each quotient of powers as a single power.

$$3^4 \div 3^2 = 3^{4-2} = 3^2$$

$$2^4 \div 2^2 =$$

$$(-3)^4 \div (-3)^2 = (-3)^{4-2} = (-3)^2 = 3^2$$

$$4^7 \div 4^4 =$$

$$3^2 \div 3^2 =$$

$$(-2)^5 \div (-2)^3 =$$

$$2^3 \div 2^2 =$$

$$6^2 \div 6^2 =$$

$$(-4)^8 \div (-4)^7 =$$

$$8^6 \div 8^4 =$$

$$3^5 \div 3^3 =$$

$$(-3)^6 \div (-3)^3 =$$

Write each quotient of powers as a single power.

$$\frac{3^5}{3^2} =$$

$$\frac{4^2}{4} =$$

$$\frac{(-3)^4}{(-3)^2} =$$

$$\frac{6^5}{6^2} =$$

$$\frac{5^3}{5^2} =$$

$$\frac{(-7)^5}{(-7)^2} =$$

$$\frac{8^4}{8^2} =$$

$$\frac{6^7}{6^2} =$$

## M9 - 3.1 - Distribution Exponent Laws HW

Write the following as a single power.

$$(4^3)^2 = 4^{3 \times 2} = 4^6$$

$$(2^2)^3 =$$

$$(3^3)^2 =$$

$$(8^2)^5 =$$

$$(7^3)^4 =$$

$$(2^{-1})^2 =$$

Write the following as a single power.

$$[7 \times 2]^2 = 14^2$$

$$[5 \times 3]^2 =$$

$$[3 \times 2]^2$$

Write as a multiplication of two powers.

$$[7 \times 2]^2 = 7^2 2^2$$

$$[5 \times 3]^2 =$$

$$[3 \times 2]^2$$

Write as a multiplication of two powers.

$$[7x]^2 = 7^2x^2$$

$$[3x]^2$$

$$[5x^3]^2 =$$

Distribute the power.

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 =$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{6}\right)^2 =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 =$$

$$\left(\frac{5}{7}\right)^2 =$$

$$\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^2 =$$

# M9 - 3.2 - Negative Exponents HW

Write with positive exponents

$$2^{-3} = \frac{1}{2^3} \qquad \qquad 3^{-4} =$$

$$3^{-4} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{-3}} =$$

$$\frac{1}{3^{-4}} =$$

$$5^{-2} = 3^{-3} =$$

$$3^{-3} =$$

$$6^{-2} =$$

$$9^{-2} =$$

$$2x^{-2} =$$

$$2^{-3}x =$$

$$2^{-3}x^{-2} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2x^{-2}} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{-3}x} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{-3}x^{-2}} =$$

$$\frac{5}{2x^{-2}} =$$

$$\frac{5}{2^{-3}x^{-2}} =$$

$$\frac{x^2}{y^{-3}} =$$

$$\frac{x^{-2}}{y^{-3}} =$$

$$\frac{4}{2x^{-2}} =$$

$$\frac{2}{4x^{-2}} =$$

Write with negative exponents

$$\frac{1}{2^{-3}} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2x^3} =$$

$$\frac{2}{x^3} =$$