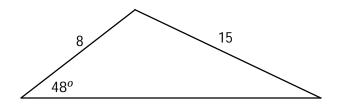
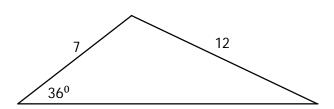
C11 - 2.6 - Solve ASS Triangle Without Sine Law Notes

Solve the triangle





C11 - 2.6 - Algebra Sine Law HW

Solve for the variable.

$$\frac{a}{\sin 35^o} = \frac{4}{\sin 27^o} \qquad \qquad \frac{12}{\sin 52} = \frac{c}{\sin 30}$$

$$\frac{12}{\sin 52} = \frac{c}{\sin 30}$$

$$\frac{b}{\sin 20^o} = \frac{2}{\sin 45^o}$$

$$\frac{19}{\sin 34^0} = \frac{b}{\sin 30^0}$$

$$\frac{b}{\sin 35^o} = \frac{4}{\sin 27^o} \qquad \qquad \frac{12}{\sin 52} = \frac{a}{\sin 30}$$

$$\frac{12}{\sin 52} = \frac{a}{\sin 30}$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin 25^{o}} = \frac{8}{\sin 67^{o}} \qquad \frac{77}{\sin 15^{o}} = \frac{a}{\sin 39}$$

$$\frac{77}{\sin 15^0} = \frac{a}{\sin 39}$$

$$\frac{\sin A}{14} = \frac{\sin 29^o}{8}$$

$$\frac{\sin 23}{7} = \frac{\sin C}{5} \qquad \frac{\sin 42}{2} = \frac{\sin A}{3}$$

$$\frac{\sin 42}{2} = \frac{\sin 4}{3}$$

$$\frac{sinB}{8} = \frac{sin69^o}{10}$$

$$\frac{sinC}{5} = \frac{sin11^o}{1}$$

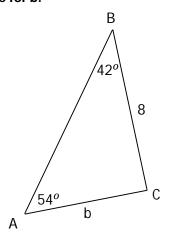
$$\frac{\sin 43}{21} = \frac{\sin 6}{4}$$

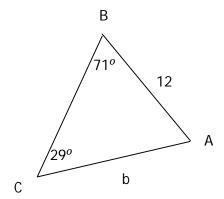
$$\frac{\sin 73}{2} = \frac{\sin A}{7}$$

$$\frac{\sin 43}{21} = \frac{\sin C}{4} \qquad \qquad \frac{\sin 73}{2} = \frac{\sin A}{7} \qquad \qquad \frac{\sin B}{9} = \frac{\sin 19^{\circ}}{8}$$

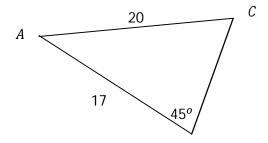
C11 - 2.6 - Sine Law HW

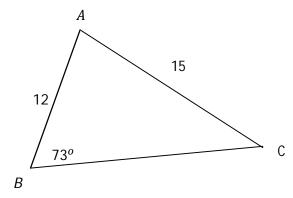
Solve for b.





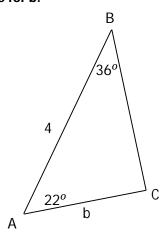
Solve for the angle C

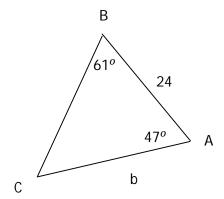




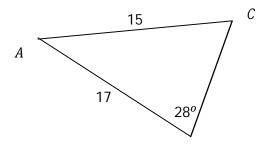
C11 - 2.6 - Sine Law HW

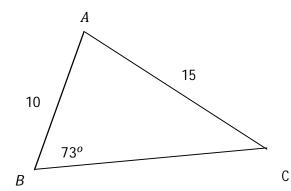
Solve for b.





Solve for the angle C





How many triangles? Solve the triangles.

$$\angle A = 30^{o}, b = 10, a = 5$$

$$\angle A = 30^{o}, b = 10, a = 4$$

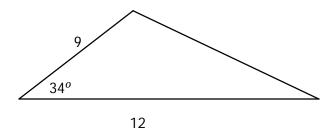
$$\angle A = 30^{o}, b = 10, a = 12$$

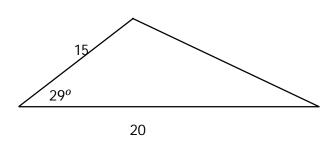
$$\angle A = 30^{o}, b = 10, a = 6$$

$$\angle A = 120^{o}, b = 8, a = 10$$

$$\angle A = 120^{o}, b = 8, a = 4$$

C11 - 2.7 - Solve SAS Triangle Without Cosine Law Notes Solve the triangle.





C11 - 2.7 - Algebra Cosine Law HW

Solve for the variable. Enter the right hand side into your calculator, then square root both sides.

$$c^2 = 4^2 + 5^2 - 2(4)(5)\cos 30$$

$$c^2 = 10^2 + 7^2 - 2(10)(7)\cos 60$$

$$c^2 = 8^2 + 9^2 - 2(8)(9)\cos 45$$

$$c^2 = 11^2 + 4^2 - 2(11)(4)\cos 50$$

Solve for the variable. Do algebra to isolate cosC, then take the inverse $cos^{-1}(\)$

$$7^2 = 5^2 + 9^2 - 2(5)(9)\cos C$$

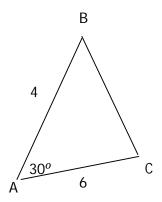
$$11^2 = 4^2 + 12^2 - 2(4)(12)\cos C$$

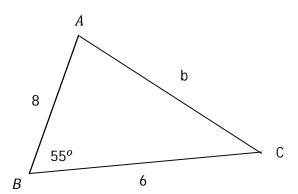
$$9^2 = 8^2 + 7^2 - 2(8)(7)\cos C$$

$$20^2 = 21^2 + 35^2 - 2(21)(35)\cos C$$

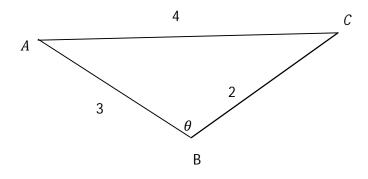
C11 - 2.7 - Cosine Law HW

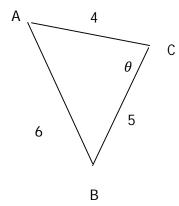
Find the third side.





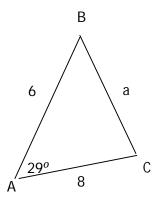
Find θ .

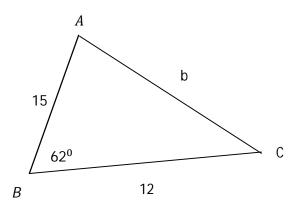




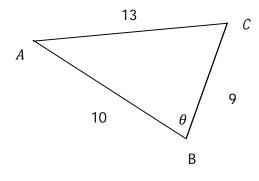
C11 - 2.7 - Cosine Law HW

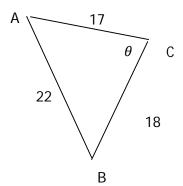
Find the third side.





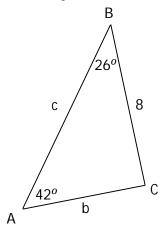
Find θ .

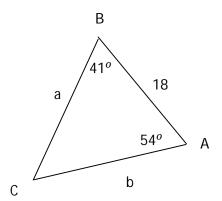


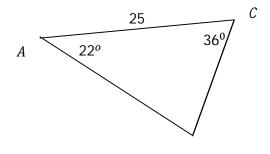


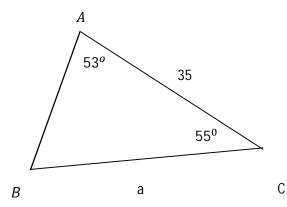
C11 - 2.6 - Solve the Triangle Sine Law $180^{0}\ HW$

Solve the triangle.









C11 - 2.6/7 - Solve Triangle Cosine/Sine Law HW

Solve the triangle.

