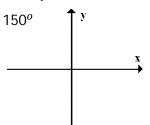
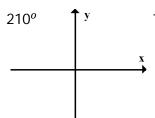
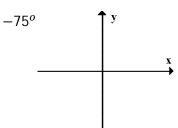
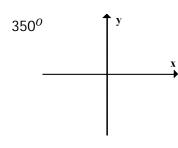
C11 - 2.1 - Sketch, Find θ_r , θ_{stp} HW

Sketch θ_{stp} .

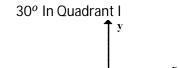


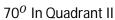


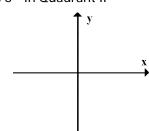


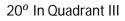


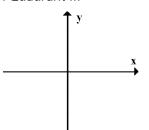
Sketch $heta_r$



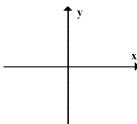




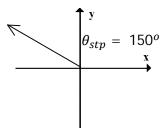


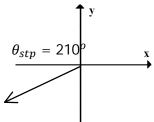


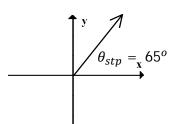
45° In Quadrant IV

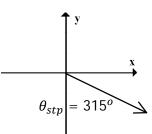


Find θ_r for each θ_{stp}

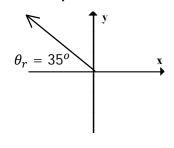


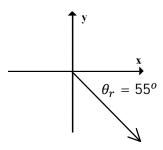


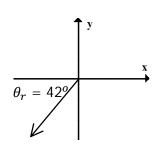


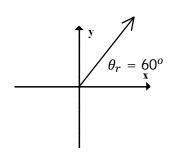


Find θ_{stp} for each θ_r



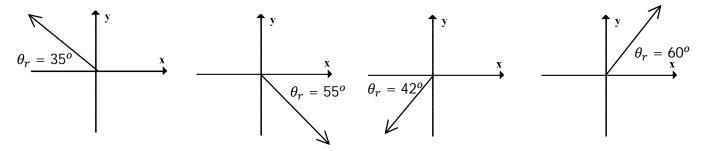




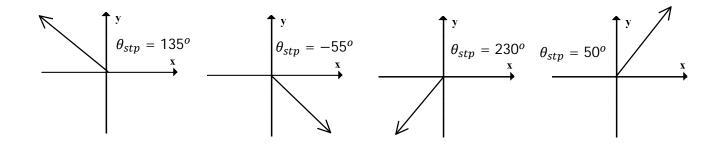


C11 - 2.1 - Sketch, Find $-\theta_{stp}$, θ_{cot} HW

Find a negative θ_{stp} for each θ_r



Find a positive and negative θ_{cot} for each θ_{stp}

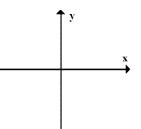


C11 - 2.2 - ASTC +/-

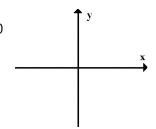
Draw 2 triangles in the quadrants for the following statements

 $\cos\theta > 0$

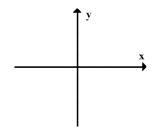
 $\tan \theta > 0$



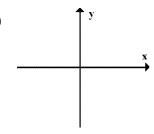
 $\sin \theta > 0$



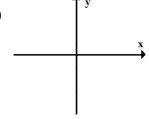
 $\cos\theta < 0$



 $\tan \theta < 0$

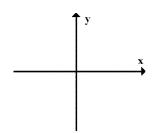


 $\sin \theta < 0$

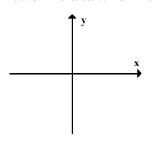


Draw a triangle in the quadrant for following statements

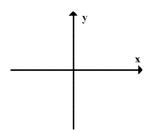
 $\cos\theta > 0$ and $\sin\theta < 0$



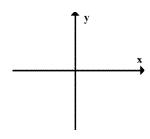
 $\cos\theta < 0$ and $\tan\theta > 0$



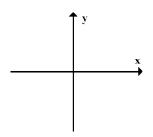
 $tan\theta > 0$ and $sin\theta > 0$



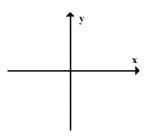
 $\cos\theta < 0$ and $\sin\theta < 0$



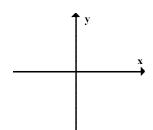
 $\cos\theta < 0$ and $\tan\theta < 0$



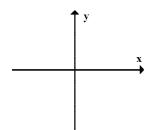
 $tan\theta < 0$ and $sin\theta > 0$



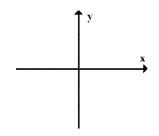
 $\cos\theta < 0$ and $\sin\theta > 0$



 $\cos\theta > 0$ and $\tan\theta < 0$



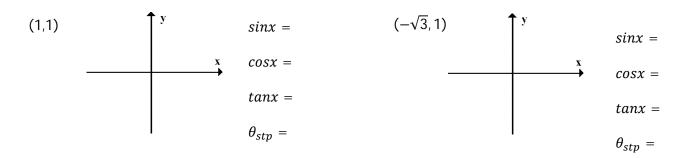
 $tan\theta < 0$ and $sin\theta < 0$



 $(4,3) \qquad sinx = \qquad (-3,4) \qquad sinx = \qquad sinx = \qquad x \qquad cosx = \qquad tanx = \qquad tanx = \qquad \theta_{stp} = \qquad \theta_{stp} = \qquad \theta_{stp} = \qquad \theta_{stp} = \qquad 0$

(-3,-4) \xrightarrow{x} \xrightarrow{x}

 $(2,3) \qquad \uparrow^{y} \qquad (5,-6) \qquad \uparrow^{x}$







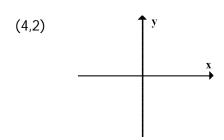
$$(-3\sqrt{3}, -\sqrt{3})$$

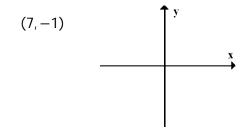
$$\xrightarrow{x}$$

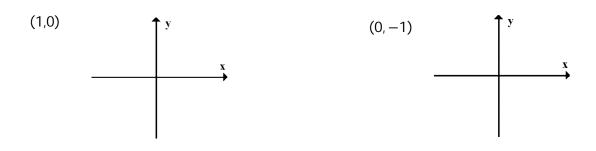
 $(-2.5) \qquad \qquad \int y \qquad sinx = \\ cosx = \\ tanx = \\ \theta_{stp} =$

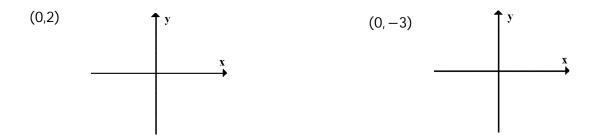
(3,-3) sinx = cosx = tanx = $\theta_{stp} =$

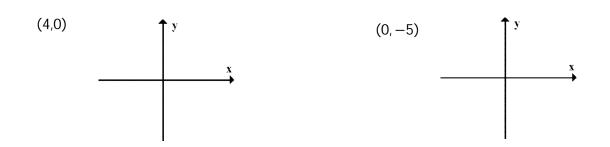
(-3,8)





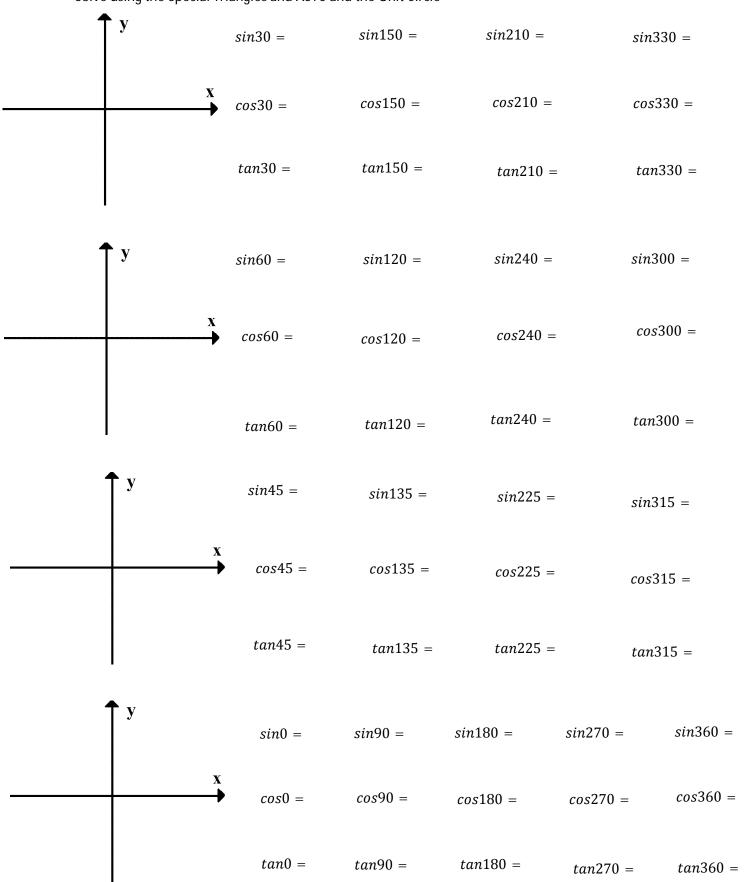






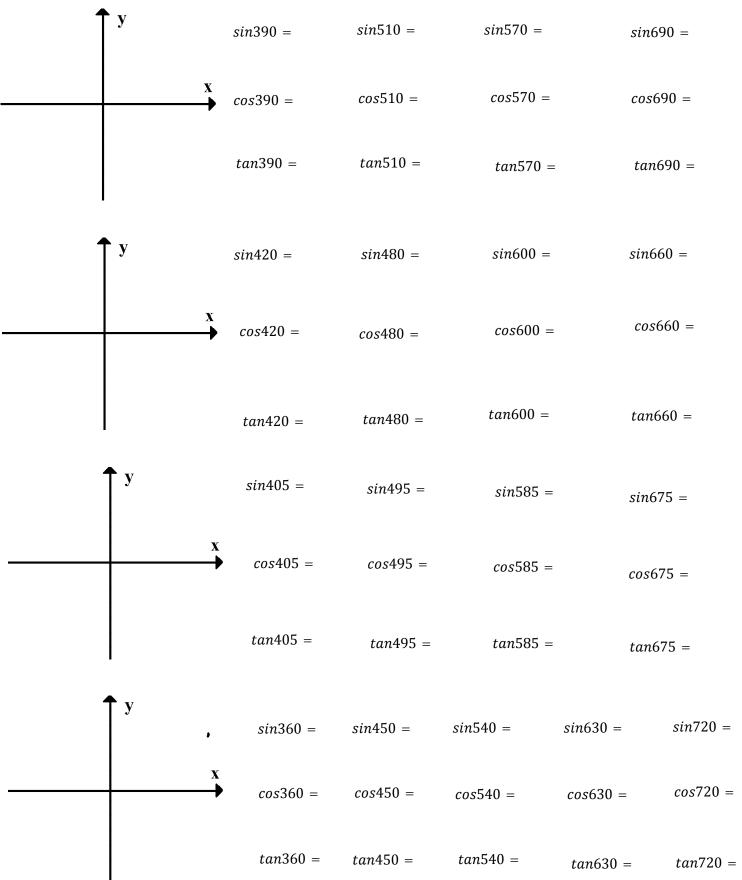
C11 - 2.3/4 - Exact Value Trig Ratios HW

Solve using the Special Triangles and ASTC and the Unit Circle



C11 - 2.3/4 - Exact Value Trig Ratios HW

Solve using the Special Triangles and ASTC and the Unit Circle

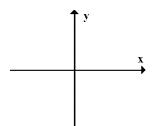


C11 - 2.3 - Special Trig Equations HW

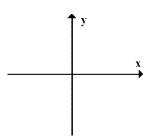
April 20, 2015 9:04 PM

Solve for $x, 0 \le x < 360$, answer should say x =

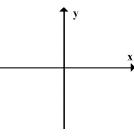




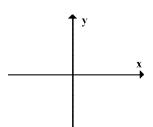
$$cosx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$



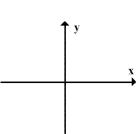
$$cosx = \frac{1}{2}$$



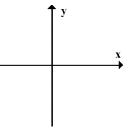
$$tanx = 1$$



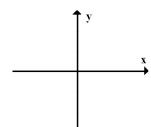
$$sinx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$



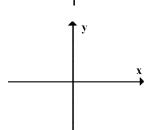
$$sinx = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



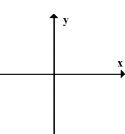
$$cosx = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



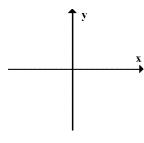
$$tanx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$



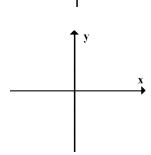
$$tanx = \sqrt{3}$$



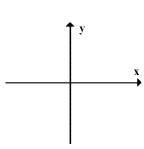
$$sinx = -\frac{1}{2}$$



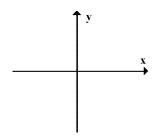
$$cosx = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$



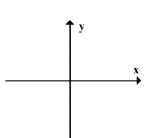
$$cosx = -\frac{1}{2}$$



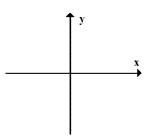
$$tanx = -1$$



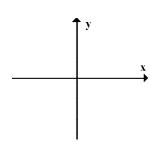
$$sinx = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$



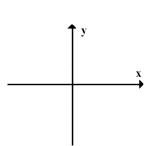
$$sinx = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



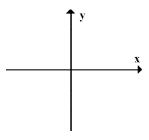
$$cosx = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



$$tanx = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$



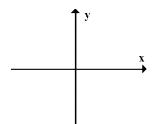
$$tanx = -\sqrt{3}$$



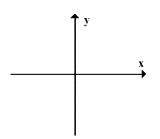
C11 - 2.3 - Ratio Trig Equations HW

Solve for $x, 0 \le x < 360$, answer should say x =

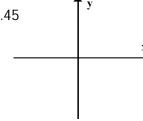
sinx = 0.6



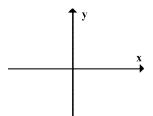
 $cosx = \frac{1}{4}$



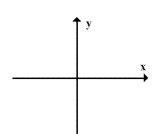
cosx = 0.45



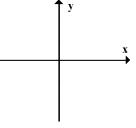
 $tanx = \frac{4}{5}$



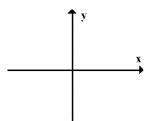
sinx = 0.4



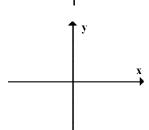
 $sinx = \frac{1}{3}$



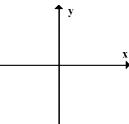
cosx = 0.75



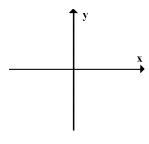
 $tanx = \frac{1}{5}$



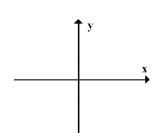
tanx=0.35



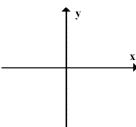
sinx = -0.1



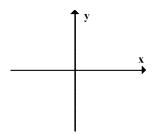
 $cosx = -\frac{1}{5}$



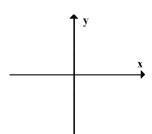
cosx = -0.65



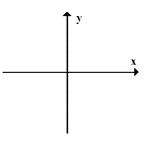
tanx = -2



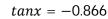
sinx = -0.8

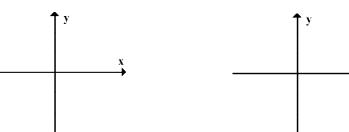


 $sinx = -\frac{2}{3}$

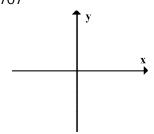


cosx = -0.5





tanx = -0.707

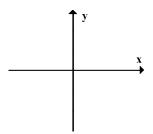


C11 - 2.3 - Algebra Special Trig Equations HW

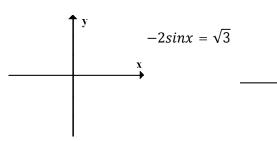
April 20, 2015 9:04 PM

Solve for $x, 0 \le x < 360$

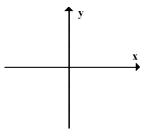
2sinx = 1



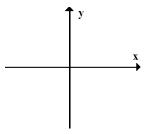
 $\sqrt{2}cosx = 1$



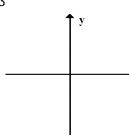
2tanx = 2



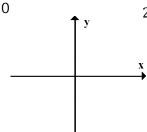
 $2\cos x = -\sqrt{3}$



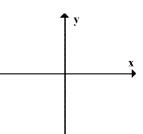
 $2sinx = -\sqrt{3}$



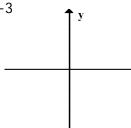
 $-\sqrt{2}sinx - 1 = 0$



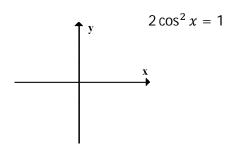
 $2\cos x + 1 = 0$



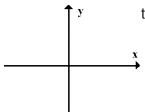
tanx - 2 = -3



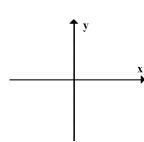
 $\sin^2 x = \frac{1}{4}$



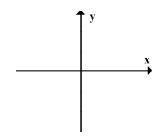
1



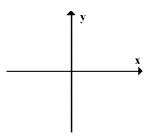
 $\tan^2 x = 1$



 $4\cos^2 x - 1 = 0$



 $2\sin^2 x - 1 = 0$

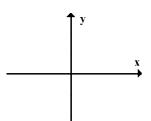


C11 - 2.4 - Unit Circle Trig Equations HW

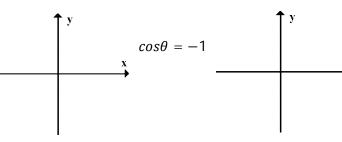
April 20, 2015 9:04 PM

Solve for θ , $0 \le \theta < 360$

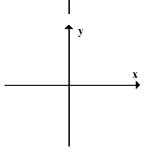
 $sin\theta = 1$



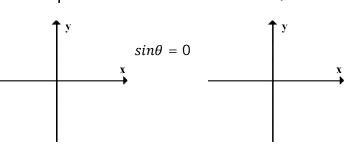
 $cos\theta = 0$



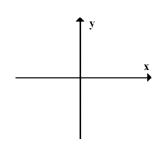
 $sin\theta = -1$



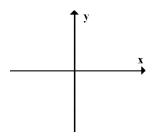
 $tan\theta = und$



 $cos\theta = 1$



 $tan\theta = 0$

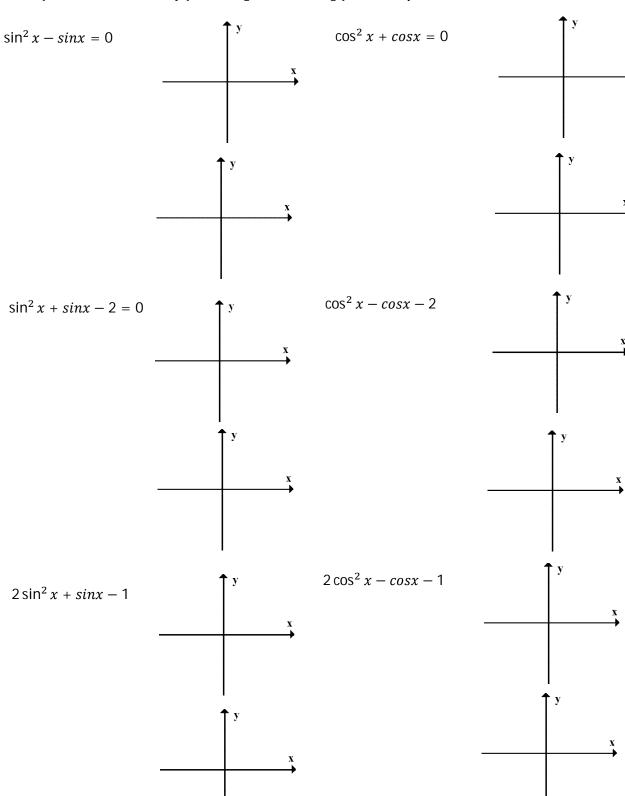


 $\sin^2\theta - 1 = 0$

C11 - 2.5 - Factoring Trig Equations HW

April 20, 2015 9:04 PM

Solve for $x, 0 \le x < 360$, by factoring, then setting factors equal to zero and solve.



C11 - 2.8 - Trig Ratios Tables and Graphs

x	sinx	cosx	tanx
30°			
45 ⁰			
60 ⁰			

x	sinx	cosx	tanx
00			
90 ⁰			
180 ⁰			
270 ⁰			
360 ⁰			

