## Domácí úkol č. 3

## B0B01MA1

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1. Spočtěte

$$\int (2x-5)e^{-x} dx = \begin{vmatrix} u=2x-5 & v'=e^{-x} \\ u'=2 & v=-e^{-x} \end{vmatrix} \stackrel{P-P}{=} (-2x+5)e^{-x} + 2 \int e^{-x} dx = (5-2x)e^{-x} - 2e^{-x} + c = 3e^{-x} - 2x \cdot e^{-x} + c, x \in \mathbb{R}$$

2. Spočtěte

$$\int (3-2x)\sin 2x \, \mathrm{d}x = \begin{vmatrix} u=3-2x & v'=\sin 2x \\ u'=-2 & v=-\frac{\cos 2x}{2} \end{vmatrix} \stackrel{P-P}{=} (-3+2x)\frac{\cos 2x}{2} - \int (-2)\left(\frac{-\cos 2x}{2}\right) \, \mathrm{d}x = (-3+2x)\frac{\cos 2x}{2} - \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + c = \frac{1}{2}[\cos 2x \cdot (-3+2x) - \sin 2x] + c, x \in \mathbb{R}$$

3. Spočtěte

$$\begin{split} & \int (3x-2)\sin\frac{x}{2}\,\mathrm{d}x = \begin{vmatrix} u=3x-2 & v'=\cos\frac{x}{2} \\ u'=3 & v=2\sin\frac{x}{2} \end{vmatrix} \stackrel{P-P}{=} (3x-2) \cdot 2\sin\frac{x}{2} - 3 \cdot 2\int\sin\frac{x}{2}\,\mathrm{d}x = \\ & = (3x-2) \cdot 2\sin\frac{x}{2} + 12\cos\frac{x}{2} + c, x \in \mathbb{R} \end{split}$$

4. Spočtěte

$$\begin{split} &\int (3x^2 - \sqrt{x}) \ln 3x \, \mathrm{d}x = \begin{vmatrix} u = \ln 3x & v' = 3x^2 - \sqrt{x} \\ u' = \frac{1}{x} & v = x^3 - \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x^3} \end{vmatrix} \stackrel{P = P}{=} \ln 3x \left( x^3 - \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x^3} \right) - \int \frac{x^3 - \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x^3}}{x} \, \mathrm{d}x = \\ &= \ln 3x \left( x^3 - \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x^3} \right) - \int \left( x^2 - \frac{2}{3} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) \, \mathrm{d}x = \ln 3x \left( x^3 - \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x^3} \right) - \left( \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{4}{9}\sqrt{x^3} \right) + c = \\ &= x^3 \ln 3x + \frac{2x\sqrt{x} \ln 3x + x^3}{3} + \frac{4}{9} \cdot x\sqrt{x} + c, x \in (0, +\infty) \end{split}$$