

Practice 5.1: Indicating Stance

- a.** Previous studies (Jones, 1997; Smith, 2006) have indicated that the intensity of physiotherapy provision may affect some patient outcomes including reduced mortality following a stroke.
- b.** Although significant sums of money have been poorly invested in the African continent, this essay determines that the effectiveness of foreign aid in Africa is most apparent in educational institutions, in transportation infrastructure, and in combating transmissible diseases such as malaria.
- c.** Communication is probably one of the most important of all human behaviours. Our use of language may be private - we can think to ourselves in words or write diaries that are meant to be seen by no one but ourselves - but language certainly evolved through social contacts among our early ancestors. Speaking and writing are clearly social behaviours: we learn these skills from other people and use them to communicate with them. An effective language system also tends to abide by certain rules. Although an exact definition is difficult to pin down, language can be characterised as a system of visual and/or vocal symbols which have meaning to the user and to the recipient. There are thought to be around 6000 distinct languages in the world. The world's largest language is said to be Chinese - it has more native speakers than any other - followed closely by English, Hindi/Urdu, Spanish and Arabic. The most popular foreign language is usually claimed (Smith, 2003) to be English.
- d.** Patellofemoral disorders are amongst the most common clinical conditions encountered in the sporting and general population. Patellofemoral pain is usually described as diffuse, peripatellar, anterior knee pain. Symptoms are typically aggravated by activities such as ascending or descending stairs, squatting, kneeling, running and prolonged sitting.

A wide variety of disorders may fall under the umbrella term of patellofemoral pain. As a result, a thorough systematic evaluation of the patient's lower extremity alignment, patellar mobility and alignment, muscle flexibility, strength, co-ordination, soft tissue and articular pain is important in determining the possible causes of patellofemoral pain and prescribing an optimal rehabilitation programme. Management of patellofemoral pain syndrome often includes reduction of pain and inflammation through cryotherapy, heat therapy, massage therapy, muscle flexibility and strength training (especially quadriceps), patellar taping, bracing, orthotics, correction of abnormal biomechanics or other causative factors, acupuncture and surgery.

1 Table 4 shows survey respondents' self-reported involvement in online misbehavior during the previous 12 months. 2 According to the table, the most common online misbehavior is "unauthorized downloading of film and music." 3 As can be seen, just over three out of four students in the study have downloaded music or film more than once a year. 4 This very high percentage of misbehavior is especially alarming, since protection of intellectual property is a basic element for enriching the film and music industries.

5 Another notable result is that viewing pornographic materials on the internet was reported by 40% of the respondents, although purchasing pornography was reported by only a small minority of these respondents. 6 The least frequently reported misbehaviors were illegally using another person's email account or credit information, along with either completely copying homework from a website or buying an assignment from a source on the internet. 7 It is worthwhile to note that these different forms of online misbehavior seem to be patterned according to the degree of the perceived seriousness of the bad behavior. 8 Activities that are generally believed to be criminal (e.g., using someone's credit information) were less frequent than activities that, although unlawful, many do not view as criminal, such as downloading movies and music. 9 Illegal downloading may have an economic cause, but other reasons might be important, as well. 10 This problem will likely continue until reasons that students engage in this behavior are clearly identified.

TABLE 4. University Student Respondents' Self-Reported Instances of Online Misbehavior during the Previous 12 Months (Data are the percentage of all student respondents, N = 1,222.)

		Once or Twice	A Few Times	More Than a Few Times	Overall Percentage
Misrepresentation of self	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Given false information about yourself to another person on the internetProvided false information about your personal details on an online form	34.0	12.0	5.0	51.0
Unauthorized use of another's account	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Accessed someone else's email account without his or her knowledgeUsed someone's credit details online without his or her knowledge	18.0	6.0	2.0	26.0
Plagiarism of an essay or assignment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Copied a few sentences from a website into an essay or assignment without citing the sourceCopied a few paragraphs from a website into an essay or assignment without citing the sourceCopied a few pages from a website into an essay or assignment without citing the sourceCopied a whole essay or assignment from a website without citing the sourcePaid for an essay or assignment from a website	39.0	16.0	5.0	60.0
		21.0	7.0	2.0	20.0
		8.0	3.0	1.0	11.0
		2.0	1.0	0.6	4.0
		2.0	0.7	0.7	3.0
Unauthorized downloading of music or film	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Unauthorized downloading of music from the internetUnauthorized downloading of film or video from the internet	18.0	22.0	36.0	76.0
		18.0	16.0	19.0	53.0
Pornography use	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Viewed online pornography or pornographic pictures or filmsPaid for online pornography or pornographic pictures or films	17.0	12.0	11.0	40.0
		3.0	1.0	1.0	5.0

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TABLE 5: Respondents' Self-Reported Instances of Online Misbehaviour during the Past 12 Months according to Background (Figures are percentages)

		Misrepresentation of Self	Unauthorized Use of Another's Account	Plagiarism of an Essay or Assignment	Unauthorized Downloading of Music or Film	Pornography Use
<i>Gender</i>	Male	66	24	65	85	79
	Female	59	29	59	72	14
<i>Age</i>	18	63	26	65	79	38
	19	31	28	60	75	38
	20	69	31	61	84	55
	≥ 21	61	24	64	74	54
<i>Perceived internet competence</i>	Expert	70	30	65	85	48
	Non-expert	54	24	58	65	28
<i>Access to internet</i>	Private computer	63	27	62	79	40
	Shared Computer	66	29	64	70	40

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