

**Problem 1.13.** Prove that  $\text{fib}(n)$  is the closest integer to  $\frac{\varphi^n}{\sqrt{5}}$  by proving:

$$\text{fib}(n) = \frac{\varphi^n - \psi^n}{\sqrt{5}}$$

### Definitions

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi &= \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2} \\ \psi &= \frac{1 - \sqrt{5}}{2} \end{aligned} \quad \text{fib}(n) = \begin{cases} 0 & n = 0 \\ 1 & n = 1 \\ \text{fib}(n-1) + \text{fib}(n-2) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Golden ratio properties

$$\varphi^2 = \varphi + 1$$

$$\psi^2 = \psi + 1$$

*Proof.* I will induct on  $n$

**Base case ( $n = 0$ ):**

$$\text{fib}(0) = 0 = \frac{\varphi^0 - \psi^0}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{0}{\sqrt{5}} = 0$$

**Base case ( $n = 1$ ):**

$$\text{fib}(1) = 1 = \frac{\varphi^1 - \psi^1}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = 1$$

**Base case ( $n = 2$ ):**

$$\text{fib}(2) = \text{fib}(1) + \text{fib}(0) = 1 + 0 = 1 = \frac{\varphi^2 - \psi^2}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\frac{4\sqrt{5}}{4}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = 1$$

**Inductive Hypothesis:** Assume that for some  $k \in \mathbb{N}_0$

$$fib(k) = \frac{\varphi^k - \psi^k}{\sqrt{5}}$$

**Inductive Step:** Show that

$$fib(k+1) = \frac{\varphi^{k+1} - \psi^{k+1}}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$fib(k+1) = fib(k-1+1) + fib(k-2+1) \quad [\text{By definition of series}]$$

$$= fib(k) + fib(k-1) = \frac{\varphi^k - \psi^k}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{\varphi^{k-1} - \psi^{k-1}}{\sqrt{5}} \quad [\text{By I.H}]$$

$$= \frac{\varphi^k + \varphi^{k-1} - \psi^k - \psi^{k-1}}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\varphi^{k+1} + \varphi^k}{\varphi} - \frac{\psi^{k+1} + \psi^k}{\psi}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\frac{\varphi^k(\varphi+1)}{\varphi} - \frac{\psi^k(\psi+1)}{\psi}}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\varphi^k \varphi^2}{\varphi} - \frac{\psi^k \psi^2}{\psi}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\varphi^k \varphi - \psi^k \psi}{\sqrt{5}}$$

[By G.R properties]

$$= \frac{\varphi^{k+1} - \psi^{k+1}}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$\therefore$  By the principle of induction, the claim holds for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$

□