lab9

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```
fna.data <- "WisconsinCancer.csv"</pre>
  wisc.df <- read.csv(fna.data, row.names=1)</pre>
  View(wisc.df)
  wisc.data <- wisc.df[,-1]</pre>
  diagnosis <- wisc.df[,1]</pre>
  nrow(wisc.data)
[1] 569
  #Q1 there are 569 observations in this dataset
  table(diagnosis)
diagnosis
 В
      Μ
357 212
  #Q2 There are 212 observations with a malignant diagnosis in this dataset.
  length(grep("_mean", colnames(wisc.df), value=TRUE))
[1] 10
```

colMeans(wisc.data)

radius_mean	toxturo moon	perimeter_mean
_	texture_mean	-
1.412729e+01	1.928965e+01	9.196903e+01
area_mean	${\tt smoothness_mean}$	${\tt compactness_mean}$
6.548891e+02	9.636028e-02	1.043410e-01
concavity_mean	concave.points_mean	symmetry_mean
8.879932e-02	4.891915e-02	1.811619e-01
fractal_dimension_mean	radius_se	texture_se
6.279761e-02	4.051721e-01	1.216853e+00
perimeter_se	area_se	smoothness_se
2.866059e+00	4.033708e+01	7.040979e-03
compactness_se	concavity_se	concave.points_se
2.547814e-02	3.189372e-02	1.179614e-02
symmetry_se	fractal_dimension_se	radius_worst
2.054230e-02	3.794904e-03	1.626919e+01
texture_worst	perimeter_worst	area_worst
2.567722e+01	1.072612e+02	8.805831e+02
smoothness_worst	${\tt compactness_worst}$	concavity_worst
1.323686e-01	2.542650e-01	2.721885e-01
concave.points_worst	symmetry_worst	${\tt fractal_dimension_worst}$
1.146062e-01	2.900756e-01	8.394582e-02

apply(wisc.data, 2, sd)

perimeter_mean	texture_mean	radius_mean
2.429898e+01	4.301036e+00	3.524049e+00
compactness_mean	${\tt smoothness_mean}$	area_mean
5.281276e-02	1.406413e-02	3.519141e+02
symmetry_mean	concave.points_mean	concavity_mean
2.741428e-02	3.880284e-02	7.971981e-02
texture_se	radius_se	fractal_dimension_mean
5.516484e-01	2.773127e-01	7.060363e-03
smoothness_se	area_se	perimeter_se
3.002518e-03	4.549101e+01	2.021855e+00
concave.points_se	concavity_se	compactness_se
6.170285e-03	3.018606e-02	1.790818e-02
radius_worst	fractal_dimension_se	symmetry_se

8.266372e-03 2.646071e-03 4.833242e+00 texture_worst perimeter_worst area_worst 6.146258e+00 3.360254e+01 5.693570e+02 smoothness_worst compactness_worst concavity_worst 2.283243e-02 1.573365e-01 2.086243e-01 concave.points_worst symmetry_worst fractal_dimension_worst 6.573234e-02 6.186747e-02 1.806127e-02

wisc.pr <- prcomp(wisc.data, scale=TRUE)
summary(wisc.pr)</pre>

Importance of components:

PC1 PC2 PC3 PC4 PC5 PC6 PC7 Standard deviation 3.6444 2.3857 1.67867 1.40735 1.28403 1.09880 0.82172 Proportion of Variance 0.4427 0.1897 0.09393 0.06602 0.05496 0.04025 0.02251 Cumulative Proportion 0.4427 0.6324 0.72636 0.79239 0.84734 0.88759 0.91010 PC8 PC9 PC10 PC11 PC12 PC13 PC14 Standard deviation 0.69037 0.6457 0.59219 0.5421 0.51104 0.49128 0.39624 Proportion of Variance 0.01589 0.0139 0.01169 0.0098 0.00871 0.00805 0.00523 Cumulative Proportion 0.92598 0.9399 0.95157 0.9614 0.97007 0.97812 0.98335 PC15 PC16 PC17 PC18 PC19 PC20 PC21 Standard deviation 0.30681 0.28260 0.24372 0.22939 0.22244 0.17652 0.1731 Proportion of Variance 0.00314 0.00266 0.00198 0.00175 0.00165 0.00104 0.0010 Cumulative Proportion 0.98649 0.98915 0.99113 0.99288 0.99453 0.99557 0.9966 PC22 PC23 PC24 PC25 PC26 PC27 PC28 0.16565 0.15602 0.1344 0.12442 0.09043 0.08307 0.03987 Standard deviation Proportion of Variance 0.00091 0.00081 0.0006 0.00052 0.00027 0.00023 0.00005 Cumulative Proportion 0.99749 0.99830 0.9989 0.99942 0.99969 0.99992 0.99997 PC29 Standard deviation 0.02736 0.01153 Proportion of Variance 0.00002 0.00000 Cumulative Proportion 1.00000 1.00000

summary(wisc.pr)

Importance of components:

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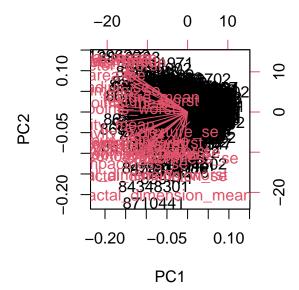
```
PC8
                                  PC9
                                         PC10
                                                PC11
                                                        PC12
                                                                PC13
                                                                         PC14
Standard deviation
                       0.69037\ 0.6457\ 0.59219\ 0.5421\ 0.51104\ 0.49128\ 0.39624
Proportion of Variance 0.01589 0.0139 0.01169 0.0098 0.00871 0.00805 0.00523
Cumulative Proportion 0.92598 0.9399 0.95157 0.9614 0.97007 0.97812 0.98335
                                  PC16
                                          PC17
                                                  PC18
                                                          PC19
                                                                   PC20
                          PC15
                                                                          PC21
Standard deviation
                       0.30681 0.28260 0.24372 0.22939 0.22244 0.17652 0.1731
Proportion of Variance 0.00314 0.00266 0.00198 0.00175 0.00165 0.00104 0.0010
Cumulative Proportion 0.98649 0.98915 0.99113 0.99288 0.99453 0.99557 0.9966
                          PC22
                                  PC23
                                         PC24
                                                 PC25
                                                         PC26
                                                                 PC27
Standard deviation
                       0.16565 0.15602 0.1344 0.12442 0.09043 0.08307 0.03987
Proportion of Variance 0.00091 0.00081 0.0006 0.00052 0.00027 0.00023 0.00005
Cumulative Proportion
                       0.99749 0.99830 0.9989 0.99942 0.99969 0.99992 0.99997
                          PC29
                                  PC30
Standard deviation
                       0.02736 0.01153
Proportion of Variance 0.00002 0.00000
Cumulative Proportion 1.00000 1.00000
```

#Q4 44.27% of the original variance is captured by PC1

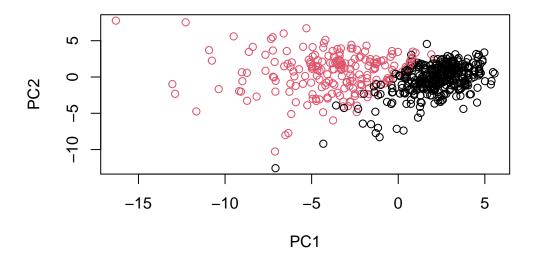
#Q5 3 PCs are required to describe at least 70% of the original variance.

#Q6 7 PCs are required to describe at least 90% of the original variance.

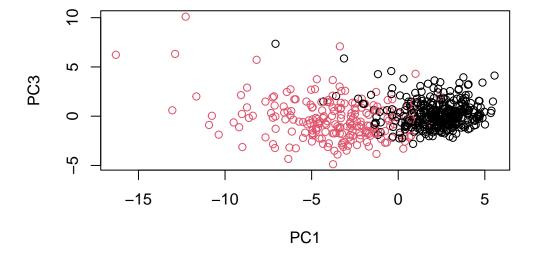
biplot(wisc.pr)



#Q7 This plot is extremely difficult to understand because there is a lot of overlap of co plot(wisc.pr\$x[,1], wisc.pr\$x[,2], col=as.factor(diagnosis), xlab = "PC1", ylab= "PC2")

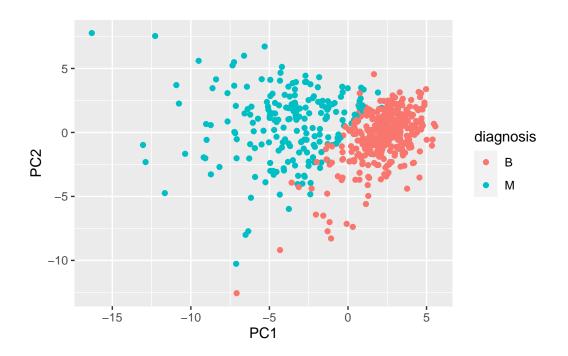


 $\verb|plot(wisc.pr$x[,1]|, wisc.pr$x[,3]|, col=as.factor(diagnosis)|, xlab = "PC1", ylab= "PC3")|$



#Q8 The seperation between the red and black points is more defined in the first plot (PC1

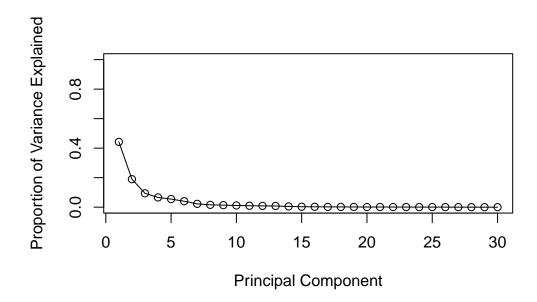
```
df <- as.data.frame(wisc.pr$x)
df$diagnosis <- diagnosis
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(df) +
  aes(PC1, PC2, col=diagnosis) +
  geom_point()</pre>
```

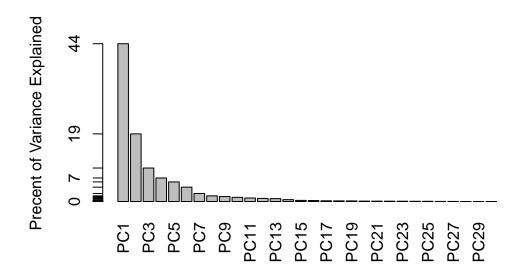


```
pr.var <- wisc.pr$sdev^2
head(pr.var)</pre>
```

[1] 13.281608 5.691355 2.817949 1.980640 1.648731 1.207357

```
pve <- pr.var/sum(pr.var)
plot(pve, xlab = "Principal Component",
    ylab = "Proportion of Variance Explained",
    ylim = c(0, 1), type = "o")</pre>
```





```
#install.packages("factoextra")
library(factoextra)
```

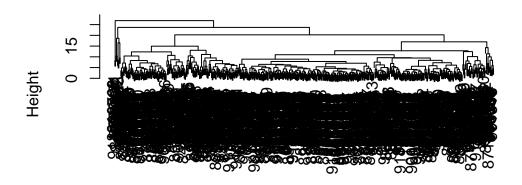
Warning: package 'factoextra' was built under R version 4.3.2

Welcome! Want to learn more? See two factoextra-related books at https://goo.gl/ve3WBa

```
fviz_eig(wisc.pr, addlabels = TRUE)
```



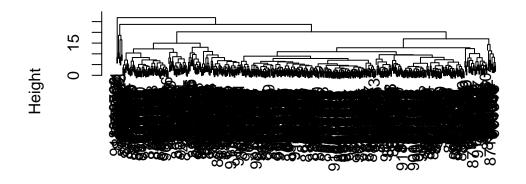
```
data.scaled <- scale(wisc.data)
data.dist <- dist(data.scaled)
wisc.hclust <- hclust(data.dist, method = "complete")
plot(wisc.hclust)
abline(wisc.hclust, col="red", lty=2)</pre>
```



data.dist hclust (*, "complete")

```
#Q10 the height at which the clustering model has 4 clusters is 19
wisc.hclust.clusters <-cutree(wisc.hclust, h=19)
table(wisc.hclust.clusters, diagnosis)</pre>
```

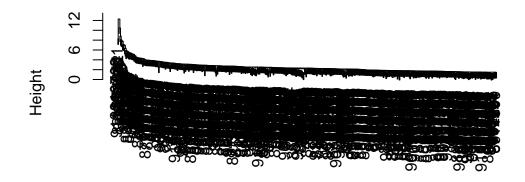
```
wisc.hclust.complete <- hclust(data.dist, method = "complete")
plot(wisc.hclust.complete)</pre>
```



data.dist hclust (*, "complete")

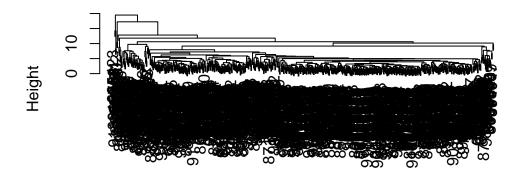
wisc.hclust.single <- hclust(data.dist, method = "single")
plot(wisc.hclust.single)</pre>

Cluster Dendrogram



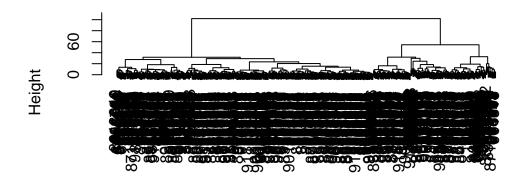
data.dist hclust (*, "single")

```
wisc.hclust.average <- hclust(data.dist, method = "average")
plot(wisc.hclust.average)</pre>
```



data.dist hclust (*, "average")

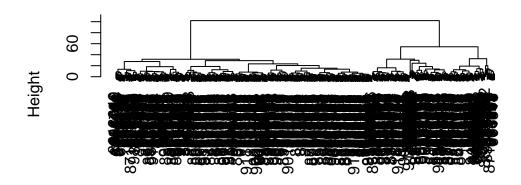
wisc.hclust.ward.D2 <- hclust(data.dist, method = "ward.D2")
plot(wisc.hclust.ward.D2)</pre>



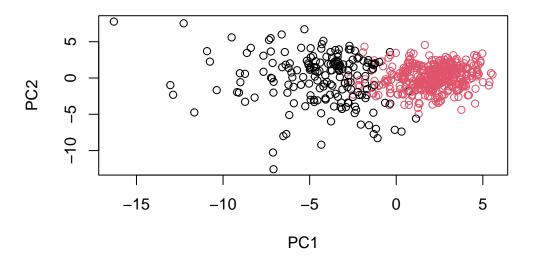
data.dist hclust (*, "ward.D2")

#Q12 ward.D2 is the best method because it create groups that has minimized variance withi

```
wisc.pr.hclust <- hclust(data.dist, method = "ward.D2")
plot(wisc.pr.hclust)</pre>
```



data.dist hclust (*, "ward.D2")



```
#plot(wisc.pr$x[,1:2], col=diagnosis)

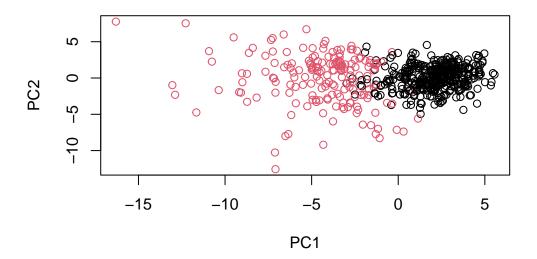
g <- as.factor(grps)
levels(g)

[1] "1" "2"

g <- relevel(g,2)
levels(g)

[1] "2" "1"

plot(wisc.pr$x[,1:2], col=g)</pre>
```



```
#install.packages("rgl")
library(rgl)
```

Warning: package 'rgl' was built under R version 4.3.2

```
#plot3d(wisc.pr$x[,1:3], xlab="PC 1", ylab="PC 2", zlab="PC 3", cex=1.5, size=1, type="s",
wisc.pr.hclust2 <- hclust(data.dist, method = "ward.D2")
wisc.pr.hclust.clusters <- cutree(wisc.pr.hclust2, k=2)
table(wisc.pr.hclust.clusters, diagnosis)</pre>
```

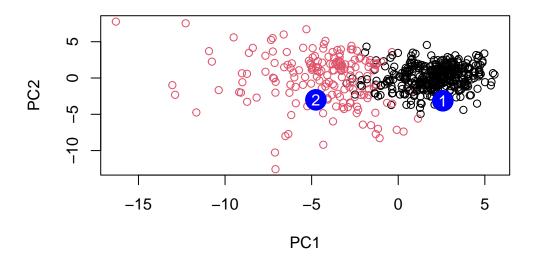
```
diagnosis
wisc.pr.hclust.clusters B M
1 20 164
2 337 48
```

#Q13 There are some false positives and false negatives, so the clustering is not perfect

diagnosis wisc.hclust.clusters В Μ 12 165 2 5 3 343 40 2 0 #Q14 The clustering is comparable #Q15 optional url <- "https://tinyurl.com/new-samples-CSV"</pre> new <- read.csv(url)</pre> npc <- predict(wisc.pr, newdata=new)</pre> npc PC1 PC2 PC3 PC4 PC5 PC6 PC7 [1,] 2.576616 -3.135913 1.3990492 -0.7631950 2.781648 -0.8150185 -0.3959098 [2,] -4.754928 -3.009033 -0.1660946 -0.6052952 -1.140698 -1.2189945 0.8193031 PC12 PC8 PC9 PC10 PC11 PC13 PC14 [1,] -0.2307350 0.1029569 -0.9272861 0.3411457 0.375921 0.1610764 1.187882 [2,] -0.3307423 0.5281896 -0.4855301 0.7173233 -1.185917 0.5893856 0.303029 PC15 PC16 PC17 PC18 PC19 PC20 [1,] 0.3216974 -0.1743616 -0.07875393 -0.11207028 -0.08802955 -0.2495216 [2,] 0.1299153 0.1448061 -0.40509706 0.06565549 0.25591230 -0.4289500 PC21 PC22 PC23 PC24 PC25 PC26 [1,] 0.1228233 0.09358453 0.08347651 0.1223396 0.02124121 0.078884581 [2,] -0.1224776 0.01732146 0.06316631 -0.2338618 -0.20755948 -0.009833238 PC27 PC28 PC29 PC30 [1,] 0.220199544 -0.02946023 -0.015620933 0.005269029 [2,] -0.001134152 0.09638361 0.002795349 -0.019015820 plot(wisc.pr\$x[,1:2], col=g) points(npc[,1], npc[,2], col="blue", pch=16, cex=3)

table(wisc.hclust.clusters, diagnosis)

text(npc[,1], npc[,2], c(1,2), col="white")



#Q16 Patient 1 because cluster 1 (black) is more likely to represent a malignant observation