

class 6

Kelly Isbell (PID: A59019188)

All about functions in R

Every function in R has at least 3 things: -name (you pick) -arguments (the input(s) to your function), and -the body

```
# Example input vectors to start with
student1 <- c(100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 90)
student2 <- c(100, NA, 90, 90, 90, 90, 97, 80)
student3 <- c(90, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA)
```

```
mean(student1)
```

```
[1] 98.75
```

```
which.min(student1)
```

```
[1] 8
```

```
mean(student1[-which.min(student1)])
```

```
[1] 100
```

```
mean(student2[-which.min(student2)])
```

```
[1] NA
```

```
x <- student2
mean(x[-which.min(x)], na.rm=TRUE)
```

```
[1] 92.83333
```

```
x <- student2
mean(x[-which.min(x)], na.rm=TRUE)
```

```
[1] 92.83333
```

```
x <- student3
mean(x[-which.min(x)], na.rm=TRUE)
```

```
[1] NaN
```

```
is.na(student2)
```

```
[1] FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
```

```
x <- student3
x[is.na(x)] <- 0
mean(x[-which.min(x)])
```

```
[1] 12.85714
```

```
grade <- function(x) {
  # Mask NA to zero
  x[is.na(x)] <- 0
  # Find the mean excluding the lowest score
  mean(x[-which.min(x)])
}
```

```
grade(student1)
```

```
[1] 100
```

```
grade(student2)
```

```
[1] 91
```

```
grade(student3)
```

```
[1] 12.85714
```

```
gradebook <- read.csv("https://tinyurl.com/gradeinput", row.names = 1)
gradebook
```

	hw1	hw2	hw3	hw4	hw5
student-1	100	73	100	88	79
student-2	85	64	78	89	78
student-3	83	69	77	100	77
student-4	88	NA	73	100	76
student-5	88	100	75	86	79
student-6	89	78	100	89	77
student-7	89	100	74	87	100
student-8	89	100	76	86	100
student-9	86	100	77	88	77
student-10	89	72	79	NA	76
student-11	82	66	78	84	100
student-12	100	70	75	92	100
student-13	89	100	76	100	80
student-14	85	100	77	89	76
student-15	85	65	76	89	NA
student-16	92	100	74	89	77
student-17	88	63	100	86	78
student-18	91	NA	100	87	100
student-19	91	68	75	86	79
student-20	91	68	76	88	76

```
grade <- function(x) {
  # Mask NA to zero
  x[is.na(x)] <- 0
  # Find the mean excluding the lowest score
  mean(x[-which.min(x)])
}
```

```
}
```

```
ans <- apply(gradebook, 1, grade)
ans
```

```
student-1 student-2 student-3 student-4 student-5 student-6 student-7
      91.75      82.50      84.25      84.25      88.25      89.00      94.00
student-8 student-9 student-10 student-11 student-12 student-13 student-14
      93.75      87.75      79.00      86.00      91.75      92.25      87.75
student-15 student-16 student-17 student-18 student-19 student-20
      78.75      89.50      88.00      94.50      82.75      82.75
```

```
#Q2
which.max(ans)
```

```
student-18
      18
```

```
#Student 18 is the top scoring student
```

```
#Q3
```

```
#Lowest score considering total scores
which.min(apply(gradebook, 2, mean, na.rm=TRUE))
```

```
hw3
      3
```

```
# Lowest score if we mask NAs to 0
mask <- gradebook
mask[is.na(mask)] <- 0
which.min(apply(mask, 2, mean))
```

```
hw2
      2
```

```
#Q4  
cor(mask$hw1, ans)
```

```
[1] 0.4250204
```

```
cor(mask$hw2, ans)
```

```
[1] 0.176778
```

```
cor(mask$hw3, ans)
```

```
[1] 0.3042561
```

```
cor(mask$hw4, ans)
```

```
[1] 0.3810884
```

```
cor(mask$hw5, ans)
```

```
[1] 0.6325982
```

```
#HW 6 was the most predictive of overall score, it had the highest correlation.
```

```
apply(mask, 2, cor, ans)
```

	hw1	hw2	hw3	hw4	hw5
	0.4250204	0.1767780	0.3042561	0.3810884	0.6325982