Intro to Coding

Class 1

Demo

Curriculum Outline

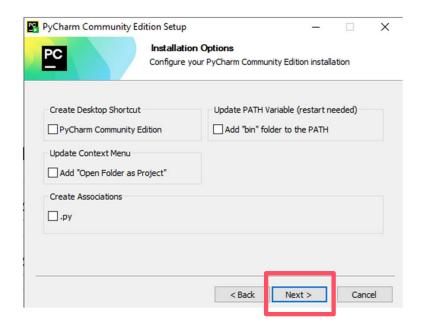
- Variables
- Input/output
- Built-in libraries
- Conditional expressions
 - If and else statements, boolean operators
- Loops
 - While, for, break, continue
- Lists and Dictionaries
- Functions and Classes
- Game-specific elements with PyGame
 - Visuals, event handling, mouse clicks, etc.
 - By the end of the semester, you will have a completed Tic Tac Toe game!

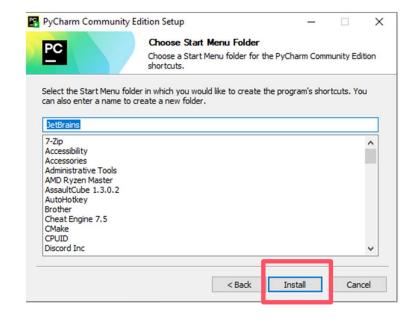
Icebreaker Activity

Be ready to share these with the rest of the class!

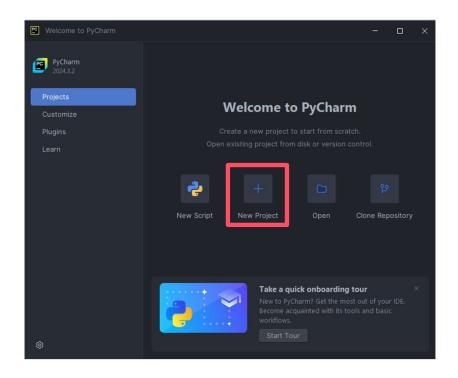
- 1. What's your name and current grade?
- 2. What coding experiences have you had in the past?

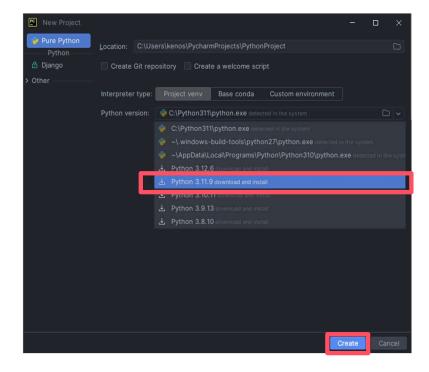
Installing PyCharm Community Edition



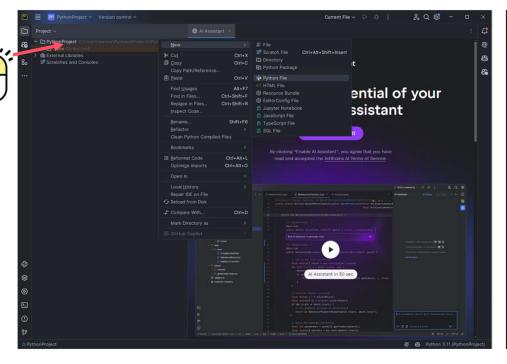


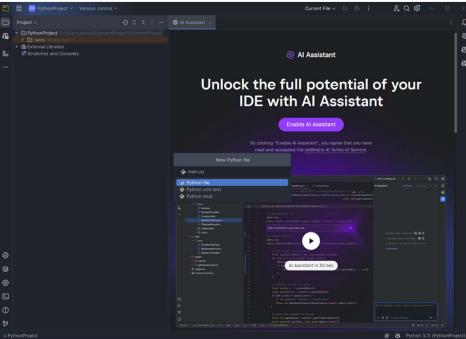
Your First Program



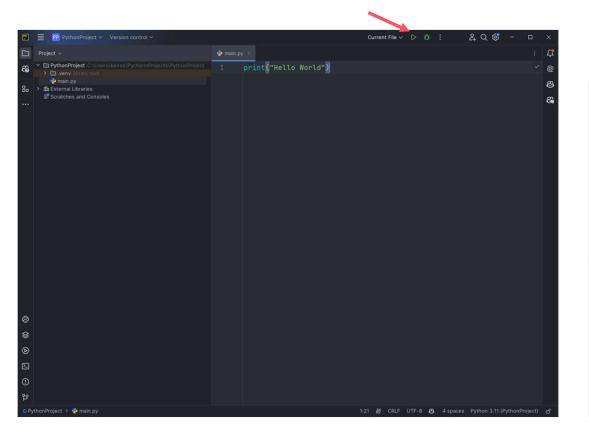


Your First Program

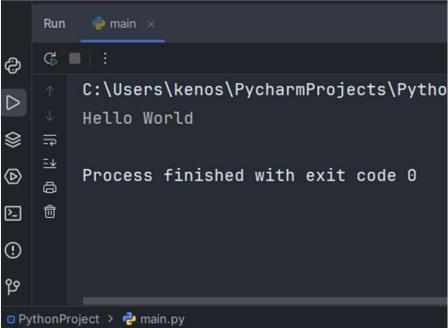




Result



Terminal Output



The print() Function

The function you have just used is called the **print()** function.

The **print()** function is formatted as such:

print("content")

The content to be printed must be enclosed in quotation marks "" first. Then, it must be enclosed in round parentheses ().

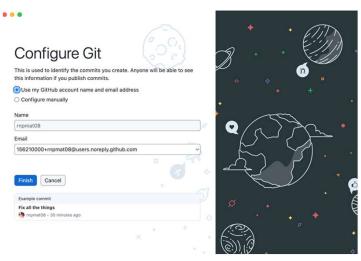
Play around with the **print()** function and try getting it to print different things!

What is GitHub?

- Allows for coding projects to be collaborated on with multiple developers.
- Allows for developers to upload their local files and projects on their personal computers to <u>cloud storage</u> (a place to store files on the internet).
- Changes that are made and <u>committed</u> to the cloud can be <u>pulled</u> by other developers to <u>collaborate</u> together on the same project.

Installing GitHub Desktop

- Locate the download, then double click to open it
- On the welcome screen, click "Sign in to <u>GitHub.com</u>"
 - o It should automatically fill in your GitHub login information
- Authorize GitHub desktop to access your account
- Keep the default settings, then click "Finish"
- GitHub Desktop is all set up!

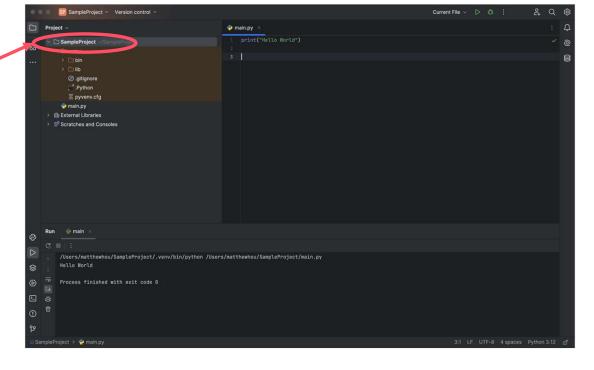


Creating a Repository

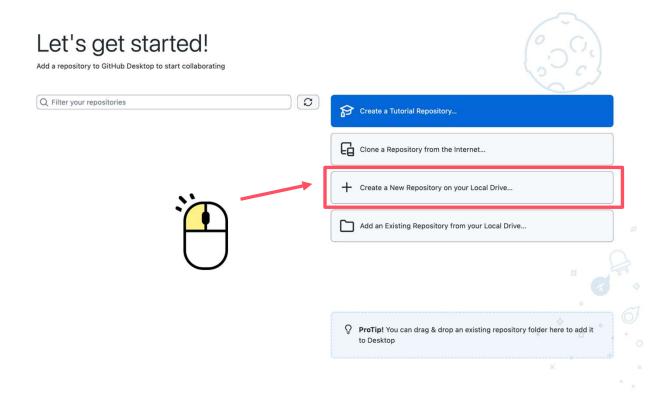
Go to PyCharm and open your project

Right click the project folder, then click "Copy Path/Reference" →

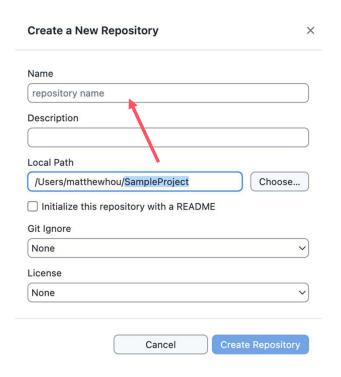
"Absolute Path"



Creating a Repository



Creating a Repository

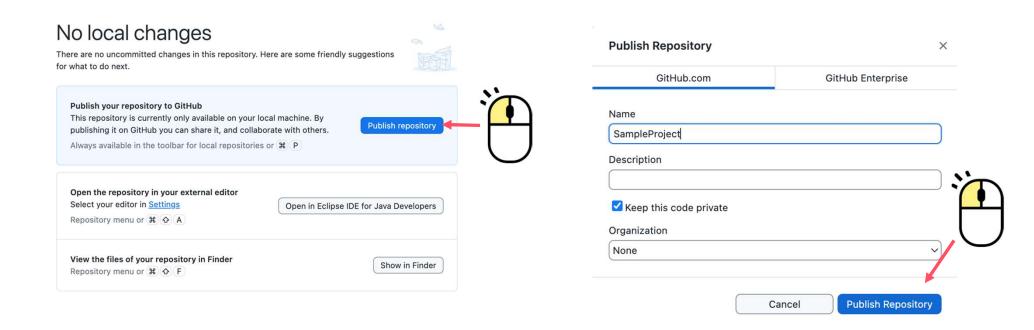


Result

Create a New Repository	×
Name	
SampleProject	
Description	
Local Path	_
/Users/matthewhou/	
☐ Initialize this repository with a README	
Git Ignore	
None	~
License	_
None	
The repository will be created at /Users/matthewhou/Samp eProject.	
Cancel Create Repository	

Publishing the Repository

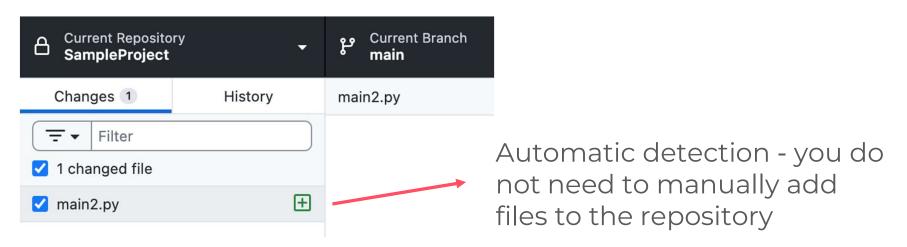
The repository is not visible on your GitHub profile until you publish it



Adding to the Repository

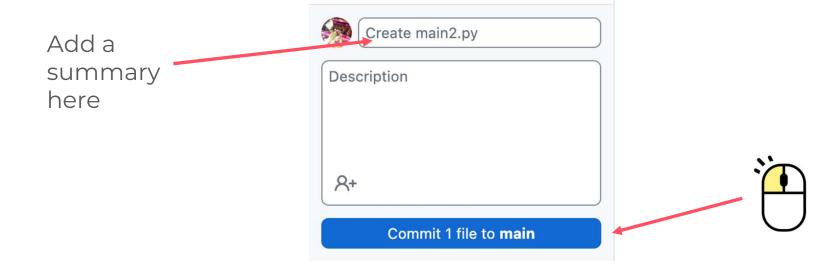
- GitHub Desktop is now synced with your PyCharm project
- Each file created on PyCharm will be automatically copied onto the Git repository

Example: a file named main2.py was created on PyCharm



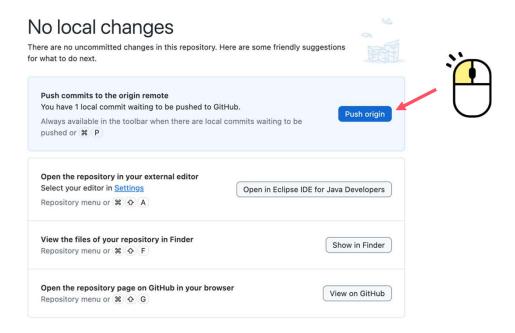
Committing Files

- Any new changes to the repository must be committed first
- To do this, locate the commit menu (found in the bottom-left corner), and click the blue commit button
- Ensure that you have a summary before committing



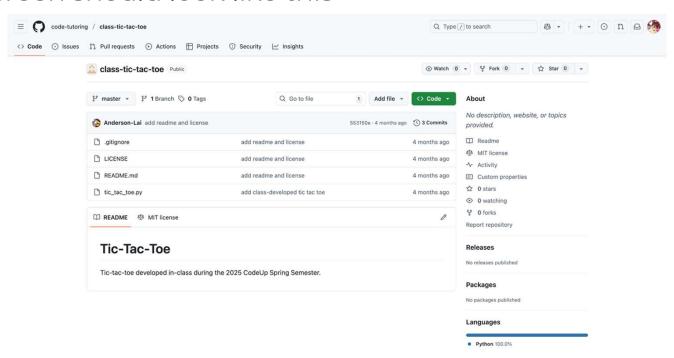
Pushing Files

- The final step is to push your committed files onto the repository
- Once pushed, the changes will now be visible on your GitHub profile



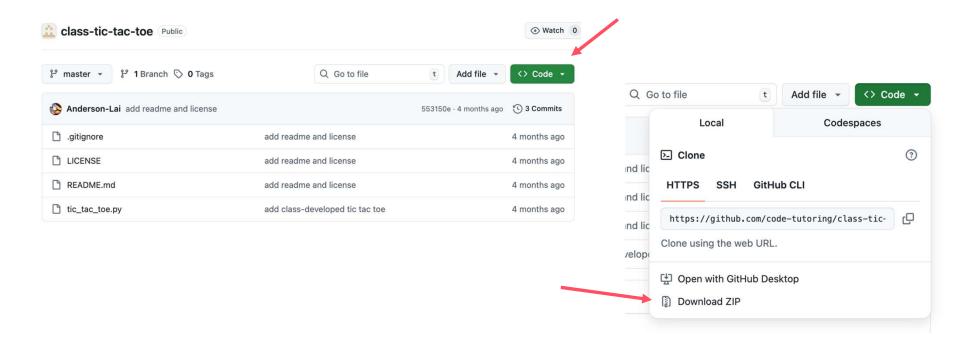
Downloading Files

- First, open the GitHub repository you would like to download from
- Your screen should look like this



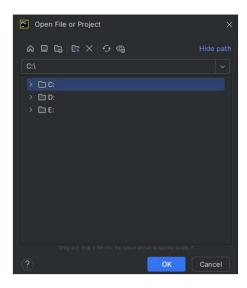
Downloading Files

Click "Code" → "Download ZIP"



Opening Files

- Open your file manager and locate the zip file
- Extract the zip file
 - Windows users: right click zip file → "Extract All"
 - Mac users: double click zip file
- Go to PyCharm, "File" → "Open" (continued on next slide)



This window should appear in the middle of your screen

Opening Files

- Drag the folder (make sure it is NOT the zip folder) from your file manager onto the PyCharm window
- PyCharm should automatically import everything in the folder