

LAB MANUAL

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Subject: Distributed System

Subject Code: 3170719



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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Miss SHAH HETVI Enrollment No 180850131016 of programme **BE 7th SEM Computer Engineering** has satisfactorily completed her term work in **Distributed System(3170719)** for the term ending in 2021-2022.

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Practical-1

Aim: Write a program for communication between client and server in which server reply the same message in capitals using UDP.

Client Program:

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;

class UDPClient {
    public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception {
        BufferedReader inFromUser = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        DatagramSocket clientSocket = new DatagramSocket();
        InetAddress IPAddress = InetAddress.getByName("localhost");
        byte[] sendData = new byte[1024];
        byte[] receiveData = new byte[1024];
        System.out.println("NAME:");
        String sentence11=inFromUser.readLine();
        System.out.println("Roll no:");
        String sentence12=inFromUser.readLine();
        System.out.println("INPUT FOR PROGRAM:");
        String sentence = inFromUser.readLine();
        sendData = sentence.getBytes();
        DatagramPacket sendPacket = new DatagramPacket(sendData, sendData.length,IPAddress,
6789);
        clientSocket.send(sendPacket);
```

```
    DatagramPacket receivePacket = new DatagramPacket(receiveData, receiveData.length);

    clientSocket.receive(receivePacket);

    String modifiedSentence = new String(receivePacket.getData());

    System.out.println("FROM SERVER:" + modifiedSentence);

    clientSocket.close();

}

}
```

Server Program:

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;

class UDPServer{

    public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception{

        DatagramSocket serverSocket = new DatagramSocket(6789);

        byte[] receiveData = new byte[1024];

        byte[] sendData = new byte[1024];

        while(true)

        {

            DatagramPacket receivePacket = new DatagramPacket(receiveData,
receiveData.length);

            serverSocket.receive(receivePacket);

            String sentence = new String( receivePacket.getData());

            System.out.println("RECEIVED: " + sentence);

            InetAddress IPAddress = receivePacket.getAddress();

            int port = receivePacket.getPort();String

            capitalizedSentence = sentence.toUpperCase();

            sendData = capitalizedSentence.getBytes();


```

```
    DatagramPacket sendPacket =  
        new DatagramPacket(sendData, sendData.length, IPAddress, port);  
  
    serverSocket.send(sendPacket);  
}  
}  
}
```

output:

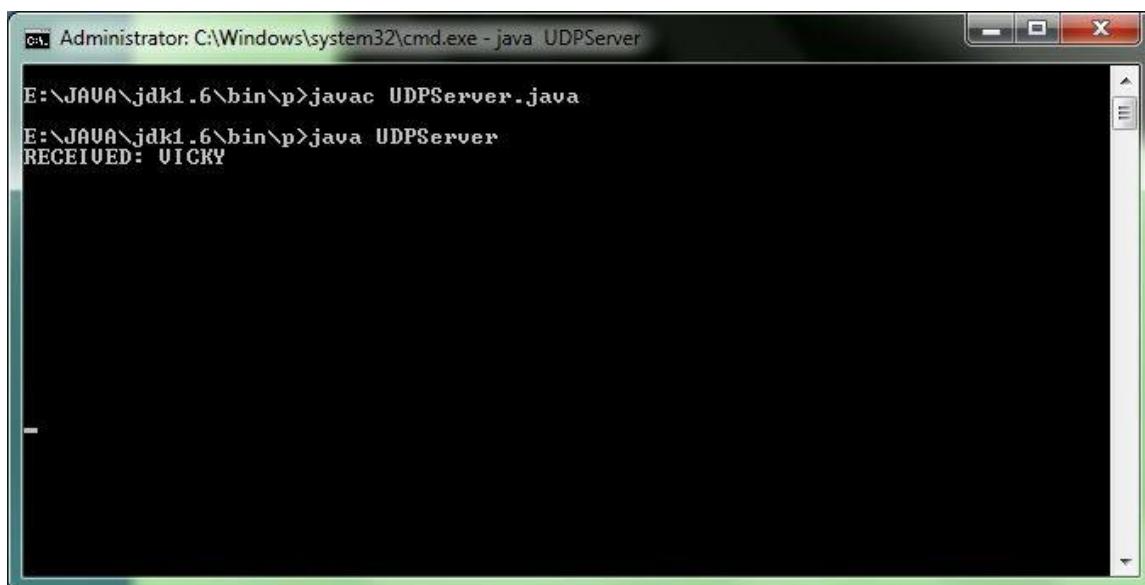
output of client:



The screenshot shows a Windows Command Prompt window titled "Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe". The command E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>javac UDPClient.java is entered, followed by E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>java UDPClient. The output displays the input provided to the client: NAME: Vicky, Roll no: 024, INPUT FOR PROGRAM: VICKY, and FROM SERVER:VICKY.

```
E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>javac UDPClient.java  
E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>java UDPClient  
NAME:  
Vicky  
Roll no:  
024  
INPUT FOR PROGRAM:  
VICKY  
FROM SERVER:VICKY
```

Output of server:



The screenshot shows a Windows Command Prompt window titled "Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - java UDPServer". The command E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>javac UDPServer.java is entered, followed by E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>java UDPServer. The output displays the received message: RECEIVED: VICKY.

```
E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>javac UDPServer.java  
E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>java UDPServer  
RECEIVED: VICKY
```

Practical-2

Aim: Write a program for communication between client and server in which server reply the same message in capitals using TCP.

Client Program:

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
class TCPClient{

    public static void main(String argv[]) throws Exception {
        String sentence;
        String modifiedSentence;
        BufferedReader inFromUser = new BufferedReader( new
InputStreamReader(System.in));
        Socket clientSocket = new Socket("localhost", 6789);
        DataOutputStream outToServer = new
DataOutputStream(clientSocket.getOutputStream());
        BufferedReader inFromServer = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(clientSocket.getInputStream()));
        sentence = inFromUser.readLine();
        outToServer.writeBytes(sentence + '\n');
        modifiedSentence = inFromServer.readLine();
        System.out.println("FROM SERVER: " + modifiedSentence);
        clientSocket.close();
    }
}
```

Server Program:

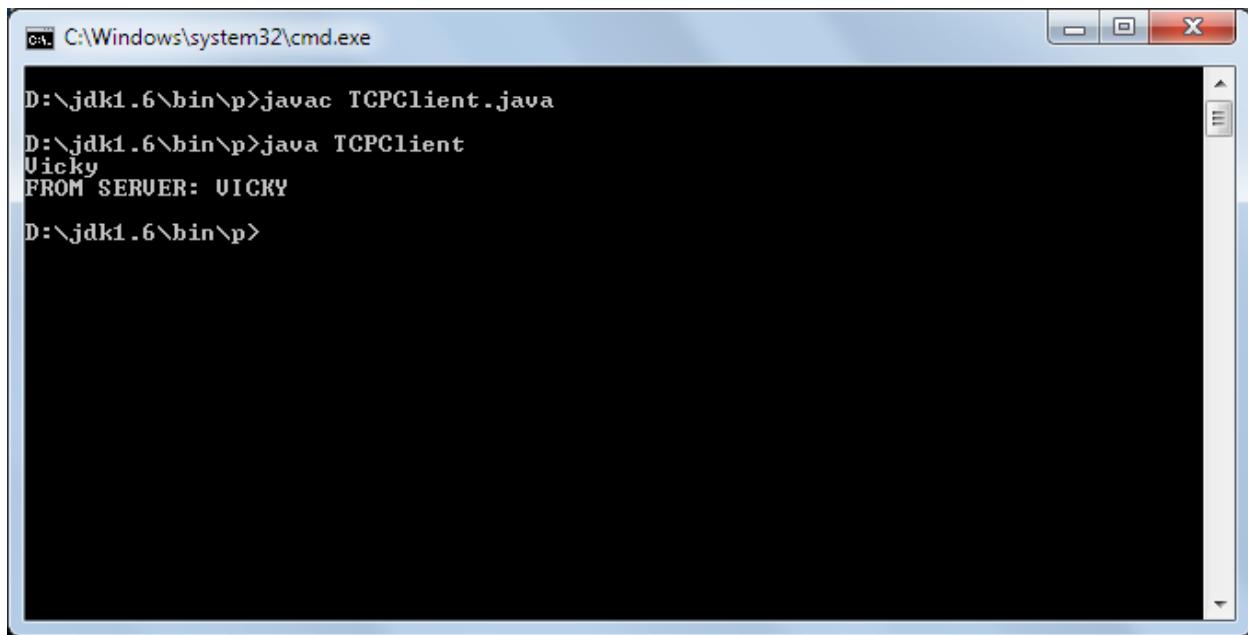
```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
class TCPServer{

    public static void main(String argv[]) throws Exception{
        String clientSentence;
        String capitalizedSentence;
        ServerSocket welcomeSocket = new ServerSocket(6789);
        while(true){

            Socket connectionSocket = welcomeSocket.accept();
            BufferedReader inFromClient =
                new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(connectionSocket.getInputStream()));
            DataOutputStream outToClient = new
DataOutputStream(connectionSocket.getOutputStream());
            clientSentence = inFromClient.readLine();
            System.out.println("Received: " + clientSentence);
            capitalizedSentence = clientSentence.toUpperCase() + '\n';
            outToClient.writeBytes(capitalizedSentence);
        }
    }
}
```

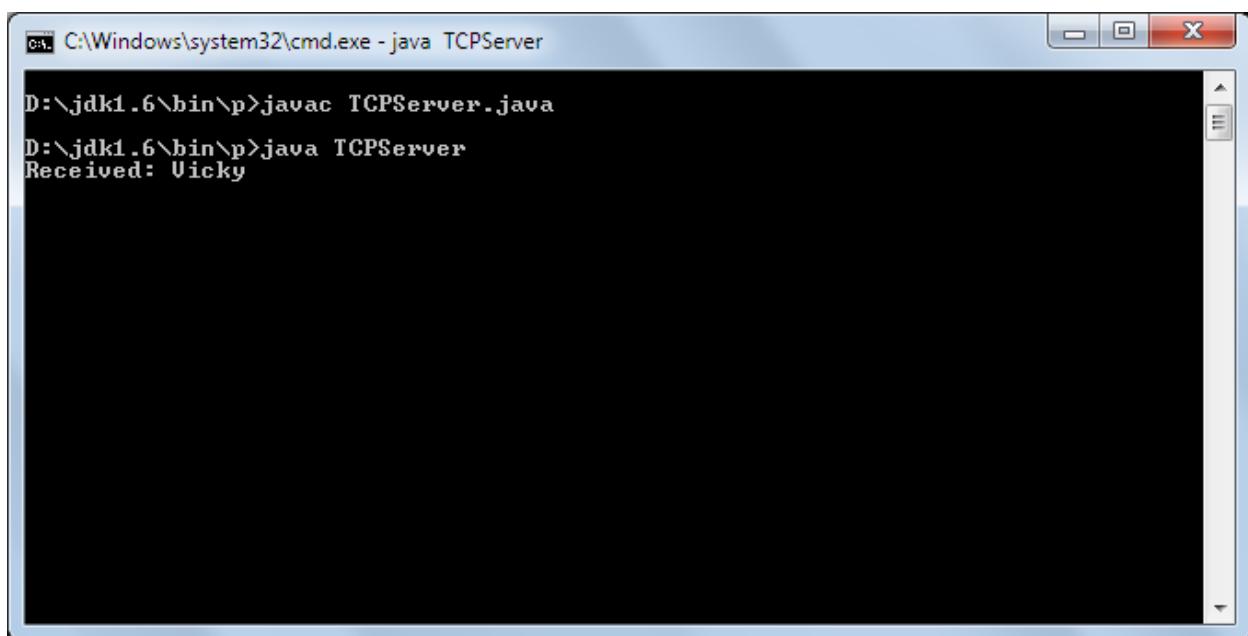
output:

output of client:



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
D:\jdk1.6\bin>javac TCPClient.java
D:\jdk1.6\bin>java TCPClient
Vicky
FROM SERUER: VICKY
D:\jdk1.6\bin>
```

Output of Server:



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - java TCPServer
D:\jdk1.6\bin>javac TCPServer.java
D:\jdk1.6\bin>java TCPServer
Received: Vicky
```

PRACTICAL -3

Aim: Write a java program in for communication between client and server where server is calculator.

Client Program:

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import java.util.*;

class calclient{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Socket s=null;
        ObjectInputStream ois=null;
        ObjectOutputStream oos=null;
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        try{
            s=new Socket("localhost",1444);
            System.out.println("connected");
            System.out.println("NAME:");
            String n=sc.next();
            System.out.println("CALCULATOR");
            ois=new ObjectInputStream(s.getInputStream());
            String d=(String)ois.readObject();
            oos=new ObjectOutputStream(s.getOutputStream());
            System.out.println((String)ois.readObject());
        }
    }
}
```

```
oos.writeObject(sc.next());
System.out.println((String)ois.readObject());
oos.writeObject(sc.next());
System.out.println((String)ois.readObject());
oos.writeObject(sc.next());
System.out.println("answer="+ (String)ois.readObject());
}
catch(Exception e){
System.out.println('error'+e.getMessage());
}
}
```

Server Program :

```
import java.net.*;
import java.util.*;

class calserver{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        ServerSocket ss=null;
        Socket s=null;
        ObjectOutputStream oos=null;
        ObjectInputStream ois=null;
        int d1=0,d2=0;
        String op;
        try{
```

```
ss=new ServerSocket(1444);

System.out.println('server is created');

}

catch(IOException ioe){

    System.out.println(ioe.getMessage());

}

while(true){

    System.out.println("waiting for connection");

    try{

        s=ss.accept();

        System.out.println("connected");

        oos=new ObjectOutputStream(s.getOutputStream());

        oos.writeObject("welcome client");

        ois=new ObjectInputStream(s.getInputStream());

        oos.writeObject("enter data1:");

        d1=Integer.parseInt((String)ois.readObject());

        oos.writeObject("enter data2:");

        d2=Integer.parseInt((String)ois.readObject());

        oos.writeObject("enter operator:");

        op=(String)ois.readObject();

        if(op.equals("+"))

            oos.writeObject((d1+d2)+"");

        else if(op.equals("-"))

            oos.writeObject((d1-d2)+"");

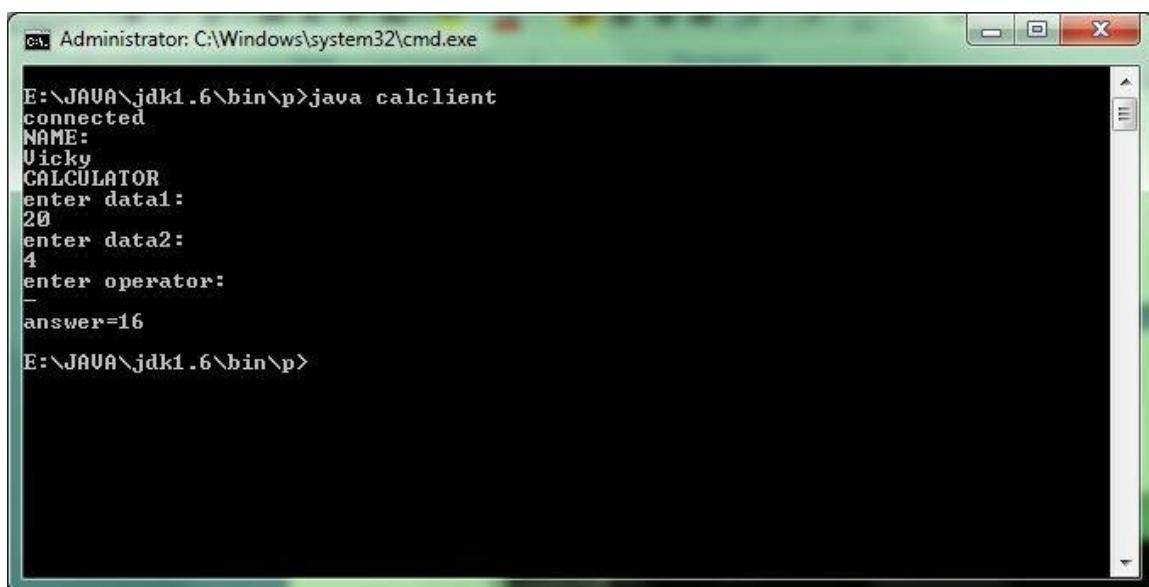
        else if(op.equals("*"))oos.writeObject((d1*d2)+"");
    }
}
```

```
else if(op.equals("/"))
oos.writeObject((d1/d2)+"");
}

catch(Exception e){
System.out.println(e.getMessage());
}}}
```

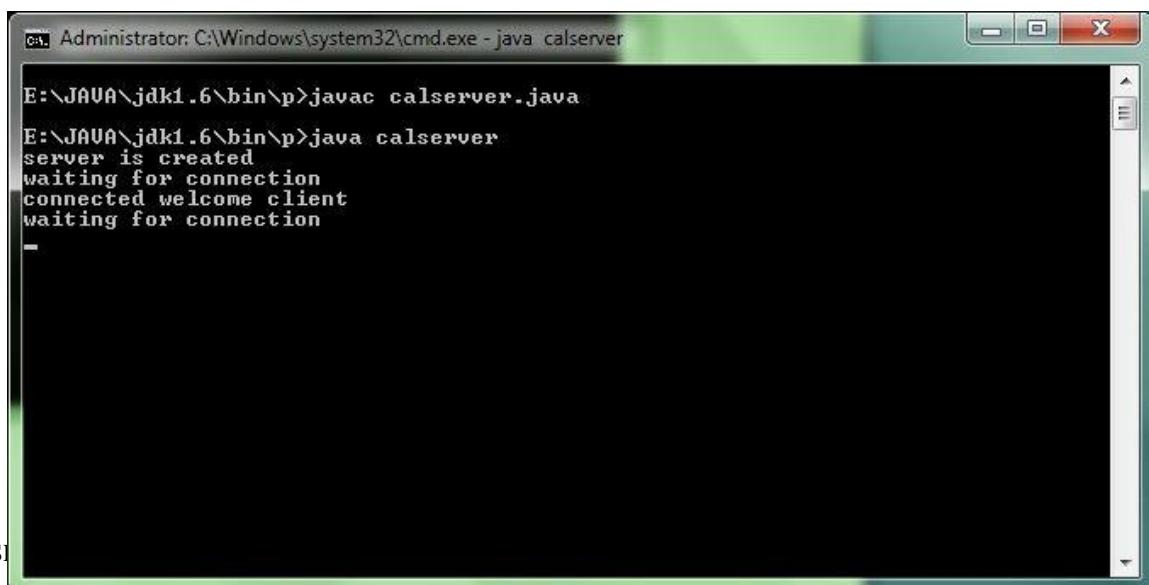
Output:

Output of Client:



```
E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>java calclient
connected
NAME:
Vicky
CALCULATOR
enter data1:
20
enter data2:
4
enter operator:
/
answer=16
E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>
```

Output of Server:



```
E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>javac calserver.java
E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>java calserver
server is created
waiting for connection
connected welcome client
waiting for connection
-
```

Practical-4

Aim: Write a program for “Hello” using RMI

Stub Interface: method.java

```
import java.rmi.*;  
  
interface demo extends Remote{  
  
    public String name()throws RemoteException;  
  
}
```

Server Program: server_rmi1.java

```
import java.rmi.*;  
  
import java.rmi.registry.*;  
  
import java.rmi.server.*;  
  
class server_rmi1 implements demo{  
  
    public server_rmi1()  
    {      super();      }  
  
    String message;  
  
    public server_rmi1(String msg){  
  
        message=msg;  
    }  
    public String name(){  
  
        return "hello";  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
  
        try{  
            demo d=new server_rmi1("Sumit");  
  
            Demostub=(demo)UnicastRemoteObject.exportObject(d);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

)

```
Registry r=LocateRegistry.getRegistry();
r.rebind("hi",stub);
System.out.println("Server is Connected for operation");
}
catch(Exception e){
System.out.println(e);
}
}
}
```

Client Program: client_rmi.java

```
import java.rmi.*;
import java.rmi.registry.*;
class client_rmi{
public static void main(String args[]) {
Try {
Registry r=LocateRegistry.getRegistry(); demo d=(demo)r.lookup("hi");

String message=d.name();
System.out.println(message
)
}
catch(Exception e){
System.out.println(e);
}
}
}
```

}

Output:

The image displays two separate Windows command-line windows. The top window, titled 'C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - java server_rmi1', shows the execution of Java code to start an RMI server. The commands entered are:

```
D:\>javac server_rmi1.java  
D:\>javac client_rmi.java  
D:\>start rmiregistry  
D:\>rmic server_rmi1  
D:\>java server_rmi1  
Server is Connected for operation
```

The bottom window, also titled 'C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe', shows the execution of Java code to run an RMI client. The commands entered are:

```
D:\>java client_rmi  
hello  
D:\>java>_
```

Practical-5

Aim: Write a program for fetching Server Time using RMI

Stub Interface: method.java

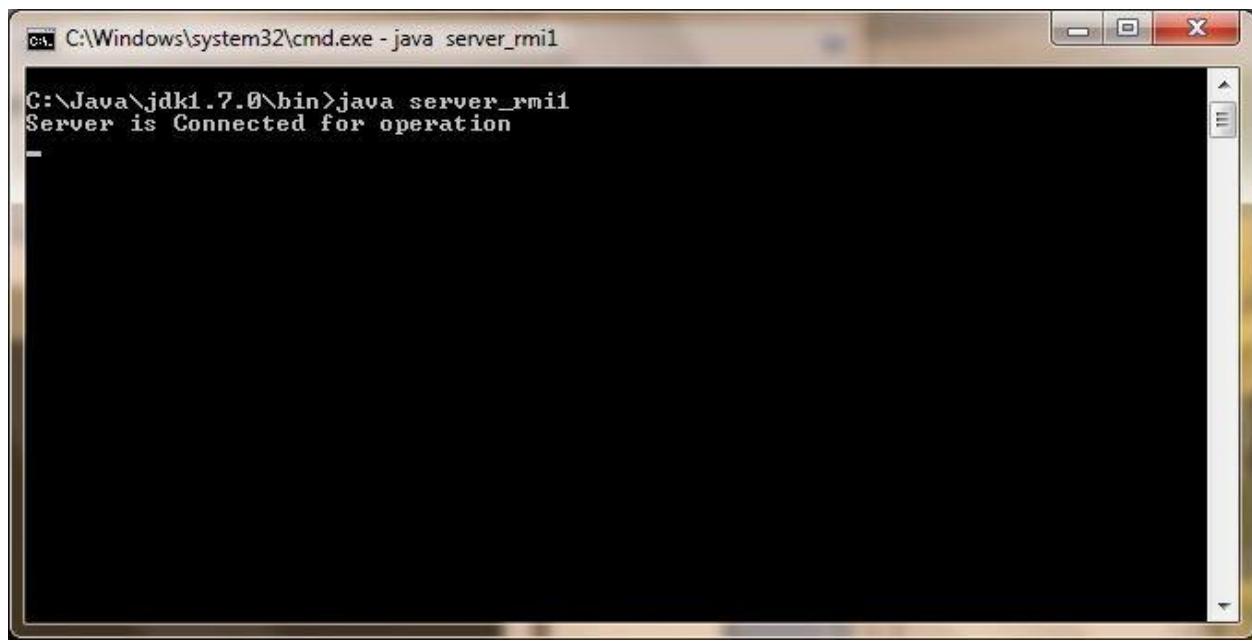
```
import java.rmi.*;  
  
interface demo extends Remote{  
  
    public String name()throws RemoteException;  
  
}
```

Server Program: server_rmi1.java

```
import java.rmi.*;  
  
import java.rmi.registry.*;  
  
import java.rmi.server.*;  
  
import java.util.*;  
  
import java.lang.*;  
  
import java.text.*;  
  
class server_rmi1 implements demo{  
  
    public server_rmi1()  
    {      super();      }  
  
    String message;  
  
    Date date=new Date();  
  
    SimpleDateFormat ft=new SimpleDateFormat("E yyyy.MM.dd 'at' hh:mm:ss a zzz");  
    String t=ft.format(date);  
  
    Registry r=LocateRegistry.getRegistry();  
  
    demo d=(demo)r.lookup("hi");  
  
    String message=d.name();
```

```
System.out.println(message);  
}  
  
catch(Exception e){  
  
System.out.println(e);  
}}}
```

Output:



C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - java server_rmi1
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>java server_rmi1
Server is Connected for operation



C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>javac client_rmi.java
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>javac server_rmi1.java
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>start rmiregistry
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>java client_rmi
Tue 2012.04.10 at 08:13:59 AM IST
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>

Practical-6

Aim: Write a program for RPC Implementation.

Stub File :

add.x

```
struct intpair {  
    int a;  
    int b;  
};  
  
program ADD_PROG {  
    version ADD_VERS {  
        int ADD(intpair) = 1;  
        } = 1;  
        } = 234;
```

Client File: add_clnt

```
/*  
 * Please do not edit this file.  
 * It was generated using rpcgen.  
 */  
  
#include <memory.h>      /* for memset */  
#include "add.h"  
  
/* Default timeout can be changed using clnt_control() */  
static struct timeval TIMEOUT = { 25, 0 };  
  
int *  
add_1(intpair *argp, CLIENT *clnt)  
{  
    static int clnt_res;  
  
    memset((char *)&clnt_res, 0, sizeof(clnt_res));  
    if (clnt_call (clnt, ADD,
```

```
(xdrproc_t) xdr_intpair, (caddr_t) argp,
(xdrproc_t) xdr_int, (caddr_t) &clnt_res,
TIMEOUT) != RPC_SUCCESS) {
    return (NULL);
}
return (&clnt_res);}
```

Server File: add_server

```
/*
 * This is sample code generated by rpcgen.
 */

#include "add.h"

int *
add_1_svc(intpair *argp, struct svc_req *rqstp)
{
    static int result;

    printf("Hello world\n");
    return &result;
}
```

Guidelines for Run Program:

1.rpcgen -C add.x:

-The **-C** flag (upper-case C) tells **rpcgen** to generate C code that conforms to ANSI C.

2.rpcgen -a -C add.x

-This will create the client (**add_client.c**), the server (**add_server.c**), and the
makefile (**makefile.add** or **Makefile.add**, depending on whether you are
using SunOS or Linux; OS X will not create a makefile).

3.Insert code in "add_server.c"

**4.Open -> "MakeFile.add" and change -> "CFLAGS += -g -DRPC_SVC_FG" and
"RPCGENFLAGS = -C"**

5.Compile: make -f Makefile.add

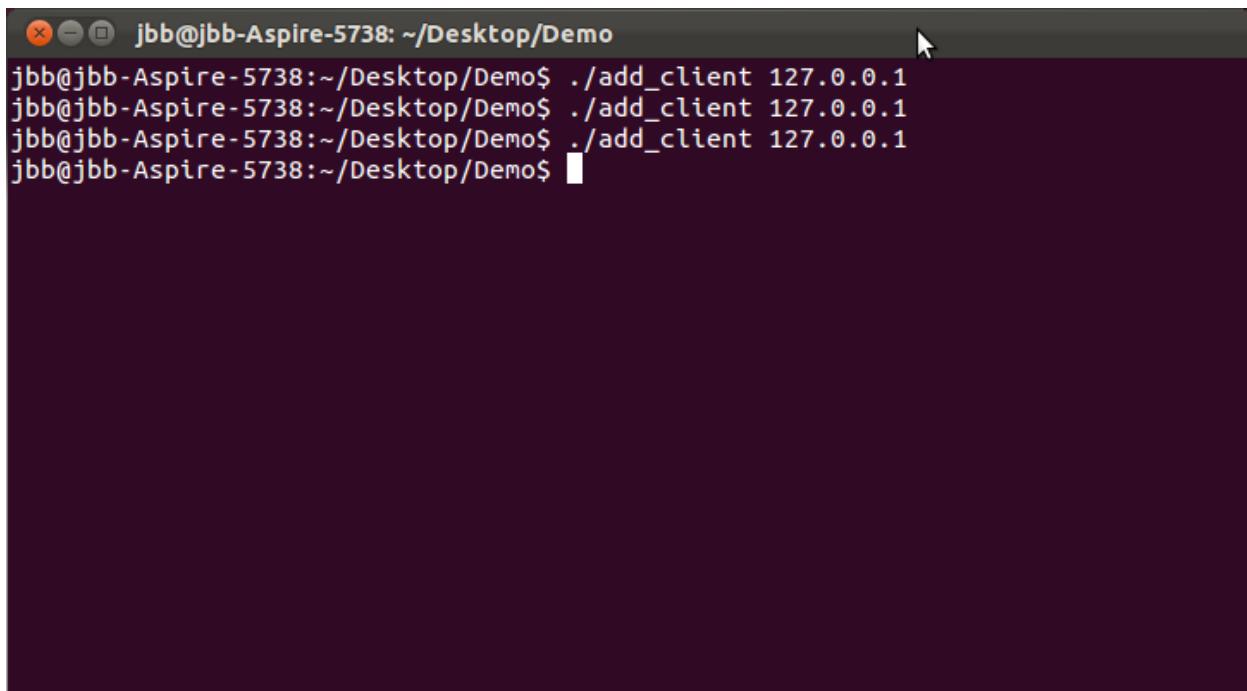
-This will allow us to simply type **make** with no parameters to recompile
since by default **make** looks for a file named **makefile** or **Makefile**.

6.Check Portmapper: rpcinfo -p

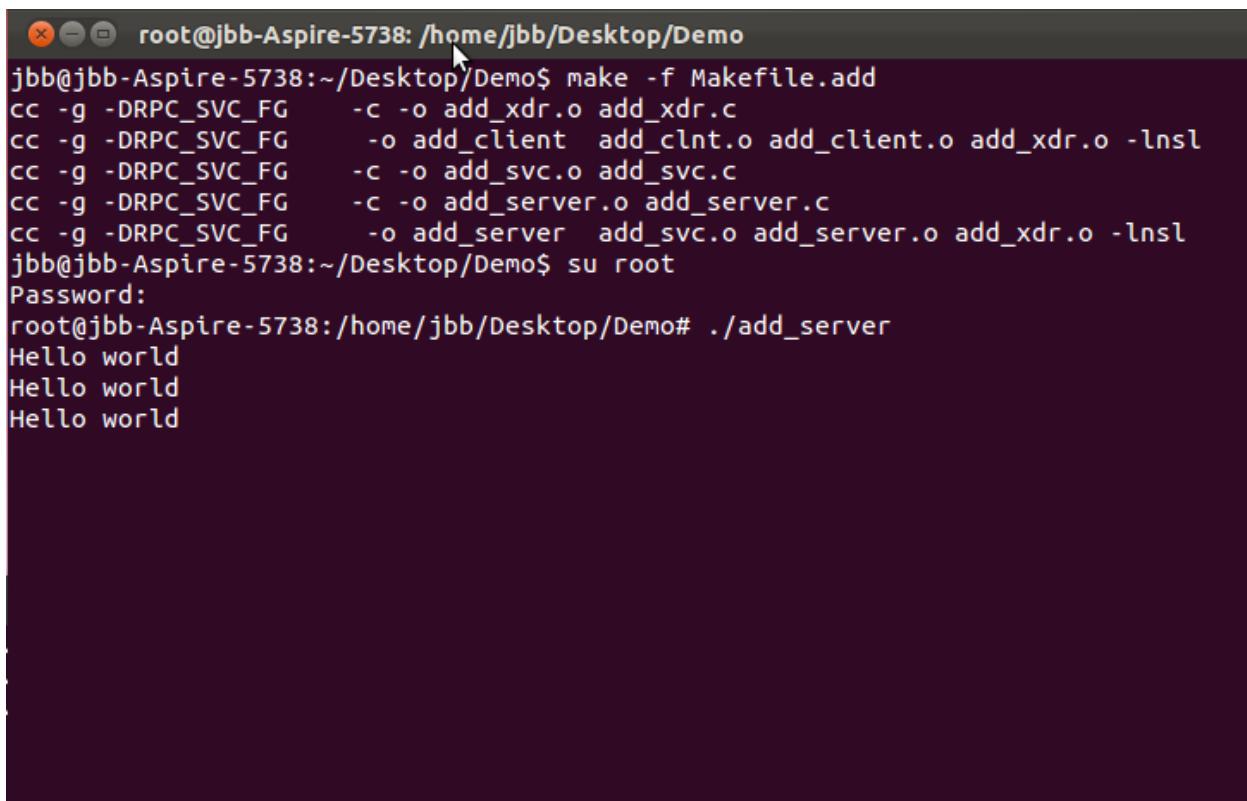
7.Run Server: ./add_server

8.Run Client: ./add_client 127.0.0.1

Output:



```
jbb@jbb-Aspire-5738: ~/Desktop/Demo
jbb@jbb-Aspire-5738:~/Desktop/Demo$ ./add_client 127.0.0.1
jbb@jbb-Aspire-5738:~/Desktop/Demo$ ./add_client 127.0.0.1
jbb@jbb-Aspire-5738:~/Desktop/Demo$ ./add_client 127.0.0.1
jbb@jbb-Aspire-5738:~/Desktop/Demo$
```



```
root@jbb-Aspire-5738: /home/jbb/Desktop/Demo
jbb@jbb-Aspire-5738:~/Desktop/Demo$ make -f Makefile.add
cc -g -DRPC_SVC_FG    -c -o add_xdr.o add_xdr.c
cc -g -DRPC_SVC_FG    -o add_client  add_clnt.o add_client.o add_xdr.o -lnsl
cc -g -DRPC_SVC_FG    -c -o add_svc.o add_svc.c
cc -g -DRPC_SVC_FG    -c -o add_server.o add_server.c
cc -g -DRPC_SVC_FG    -o add_server  add_svc.o add_server.o add_xdr.o -lnsl
jbb@jbb-Aspire-5738:~/Desktop/Demo$ su root
Password:
root@jbb-Aspire-5738:/home/jbb/Desktop/Demo# ./add_server
Hello world
Hello world
Hello world
```

PRACTICAL -7

Aim: Write a program for Simple Calculator Using Thread

```
import java.io.*;
```

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
import java.lang.*;
```

```
class chth implements Runnable{
```

```
    Thread t;
```

```
    int n1,n2;
```

```
    int op;
```

```
    chth(int x,int y,int opp){
```

```
        t=new Thread(this);
```

```
        n1=x; n2=y; op=opp;
```

```
        t.start();
```

```
}
```

```
    public void run(){
```

```
        int ans;
```

```
        if(op==1)
```

```
            ans=n1+n2;
```

```
        else if(op==2)
```

```
            ans=n1- n2;
```

```
        else if(op==3)
```

```
            ans=n1*n2;
```

```
        else
```

```
            ans= n1/n2 ;
```

```
System.out.println("Your answer is:"+ans);

try

{ Thread.sleep(1000); }

catch(Exception e) { }

}

public class Myth{

    public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException{

        BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader (new InputStreamReader ( System.in));

        System.out.println("enter your name:");

        String str1=br.readLine();

        System.out.println("enter your two numbers:");

        BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader (new InputStreamReader ( System.in));

        String str,ar;

        int a,b,c;

        str=br.readLine();a=Integer.parseInt(str);

        ar=br.readLine();

        b=Integer.parseInt(ar);

        System.out.println("enter your choice:");

        System.out.println(" \n1.add \n2.sub \n3.multi \n4.div\n\n\n");

        String sr=br.readLine();

        c=Integer.parseInt(sr);

        try { Thread.sleep(1000); }

        catch(Exception e) { }

        switch(c){
```

case 1:

chth c1=new chth(a,b,1); break; case 2:

chth c2=new chth(a,b,2);

break;

case 3:

chth c3=new chth(a,b,3);

break;

case 4:

chth c4=new chth(a,b,4);

break;

default:System.out.println("wrong choice");

}

} }

OUTPUT:



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>javac Myth.java
E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>java Myth
enter your two numbers:
50
06
enter your choice:
1.add
2.sub
3.multi
4.div

2
Your answer is:44
E:\JAVA\jdk1.6\bin>
```

Practical-8

Aim: Write a program for implementing a Bank account using ThreadSafe.

Program: threadsf.java

```
import java.io.*;  
  
class account{  
  
int bal=10000;  
  
void  
  
read(Stringth) {  
  
System.out.println("Checking your  
Balance..."); System.out.println("\n your  
Balance is:"+bal+"\n");  
}  
  
void edit(String th)throws IOException{  
  
System.out.println("\n"+th+" has edit to data");  
  
System.out.println(" 1.credit \n 2.debit");  
  
System.out.println("Enter your choice:");  
  
BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader (new InputStreamReader (  
System.in)); String a=br.readLine();  
  
int ch=Integer.parseInt(a);  
System.out.println("Enter your amount:");  
  
String b=br.readLine();  
  
int amt=Integer.parseInt(b); try {  
  
Thread.sleep(1000); }  
  
catch(Exception e) { }  
}
```

```
public void run(){
    int c;
    String sr;
    synchronized(act)
    {
        try {

            BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader (new InputStreamReader ( System.in));
            System.out.println("\n"+thn+" Start");
            System.out.println(" 1.check Balance \n 2.edit
account "); System.out.println("Enter your choice:");

            sr = br.readLine();
            c=Integer.parseInt(sr);try {

                Thread.sleep(1000); }

            catch(Exception e) { }

            switch(c){

                case 1:
                    act.read(thn);
                    try { t.sleep(2000);}
                    catch (InterruptedException ex) { } break;case 2:
                    act.read(thn);
                    try { act.edit(thn); }

                    catch(Exception e) { }

                    break;

                default:
                    System.out.println("Wrong choice");}
            catch (IOException ex) { }
        } } }
```

```
class threadsf{  
    public static void main(String [] args){  
        account act=new account();  
        BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader (new InputStreamReader (  
            System.in));  
        try {  
            System.out.println("enter your name:");  
            String str1=br.readLine();  
        }  
        catch(Exception e) { };  
  
        user u1=new  
        user("ThreadA",act);  
        user u2=new  
        user("ThreadB",act);  
    }  
}
```

Outputs:

Case 1: If the Balance or amount received is LessThan 100.



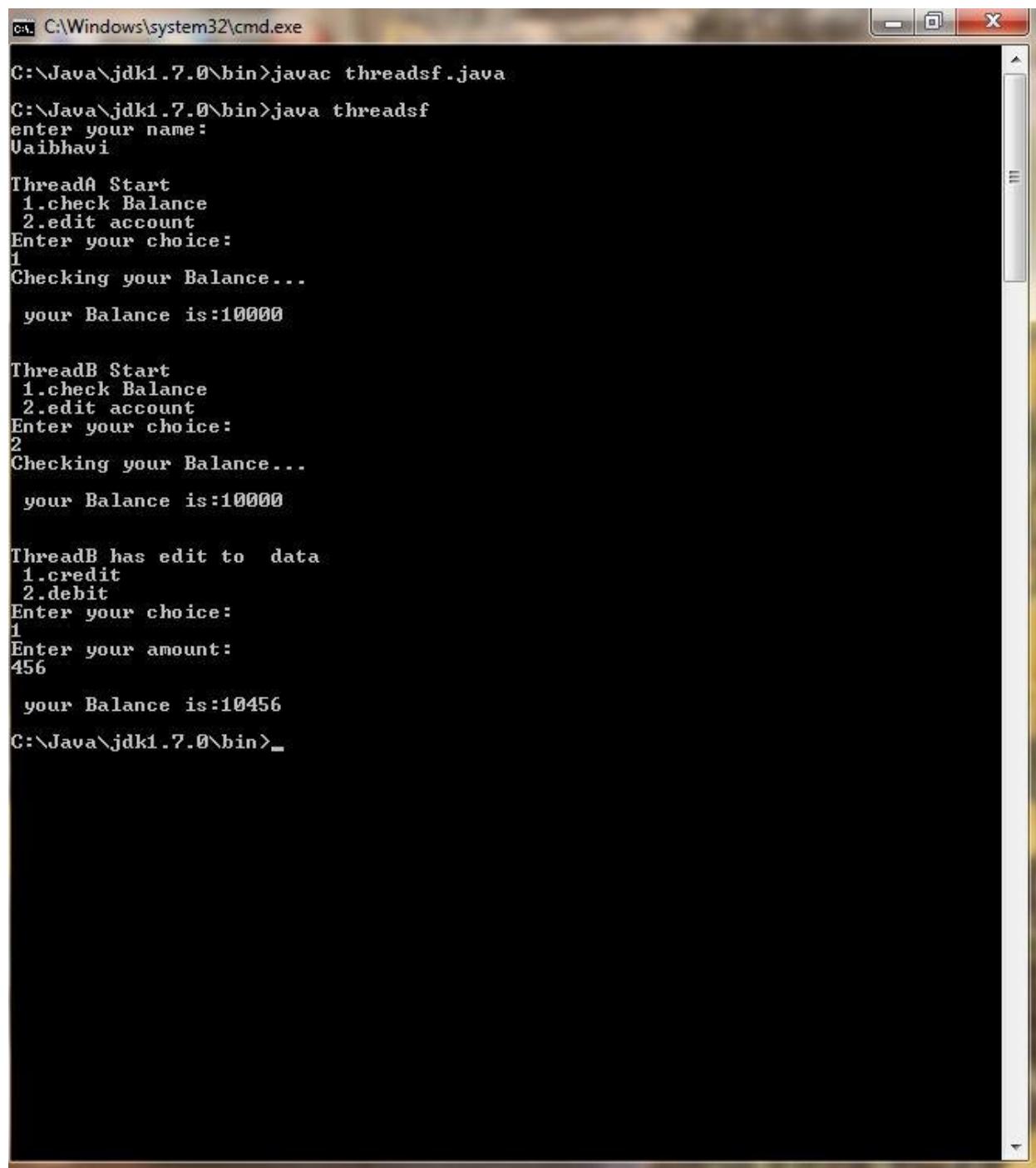
The screenshot shows a Windows command prompt window titled 'cmd C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe'. The window displays the execution of a Java application named 'threadsf'. The application starts by compiling ('javac') and then running ('java') the class. It prompts the user for a name ('enter your name:'), which is entered as 'Vaibhavi'. The application then displays two choices for ThreadA: '1.check Balance' and '2.edit account'. The user selects choice 1. The application then displays two choices for ThreadB: '1.check Balance' and '2.edit account'. The user selects choice 2. Both threads then attempt to check their balance, both reporting a balance of 10000. ThreadB then attempts to edit the account, choosing '2.debit' and entering an amount of 89, which is flagged as an 'Illegal amount'.

```
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>javac threadsf.java
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>java threadsf
enter your name:
Vaibhavi
ThreadA Start
1.check Balance
2.edit account
Enter your choice:
1
Checking your Balance...
your Balance is:10000

ThreadB Start
1.check Balance
2.edit account
Enter your choice:
2
Checking your Balance...
your Balance is:10000

ThreadB has edit to data
1.credit
2.debit
Enter your choice:
2
Enter your amount:
89
Illegal amount
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>
```

Case 2: All Normal Transaction Done.



The screenshot shows a Windows Command Prompt window titled 'cmd C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe'. The window contains the following text output from a Java application:

```
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>javac threadsf.java
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>java threadsf
enter your name:
Vaibhavi
ThreadA Start
 1.check Balance
 2.edit account
Enter your choice:
1
Checking your Balance...
your Balance is:10000

ThreadB Start
 1.check Balance
 2.edit account
Enter your choice:
2
Checking your Balance...
your Balance is:10000

ThreadB has edit to data
 1.credit
 2.debit
Enter your choice:
1
Enter your amount:
456
your Balance is:10456
C:\Java\jdk1.7.0\bin>_
```

PRACTICAL 10

AIM:- A simple CORBA implementation using Java

Instructions

1. Write the IDL file

The IDL file defines the interface that will be used by the client and server for communicating and passing objects.

When the IDL file gets compiled, it will produce a number of files, known as the stub and skeleton:

- The stub is used by the client to communicate with the server
- The skeleton is used by the server to communicate with the client
- The stub and skeleton communicate with the ORB server to facilitate the remote procedure call

The module in the IDL file will correspond to the package and directory in which the Java code will be generated

Echo.idl

```
module EchoApp {  
    interface Echo {  
        string echoString();  
    };  
};
```

2. Generate the stub and skeleton code

There is an idlj program that comes with the JDK for generating the stub and skeleton code in Java

idlj –fall sum.idl

The following files are generated by the idlj program:

- _EchoStub.java
- Echo.java
- EchoHelper.java
- EchoHolder.java
- EchoOperations.java
- EchoPOA.java

3. Write the server code

The server program will inherit from the EchoPOA class that was generated as part of the idlj program.

The EchoPOA class implements the EchoOperations interface

- This interface contains the methods we defined in the Echo.idl file, but standardized to Java.

We create an [EchoServer.java](#) class that extends the abstract EchoPoa class and then implement the methods contained in it. We create a main method in [Server.java](#) to communicate with the object request broker (ORB), registering the server with the ORB so clients are able to find it.

4. Write the client code

The client program [Client.java](#) needs to get a reference to the ORB then resolve the name of the server object it would like to invoke.

- This is ECHO-SERVER in this case

After getting an instance of a Server object from the server, it can invoke methods on it just like a method within its own JVM.

5. Compile the code

1. Compile the stub and skeleton from the directory that contains the IDL file.

Windows

```
javac EchoApp/*.java
```

Linux

```
javac EchoApp/*.java
```

2. Generate a JAR file from the compiled stub and skeleton.

Windows

```
jar cvf echoapp.jar EchoApp/*.class
```

Linux

```
jar cvf echoapp.jar EchoApp/*.class
```

3. Compile the server and client classes

Windows

```
javac -classpath .;echoapp.jar Server.java EchoServer.java Client.java
```

Linux

```
javac -classpath .:echoapp.jar Server.java EchoServer.java Client.java
```

6. Running the application

1. Start the ORB server

```
orbd -ORBInitialPort 1050 -ORBInitialHost localhost
```

2. Start the server application

```
java Server -ORBInitialPort 1050 -ORBInitialHost localhost
```

3. Start the client application

```
java Client -ORBInitialPort 1050 -ORBInitialHost localhost
```

If everything was compiled correctly the output should be:

Hello World!!!