

Assignment 2 Instructions

Introduction

This assignment will help you learn and practice working with Arrays and Objects in JavaScript.

Please do this assignment on your own, and submit only your own work. Gaining experience with JavaScript and the web takes a lot of personal practice, and working on these problems yourself will help build your skill.

Submission

Please read and follow all instructions below carefully. If you have problems or questions, talk to your professor.

To hand in your work, see the "Submitting your Assignment" section below.

Setup

This assignment uses a technique called "Unit Testing", and relies on a number of dependencies, which must be installed on your computer. A dependency is a library, tool, or other piece of software that is needed in order to build, test, and run another piece of software. JavaScript projects often rely on hundreds or thousands of dependencies, and getting used to installing and using them is an important step.

In order to install these dependencies, you must first install Node.js on your computer. See installation instructions at:

<https://nodejs.org/en/>

You can install the LTS (Long Term Support) version of node.js, which is currently 12.14.1, although any 12.x.x version should work.

Install Dependencies

Open a command line terminal and navigate (i.e., `cd`) to the directory where you have unzipped the assignment files. When you type `dir` (Windows) or `ls` (Linux/macOS) you should see this `README.md` file, `package.json`, etc.

In this directory, install the assignment dependencies using the Node.js Package Manager command, named `npm`. The `npm` command is installed along with `node.js`. In your terminal, type the following:

```
npm install
```

This will download and save all the necessary dependency files to a folder named `node_modules/` in the current directory.

If you have trouble getting "npm install" to work:

- Did you install node.js?
- If you type "node --version" in your terminal, does it print the version?
- Are you in the right directory (you must cd into the correct directory)

If you need help, ask your classmates and/or talk to your professor.

Install a Proper Editor

You will need a proper editor to write code for the web. The most popular choice is Microsoft Visual Studio Code (aka, VSCode). VSCode runs on Windows, Linux, and macOS. You can download and install it for free from:

<https://code.visualstudio.com/>

NOTE: VSCode is not the same as Visual Studio. You should have both installed

A number of extensions are available that will work automatically with the scripts and configuration in this project, and are recommended:

- eslint <https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=dbaumer.vscode-eslint>
- prettier <https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=esbenp.prettier-vscode>

When you open this project's folder, VSCode should offer to install these recommended extensions. Once these are installed VSCode will automatically show you errors as you type, automatically format your code when you save, and show you spelling mistakes in your code comments and names.

If you want to use a different editor, that's fine. Confirm with your professor that it will work for our needs. You may not use Notepad, for example.

Learn how to Run the Assignment Tests

You are asked to complete the code in the file `src/solutions.js`. A basic file layout has already been created with various functions and variables. Also, detailed comments have been left above each function you need to implement.

In addition, unit tests have been written for each function. They are named `src/problem-0.test.js`, `src/problem-1.test.js` and so on. A Unit Test tests the smallest possible unit of a software system or component, and we write many small Unit Tests to prove that our implementation works as we expect.

For example, we expect $2 + 2$ to return 4, not 5. We can write a unit test for this to confirm that our code does what we expect. See <http://softwaretestingfundamentals.com/unit-testing/> for more info about unit tests.

These tests will help you determine if your code is working correctly: running the tests should produce the output that the tests expect, and that tests will either pass or fail.

To run the tests, use the npm command:

```
npm test
```

Your goal is to get all of the tests to pass correctly. If a test fails, pay attention to the error messages that get produced, what was expected vs. what was actually returned, and make corrections to your code in `assignment1.js`.

Different Ways to Run Tests

If you are going to run your tests over and over as you make changes to `src/solutions.js`, you can run the tests so they automatically watch for changes, and re-run whenever you save your file:

```
npm run test-watch
```

You can stop the tests from running using CTRL + C.

Next, you can run a single test instead of all tests:

```
npm test problem-0
```

This will only run the tests in `problem-0.test.js`, making it easier to work on only one problem at a time.

Debugging Code and Tests

You can also use VSCode's built in debugging tools to run and debug your code, or the test code, within the editor, step through code, inspect variables, examine call stacks, etc. See the [following instructions \(https://github.com/microsoft/vscode-recipes/tree/master/debugging-jest-tests#debugging-all-tests\)](https://github.com/microsoft/vscode-recipes/tree/master/debugging-jest-tests#debugging-all-tests) for more details.

Learn how to Lint your Code

In addition to running unit tests, you can also run a linter called `eslint`. Linting helps to find and remove common errors in code, for example, missing a semi-colon, or forgetting to declare a variable.

To run `eslint`, use the `npm` command:

```
npm run eslint
```

If there are no problems, there will be no output. If there is any output, pay attention to what it says, so you can make corrections. For example:

```
assignment1/assignment1.js
  18:9  error  'x' is defined but never used  no-unused-vars
```

Here, we see a lint error, which has various information:

1. The filename is listed first, `assignment1/assignment1.js`
2. The line number is listed next: 18
3. The column number on line 18 is listed next: 9
4. The actual error or warning comes next: error 'x' is defined but never used
5. The rule name comes last: `no-unused-vars`. You can lookup how to fix these errors using the rule name, for example: <https://eslint.org/docs/rules/no-unused-vars>

Your code should have no lint errors when you submit it.

Learn how to Properly Format your Code

Source code needs to be properly structured, use consistent indenting, semi-colons, etc. Doing so makes it easier to understand, read, and debug your code.

Your code must be properly and consistently formatted. You can do it by hand, or, you can use Prettier (<https://prettier.io/>) to do it automatically.

There are two ways to use Prettier. First, using the npm command:

```
npm run prettier
```

This will rewrite your files to use proper formatting. NOTE: running this command will overwrite your file, so make sure you have saved your work before you run it.

The second way to run Prettier is using the Prettier extension, and format-on-save. If you install the recommended extensions and settings for this project, saving your file will result in Prettier automatically fixing your code for you.

Submitting your Assignment

When you have completed your assignment, you need to prepare your submission. To do so, use the npm command:

```
npm run prepare-submission
```

This will do a number of things automatically for you:

- create a submission/ directory, deleting an existing one if present
- run prettier on the source
- copy all files under src/ to submission/src
- copy package.json to submission/package.json
- run eslint and write the output to submission/eslint.log
- run npm test and write the output to submission/test.log
- zip the submission/* directory to submission.zip

You can upload submission.zip to Blackboard for submission.

Discussion of Other Assignment Files

You may be wondering about some of the other files in this project. While you don't need to modify them, or use them directly, here is what each one does:

node_modules/ – the installed dependencies necessary to run prettier, eslint, etc., installed when you run npm install.

.eslintrc.js – configuration for eslint, see <https://eslint.org/docs/user-guide/configuring>

.npmrc – configuration settings for npm, see <https://docs.npmjs.com/files/npmrc>

.prettierrc.js – configuration settings for prettier, see <https://prettier.io/docs/en/configuration.html>

package.json – node.js package info, dependencies, build scripts, see
<https://docs.npmjs.com/files/package.json>

package-lock.json – a generated file with dependency version information, see
<https://docs.npmjs.com/files/package-lock.json>