Filter the station data

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The first problem to deal with is that the "status data" file is quite big. It contains a row of data for every minute. We will trim this data by selecting only the rows where there is a *change* in the data. That is a bike is added, taken away or the number of docks changes.

Dplyr and tidyr

Load the dplyr and tidyr packages which will help us wrangle the data:

```
library("dplyr")

##

## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

##

## filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

##

intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

library("tidyr")
```

Loading up the data

Load the various file for (1/9/14 - 31-8/15) into R:

```
status_data_original <-
   read.csv("C:/Users/Georgie/Desktop/BABS_Data/201508_status_data.csv")
status_data_frame <- data.frame(status_data_original)
status <- dplyr::tbl_df(status_data_frame)</pre>
```

The following will use the *lag* function to define a new column which checks if there has been a change or not and store this as a truth variable. We'll then filter using this column. We firstly create the new columns:

Note that the first entries will be equal to NA so we change these to FALSE.

```
status$ch[1] = FALSE
```

Then we filter

```
status <- status %>% filter(ch == FALSE) %>% select(-ch)
```

Now we take a look and save the files for future use

We've gone from nearly million observations to million without losing any information.