```
# IMPORT THE LIBRARY
 In [1]:
              !pip install yfinance
           ▶ !pip install ipynb
 In [2]:
           ► SENTIMENT_ANALYSIS = 0
In [143]:
              if SENTIMENT_ANALYSIS:
                  !pip install newspaper3k
                  !pip install GoogleNews
                  !pip install nltk
                  !pip install newspaper
                  !pip install wordcloud
              else:
                  print("Sentiment analysis disabled")
              Sentiment analysis disabled
           ▶ from datetime import datetime
In [144]:
              import yfinance as yf
              import pandas as pd
              import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
              import datetime as dt
              if SENTIMENT_ANALYSIS:
                  import nltk
                  from nltk.sentiment.vader import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer
                  from GoogleNews import GoogleNews
                  from newspaper import Article
                  from newspaper import Config
                  from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS
                  import json
                  nltk.download('vader_lexicon') #required for Sentiment Analysis
                  nltk.download('punkt')
              else:
                  print("Sentiment analysis disabled")
```

Sentiment analysis disabled

```
In [145]: 

from pyspark.ml import Pipeline
from pyspark.ml.regression import GBTRegressor
from pyspark.ml.feature import VectorAssembler
from pyspark.ml.evaluation import RegressionEvaluator
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
from pyspark.sql import functions as sqlFn
from pyspark.sql.window import Window
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
#from ipynb.fs.full.SentimentAnalysis import GenerateCSVFile
from SentLib import GenerateCSVFile
```

```
In [147]:  #Generate Sentiment Analysis CSV file for Amazon with normalized sentiment
if SENTIMENT_ANALYSIS:
         GenerateCSVFile("AMZN", 'sentiment_data.csv', 31)
else:
         print("Sentiment analysis disabled")
```

Sentiment analysis disabled

Sentiment analysis disabled

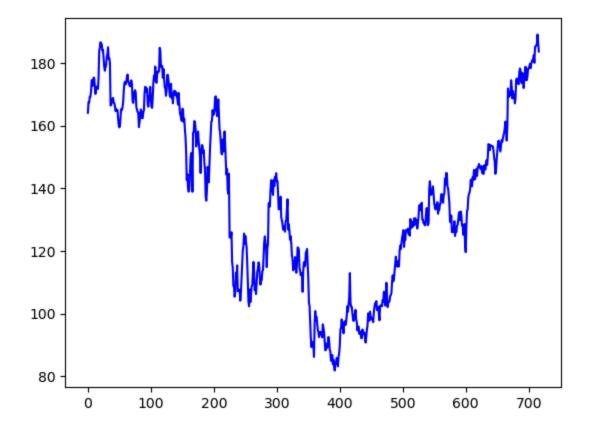
```
df1.show(8)
In [149]:
               -----
                            Date
                                             Open l
                           Close
                                   Volume Dividends Stock Splits
             2010-01-19 00:00:... 6.315499782562256 6.400000095367432 6.216499805450
            4395 | 6.380499839782715 | 177852000 |
                                                0.0
                                                            0.0
             2010-01-20 00:00:... 6.356500148773193 6.460000038146973 6.25400018692
            0166 | 6.289000034332275 | 181494000 |
                                                0.0
             |2010-01-21 00:00:...| 6.36299991607666| 6.40749979019165|
            6.25 | 6.330999851226807 | 199412000 |
                                                0.0
                                                            0.0
             |2010-01-22 00:00:...| 6.28000020980835|6.383500099182129| 6.03800010681
            1523 | 6.071499824523926 | 231378000 |
                                                0.0
                                                            0.0
             2010-01-25 00:00:...| 6.105000019073486|6.113999843597412| 5.90600013732
            9102 | 6.015500068664551 | 240478000 |
                                                0.0
             2010-01-26 00:00:...|6.0279998779296875| 6.14900016784668| 5.95300006866
            4551 | 5.973999977111816 | 191180000 |
                                                0.0
                                                            0.0
             2010-01-27 00:00:... 6.051499843597412 6.166500091552734 5.94000005722
            0459 | 6.137499809265137 | 295306000 |
                                                0.0
                                                            0.01
             |2010-01-28 00:00:...| 6.221499919891357|6.360000133514404| 6.13999986648
            5596 | 6.301499843597412 | 545862000 |
                                                0.01
            +-----
             ----+-----+
            only showing top 8 rows
In [150]:
          if SENTIMENT ANALYSIS:
                df2 = spark.read.csv("sentiment_data.csv", header=True, inferSchema=Tr
                df2.show(8)
                df = df1.join(df2, df1["Date"] == df2["Date"], "inner")
                df.show(8)
                #drop the extra "date"
                df = df.drop(df2["Date"])
                df.show(8)
            else:
                print("Sentiment analysis disabled")
            Sentiment analysis disabled
In [151]:
          # drop any row having any Null
            df = df.dropna(how="any")
          # openCloseChange
In [152]:
            df = df.withColumn("openCloseChange", (df.Close - df.Open) / df.Open)
```

```
# maxDayChange
In [153]:
           df = df.withColumn("maxDayChange", df.High - df.Low)
In [154]:
         # dividend provided
           df = df.withColumn("dividend", sqlFn.when(df["Dividends"] > 0, 1).otherwis
In [155]:
         # Stock split
           df = df.withColumn("stockSplit", sqlFn.when(df["Stock Splits"] != 1, 1).ot
In [156]:
         # order by date
           w = Window.partitionBy().orderBy("date")
In [157]:
         df = df.withColumn("lagClose", sqlFn.lag(df.Close).over(w))
In [158]:
         df = df.withColumn("DailyChange", df.Close - df.lagClose)
         # moving average for the closing prices
In [159]:
           df = df.withColumn("movingAvgClose", sqlFn.avg(df.Close).over(w.rowsBetwee)
         # drop any row having any Null
In [160]:
           df = df.dropna(how="any")
In [161]:
         if SENTIMENT_ANALYSIS:
               "dividend", "stockSplit", "Sentiment"]
           else:
               consolidatedFeature = ["Open", "High", "Low", "Close", "Volume", "open
                            "maxDayChange", "DailyChange", "movingAvgClose",
                            "dividend", "stockSplit"]
               print("Sentiment analysis disabled")
           Sentiment analysis disabled
In [162]:
         #store features in the vector column
           assembler = VectorAssembler(inputCols=consolidatedFeature, outputCol="feat
           df assembled = assembler.transform(df)
```

```
▶ # Split the data into a training set - 80%, 20% test set.
In [178]:
             trainingDataCount = int(df_assembled.count() * 0.8)
             trainingData = df_assembled.orderBy("date").limit(trainingDataCount)
             testData = df assembled.subtract(trainingData)
           # GBT Model Training
In [210]:
             gbt = GBTRegressor(labelCol="Close", featuresCol="features", maxIter=20, m
           M model = gbt.fit(trainingData)
In [211]:
In [212]:
           predictions = model.transform(testData)
In [213]:
           # Compute the RMSE (Root Mean Squared Error) for the predictions
             evaluator rmse = RegressionEvaluator(labelCol="Close", predictionCol="pred
           rmse = evaluator_rmse.evaluate(predictions)
In [214]:
             print("Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) on test data =", rmse)
              Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) on test data = 9.824598177963328
In [215]:
           # Mean Absolute Error (MAE) and R-squared (R2)
             for metric in ["mae", "r2"]:
                 evaluator = RegressionEvaluator(labelCol="Close", predictionCol="predi
                 value = evaluator.evaluate(predictions)
                 print(f"{metric.upper()}: {value}")
             MAE: 7.313947290801276
             R2: 0.8821503702744099
In [185]:
           plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
   Out[185]: <Figure size 1200x600 with 0 Axes>
              <Figure size 1200x600 with 0 Axes>
```

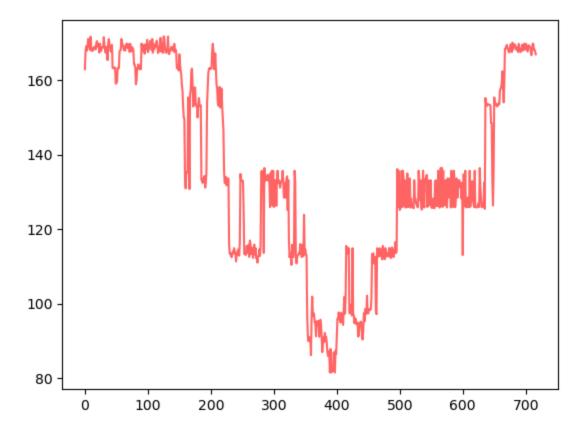
```
In [186]:  preds = predictions.select("Date", "Close", "prediction").toPandas()
In [187]:  plt.plot(preds["Close"], label='Actual', color='blue')
```

Out[187]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1d46ba61490>]

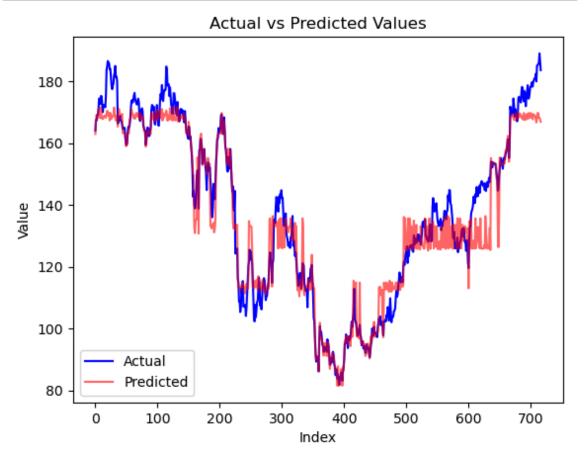


In [188]: ▶ plt.plot(preds["prediction"], label='Predicted', color='red', alpha=0.6)

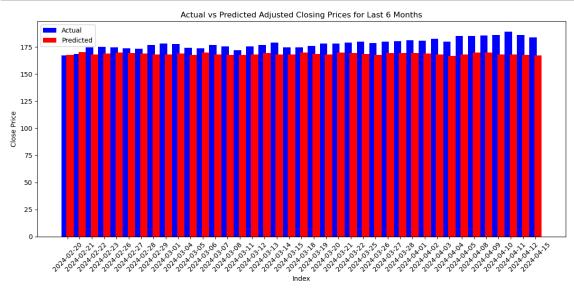
Out[188]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1d46bb4ba50>]



```
In [189]: 
plt.plot(preds.index, preds["Close"], label='Actual', color='blue')
plt.plot(preds.index, preds["prediction"], label='Predicted', color='red',
plt.xlabel('Index')
plt.ylabel('Value')
plt.title('Actual vs Predicted Values')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

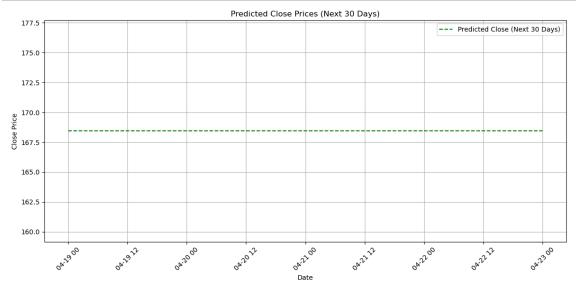


```
import pandas as pd
In [190]:
              from datetime import timedelta
              import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
              # Convert "Date" column to datetime type, with utc=True
              preds['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(preds['Date'], utc=True)
              # Filter data for the Last 2 months
              six_months_ago = pd.Timestamp.now(tz='UTC') - timedelta(days=30*2)
              preds_last_6_months = preds[preds['Date'] >= six_months_ago]
              # Creating the plot
              plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6)) # Setting the figure size
              # Plotting actual values as blue bars
              plt.bar(preds_last_6_months.index, preds_last_6_months["Close"], color='bl
              # Shifting the position of predicted values slightly to the right for bett
              plt.bar(preds_last_6_months.index + 0.4, preds_last_6_months["prediction"]
              plt.xlabel('Index') # Labeling x-axis
              plt.ylabel('Close Price') # Labeling y-axis
              plt.title('Actual vs Predicted Adjusted Closing Prices for Last 6 Months')
              plt.legend() # Showing the Legend
              plt.xticks(preds_last_6_months.index + 0.2, preds_last_6_months['Date'].dt
              plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
              plt.tight_layout() # Adjusting layout for better visualization
              plt.show() # Displaying the plot
```



```
In [191]:
           ▶ | from matplotlib.dates import AutoDateLocator, AutoDateFormatter
              # Prepare historical data for the past 1 month
              end_date_past = datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
              start_date_past = (datetime.now() - timedelta(days=30)).strftime('%Y-%m-%d
              past_data = df.filter((sqlFn.col("Date") >= start_date_past) & (sqlFn.col(
              # Apply the same feature engineering steps to past data
              # Assuming you've defined the feature_columns as before
              consolidatedFeature = ["Open", "High", "Low", "Close", "Volume", "openClos
                                 "maxDayChange", "DailyChange", "movingAvgClose",
                                 "dividend", "stockSplit"]
              # Assemble features
              assembler = VectorAssembler(inputCols=consolidatedFeature, outputCol="feat
              past_data_assembled = assembler.transform(past_data)
              # Apply the trained model to make predictions for the past 1 month
              past_predictions = model.transform(past_data_assembled)
              # Plot the historical and predicted data for the past 1 month
              past_data_pd = past_data.select("Date", "Close").toPandas()
              past_pred_pd = past_predictions.select("Date", "prediction").toPandas()
              last_date = datetime.strptime(end_date_past, '%Y-%m-%d')
              # Prepare future data for the next 7 days using the last available data po
              end_date_future = (datetime.now() + timedelta(days=30)).strftime('%Y-%m-%d
              future_dates = [last_date + timedelta(days=i) for i in range(1, 7)] # Inc
              future_df = spark.createDataFrame([(d,) for d in future_dates], ["Date"])
              last_data_point = df.orderBy("Date", ascending=False).limit(1) # Get the
              future_df = future_df.crossJoin(last_data_point.drop("Date"))
              # Apply the same feature engineering steps to future_df
              future_df = future_df.withColumn("lagClose", sqlFn.lag(future_df.Close).ov
              future_df = future_df.withColumn("dayChange", (future_df.Close - future_df
              future_df = future_df.withColumn("maxDayChange", future_df.High - future_d
              future_df = future_df.withColumn("DailyChange", future_df.Close - future_d
              future_df = future_df.withColumn("movingAvgClose", sqlFn.avg(future_df.Clo
              future_df = future_df.withColumn("dividend", sqlFn.when(future_df["Dividen")
              future_df = future_df.withColumn("stockSplit", sqlFn.when(future_df["Stock
              future df = future df.dropna()
              future df assembled = assembler.transform(future df)
              # Apply the trained model to make predictions for the next 7 days
              future_predictions = model.transform(future_df_assembled)
              # Plot the predicted data for the next 7 days
              future_pred_pd = future_predictions.select("Date", "prediction").toPandas(
              # Convert date column to pandas datetime object
              future_pred_pd["Date"] = pd.to_datetime(future_pred_pd["Date"])
              # Plot the predicted data for the next 7 days
              plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
              plt.plot(future_pred_pd["Date"], future_pred_pd["prediction"], label='Pred
              plt.xlabel('Date')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Close Price')
plt.title('Predicted Close Prices (Next 30 Days)')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [432]: # Terminate the Spark session
spark.stop()
```