

HyperTensia 2025



Myths about Hypertension

Here are some common myths about hypertension (high blood pressure) and the truths behind them:

- 1. Myth: High blood pressure always causes symptoms
- Truth: Hypertension is called the "silent killer" because it usually has no noticeable symptoms. Many people don't realize they have it until serious complications like heart attack or stroke occur.
- 2. Myth: Only older people get hypertension
- Truth: While the risk increases with age, young adults and even children can develop high blood pressure due to factors like obesity, stress, and genetics.
- 3. Myth: If you don't add salt to food, you won't get high blood pressure
- Truth: Processed and restaurant foods contain hidden sodium, which contributes to high BP. Reducing overall sodium intake is more important than just avoiding table salt.
- 4. Myth: People with high blood pressure should avoid all exercise
- Truth: Regular physical activity actually helps lower BP over time. However, extreme weightlifting or intense exercise without medical advice can be risky for those with severe hypertension.
- 5. Myth: Hypertension is only caused by stress
- Truth: Stress can temporarily raise BP, but chronic hypertension is more influenced by genetics, diet, obesity, kidney disease, and hormonal imbalances.
- 6. Myth: If you feel fine, you don't need to check your blood pressure



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- Truth: Since hypertension is often **symptomless**, regular BP checks are essential, especially if you have risk factors like family history, obesity, or diabetes.
- 7. Myth: If you start BP medication, you'll have to take it for life
- Truth: Some people can reduce or stop medications with lifestyle changes like weight loss, a healthy diet, and exercise—but only under medical supervision.
- 8. Myth: Drinking alcohol helps lower blood pressure
- **Truth:** While small amounts of **red wine** may have heart benefits, excess alcohol **raises BP** and increases the risk of stroke and heart disease.
- 9. Myth: Low blood pressure is always healthy
- Truth: Very low BP (hypotension) can cause dizziness, fainting, and shock, especially in older adults or those with underlying health conditions.
- 10. Myth: Hypertension is not a big deal unless it's extremely high
- Truth: Even mildly high BP over time increases the risk of heart disease, stroke, kidney damage, and cognitive decline. Managing it early is crucial.