1. Find the Median

The median of a list of numbers is essentially its middle element after sorting. The same number of elements occur after it as before. Given a list of numbers with an odd number of elements, find the median?

Example

$arr = [5, 3, 1, 2, 4]$

The sorted array $arr' = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]$. The middle element and the median is 3.

Function Description

Complete the *findMedian* function in the editor below.

findMedian has the following parameter(s):

- *int arr[n]:* an unsorted array of integers

Returns

- *int:* the median of the array

Input Format

The first line contains the integer n, the size of arr.

The second line contains n space-separated integers $arr[i]$

Constraints

- $1 \leq n \leq 1000001$
- n is odd
- $-10000 \leq arr[i] \leq 10000$

Sample Input 0

```
7
0 1 2 4 6 5 3
```

Sample Output 0

```
3
```

Explanation 0

The sorted $arr = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]$. It's middle element is at $arr[3] = 3$.