1. JavaScript: Image Cloning

Create an Image class that supports image cloning. Multiple tools make copy-pasting images possible by cloning them.

Implementation of class Size is already provided.

1. This class has a constructor Size(width, height) to set the width and height of the Size object created.

Implement the *Image* class with the following constructor and methods:

- 1. The constructor Image(String url, Size size) sets the url and size of the image object created.
- 2. The method getUrl() returns the url.
- 3. The method setUrl(url) updates the url.
- 4. The method setSize(width, height) updates the width and height values of the size property.
- 5. The method getSize() returns the size of the image as a Size object.
- The method cloneImage() returns a clone of the current image. Return a new Image instance with the same properties (url and size) as the current object.

The locked stub code validates the correctness of the *Image* class implementation by performing the following operations on the images:

- · Clone Id: This operation creates a clone of the image.
- UpdateUrl Id newUrl: This operation updates the url of the image.
- UpdateSize Id newWidth newHeight: This operation updates the size of the image.

After performing all the operations, the locked stub code prints the url and size of each image.

▼ Input Format For Custom Testing

The first line contains an integer n, denoting the total number of images to be created initially.

Each of the next n lines contains 3 values - string url, number width, and number height for construction of n Image objects.

The next line contains the value of numberOfOperations, the total number of operations to be performed.

Each of the next numberOfOperations lines contains one of the three operations listed above.

▼ Sample Case 0

Sample Input For Custom Testing

STDIN		Function
2	÷	2 images to be created initially
hackerrank.com/imagel 100 100	\rightarrow	url = 'hackerrank.com/imagel', width = 100, height = 100
hackerrank.com/image2 200 200	÷	url = 'hackerrank.com/image2', width = 200, height = 200
3	\rightarrow	numberOfOperations = 3
Clone 1	÷	clones 1st image object
UpdateUrl 1 hackerrank.com/image3	\rightarrow	updates 1st image object's url to 'hackerrank.com/image3'
UpdateSize 2 300 400	-	updates 2nd images object's width to 300 and height to 400

Sample Output

hackerrank.com/image3 100 100 hackerrank.com/image2 300 400 hackerrank.com/image1 100 100

Explanation

The first line of input contains integer 2, which denotes 2 images that need to be created initially. 2 images are created with the inputs from the 2nd and 3rd lines. The next contains number 3, the number of operations to be performed. The next operation clones the images with id 1 (i.e. the first image object). The next line operation updates the url of the image with id 1 to 'hackerrank.com/image3'. The next operation updates the width and height of the image with id 2 to 300 and 400 respectively.