Al Boot Camp Project 1

Video Game Trends

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Project Overview

Goals/Questions to be addressed

Analyze leading video game sales & ratings

- What games are used/rated the best?
- What games by genre are rated the best?
- What platform (X360, PSx, etc.) is used more for gaming?
- What games have the highest sales?
- Does the sales data follow the rating information?
- How are game sales distributed by region/country?

Project Overview

Overview of data collection, cleanup and exploration process

- We gathered data from Twitch, & IGDB API's
- Kaggle was added for the Sales Data
- Removed null or NaN values
- Merged the Ratings and Sales Data into 1 dataframe (just for the sales vs ratings)
- Removed duplicate or unneeded columns

Problems Encountered

- Sales data only included up to 2016
- Sales data only includes AAA game companies (Nintendo, Sony, etc)
- Ratings data was very unclean and took a lot of cleaning
- Ratings are based on only those who actually give ratings
- Ratings are subjective, different people have different opinions
- Free API's have limited sales data available

Approach to gathering ratings data from IGDB

```
#Function to make API request to IGDB
def make_api_request(base_url, df_name):
  offset = 0
  all results = []
  #loop through all the results, 500 at a time since that is the max limit
  while True:
     #make request to IGDB API
     IGDB request = requests.post(base url, headers={'Client-ID': client id, 'Authorization': f'Bearer {bearer token }'}, data=f'fields *; limit 500; offset {offset};')
     IGDB data = IGDB request.json()
     all results.extend(IGDB data)
     #if it pulls less than 500 results, then it has reached the end of the data, so break the loop
     if len(IGDB data) < 500:
        break
     offset += len(IGDB data)
  #Put the results into a pandas normalized dataframe
  df name = pd.json normalize(all results)
  df name.head()
  return df name
```

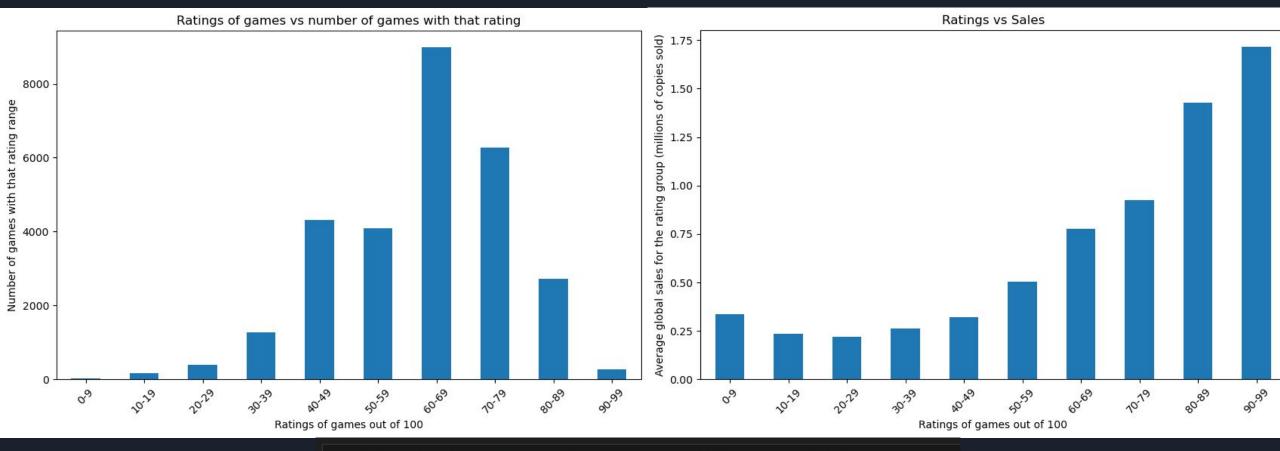
```
#Make API request to IGDB to get the data for the video games

VG_DF = make_api_request(IGDB_URL, 'VG_DF')
```

```
#make API request to IGDB to get the data for the release dates
RD_DF = make_api_request(release_dates_url, 'RD_DF')
RD_DF.head()
```

```
genre_url = 'https://api.igdb.com/v4/genres'
genre_df = make_api_request(genre_url, 'genre_df')
```

Do Ratings Impact Sales?

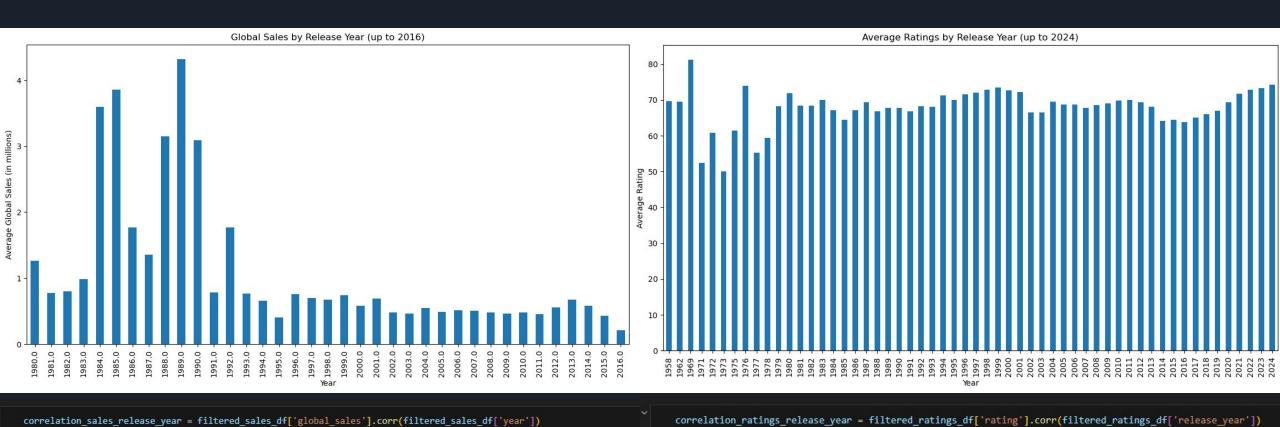


Does the Release Year Impact Sales or Ratings?

print(f"Correlation between global sales and release year: {correlation_sales_release_year}")

Correlation between global sales and release year: -0.07463618577694422

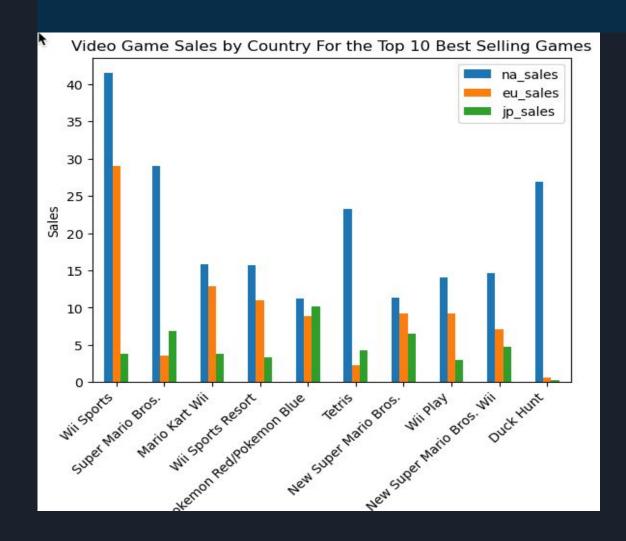
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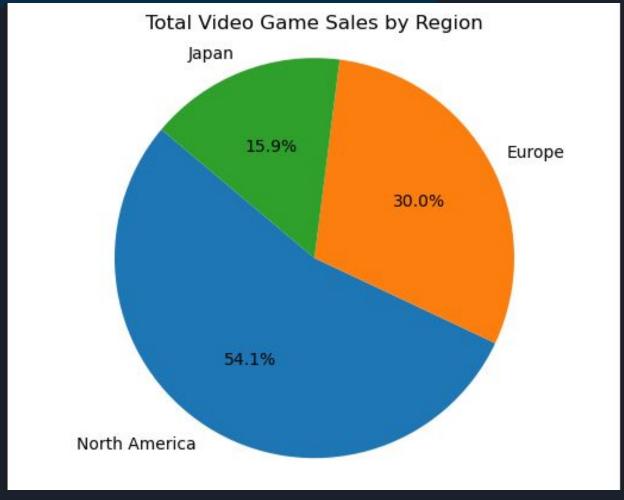


print(f"Correlation between ratings and release year: {correlation_ratings_release_year}")

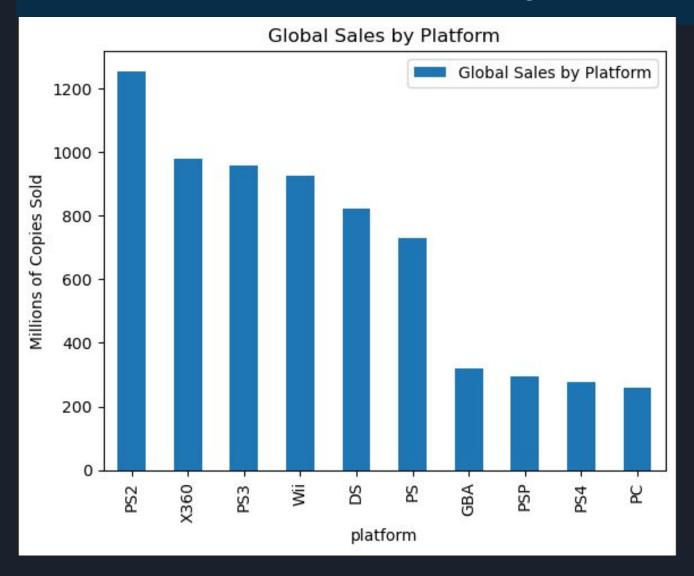
Correlation between ratings and release year: -0.0695380584447777

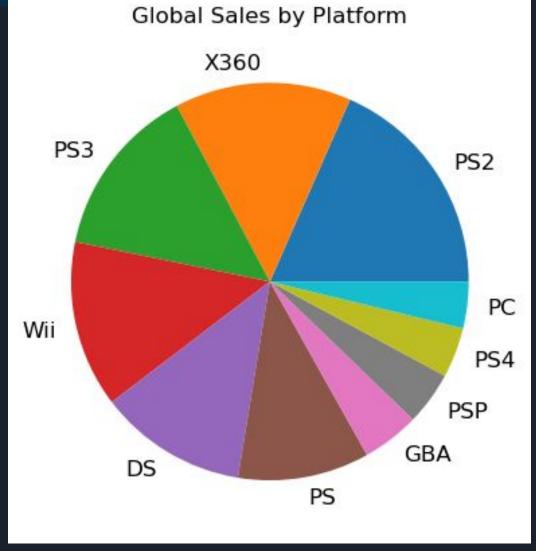
Which Countries Sell the Most Video Games and Which Games?



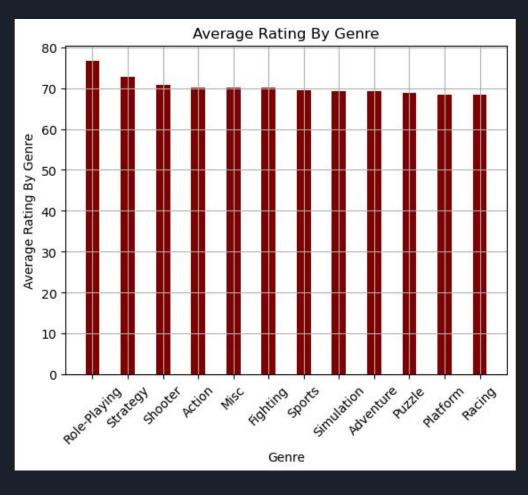


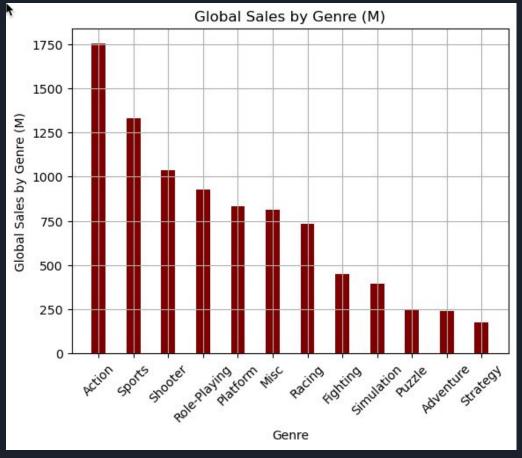
Which Platforms are the most Popular in the Major Regions?



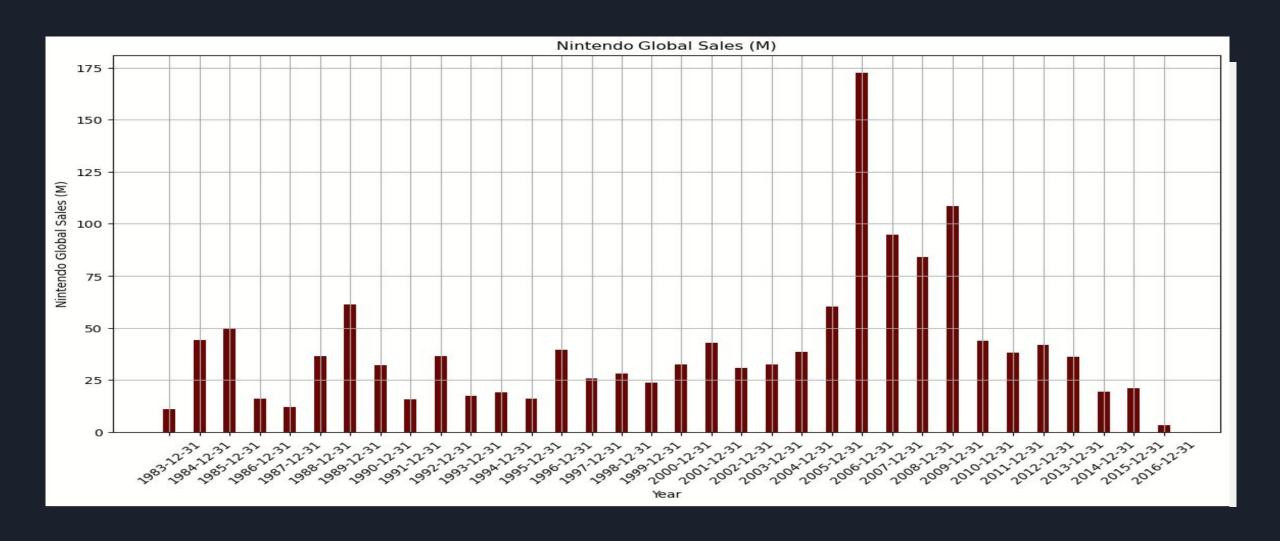


What are the Highest Rated Game by Genre?

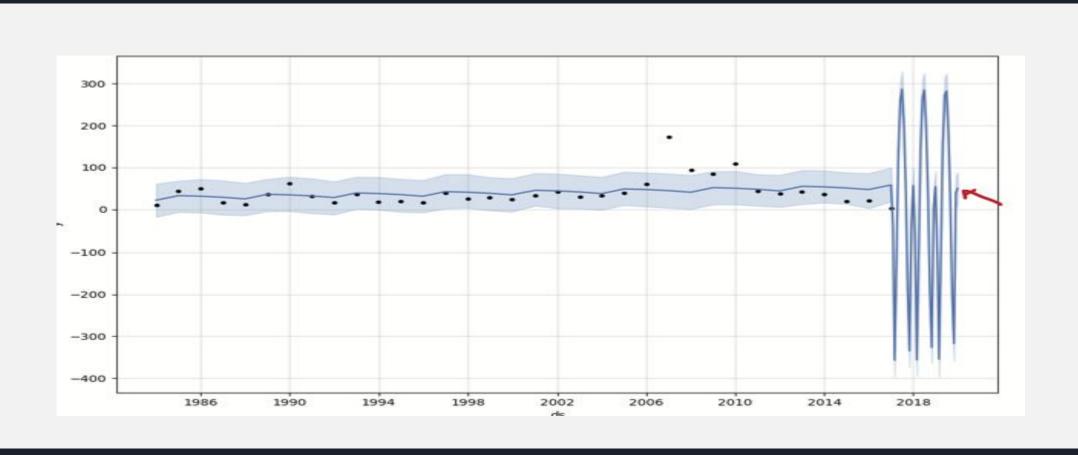




Focusing on Game Publisher Sales - Nintendo top in aggregate sales by Year



Nintendo Prophet sales forecast - 36-month period (2016 - 2019) using EOY data only



Future Considerations



- Availability to Key Sales Data from 2017 2024 would provide the following insights:
 - 1 Video Games Sales during the pandemic
 - 2 Better insights into the fast moving nature of the game industry
 - 3 VR Sales which became mainstream during the pandemic
- Sales data was limited, looking at sales data from other sources, as well as Indie game companies could provide more insights
- Looking at ratings from other sources (steam, epic games, etc) and comparing to IGDB could provide more insights as well

Questions?