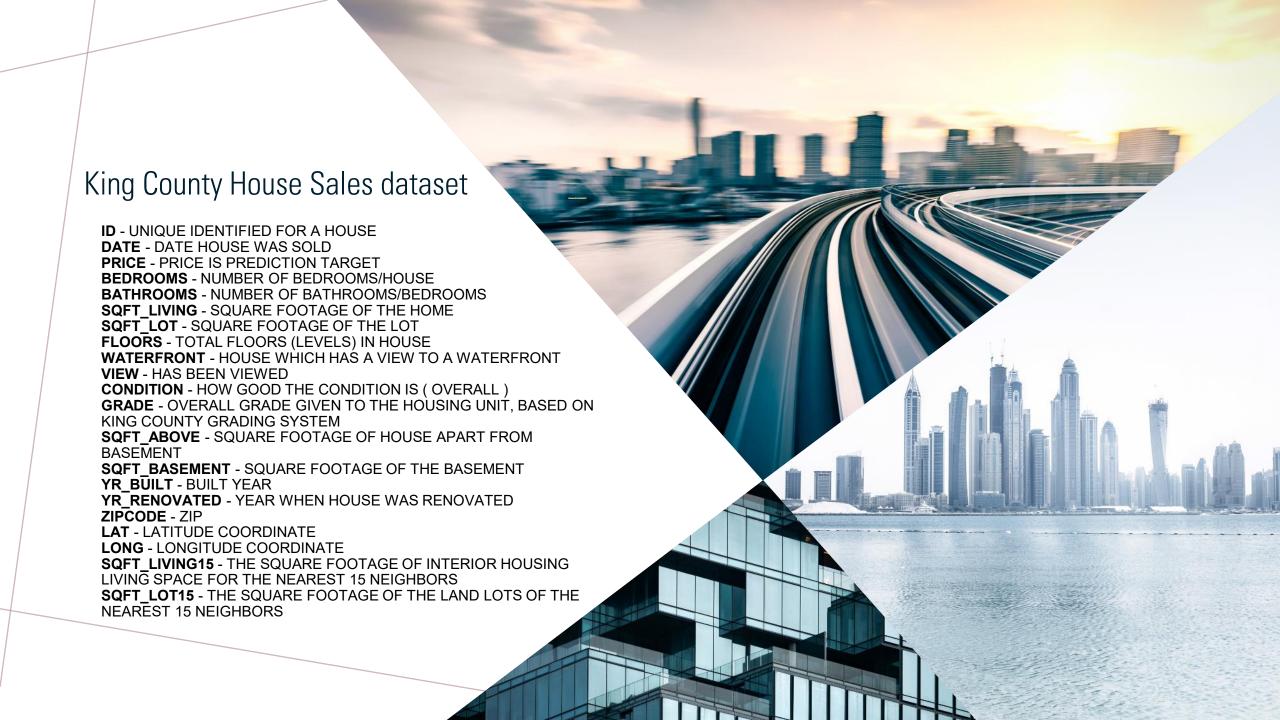


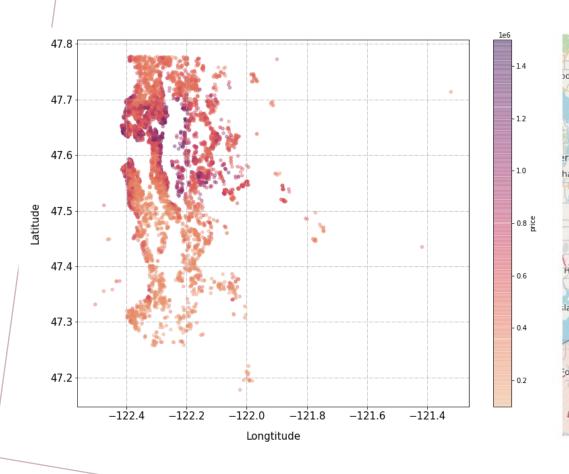
#### THE PROJECT

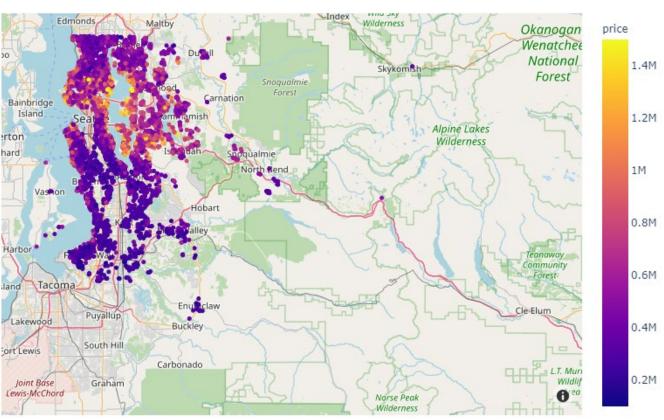
From the sales data in King County, I will do the data analysis and select influence factors for making a prediction model. Then, the following questions will be answered:

- How does the location affect the price?
- 2. Do built and renovated times affect the price?
- 3. Does selling time affect the price?
- Can we predict the price from a condition?



## LOCATION EFFECT





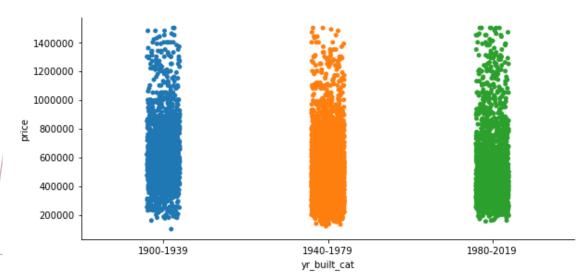
### BUILT AND RENOVATED TIMES

Mean prices for yr\_built\_cat 1900-1939 639911.185238 1940-1979 503076.052348 1980-2019 538176.536572 Name: price, dtype: float64

Median prices for yr\_built\_cat

1900-1939 597000.0 1940-1979 459975.0 1980-2019 475000.0

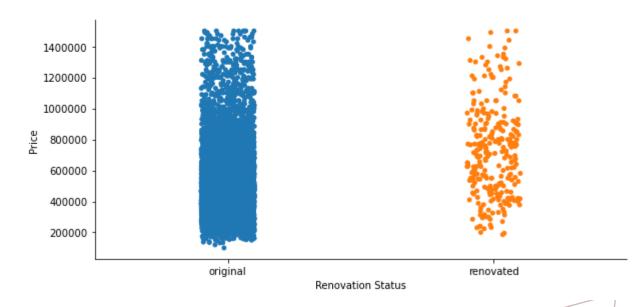
Name: price, dtype: float64



Mean prices for renovated original 532330.073109 renovated 731288.941176 Name: price, dtype: float64

Median prices for renovated original 484000.0 renovated 721000.0

Name: price, dtype: float64



#### SELLING TIME

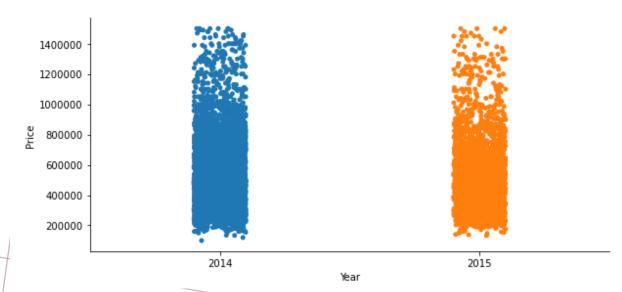
Mean prices for year 2014 538130.161706 2015 544165.609507

Name: price, dtype: float64

Median prices for year

2014 489000.0 2015 499000.0

Name: price, dtype: float64

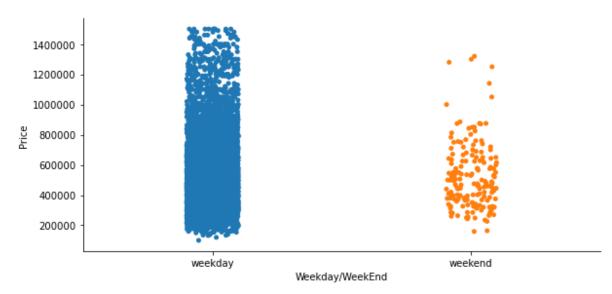


Mean prices for day\_cat weekday 540430.406543 weekend 525963.441860 Name: price, dtype: float64

Median prices for day\_cat

weekday 490000.0 weekend 484000.0

Name: price, dtype: float64



#### PRICE PREDICTION

Est.Price = 0.23x sqft\_living + 0.12x sqft\_above + 0.12x sqft\_basement + 0.09x sqft\_living15 - 0.05x bedrooms - 0.08x bathrooms + 0.33x grade + 0.22x condition +0.11x floors

#### OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	price	R-squared (uncentered):	0.962				
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared (uncentered):	0.962				
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	1.568e+04				
Date:	Mon, 24 May 2021	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00				
Time:	20:31:38	Log-Likelihood:	3965.2				
No. Observations:	5590	AIC:	-7912.				
Df Residuals:	5581	BIC:	-7853.				
Df Model:	9						
Carrand annual Trends	nonnohust						

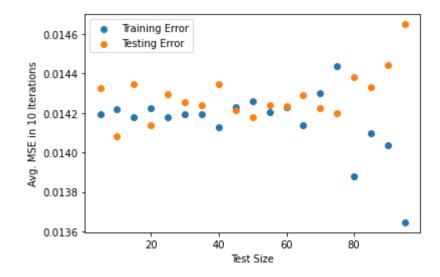
Df Model:	9
Covariance Type:	nonrobust

covariance Type	•	nonrobust				
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
sqft living	0.2066	0.031	6.655	0.000	0.146	0.268
sqft above	0.0447	0.031	1.438	0.151	-0.016	0.106
sqft_basement	0.0574	0.023	2.450	0.014	0.011	0.103
sqft_living15	0.1871	0.016	11.872	0.000	0.156	0.218
bedrooms	-0.0697	0.014	-5.154	0.000	-0.096	-0.043
bathrooms	-0.0634	0.013	-4.727	0.000	-0.090	-0.037
grade	0.3986	0.018	22.281	0.000	0.364	0.434
condition	0.2557	0.013	19.667	0.000	0.230	0.281
floors	0.1125	0.008	14.657	0.000	0.097	0.128
Omnibus:		65.643	Durbin-Watson:		2.009	
Prob(Omnibus):		0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):		62.470	
Skew:		-0.227	Prob(JB):		2.72e-14	
Kurtosis:		2.750	Cond. No.			52.6
						=====

[1] R<sup>2</sup> is computed without centering (uncentered) since the model does not contain a constant.

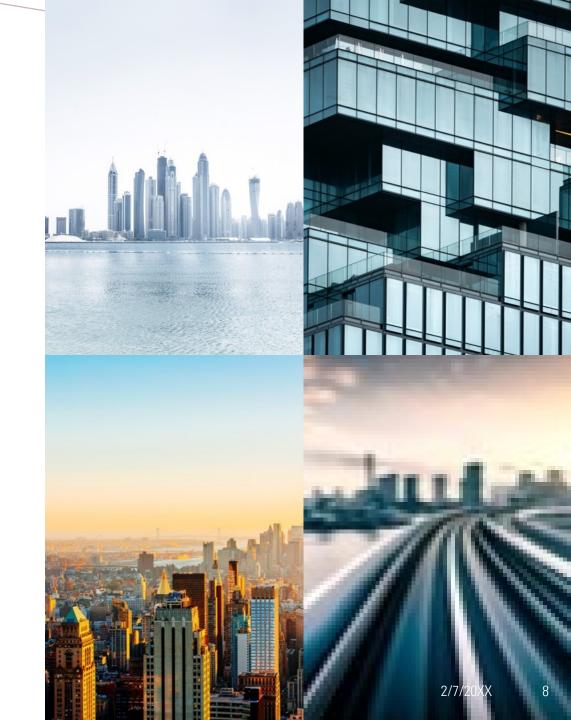
[2] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

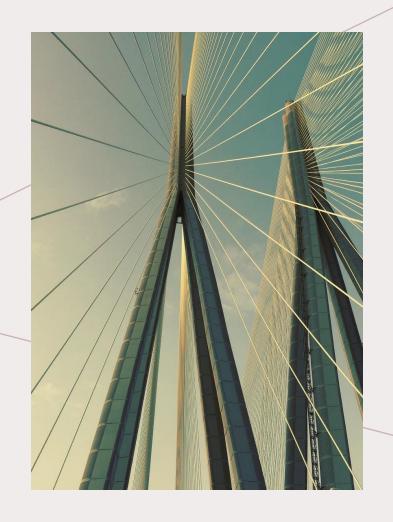
Train Mean Squarred Error: 0.01417106149621563 Test Mean Squarred Error: 0.014334953915793956



#### FUTURE PLAN

For the future, I should include more detail about location, such as downtown, shopping mall, supermarket or public transportation, to increase the accuracy of prediction.







# THANK YOU