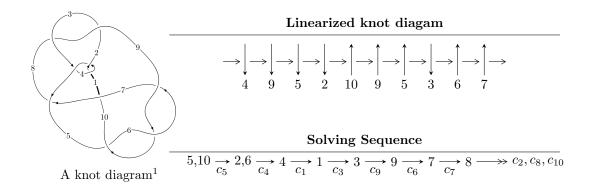
#### $10_{129} \ (K10n_{18})$



#### Ideals for irreducible components<sup>2</sup> of $X_{par}$

$$I_1^u = \langle u^{12} + u^{11} + 5u^{10} + 4u^9 + 9u^8 + 6u^7 + 5u^6 + 4u^5 - 2u^4 + u^3 - 2u^2 + b + 1,$$

$$-u^{14} - 2u^{13} - 8u^{12} - 11u^{11} - 23u^{10} - 23u^9 - 28u^8 - 20u^7 - 9u^6 - 5u^5 + 7u^4 + u^3 + u^2 + a - u - 3,$$

$$u^{15} + 2u^{14} + 8u^{13} + 12u^{12} + 24u^{11} + 28u^{10} + 32u^9 + 29u^8 + 14u^7 + 9u^6 - 6u^5 - 5u^4 - 2u^3 - 2u^2 + 4u + 1 \rangle$$

$$I_2^u = \langle b + 1, -u^2 + a - u - 1, u^3 + u^2 + 2u + 1 \rangle$$

\* 2 irreducible components of  $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} = 0$ , with total 18 representations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The image of knot diagram is generated by the software "**Draw programme**" developed by Andrew Bartholomew(http://www.layer8.co.uk/maths/draw/index.htm#Running-draw), where we modified some parts for our purpose(https://github.com/CATsTAILs/LinksPainter).

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  All coefficients of polynomials are rational numbers. But the coefficients are sometimes approximated in decimal forms when there is not enough margin.

$$I_1^u = \langle u^{12} + u^{11} + \dots + b + 1, \ -u^{14} - 2u^{13} + \dots + a - 3, \ u^{15} + 2u^{14} + \dots + 4u + 1 \rangle$$

(i) Arc colorings

$$a_{5} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{10} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} -u^{12} - u^{11} - 5u^{10} - 4u^{9} - 9u^{8} - 6u^{7} - 5u^{6} - 4u^{5} + 2u^{4} - u^{3} + 2u^{2} - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{6} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -u^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{4} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{14} + 2u^{13} + \dots - u + 3 \\ -u^{13} - u^{12} + \dots - u - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{5} + 2u^{3} + u \\ -u^{7} - 3u^{5} - 2u^{3} + u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{3} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{14} + u^{13} + \dots - 2u + 2 \\ -u^{13} - u^{12} + \dots - u - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{9} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{14} + u^{13} + \dots - 2u + 2 \\ -u^{13} - u^{12} + \dots - u - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{7} = \begin{pmatrix} -u \\ u^{3} + u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{7} = \begin{pmatrix} -u \\ -u^{4} - 2u^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{8} = \begin{pmatrix} -u^{4} - u^{2} + 1 \\ -u^{4} - 2u^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

- (ii) Obstruction class = -1
- (iii) Cusp Shapes =  $-u^{14} 2u^{13} 11u^{12} 16u^{11} 42u^{10} 47u^9 71u^8 62u^7 44u^6 31u^5 + 12u^4 + 4u^3 + 14u^2 + 5u 9$

#### (iv) u-Polynomials at the component

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_4$	$u^{15} - 4u^{14} + \dots - 3u + 1$
$c_{2}, c_{8}$	$u^{15} + u^{14} + \dots + 12u + 8$
$c_3$	$u^{15} + 2u^{14} + \dots - 3u + 1$
$c_5, c_6, c_9$	$u^{15} + 2u^{14} + \dots + 4u + 1$
	$u^{15} + 8u^{14} + \dots + 280u - 49$
$c_{10}$	$u^{15} - 2u^{14} + \dots + 2u + 1$

# (v) Riley Polynomials at the component

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_4$	$y^{15} - 2y^{14} + \dots - 3y - 1$
$c_2, c_8$	$y^{15} + 21y^{14} + \dots - 48y - 64$
$c_3$	$y^{15} + 26y^{14} + \dots - 3y - 1$
$c_5, c_6, c_9$	$y^{15} + 12y^{14} + \dots + 20y - 1$
C <sub>7</sub>	$y^{15} - 32y^{14} + \dots + 220108y - 2401$
$c_{10}$	$y^{15} - 20y^{14} + \dots + 20y - 1$

# (vi) Complex Volumes and Cusp Shapes

Solutions to $I_1^u$	$\sqrt{-1}(\text{vol} + \sqrt{-1}CS)$	Cusp shape
u = -0.946822 + 0.058779I		
a = -0.57292 - 1.67757I	10.46560 - 3.92970I	3.25200 + 2.37642I
b = 1.05231 + 1.07767I		
u = -0.946822 - 0.058779I		
a = -0.57292 + 1.67757I	10.46560 + 3.92970I	3.25200 - 2.37642I
b = 1.05231 - 1.07767I		
u = -0.078813 + 1.147950I		
a = -0.99527 + 1.21138I	-4.30318 - 1.14653I	-3.69630 - 0.14216I
b = -1.148380 - 0.278021I		
u = -0.078813 - 1.147950I		
a = -0.99527 - 1.21138I	-4.30318 + 1.14653I	-3.69630 + 0.14216I
b = -1.148380 + 0.278021I		
u = 0.271249 + 1.119280I		
a = 0.070766 - 0.823663I	-1.32042 + 2.58137I	0.00443 - 4.00241I
b = -0.282237 + 0.716387I		
u = 0.271249 - 1.119280I		
a = 0.070766 + 0.823663I	-1.32042 - 2.58137I	0.00443 + 4.00241I
b = -0.282237 - 0.716387I		
u = -0.488190 + 1.251290I		
a = -0.601814 + 0.190541I	6.78648 - 1.17157I	0.521469 + 0.840506I
b = 0.92821 - 1.13080I		
u = -0.488190 - 1.251290I		
a = -0.601814 - 0.190541I	6.78648 + 1.17157I	0.521469 - 0.840506I
b = 0.92821 + 1.13080I		
u = 0.604547 + 0.198361I		
a = 0.727011 + 0.890995I	1.37013 + 0.70150I	5.29100 - 2.23884I
b = 0.195944 - 0.500014I		
u = 0.604547 - 0.198361I		
a = 0.727011 - 0.890995I	1.37013 - 0.70150I	5.29100 + 2.23884I
b = 0.195944 + 0.500014I		

Solutions to $I_1^u$	$\sqrt{-1}(\text{vol} + \sqrt{-1}CS)$	Cusp shape
u = 0.197329 + 1.368030I		
a = 1.103000 + 0.360621I	-3.65536 + 3.51330I	0.20706 - 4.67402I
b = 0.560305 - 0.345696I		
u = 0.197329 - 1.368030I		
a = 1.103000 - 0.360621I	-3.65536 - 3.51330I	0.20706 + 4.67402I
b = 0.560305 + 0.345696I		
u = -0.445416 + 1.338930I		
a = 0.91370 - 1.42147I	6.09422 - 8.90152I	-0.37309 + 5.02376I
b = 1.13244 + 0.99333I		
u = -0.445416 - 1.338930I		
a = 0.91370 + 1.42147I	6.09422 + 8.90152I	-0.37309 - 5.02376I
b = 1.13244 - 0.99333I		
u = -0.227769		
a = 2.71106	-1.26612	-9.41310
b = -0.877160		

II. 
$$I_2^u = \langle b+1, -u^2+a-u-1, u^3+u^2+2u+1 \rangle$$

(i) Arc colorings

$$a_{5} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{10} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{2} + u + 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{6} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -u^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{4} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{2} + u + 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{3} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{2} + u + 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{9} = \begin{pmatrix} -u \\ -u^{2} - u - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{7} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{2} + 1 \\ -u^{2} - u - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{8} = \begin{pmatrix} -u \\ -u^{2} - u - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (ii) Obstruction class = 1
- (iii) Cusp Shapes =  $5u^2 + 4u + 4$

#### (iv) u-Polynomials at the component

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_3$	$(u-1)^3$
$c_2, c_8$	$u^3$
$c_4$	$(u+1)^3$
$c_5, c_6$	$u^3 + u^2 + 2u + 1$
$c_7, c_{10}$	$u^3 + u^2 - 1$
<i>c</i> 9	$u^3 - u^2 + 2u - 1$

# (v) Riley Polynomials at the component

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_3, c_4$	$(y-1)^3$
$c_2, c_8$	$y^3$
$c_5, c_6, c_9$	$y^3 + 3y^2 + 2y - 1$
$c_7,c_{10}$	$y^3 - y^2 + 2y - 1$

# (vi) Complex Volumes and Cusp Shapes

Solutions to $I_2^u$	$\sqrt{-1}(\text{vol} + \sqrt{-1}CS)$	Cusp shape
u = -0.215080 + 1.307140I		
a = -0.877439 + 0.744862I	-4.66906 - 2.82812I	-5.17211 + 2.41717I
b = -1.00000		
u = -0.215080 - 1.307140I		
a = -0.877439 - 0.744862I	-4.66906 + 2.82812I	-5.17211 - 2.41717I
b = -1.00000		
u = -0.569840		
a = 0.754878	-0.531480	3.34420
b = -1.00000		

III. u-Polynomials

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1$	$((u-1)^3)(u^{15}-4u^{14}+\cdots-3u+1)$
$c_2, c_8$	$u^3(u^{15} + u^{14} + \dots + 12u + 8)$
$c_3$	$((u-1)^3)(u^{15} + 2u^{14} + \dots - 3u + 1)$
$c_4$	$((u+1)^3)(u^{15}-4u^{14}+\cdots-3u+1)$
$c_5,c_6$	$(u^3 + u^2 + 2u + 1)(u^{15} + 2u^{14} + \dots + 4u + 1)$
$c_7$	$(u^3 + u^2 - 1)(u^{15} + 8u^{14} + \dots + 280u - 49)$
<i>c</i> 9	$(u^3 - u^2 + 2u - 1)(u^{15} + 2u^{14} + \dots + 4u + 1)$
$c_{10}$	$(u^3 + u^2 - 1)(u^{15} - 2u^{14} + \dots + 2u + 1)$

IV. Riley Polynomials

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_4$	$((y-1)^3)(y^{15} - 2y^{14} + \dots - 3y - 1)$
$c_2, c_8$	$y^3(y^{15} + 21y^{14} + \dots - 48y - 64)$
$c_3$	$((y-1)^3)(y^{15} + 26y^{14} + \dots - 3y - 1)$
$c_5,c_6,c_9$	$(y^3 + 3y^2 + 2y - 1)(y^{15} + 12y^{14} + \dots + 20y - 1)$
$c_7$	$(y^3 - y^2 + 2y - 1)(y^{15} - 32y^{14} + \dots + 220108y - 2401)$
$c_{10}$	$(y^3 - y^2 + 2y - 1)(y^{15} - 20y^{14} + \dots + 20y - 1)$