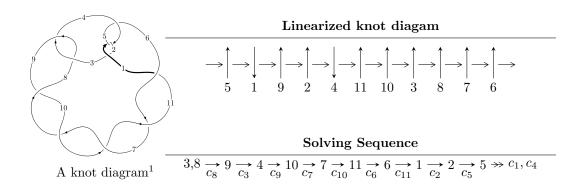
# $11a_{65} (K11a_{65})$



Ideals for irreducible components of  $X_{par}$ 

$$I_1^u = \langle u^{29} + u^{28} + \dots - u - 1 \rangle$$

\* 1 irreducible components of  $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} = 0$ , with total 29 representations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The image of knot diagram is generated by the software "**Draw programme**" developed by Andrew Bartholomew(http://www.layer8.co.uk/maths/draw/index.htm#Running-draw), where we modified some parts for our purpose(https://github.com/CATsTAILs/LinksPainter).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> All coefficients of polynomials are rational numbers. But the coefficients are sometimes approximated in decimal forms when there is not enough margin.

I. 
$$I_1^u = \langle u^{29} + u^{28} + \dots - u - 1 \rangle$$

(i) Arc colorings

$$a_{3} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{8} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -u^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{4} = \begin{pmatrix} u \\ -u^{3} + u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{10} = \begin{pmatrix} -u^{2} + 1 \\ -u^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{7} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{4} - u^{2} + 1 \\ u^{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{11} = \begin{pmatrix} -u^{6} + u^{4} - 2u^{2} + 1 \\ -u^{6} - u^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{6} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{8} - u^{6} + 3u^{4} - 2u^{2} + 1 \\ -u^{6} - u^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} -u^{10} + u^{8} - 4u^{6} + 3u^{4} - 3u^{2} + 1 \\ -u^{10} - 3u^{6} - u^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{21} - u^{19} + 7u^{17} - 6u^{15} + 16u^{13} - 11u^{11} + 13u^{9} - 6u^{7} + 3u^{5} - u^{3} + u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{12} - u^{19} + 7u^{17} - 6u^{15} + 16u^{13} - 11u^{11} + 13u^{9} - 6u^{7} + 3u^{5} - u^{3} + u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{5} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{12} - u^{10} + 5u^{8} - 4u^{6} + 6u^{4} - 3u^{2} + 1 \\ -u^{14} + 2u^{12} - 5u^{10} + 8u^{8} - 6u^{6} + 6u^{4} - u^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{5} = \begin{pmatrix} u^{12} - u^{10} + 5u^{8} - 4u^{6} + 6u^{4} - 3u^{2} + 1 \\ -u^{14} + 2u^{12} - 5u^{10} + 8u^{8} - 6u^{6} + 6u^{4} - u^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

#### (ii) Obstruction class = -1

(iii) Cusp Shapes =  $4u^{27} + 4u^{26} - 8u^{25} - 12u^{24} + 44u^{23} + 48u^{22} - 72u^{21} - 104u^{20} + 184u^{19} + 208u^{18} - 240u^{17} - 324u^{16} + 364u^{15} + 404u^{14} - 360u^{13} - 440u^{12} + 340u^{11} + 352u^{10} - 228u^9 - 256u^8 + 124u^7 + 124u^6 - 32u^5 - 48u^4 + 8u^3 + 8u^2 + 12u + 6$ 

### (iv) u-Polynomials at the component

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_4$	$u^{29} + u^{28} + \dots + 3u - 1$
$c_2, c_5$	$u^{29} + 11u^{28} + \dots + 3u - 1$
$c_3, c_8$	$u^{29} + u^{28} + \dots - u - 1$
$c_6, c_7, c_9 \\ c_{10}, c_{11}$	$u^{29} - 5u^{28} + \dots + 3u - 1$

## (v) Riley Polynomials at the component

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_4$	$y^{29} + 11y^{28} + \dots + 3y - 1$
$c_2, c_5$	$y^{29} + 15y^{28} + \dots + 95y - 1$
$c_{3}, c_{8}$	$y^{29} - 5y^{28} + \dots + 3y - 1$
$c_6, c_7, c_9$ $c_{10}, c_{11}$	$y^{29} + 39y^{28} + \dots + 15y - 1$

## (vi) Complex Volumes and Cusp Shapes

Solutions to $I_1^u$	$\sqrt{-1}(\text{vol} + \sqrt{-1}CS)$	Cusp shape
u = 0.662542 + 0.733995I	-2.87279 - 3.43190I	1.84331 + 2.63617I
u = 0.662542 - 0.733995I	-2.87279 + 3.43190I	1.84331 - 2.63617I
u = -0.860153 + 0.603140I	-0.92695 - 3.26280I	6.14452 + 3.98889I
u = -0.860153 - 0.603140I	-0.92695 + 3.26280I	6.14452 - 3.98889I
u = 0.800498 + 0.711356I	-6.28353 + 2.63192I	-1.57742 - 3.51356I
u = 0.800498 - 0.711356I	-6.28353 - 2.63192I	-1.57742 + 3.51356I
u = -0.670146 + 0.643469I	-1.53821 - 1.44300I	4.26199 + 3.33866I
u = -0.670146 - 0.643469I	-1.53821 + 1.44300I	4.26199 - 3.33866I
u = 0.897053 + 0.637489I	-2.10190 + 8.51637I	4.12248 - 8.75770I
u = 0.897053 - 0.637489I	-2.10190 - 8.51637I	4.12248 + 8.75770I
u = -0.863375 + 0.243437I	2.76289 - 4.79469I	10.76150 + 7.92652I
u = -0.863375 - 0.243437I	2.76289 + 4.79469I	10.76150 - 7.92652I
u = 0.849421 + 0.171489I	3.14251 - 0.34812I	12.60939 - 1.20059I
u = 0.849421 - 0.171489I	3.14251 + 0.34812I	12.60939 + 1.20059I
u = -0.567456 + 0.428614I	-1.16133 - 1.54019I	1.06319 + 5.77766I
u = -0.567456 - 0.428614I	-1.16133 + 1.54019I	1.06319 - 5.77766I
u = 0.925735 + 0.921889I	-10.84070 + 1.59263I	4.08077 - 2.18896I
u = 0.925735 - 0.921889I	-10.84070 - 1.59263I	4.08077 + 2.18896I
u = -0.922097 + 0.934395I	-12.57420 + 3.90608I	1.76608 - 2.34733I
u = -0.922097 - 0.934395I	-12.57420 - 3.90608I	1.76608 + 2.34733I
u = 0.955680 + 0.906089I	-10.74280 + 5.13666I	4.24719 - 2.41278I
u = 0.955680 - 0.906089I	-10.74280 - 5.13666I	4.24719 + 2.41278I
u = -0.948212 + 0.927384I	-16.7628 - 3.4088I	-1.58895 + 2.29581I
u = -0.948212 - 0.927384I	-16.7628 + 3.4088I	-1.58895 - 2.29581I
u = -0.966924 + 0.909523I	-12.4263 - 10.6865I	2.06858 + 6.86438I
u = -0.966924 - 0.909523I	-12.4263 + 10.6865I	2.06858 - 6.86438I
u = 0.587859	0.756056	13.9270
u = -0.086497 + 0.514422I	0.39338 + 2.26507I	2.23388 - 3.17909I
u = -0.086497 - 0.514422I	0.39338 - 2.26507I	2.23388 + 3.17909I

II. u-Polynomials

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_4$	$u^{29} + u^{28} + \dots + 3u - 1$
$c_2, c_5$	$u^{29} + 11u^{28} + \dots + 3u - 1$
$c_{3}, c_{8}$	$u^{29} + u^{28} + \dots - u - 1$
$c_6, c_7, c_9 \\ c_{10}, c_{11}$	$u^{29} - 5u^{28} + \dots + 3u - 1$

III. Riley Polynomials

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_4$	$y^{29} + 11y^{28} + \dots + 3y - 1$
$c_2, c_5$	$y^{29} + 15y^{28} + \dots + 95y - 1$
$c_3,c_8$	$y^{29} - 5y^{28} + \dots + 3y - 1$
$c_6, c_7, c_9$ $c_{10}, c_{11}$	$y^{29} + 39y^{28} + \dots + 15y - 1$