Jaypee University of Engineering & Technology, Guna

Probability Theory and Random Process (MA106)

Tutorial-3a (Continuous one variable)

Q1. If pdf of a random variable X is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4}, & -2 < x < 2 \\ 0, & elsewhere \end{cases}$$

Find $P\{|X| > 1\}$.

Q2. Find the value of k, if

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} kxe^x, & x \le 0 \\ 0, & elsewhere \end{cases}$$
 is the pdf of a random variable

Q3. The probability distribution of a RV X is given below:

$$x : -2 -1 0 1 2 3$$

 $P(x) : 0.1 k 0.2 2k 0.3 3k$

Find $Y = X^2 + 2X$, find the probability distribution, mean and variance of Y.

Q4. In a continuous distribution, the probability density is given by

$$f(x) = kx(2-x), 0 < x < 2$$

Find k, mean, variance and distribution function.

Q5. If the density of a continuous RV X is given by

$$f(x) = ax, 0 \le x \le 1$$

$$= a, 1 \le x \le 2$$

$$= 3a - ax, 2 \le x \le 3$$

$$= 0, elsewhere$$

- (i) Find the value of a
- (ii) Find cdf of X

Q6. A continuous RV X that can assume any value between x = 2 and x = 5 has density function given by f(x) = k(1 + x). Find P(X < 4).

Q7. A continuous RV X has a pdf $f(x) = kx^2e^{-x}$, $x \ge 0$. Find k, mean and variance.