Examples of Interfaces used in the study

This document provides examples of the interfaces used in the different stages of the study for each of the two conditions evaluated (Node-link and Adjacency Matrice).

Stages: Participants were first shown an introduction to a condition of the study, followed by a colorblindness test and performing training tasks. Participants then performed the actual study and provided some feedback.

1. Color-blindness test (**Figure 1**).

Please enter in the text boxes the number you see in the image next to it. Click the finished button when done

Finished Color Blindness Test

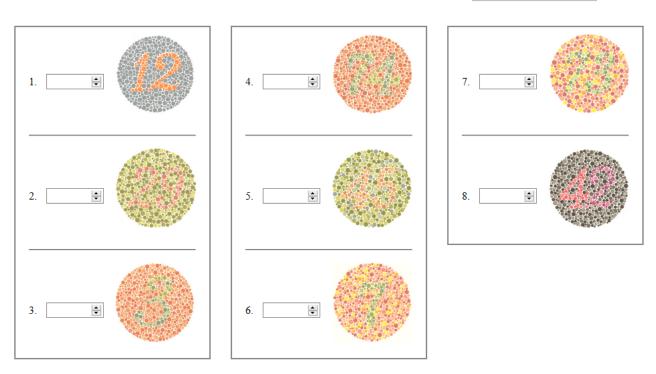


Figure 1: Color blindness test administered to study participants.

2. Introduction to the Node-link condition (Figure 2).

Introduction

This is a research study. We want to understand how to best show network data (items with connections between them). We will show you a visualization of cooking ingredients (ex: salt, meat) with links between ingredients that are often used in recipes together.



You can interact with the visualization. Zoom by using the mouse wheel. Pan by pressing the left mouse button down and dragging (as in Google maps). Select and deselect ingredients as answers by double-clicking on them. Select and deselect ingredients as highlights by clicking on them once. Move ingredients by dragging them (sometimes this can be useful to tell where its links go). Mouse-over ingredients and links to highlight them. Here is an example of a selected answer, a highlighted node, a hovered node and a hovered edge respectively.









We will ask you a few questions about this data. Please answer the questions as fast and accurate as possible by viewing and interacting with the visualization. There will be a **countdown** for each question; once it expires, we will hide the visualization. We will give you a **turk-code** to use for payment once you finish the study.

Figure 2: An example of an Introduction to the Node-link condition of the study.

3. Tasks and answers samples provided to participants in the Node-link condition (**Figure 3**).

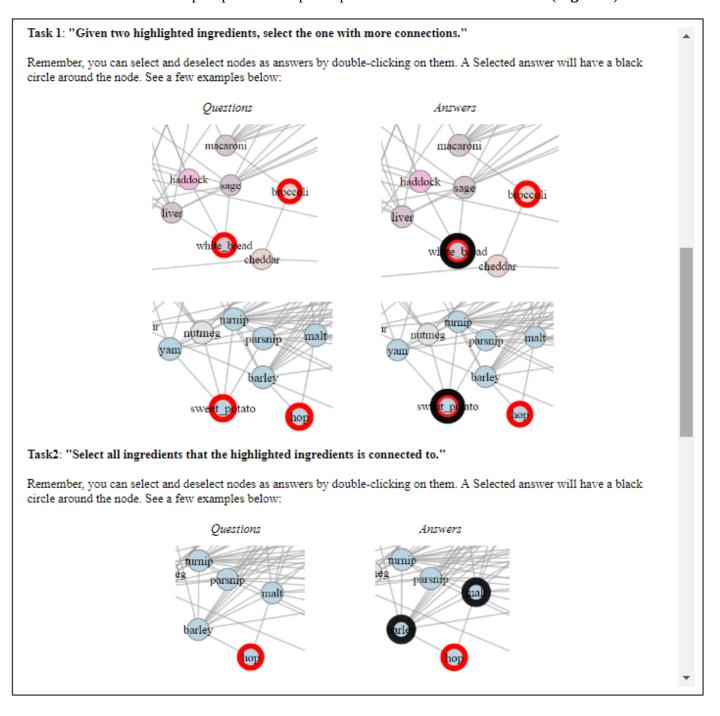


Figure 3: An example of task samples provided as part of the introduction to the node-link condition.

4. Training Tasks in the Node-link condition (Figure 4).

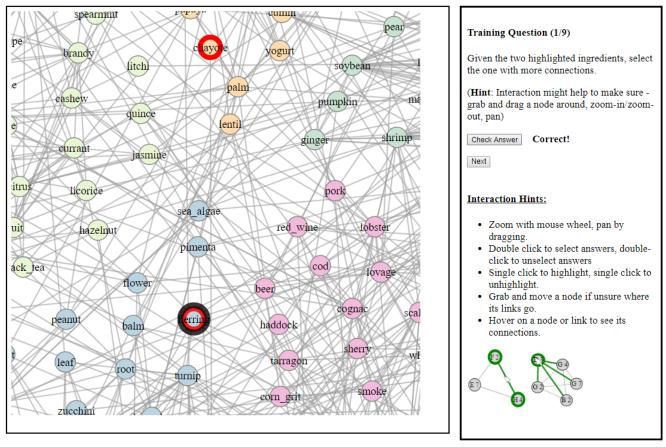


Figure 4: An example of training tasks performed by participants in the Node-link condition. Training tasks were not timed, and participants could check the accuracy of their responses.

5. Study tasks in the node-link condition (Zoomed out) (**Figure 5**).

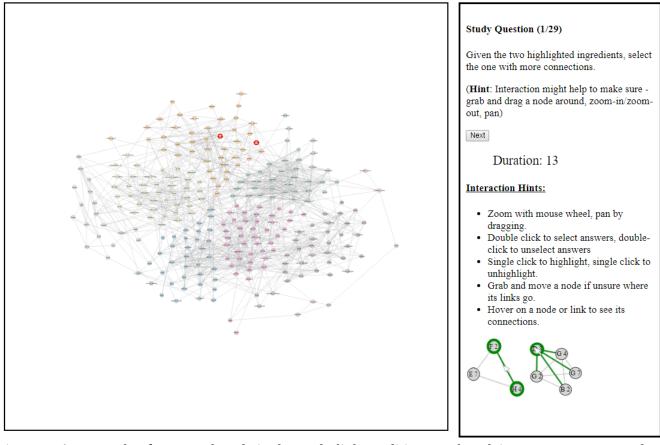


Figure 5: An example of an actual study in the Node-link condition. Each task instance starts zoomed out. There is a countdown timer, and the visualization gets hidden when the timer gets to zero.

6. Study task in the node-link condition (Zoomed-in) (**Figure 6**)

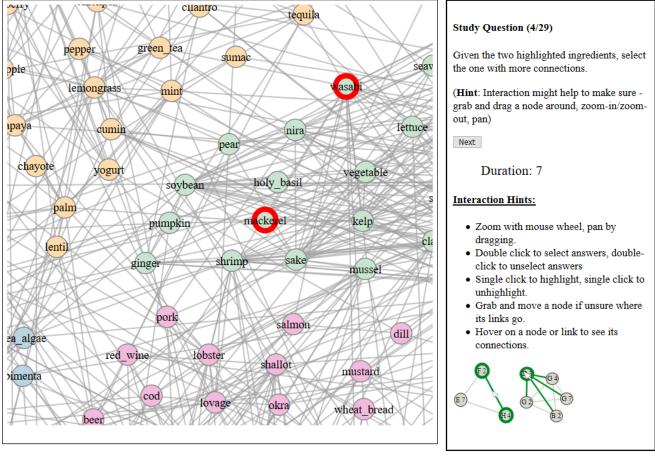


Figure 6: An example of a study in the node-link condition with the visualization zoomed in.

7. Feedback page shown to participants in the node-link condition (**Figure 7**).

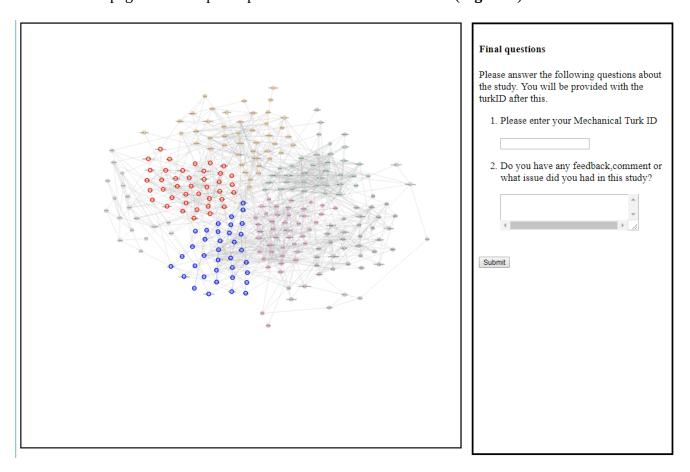
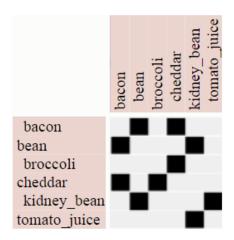


Figure 7: An example of the feedback page shown to users after the study in the node-link condition.

8. Introduction to the Adjacency Matrice condition (**Figure 8**).

Introduction

This is a research study. We want to understand how to best show network data (items with connections between them). We will use a matrix to show you how cooking ingredients (ex: salt, meat) are used in receipes together. All ingredients are listed once vertically and once horizontally. Two ingredients are connected (used in many receipes together) if there is a black dot in the matrix at their intersection. The example below shows that beans are often used with bacon, while cheddar is used on broccoli.



You can interact with the visualization. **Zoom** by using the mouse wheel. **Pan** by pressing the left mouse button down and dragging (as in Google maps). **Select and deselect** ingredients as **answers** by double-clicking on them (either in the row or column headers). **Select and deselect** ingredients as **highlights** by clicking once on them (either in the row or column headers). **Mouse-over** ingredients and links (the black dots) to highlight them. Here is an example of a selected answer, a highlighted row, a hovered row and a hovered connection respectively.



Figure 8: An example of an Introduction to the adjacency matrice condition of the study.

9. Task and answer samples provided in the introduction of the Adjacency Matrice condition (**Figure** 9)

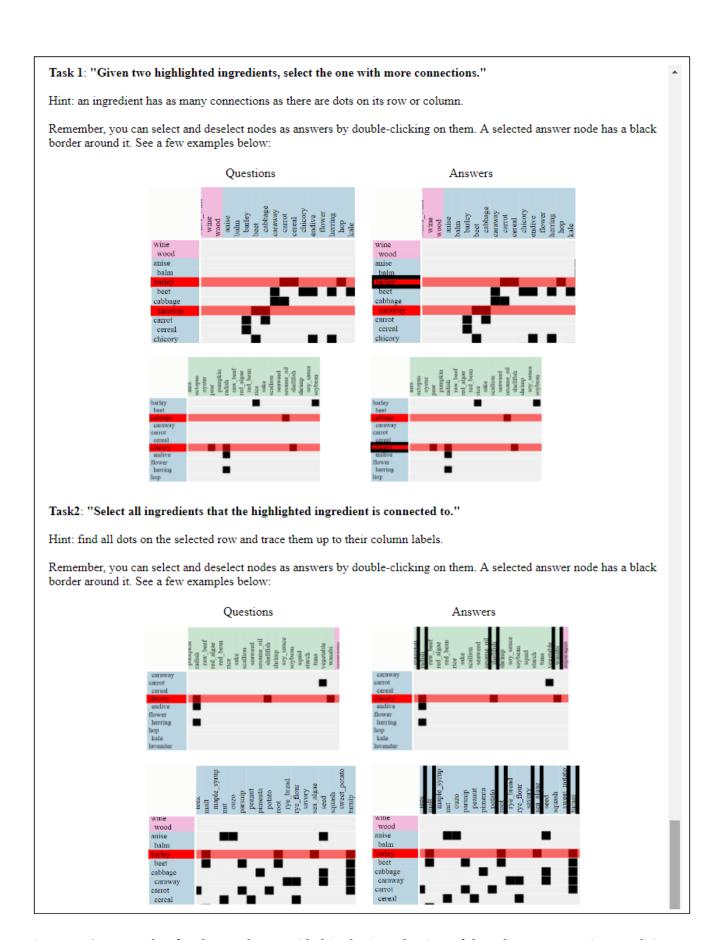


Figure 9: An example of task samples provided in the introduction of the adjacency matrice condition.

10. Study Task in the Adjacency Matrice condition (Zoomed out) (Figure 10).

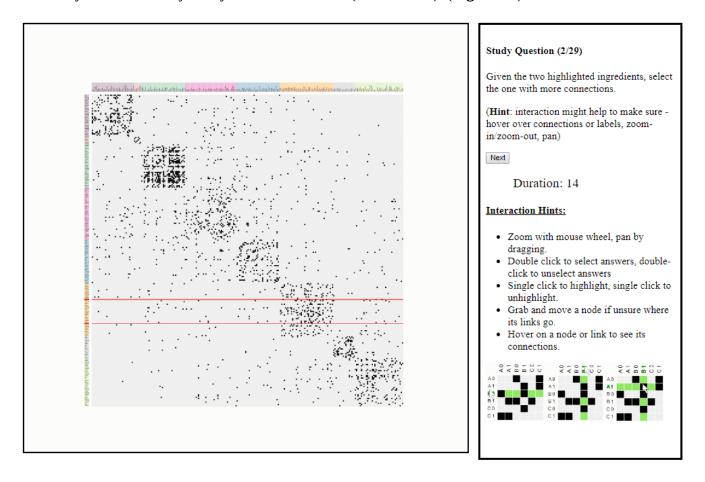


Figure 10: An example of an actual study in the adjacency matrice condition. Each task instance starts with the visualization zoomed out. A countdown timer is started and the visualization is hidden when the countdown gets to zero.

11. Study Task in the Adjacency Matrice condition (Zoomed-in) (**Figure 11**).

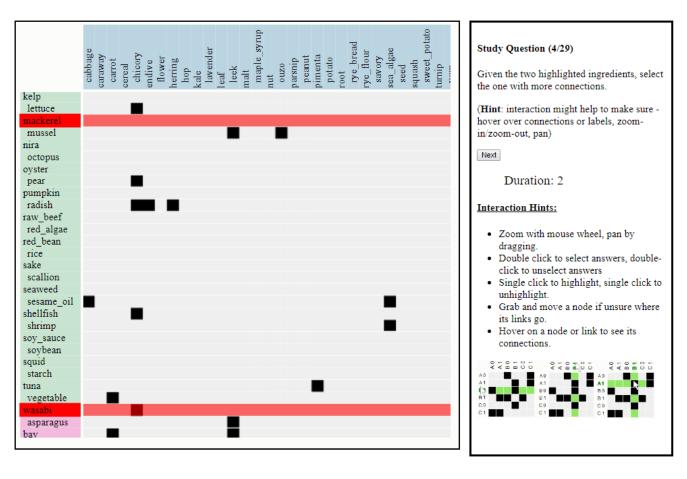


Figure 11: An example of study with the adjacency matrice visualization zoomed in.

12. Feedback page shown to participants in the Adjacency Matrice condition (Figure 12).

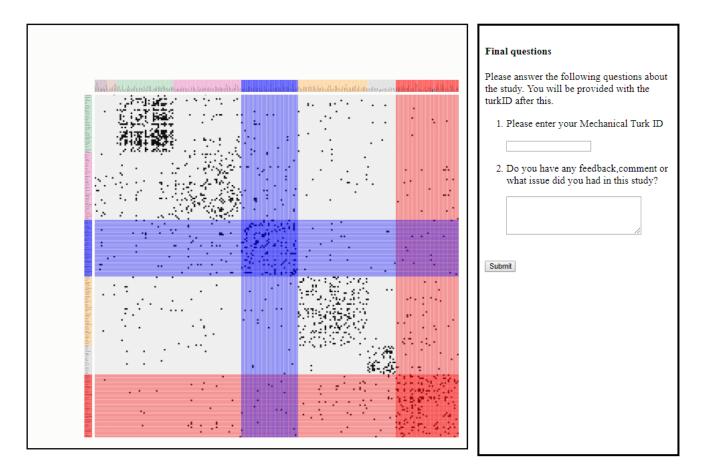


Figure 12: Participants provided feedback at the end of the study.