

# Lecture Notes 9/4 floating point conversions

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 123_{10} \\ + 789_{10} \\ \hline 912 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 123_8 \\ + 567_8 \\ \hline 712_8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 123_{16} \\ + DEF_{16} \\ \hline F12 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1011 \\ + 1001 \\ \hline 10100 \end{array}$$

$$5_{10} \rightarrow 101_2$$

$$10_{10} \leftarrow 1010_2 \quad \text{shifted 1 place to right}$$

$$101_2 \times 2^1$$

## Complements

$$74_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 999 \\ - 74 \\ \hline 925 \end{array} \quad \text{9's complement}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 925 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 926 \end{array} \quad \text{10's complement}$$

$$-74_{10}$$

Prove by adding

$$\begin{array}{r} 1174 \\ + 926 \\ \hline 000 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 926 \\ + 99999974 \\ \hline 000000 \end{array}$$

$$74_8 \xrightarrow{?} -74_8$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 777 \\ - 74 \\ \hline 703 \end{array} \quad \text{7's comp}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 703 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 704 \end{array} \quad \text{8's comp}$$

Prove by adding

$$\begin{array}{r} 174_8 \\ + 704_8 \\ \hline 000 \end{array}$$

$$74_{16}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1111 \\ 0100 \end{array}$$

$$1011$$

$$\begin{array}{r} FFF \\ - 74 \\ \hline E8B \end{array} \quad \text{15's comp}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{74} \\ \text{F8B} \\ + 1 \\ \hline \text{F8C} \end{array}$$

15's comp

16's comp

prove

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{74} \\ \text{F8C} \\ + \text{000} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

 $101_2$ 

$$\begin{array}{r} 111 \\ - 101 \\ \hline 1010 \\ 1 \end{array}$$

1's comp

2's comp

$$\begin{array}{r} 00000101 \\ 11111010 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 11111011 \end{array}$$

1's comp

$$\begin{array}{r} 11111011 \\ + 101 \\ \hline 00000000 \end{array}$$

prove →

Convert floats

 $7.1_{10}$ 

decimal

if base 16

int portion

$$.1_{10} \rightarrow .1 \times 16 = 1.6$$

$$.6 \times 16 = 9.6$$

$$.6 \times 16 = 9.6$$

$$7_{10} = 7_{16}$$

$$7_{10} = 7_8$$

$$7_{10} = 111_2$$

$$.1_{10} = .19999999 \dots$$

$$= .19_{16}$$

$$.1_{10} = .1999$$

$$1/16 + 9/16^2 + 9/16^3 + 9/16^4 \dots$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} c^i \Rightarrow c = 1/16$$

$$1/16 + 9/16^2 (1 + 1/16 + 1/16^2 + \dots)$$

$$\frac{1}{1-c}$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} + \frac{9}{16^2} \left( \frac{1}{1-1/16} \right) = \frac{16}{15}$$

$$\text{Proof} \rightarrow 1/16 + 9/16^2 \cdot 16/15 = 1/16 + 9/240 = \frac{15+9}{240} = \frac{24}{240} = 1/10 = .1$$

$$.1_{10} = .19_{16}$$

$$.19_{16} < .19_{16} < .1A_{16}$$

$$.2_{10} \xrightarrow{16} .2 \times 16 = 3.2$$

$$.2 \times 16 = 3.2$$

So

$$.2_{10} = .3_{16}$$

$$\approx 3/16 + 3/16^2$$

Sci note

$$.2_{10} = .3_{16} = .\underline{3} \quad \underline{3} \quad \underline{3} \quad \underline{3} \quad \underline{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} .0011 & 0011 & 0011 & 0011 & 0011 \\ \hline .14631463 \end{array}$$

$$.3_{16} = .3^0 \times 16^0 = 3.3 \times 16^{-1} = 33.3 \times 16^{-2}$$

$$.0012 = .3333 \times 16^{-4}$$

$$.1463_8$$

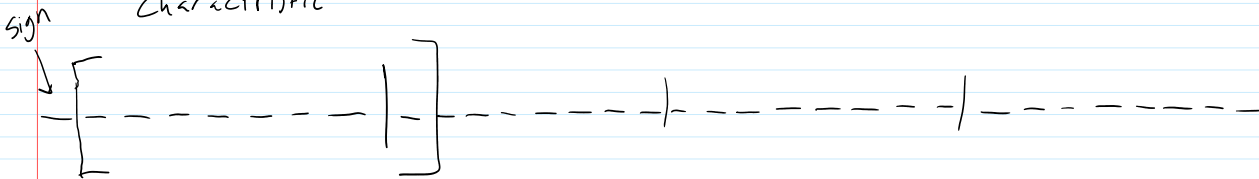
IEEE 754 format

4 byte float

"Power"

characteristic

mantissa



+127

shifted by 127

$$.1_{10} = .1_{16} = .\underline{0001} \underline{0011} \underline{0011} \underline{0011}$$

$$1.00110011001 \times 2^{-4}$$

127-4    0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1    1 0 0

0 [ 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 | 1 ] 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1

Round up

