DS311 - Basic R Lab Exercise R Lab Exercise

Your Name

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Basic R Exercise

Section 1 - Data Type

 $\mathbf{Key} \ \mathbf{Functions} \ \text{-} \ \mathrm{typeof}() \ \text{-} \ \mathrm{as.numeric}() \ \text{-} \ \mathrm{as.charater}()$

Numeric

```
# Numeric - Double precision by default

n1 <- 15
n1

## [1] 15

typeof(n1)

## [1] "double"

n2 <- 1.5
n2

## [1] 1.5

typeof(n2)</pre>
```

Character

```
# Character

c1 <- "c"

c1
```

```
## [1] "c"
typeof(c1)
## [1] "character"
c2 \leftarrow "a string of text"
## [1] "a string of text"
typeof(c2)
## [1] "character"
Logical
# Logical
11 <- TRUE
## [1] TRUE
typeof(11)
## [1] "logical"
12 <- F
12
## [1] FALSE
typeof(12)
## [1] "logical"
Transforming Numerics and Characters
# Transforming numeric into characters
num <- 10
numToChar <- as.character(num)</pre>
paste("num Type: ", typeof(num), " | numToChar: ", typeof(numToChar))
## [1] "num Type: double | numToChar: character"
```

```
# Transforming characters into numeric
char <- "10"
charToNum <- as.numeric(char)</pre>
paste("char Type: ", typeof(num), " | charToNum: ", typeof(numToChar))
## [1] "char Type: double | charToNum: character"
Challenge:
Complete the following tasks:
# Check the data type of the following variables
a <- as.integer(500)
b <- as.double(500)
c <- as.character(500)</pre>
# Enter your code here!
typeof(a)
## [1] "integer"
typeof(b)
## [1] "double"
typeof(c)
## [1] "character"
# Check the data type of the following variable
d <- a / b
# Enter your code here!
typeof(d)
## [1] "double"
```

Section 2 - Data Structure

- is.vector()
- \bullet is.matrix
- cbind()
- as.data.frame()

Vector

```
# Vector
v1 <- c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5
is.vector(v1)
## [1] TRUE
v2 <- c("a", "b", "c")
## [1] "a" "b" "c"
is.vector(v2)
## [1] TRUE
v3 <- c(TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, TRUE)
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE FALSE TRUE
is.vector(v3)
## [1] TRUE
Matrix
# Matrix
m1 \leftarrow matrix(c(T, T, F, F, T, F), nrow = 2)
## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] TRUE FALSE TRUE
## [2,] TRUE FALSE FALSE
is.matrix(m1)
```

[1] TRUE

Challenge:

- 1. Create a vector of the 26 alphabet lower case letters in sequence.
- 2. Create a 2 by 13 matrix for the 26 English upper case letter in sequence.

Hint: Check out the "letters" and "LETTERS" key words in R.

```
# Enter your code here.
alphabet.lower=letters
alphabet.upper=matrix(data=LETTERS,byrow=TRUE,nrow=2)
alphabet.lower

## [1] "a" "b" "c" "d" "e" "f" "g" "h" "i" "j" "k" "l" "m" "n" "o" "p" "q" "r" "s"

## [20] "t" "u" "v" "w" "x" "y" "z"

alphabet.upper

## [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11] [,12] [,13]

## [1,] "A" "B" "C" "D" "E" "F" "G" "H" "I" "J" "K" "L" "M"

## [2,] "N" "O" "P" "Q" "R" "S" "T" "U" "V" "W" "X" "Y" "Z"
```

DataFrame

```
# Data Frame

# Can combine vectors of the same length
vNumeric <- c(1, 2, 3)
vCharacter <- c("a", "b", "c")
vLogical <- c(T, F, T)

df1 <- cbind(vNumeric, vCharacter, vLogical)
df1 # Coerces all values to most basic data type</pre>
```

```
##
        vNumeric vCharacter vLogical
## [1,] "1"
                  "a"
                             "TRUE"
## [2,] "2"
                  "b"
                             "FALSE"
                  "c"
                             "TRUE"
## [3,] "3"
df2 <- as.data.frame(cbind(vNumeric, vCharacter, vLogical))</pre>
df2 # Makes a data frame with three different data types
##
     vNumeric vCharacter vLogical
## 1
           1
                              TRUE
## 2
                             FALSE
## 3
            3
                              TRUE
                        С
```

Section 3 - Setup Working Directory and Installing Packages

```
Key Functions: - getwd() - setwd() - install.packages() - library()
```

Setting up your working directory

```
# Check your current working directory
wd1 <- getwd()
paste("Current Working Directory: ", wd1)

## [1] "Current Working Directory: C:/Users/nqhun/DS311/R"

# Setting the working directory for a project
wd2<-setwd("C:/Users/nqhun/DS311/R")
paste("Current Working Directory: ", wd2)

## [1] "Current Working Directory: C:/Users/nqhun/DS311/R"</pre>
```

Section 4 - Problem Solving

Installing and Loading Packages

Write the code that accomplish the following tasks:

Part a: Assign 4 to variable x

Part b: Assign 12 to variable y

Part c: Print both x and y to check their values

Part d: Divide y by x and assign it to variable z

part e: Print a statement to report your answer in Part d.

Once you finished and knit the RMarkdown file into html file, you should be able to see the message "Congratulation!! You completed the first exercise in this section!!" in the html document.

```
# Write your code here!
# Part a
x<-4
# Part b
y<-12
# Part c
print(c(x,y))
## [1] 4 12
# Part d
z<-y/x
# Part e
print(paste("y divided by x is equal to ", z))
## [1] "y divided by x is equal to 3"
# Do not need to change the following code!
if (exists("x") == TRUE \mid exists("y") == TRUE \mid exists("z") == TRUE){
 if (x == 4 \& y == 12 \& z == 3) {
 print("Congratulation!! You completed the first activity in this class!!")
 } else {
    print("Sorry, you got it wrong!")
} else {
  print("You did not complete the last problem!")
```

[1] "Congratulation!! You completed the first activity in this class!!"