Probability and Statistics Formula Sheet

UNIT 1: DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

Mean (x): x = x / n

Weighted Mean: x_w = wx / w

Median (Grouped): Median = L + [(n/2 F) / f] h

Mode (Grouped): $Mode = L + [(f1 \ f0) / (2f1 \ f0 \ f2)] h$

Range = Max Min

Population Variance (): = (x) / N

Sample Variance (s): $s = (x \ x) / (n \ 1)$

Std Deviation: = or s = s

CV = (s / x) 100%

IQR = Q3 Q1

UNIT 2: PROBABILITY THEORY

P(E) = Favorable outcomes / Total outcomes

P(A B) = P(A) + P(B) P(A B)

P(A B) = P(A) P(B) (if independent)

Conditional P(A|B) = P(A B) / P(B)

Bayes Theorem: P(A|B) = [P(B|A) P(A)] / P(B)

Permutations: nPr = n! / (n r)!

Combinations: nCr = n! / [r!(n r)!]

UNIT 3: SAMPLING DISTRIBUTIONS

Mean of Sampling Dist.: =

Std Error (known): = /n

Std Error (s used): SE = s / n

Central Limit Theorem: As $n \,$, distribution of $x \,$ Normal

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UNIT 4: SIGNIFICANCE TESTINGS

Z-test: z = (x) / (/n)

T-test: t = (x) / (s/n)

Confidence Interval: $x z^* (/n) \text{ or } x t^* (s/n)$

Chi-square: = [(O E) / E]

UNIT 5: CORRELATION & REGRESSION

Pearsons r: r = [nxy xy] / [(nx (x))(ny (y))]

Regression Line: y = a + bx

Slope: b = [nxy xy] / [nx (x)]

Intercept: a = y bx

Coefficient of Determination: R = r