according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006



Polyethylene HH 0961 MO

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : HH 0961 MC

Synonyms : Ethylene-hexene copolymer; Ethylene, polymer with 1-hexene;

PE

Substance name : 1-hexene, polymer with ethene

Substance No. (CAS) : 25213-02-9

Chemical characterization : Polyethylene copolymer

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Manufacture of plastic articles by injection molding,

extrusion or other conversion processes.

Prohibited uses : FDA Class III medical devices;

European class III medical devices; Health Canada class IV Medical Devices;

Application involving permanent implantation into the body;

Life-sustaining medical applications

1.3 Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Company Registration number Telephone

SOCAR Polymer LLC NA +994 12 404 53 30 Samad Vurgun str.86,

AZ 5000 Sumgayit City, Azerbaijan

E-mail address : product.safety@socarpolymer.az
Responsible/issuing person

1.4 Emergency telephone number

SOCAR Polymer LLC : +994 12 404 53 30

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Non a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Non a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

2.3 Other hazards

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

The substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Components

Chemical name	CAS No, EINECS No / ELINCS No / EC No	Weight %	Component Type
1-hexene, polymer with ethene	25213-02-9	> 99.5 %	

Contains: Stabilizers

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006



SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General advice : Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety

before attempting rescue and providing first aid.

If inhaled : Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get

medical attention.

In case of excessive inhalation of fumes that may be generated during heating of this material, mow the person to

fresh air.

Obtain medical attention.

Keep person warm, if necessary give Cardio-Pulmonary

Resuscitation (CPR)

In case of skin contact : If molten material contacts the skin, immediately flush with

large amounts of water to cool the affected tissue and

polymer.

Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin as this will remove

the skin.

Obtain immediate emergency medical attention if bum is deep

or extensive.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes and seek

medical attention if discomfort persists.

In case of eye contact with molten polymer:

Continuously flush eye(s) with cool running water for at least $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right) +\left(x\right)$

15 minutes.

Beyond flushing, DO NOT attempt to remove the material

adherent to the eye(s).

Immediately seek medical attention.

If swallowed : Adverse health effects due to ingestion are not anticipated.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Inhalation of process fumes and vapors may cause soreness

in the nose and throat and coughing.

Hazards : Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Molten polymer may cause thermal bums.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinicalcondition of the patient.

SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : SMALL FIRE:

Use dry chemical, CO2 or water spray.

LARGE FIRES:

Use water spray hose nozzles from a safe location.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

 ${\bf 5.2}\,$ Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Keep away fi'om heat and sources of ignition.

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

produced such as:

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006



Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned

hydrocarbons (smoke).

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

Special protectiw equipment for fire-fighters : Wear approved positive pressure self-contained breathing

apparatus and firefighter protective clothing.

Further information : Combustible particulate solid, will decompose under fire

conditions.

Calorific Value: 8 000 - 11 000 kcal/kg

Fight fire fi'om safe distance with hose lines or monitor

nozzles.

Heat from fire may melt, decompose polymer, and generate

flammable vapors.

Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk.

Evacuate immediately in the event of opening of storage container pressure relief devices or discoloration of container.

Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

Do not attempt to get on top of storage containers involved in

fire.

Cool storage containers with large volumes of water even

after fire is out.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Equip responders with proper protection.

Creates dangerous slipping hazard on any hard smooth

surface.

Equip emergency responders with proper personal protective

equipment (PPE).

Avoid generating dust.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Potential combustible dust hazard.

Polymer particles create slipping hazard on hard smooth

surfaces.

6.2 Envlironmental precautions

Envlironmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment / :
Methods for cleaning up

On land, sweep/shawl into suitable disposal containers or

vacuum using equipment which avoids ignition risk.

On water, material is insoluble; collect and contain as any

solid.

All recovered material should be packaged, labeled, transported and disposed of or reclaimed in conformance with applicable laws and regulations and in conformance with good

engineering practices. Reclaim where possible.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Material is in a pellet form.

If converted to small particles during further processing, handling, or by other means, may form combustible dust

concentrations in air.

Avoid dust accumulation in enclosed space.

Avoid generating dust; fine dust suspended in air and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006



hazard.

Static discharge (spark), or other ignition sources, in high dust environments may ignite the dust and result in a dust explosion.

Electrostatic charge may build during conveying or handling.

Equipment handling polymer should be conductive and grounded (earthed) and bonded.

Metal containers involved in the transfer of this material should be grounded and bonded.

All electrical equipment should conform to applicable electric codes and regulatory requirements for areas handling combustible dusts.

After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and

When bringing the material to processing temperatures vapors may develop may condense in the exhaust wntilation. See

Section 10.

Fire-fighting class : Polymer will burn but does not easily ignite.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Store in a drylocation.

Use good housekeeping practices during storage, transferring and handling. Process enclosures and adequate ventilation should be used to avoid excessive dust accumulation.

Store away from excessive heat and away from strong

oxidizing agents.

Keep container closed to prevent contamination.

Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

: See Section 1.2.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS №	Туре	Limit Value	Basis Revision Date	Additional Information
Materials that can be formed when handling this product: Non- specified (inert or nuisance) dust		TWA	10 mg/m3 inhalable	US (ACGIH) 2005	
Materials that can be formed when handling this product: Non- specified (inert or nuisance) dust		TWA	3 mg/m3 respirable	US (ACGIH) 2005	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Follow the recommendations in international standard NFPA 654 (as amended and adopted) for equipment used to handle this product.

Engineering controls, i.e. enclosed systems, should be used whenever feasible to maintain exposures below acceptable criteria. When such controls are not feasible, or sufficient to achievee full conformance, other engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation should be used.

Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006



equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other

engineering controls to keep airborne levels below

recommended exposure limits.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Use appropriate respiratory protection where atmosphere

exceeds recommended limits.

Where workers could be exposed to dust concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified

respirators.

Hand protection : Wear gloves that provide thermal protection where there is a

potential for contact with heated material.

Eye and face protection : Dust service goggles should be worn to prevent mechanical

injury or other irritation to eyes due to airborne particles which

may result from handling this product.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Hygiene measures : Selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should

be based on an evaluation of the performance characteristics of the protective equipment relative to the task(s) to be performed, conditions present, duration of use, and the hazards and/or potential hazards that may be encountered

during use.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet

facilities.

Slight.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : See Section 6.

РАЗДЕЛ 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Granules.
Colour : Translucent to white

Colour : Col

Flash point : No Data Awilable.
Lower explosion limit : The minimum explosive concentration (MEC) for polymer dust

varies according to particle size distribution.

Upper explosion limit : Not applicable.

Температура самовозгорания : Polymer will burn but does not easily ignite.

Oxidizing properties : Not considered an oxidizing agent.

Autoignition temperature : >300°C

Decomposition temperature : not determined

Melting point/range : 50 - 170 °C

Boiling point / boiling range : Not applicable.

Vapor pressure : Not applicable.

Density : 41 g/cm3

Water solubility : Insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No Data Awilab

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No Data Awilable.
Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.
Relative vapor density : Not applicable.
Evaporation rate : Not applicable.
Explosive properties : No Data Awilable.

9.2 Other information

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006



Other information : No additional information awilable.

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No known reactiviy hazards.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid contact with strong oxidizers, excessive heat, sparks or

open flame.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Material may be softened by some hydrocarbons.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

Hazardous Decomposition Products : Not expected to decompose under normal conditions.

Thermal decomposition : Note: carbon monoxide, olefinic and paraffinic compounds,

trace amounts of organic acids, ketones, aldehydes and $% \left(x_{1},x_{2}\right) =0$

alcohols may be formed.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity : Not classified

Acute Inhalation toxicity : Not classified

Acute dermal toxicity : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not a skin irritant.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Not an eye irritant.

Mechanical irritation is possible.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Chronic toxicity

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity

Effects on fertility / : Not classified

Effects on or via lactation

Effects on Development : Not classified

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not applicable.

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006



SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicology Assessment

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Not classified

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Not classified

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability : Not expected to be biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation : This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility : No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Result : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Environmental fate and : This material is not volatile and insoluble in water.

pathways

12.7 Other information

Additional ecological information : Ecotoxicity is expected to be minimal based on the low water

solubility of polymers.

No data available on this product. However, birds, fish and other wildlife may eat pellets which may obstruct their

intestinal tracts.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : All recovered material should be packaged, labeled,

transported and disposed of or reclaimed in conformance with applicable laws and regulations and in conformance with good

engineering practices.

Reclaim where possible

Recycle if possible.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH Annex XIV

None of the substances currently listed in Annex YN of the REACH regulation 1907/2006/EC or in the SVHC Candidate List are known to be incorporated in this product in quantities \geq 0.1 % w/w.

REACH Annex XVII

None of the substances currently listed in Annex XVII of the REACH regulation 1907/2006/EC or in the SVHC Candidate List are known to be incorporated in this product in quantities >= 0.1 % w/w.

REACH - candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).

REACH status

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006



Polyolefins are exempted from registration under REACH.

However, the corresponding monomers (used as raw materials for polymer production) and relevant additives have been registered. Please see related Declaration of Compliance for Plastic Food Contact Materials (DoC for PFCM).

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No information available.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

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