

MFC 400 Technical Datasheet

Signal converter for mass flowmeters

- High performance signal converter for all applications, developed acc. to IEC 61508, SIL 2/3
- Stable in multi-phase applications due to Entrained Gas Management (EGMTM)
- Smart diagnostics acc. to NAMUR NE 107













The documentation is only complete when used in combination with the relevant documentation for the flow sensor.



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1.1 The high performance signal converter for all applications

The MFC 400 Coriolis mass flow signal converter will provide the highest performance possible across a wide range of applications. For the measurement of liquids or gases, cryogenic to high temperature fluids, single or multi-phase fluids and advanced digital signal processing techniques is used to give stable and accurate measurements of mass flow, density and temperature.

It is developed according to IEC 61508 and depending on the I/O and flow sensor variant suited for use in safety applications SIL 2/3.

Conforming to the NAMUR standard NE 107 for status and error handling, the MFC 400 features enhanced meter diagnostics. This provides extensive self-checking of internal circuits and information regarding the health of the flow sensor, but just as importantly, vital information about the process and process conditions.



(signal converter in field housing)

- 1 Supply voltage: 100...230 VAC (standard) and 24 VDC
- ② Communication with any third party system possible via Foundation Fieldbus, Profibus PA/DP or Modbus
- ③ Intuitive navigation and a wide variety of languages integrated as standard for ease of operation

Highlights

- High performance signal converter with multiple output options
- Developed according to IEC 61508
- Safe configuration via local display or HART®
- · Partial proof test capable
- Smart diagnostics, covering entire devices in less than a minute
- NE 107 status indicated by display background light
- Entrained Gas Management (EGMTM) the new standard for entrained gas immunity
- Excellent long-term stability
- Optical and mechanical keys for ease of use
- Redundant data storage in signal converter housing
- Real time clock for logging events
- Overall, flexible lock concept
- HART® 7

Industries

- Water & Wastewater
- Chemicals
- Power plants
- Food & Beverage
- Machinery
- Oil & Gas
- Petrochemical
- Pulp & Paper
- Pharmaceutical
- Marine

Applications

- Liquids and gases
- Liquids with gas entrainment
- Slurries and viscous products
- Concentration measurement for quality control
- Measurement of volume flow
- · Measurement of density and reference density
- Custody transfer loading/unloading
- Custody transfer measurements

1.2 Options and variants

Compact design for standard applications



(Example: OPTIMASS 6400 - compact)

The MFC 400 mass flow signal converter is available in different variants and offers superior performance in any conceivable application. From process control in chemistry, to density and concentration measurements in the food and beverage industry, to custody transfer filling and transport measurements for oil and gas right down to conveyor systems in the pulp and paper industry.

Coriolis mass flow measuring systems measure the mass and volume flow, the density and the temperature of liquids and gases. In addition, the concentration in mixtures and slurries can also be determined.

Thanks to Entrained Gas Management (EGMTM) the MFC 400 systems offer high performance with air entrainment, delivering continuous measurement even with 0...100% gas entrainment.

For standard applications the compact housing is mounted directly on the measuring sensor. In the unlikely event of a failure, the electronics can be easily exchanged and reconfigured using a backup data set that is stored in the housing.



(Example: OPTIMASS 2400 - compact)

Remote field housing version



(signal converter in field housing)

The signal converter in the robust field housing is generally used when it is difficult to access the measuring point or when ambient conditions do not allow the use of the compact version.

1.3 Signal converter/flow sensor combination possibilities

Flow sensor	Flow sensor + signal converter MFC 400	
	Compact	Remote field housing
OPTIMASS 1000	OPTIMASS 1400 C	OPTIMASS 1400 F
OPTIMASS 2000	OPTIMASS 2400 C	OPTIMASS 2400 F
OPTIMASS 3000	OPTIMASS 3400 C	OPTIMASS 3400 F
OPTIMASS 6000	OPTIMASS 6400 C	OPTIMASS 6400 F
OPTIMASS 7000	OPTIMASS 7400 C	OPTIMASS 7400 F

1.4 Measuring principle

The signal converter has been designed to work with all the measuring tube designs used in the mass flowmeters. For information regarding the measuring principle for a specific measuring tube design, please refer to the technical documentation of the relevant flow sensor.

2.1 Technical data

- The following data is provided for general applications. If you require data that is more relevant to your specific application, please contact us or your local sales office.
- Additional information (certificates, special tools, software,...) and complete product documentation can be downloaded free of charge from the website (Downloadcenter).

Measuring system

Measuring principle	Coriolis principle
Application range	Measurement of mass flow, density, temperature, volume flow, flow velocity, concentration

Design

J		
Modular construction	The measuring system consists of a flow sensor and a signal converter.	
Flow sensor		
OPTIMASS 1000	DN1550 / ½2"	
OPTIMASS 2000	DN100400 / 412"	
OPTIMASS 3000	DN0104 / 1/254/25"	
OPTIMASS 6000	DN08250 / 3/810"	
OPTIMASS 7000	DN0680 / ¼3"	
	All flow sensors are also available in an Ex version.	
Signal converter		
Compact version (C)	OPTIMASS x400 C (x = 1, 2, 3, 6 or 7)	
Field housing (F) - remote version	MFC 400 F	
	Compact and field housing versions are also available in an Ex version.	
Options		
Outputs / inputs	Current output (incl. HART®), pulse output, frequency output, and/or status output, limit switch and/or control input (depending on the I/O version)	
Totaliser	2 (optional 3) internal totalisers with a max. of 8 counter places (e.g. for counting volume and/or mass units)	
Verification	Integrated verification, diagnostic functions: measuring device, process, measured value, stabilisation	
Concentration measurement	Universal concentration measurement, °Brix, °Baume, °Plato, alcohol concentration, NaOH and API density	
Communication interfaces	Foundation Fieldbus, Profibus PA and DP, Modbus, HART®	

Display and user interface		
Graphic display	LC display, backlit white.	
	Size: 256 x 128 pixels, corresponds to 59 x 31 mm = 2.32" x 1.22"	
	Display turnable in 90° steps.	
	Ambient temperatures below -25°C / -13°F may affect the readability of the display	
Operating elements	4 push buttons/optical keys for operator control of the signal converter without opening the housing.	
	Infrared interface for reading and writing all parameters with IR interface (option) without opening the housing.	
Remote operation	PACTware TM (incl. Device Type Manager (DTM))	
	HART® Hand Held Communicator from Emerson Process	
	AMS® from Emerson Process	
	PDM [®] from Siemens	
	All DTMs and drivers are available free of charge from the manufacturer's website.	
Display functions		
Operating menu	Setting the parameters using 2 measuring pages, 1 status page, 1 graphic page (measured values and graphics are freely adjustable)	
Language display texts	Available languages: English, German, French, Danish, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Polish, Portuguese, Swedish, Turkish	
Measurement functions	Units: Metric, British and US units selectable as desired from lists for volume/mass flow and counting, velocity, temperature, pressure	
	Measured values: Mass flow, total mass, temperature, density, volume flow, total volume, velocity, flow direction (not displayed unit – but available via outputs), BRIX, Baume, NaOH, Plato, API, mass concentration, volume concentration	
Diagnostic functions	Standards: VDI / NAMUR / WIB 2650 and NE 107	
	Status messages: Output of status messages optional via display, current and/or status output, HART® or bus interface	
	Sensor and sensor electronics diagnosis: Sensor signal integrity, sensor and drive coils diagnostics, measurement channels check, comparison of internal signals with references, drive circuit integrity, process temperature, CPU diagnostics, process temperature circuit monitoring, internal data integrity check, redundant calibration	
	Signal converter and inputs/outputs: Data bus monitoring, current output connections, current readback with redundant calibration, factory calibration integrity, electronics temperature, CPU diagnostics, voltage monitoring	

Measuring accuracy

Reference conditions	Medium: water
	Temperature: +20°C / +68°F
	Pressure: 1 bar / 14.5 psi
Maximum measuring error	Refer to technical data for the flow sensor.

Operating conditions

Temperature		
Process temperature	Refer to technical data for the flow sensor.	
Ambient temperature	Depending on the version and combination of outputs.	
	It is a good idea to protect the signal converter from external heat sources such as direct sunlight as higher temperatures reduce the life cycle of all electronic components.	
	Die-cast aluminium housing: SIL device: -40+55°C / -40+131°F Non-SIL device: -40+60°C / -40+140°F	
	Stainless steel housing: SIL device: -40+55°C / -40+131°F Non-SIL device: -40+60°C / -40+140°F	
	Ambient temperatures below -25°C / -13°F may affect the readability of the display.	
Storage temperature	-40+70°C / -40+158°F	
Pressure		
Medium	Refer to technical data for the flow sensor.	
Ambient pressure	Atmospheric	
Chemical properties		
State of aggregation	Liquids, gases and slurries	
Flow rate	Refer to technical data for the flow sensor.	
Other conditions		
Ingress protection acc. to IEC 529 / EN 60529	IP66/67 (acc. to NEMA 4/4X)	

Installation conditions

Installation	For detailed information, refer to chapter "Installation conditions".
Dimensions and weights	For detailed information refer to chapter "Dimensions and weights".

Materials

Signal converter housing	Standard: die-cast aluminium (polyurethane coated)	
	Option: stainless steel 316 (1.4408)	
Flow sensor	For housing material, process connections, measuring tubes, accessories and gaskets, refer to technical data for the flow sensor.	

Electrical connection

General	Electrical connection is carried out in conformity with the VDE 0100 directive "Regulations for electrical power installations with line voltages up to 1000 V" or equivalent national specifications.	
Power supply	Standard: 100230 VAC (-15% / +10%), 50/60 Hz	
	Option: 24 VDC (-55% / +30%)	
Power consumption	AC: 22 VA	
	DC: 12 W	
Signal cable	Only for remote versions.	
	10 core shielded cable. Detailed specifications are available on request.	
	Length: max. 20 m / 65.6 ft	
Cable entries	Standard: M20 x 1.5 (812 mm)	
	Option: 1/2 NPT, PF 1/2	

Inputs and outputs

General	All outputs are electrically isolated from each other and from all other circuits.		
	All operating data and output values can be adjusted.		
Description of abbreviations	U_{ext} = external voltage; R_{L} = load + resistance; U_0 = terminal voltage; I_{nom} = nominal current		
	Safety limit values (Ex i): $U_i = \text{max. input voltage; } I_i = \text{max. input current;}$ $P_i = \text{max. input power rating;}$ $C_i = \text{max. input capacity; } L_i = \text{max. input inductivity}$		
Current output	,		
Output data	Volume flow, mass flow, temperature, density, flow velocity, diagnostic values, 2-phase signal		
	Concentration and concentration flow are also possible with available concentration measurement (optional).		
Resolution	<1 µA		
Uncertainty	±5 μA		
Temperature coefficient	Typically ±30 ppm/K		
Settings	Without HART®		
	Q = 0%: 020 mA; Q = 100%: 1020 mA		
	Alarm signal: selectable 022 mA		
	With HART®		
	Q = 0%: 420 mA; Q = 100%: 1020 mA		
	Alarm signal: selectable 322 mA		
Operating data	Modular I/Os	Exi	
Active	U _{int, nom} = 24 VDC	U _{int, nom} = 21 VDC	
	I ≤ 22 mA	I ≤ 22 mA	
	$R_L \le 1 \text{ k}\Omega$	$R_L \le 400 \ \Omega$	
		$I_0 = 90 \text{ mA}$ $P_0 = 0.5 \text{ W}$ $C_0 = 90 \text{ nF} / L_0 = 2 \text{ mH}$ $C_0 = 110 \text{ nF} / L_0 = 0.5 \text{ mH}$	
Passive	U _{ext} ≤ 30 VDC	U _{ext} ≤ 30 VDC	
	I ≤ 22 mA	I ≤ 22 mA	
	$U_0 \ge 1.8 \text{ V}$	U ₀ ≥ 4 V	
	$R_L \le (U_{ext} - U_0) / I_{max}$	$R_L \le (U_{ext} - U_0) / I_{max}$	
		$\begin{aligned} &U_i = 30 \text{ V} \\ &I_i = 100 \text{ mA} \\ &P_i = 1 \text{ W} \\ &C_i = 10 \text{ nF} \\ &L_i \sim 0 \text{ mH} \end{aligned}$	

HART [®]		
Description	HART® protocol via active and passive cur	rent output
	HART® version: V7	
	Universal HART® parameter: completely i	integrated
Load	\geq 250 Ω at HART test point; Note maximum load for current output!	
Multi-Drop operation	Disabled loop current mode, output current = 0%, e.g. 4 mA	
	Multi-Drop address adjustable in operation	on menu 063
Device drivers	Available for FC 375/475, AMS, PDM, FDT,	/DTM
Registration (HART Communication Foundation)	Yes	
Pulse output or frequency output		
Output data	Pulse output: volume flow, mass flow, mass or volume of dissolved substance during activated concentration measurement	
	Frequency output: flow velocity, mass flow Optional: concentration, flow of the dissol	v, temperature, density, diagnostic value ved substance
Function	Can be set as a pulse output or frequency	output
Pulse rate/frequency	0.0110000 pulses/s or Hz	
Settings Mass or volume per pulse or max. frequency for 100% flow		ncy for 100% flow
	Pulse width: adjustable as automatic, sym	nmetric or fixed (0.052000 ms)
Operating data	Modular I/Os	Exi
Active	U _{nom} = 24 VDC	-
	f_{max} in operating menu set to $f_{max} \leq 100$ Hz: $I \leq 20$ mA	
	open: I ≤ 0.05 mA	
	closed: U _{0, nom} = 24 V at I = 20 mA	
	f_{max} in operating menu set to 100 Hz < $f_{max} \le$ 10 kHz: I \le 20 mA	
	open: I ≤ 0.05 mA	
	closed: U _{0, nom} = 22.5 V at I = 1 mA U _{0, nom} = 21.5 V at I = 10 mA U _{0, nom} = 19 V at I = 20 mA	

Di	11 < 22 VDC	
Passive	U _{ext} ≤ 32 VDC	
	f_{max} in operating menu set to $f_{max} \le 100$ Hz: $I \le 100$ mA	
	open: $I \le 0.05$ mA at $U_{ext} = 32$ VDC	
	closed: $U_{0, max} = 0.2 \text{ V at I} \le 10 \text{ mA}$ $U_{0, max} = 2 \text{ V at I} \le 100 \text{ mA}$	
	f_{max} in operating menu set to 100 Hz < $f_{max} \le$ 10 kHz: $I \le$ 20 mA	
	open: $I \le 0.05$ mA at $U_{ext} = 32$ VDC	
	closed: $\begin{array}{l} \text{closed:} \\ \text{U}_{0,\text{ max}} = 1.5 \text{ V at I} \leq 1 \text{ mA} \\ \text{U}_{0,\text{ max}} = 2.5 \text{ V at I} \leq 10 \text{ mA} \\ \text{U}_{0,\text{ max}} = 5.0 \text{ V at I} \leq 20 \text{ mA} \end{array}$	
NAMUR	Passive to EN 60947-5-6:	Passive to EN 60947-5-6:
	$U_{\text{ext}} = 8.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ VDC}$ $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 10 \Omega$	open: I _{nom} = 0.43 mA
	open: I _{nom} = 0.6 mA	closed: I _{nom} = 4.5 mA
	closed: I _{nom} = 3.8 mA	$U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ $I_i = 100 \text{ mA}$ $P_i = 1 \text{ W}$ $C_i = 10 \text{ nF}$ $L_i \sim 0 \text{ mH}$
Low flow cut off	'	
Function	Switching point and hysteresis separa the display	tely adjustable for each output, counter and
Switching point	Set in increments of 0.1%.	
	020% (current output, frequency ou	tput)
Hysteresis	Set in increments of 0.1%.	
	020% (current output, frequency ou	tput)
Damping		
Function	The time constant corresponds to the been reached according to a step fund	elapsed time until 63% of the end value has tion.
Settings	Set in increments of 0.1 seconds.	
	0100 seconds	
	1	

Status output / limit switch					
Function and settings	Adjustable as automatic measuring range conversion, display of flow direction, overflow, error or switching point.				
	Valve control with activated dosing	function			
	Status and/or control: ON or OFF				
Operating data	Modular I/Os	Exi			
Active	U _{int} = 24 VDC I ≤ 20 mA	-			
	open: I ≤ 0.05 mA				
	closed: U _{0, nom} = 24 V at I = 20 mA				
Passive	U _{ext} ≤ 32 VDC	-			
	I ≤ 100 mA				
	$R_{L, max} = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_{L, min} = (U_{ext} - U_0) / I_{max}$				
	open: $I \le 0.05$ mA at $U_{ext} = 32$ VDC				
	closed: $U_{0, \text{ max}} = 0.2 \text{ V}$ at $I \le 10 \text{ mA}$ $U_{0, \text{ max}} = 2 \text{ V}$ at $I \le 100 \text{ mA}$				
NAMUR	Passive to EN 60947-5-6	Passive to EN 60947-5-6			
	U_{ext} = 8.2 V ± 0.1 VDC R = 1 k Ω ± 10 Ω	open: I _{nom} = 0.43 mA			
	open: I _{nom} = 0.6 mA closed:	closed: I _{nom} = 4.5 mA			
	I _{nom} = 3.8 mA	$U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ $I_i = 100 \text{ mA}$ $P_i = 1 \text{ W}$ $C_i = 10 \text{ nF}$ $L_i = 0 \text{ mH}$			

Control input						
Function	Hold value of the outputs (e.g. for cle counter and error reset, stop counter	Hold value of the outputs (e.g. for cleaning work), set value of the outputs to "zero", counter and error reset, stop counter, range conversion, zero calibration				
	Start of dosing when dosing function	Start of dosing when dosing function is activated.				
Operating data	Modular I/Os	Exi				
Active	U _{int} = 24 VDC	-				
	External contact open: U _{0, nom} = 22 V					
	External contact closed: I _{nom} = 4 mA					
	Contact open (off): $U_0 \ge 12 \text{ W with } I_{nom} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$					
	Contact closed (on): $U_0 \le 10 \text{ V}$ with $I_{nom} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$					
Passive	$3 \text{ V} \le \text{U}_{\text{ext}} \le 32 \text{ VDC}$	U _{ext} ≤ 32 VDC				
	I_{max} = 9.5 mA at $U_{ext} \le 24 \text{ V}$ I_{max} = 9.5 mA at $U_{ext} \le 32 \text{ V}$	$I \le 6$ mA at $U_{ext} = 24$ V $I \le 6.5$ mA at $U_{ext} = 32$ V				
	Contact closed (on): $U_0 \ge 3 \text{ V with } I_{\text{nom}} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$	On: $U_0 \ge 5.5 \text{ V with I} \ge 4 \text{ mA}$				
	Contact open (off): $U_0 \le 2.5 \text{ V}$ with $I_{\text{nom}} = 1.9 \text{ mA}$	Off: $U_0 \le 3.5 \text{ V}$ with $I \le 0.5 \text{ mA}$				
		$U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ $I_i = 100 \text{ mA}$ $P_i = 1 \text{ W}$ $C_i = 10 \text{ nF}$ $L_i = 0 \text{ mH}$				
NAMUR	Active to EN 60947-5-6	-				
	Terminals open: U _{0, nom} = 8.7 V					
	Contact closed (on): $U_{0, \text{nom}} = 6.3 \text{ V with } I_{\text{nom}} > 1.9 \text{ mA}$					
	Contact open (off): $U_{0, nom} = 6.3 \text{ V with } I_{nom} < 1.9 \text{ mA}$					
	Detection of cable break: $U_0 \ge 8.1 \text{ V}$ with $I \le 0.1 \text{ mA}$					
	Detection of cable short circuit: $U_0 \le 1.2 \text{ V}$ with $I \ge 6.7 \text{ mA}$					

PROFIBUS DP			
Description	Galvanically isolated acc. to IEC 61158		
	Profile version: 3.02		
	Automatic data transmission rate recognition (max. 12 MBaud)		
	Bus address adjustable via local display at the measuring device		
Function blocks	8 x analogue input, 3 x totaliser		
Output data	Mass flow, volume flow, mass counter 1 + 2, volume counter, product temperature, several concentration measurements and diagnostic data		
PROFIBUS PA			
Description	Galvanically isolated acc. to IEC 61158		
	Profile version: 3.02		
	Current consumption: 10.5 mA		
	Permissible bus voltage: 932 V; in Ex application: 924 V		
	Bus interface with integrated reverse polarity protection		
	Typical error current FDE (Fault Disconnection Electronic): 4.3 mA		
	Bus address adjustable via local display at the measuring device		
Function blocks	8 x analogue input, 3 x totaliser		
Output data	Mass flow, volume flow, mass counter 1 + 2, volume counter, product temperature, several concentration measurements and diagnostic data		
FOUNDATION Fieldbus			
Description	Galvanically isolated acc. to IEC 61158		
	Current consumption: 10.5 mA		
	Permissible bus voltage: 932 V; in Ex application: 924 V		
	Bus interface with integrated reverse polarity protection		
	Link Master function (LM) supported		
	Tested with Interoperable Test Kit (ITK) version 6.01		
Function blocks	6 x analogue input, 2 x integrator, 1 x PID		
Output data	Mass flow, volume flow, density, temperature of tube, several concentration measurements and diagnostic data		
Modbus			
Description	Modbus RTU, Master/Slave, RS485		
Address range	1247		
Supported function codes	01, 03, 04, 05, 08, 16, 43		
Supported Baud rate	1200, 2400, 3600, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 Baud		

Approvals and certificates

CE	This device fulfils the statutory requirements of the relevant EU directives. The manufacturer certifies successful testing of the product by applying the CE mark.
	For full information of the EU directives & standards and the approved certifications, please refer to the CE declaration or the manufacturer website.
Non-Ex	Standard
Functional safety acc. to EN 61508	Depends on I/O variant and flow sensor. For detailed information refer to the "Safety manual".
Hazardous areas	
Option (C version only)	
ATEX	II 1/2 (1) G - Ex d ia [ia Ga] IIC T6 Ga/Gb
	II 1/2 (1) G - Ex de ia [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Ga/Gb
	II 2 (1) G - Ex d ia [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Gb
	II 2 (1) G - Ex de ia [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Gb
	II 2 (1) D - Ex t [ia Da] IIIC Txxx Db
	II 1/2 G - Ex d ia IIC T6T1 Ga/Gb; II 1/2 G - Ex de ia IIC T6T1 Ga/Gb
	II 2 G - Ex d ia IIC T6T1 Gb; II 2 G - Ex de ia IIC T6T1 Gb
	II 2 D - Ex t IIIC Txxx°C Db
Option (F version only)	
ATEX	II 2 (1) G - Ex d [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb
	II 2 (1) G - Ex de [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb
	II 2 (1) D - Ex t [ia Da] IIIC T75°C Db
	II 2 G - Ex d [ia] IIC T6 Gb; II 2 G - Ex de [ia] IIC T6 Gb
	II 2 D - Ex t IIIC T75 Db
NEPSI	Ex d ia [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Ga/Gb; Ex de ia [ia Ga] IIC T6T1 Ga/Gb
Option	
FM / CSA	FM: Class I, Div 1 groups A, B, C, D CSA: Class I, Div 1 groups C, D
	Class II, Div 1 groups E, F, G
	Class III, Div 1 hazardous areas
	FM: Class I, Div 2 groups A, B, C, D CSA: Class I, Div 2 groups C, D
	Class II, Div 2 groups E, F, G
	Class III, Div 2 hazardous areas
IECEx	Ex zone 1 + 2
Custody transfer	
Without	Standard
Option (in preparation)	Liquids other than water 2004/22/EC (MID MI005) acc. to OIML R117-1
	Gases 2004/22/EC (MID MI002) acc. to OIML R137
	Compliance with API and AGA
Other standards and approval	S
Vibration resistance	IEC EN 60068-2-6 10 cycles 10-150-10 Hz with: 0.15 mm for 10-60 Hz and 20 m/s² for 60-150 Hz
NAMUR	NE 21, NE 43, NE 53, NE 107

2.2 Dimensions and weight

2.2.1 Housing

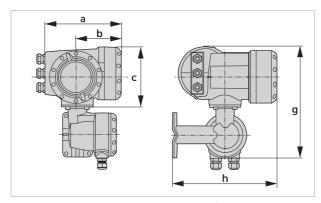
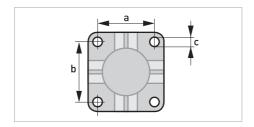


Figure 2-1: Dimensions for field housing (F) - remote version

	Weight [kg / lb]						
а	a b c g h						
202 / 7.75	120 / 4.75	155 / 6.10	295.8 / 11.60	277 / 10.90	5.7 / 12.60		

2.2.2 Mounting plate, field housing



Dimensions in mm and inch

	[mm]	[inch]
а	72	2.8
b	72	2.8
С	Ø9	Ø0.4

3.1 Intended use

The mass flowmeters are designed exclusively to directly measure mass flow rates, product density and temperature as well to indirectly measure parameters such as the total volume and concentration of dissolved substances as well as the volume flow rate.

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

For devices used in SIL applications, additional safety notes apply. For detailed information refer to the "Safety manual".

If the device is not used according to the operating conditions (refer to chapter Technical data), the intended protection could be affected.

This device is a Group 1, Class A device as specified within CISPR11:2009. It is intended for use in industrial environment. There may be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in other environments, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.

3.2 Installation specifications

The following precautions must be taken to ensure reliable installation.

- Make sure that there is adequate space to the sides.
- Protect the signal converter from direct sunlight and install a sun shade if necessary.
- Signal converters installed in control cabinets require adequate cooling, e.g. by fan or heat exchanger.
- Do not expose the signal converter to intense vibrations. The measuring devices are tested for a vibration level as described in chapter "Technical data".

3.3 Mounting of the compact version

Turning the housing of the compact version is not permitted.

The signal converter is mounted directly on the flow sensor. For installation of the flowmeter, please observe the instructions in the supplied product documentation for the flow sensor.

3.4 Mounting the field housing, remote version

Remarks for sanitary applications

- To prevent contamination and dirt deposits behind the mounting plate, a cover plug must be installed between the wall and the mounting plate.
- Pipe mounting is not suitable for sanitary applications!

Assembly materials and tools are not part of the delivery. Use the assembly materials and tools in compliance with the applicable occupational health and safety directives.

3.4.1 Pipe mounting

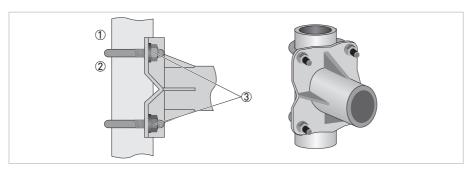


Figure 3-1: Pipe mounting of the field housing

- ① Fix the signal converter to the pipe.
- ② Fasten the signal converter using standard U-bolts and washers.
- 3 Tighten the nuts.

3.4.2 Wall mounting

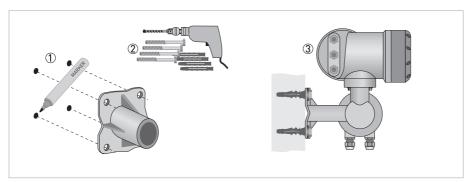
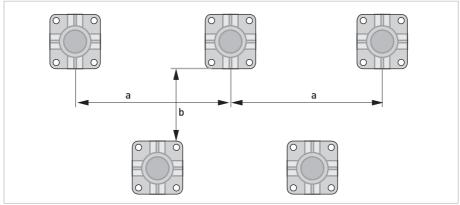


Figure 3-2: Wall mounting of the field housing

- ① Prepare the holes with the aid of the mounting plate. For further information refer to *Mounting plate, field housing* on page 18.
- ② Fasten the mounting plate securely to the wall.
- ③ Screw the signal converter to the mounting plate with the nuts and washers.

Mounting multiple devices next to each other



 $a \ge 600 \text{ mm} / 23.6$ " $b \ge 250 \text{ mm} / 9.8$ "

4.1 Safety instructions

All work on the electrical connections may only be carried out with the power disconnected. Take note of the voltage data on the nameplate!

Observe the national regulations for electrical installations!

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

Observe without fail the local occupational health and safety regulations. Any work done on the electrical components of the measuring device may only be carried out by properly trained specialists.

Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.

4.2 Connection diagram

The device must be grounded in accordance with regulations in order to protect personnel against electric shocks.

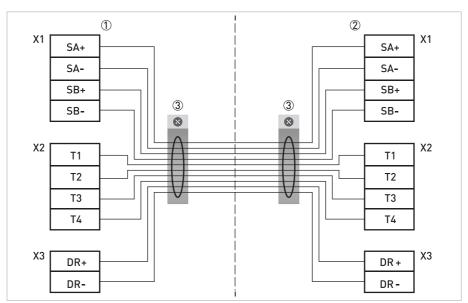


Figure 4-1: Connection diagram

- 1 Terminal compartment for signal converter
- 2 Terminal compartment for flow sensor
- ③ Connect shielding to spring terminal (drain wire and overall shield)

Cable	Cable	Connection terminal
Cable pair	Colour	
1	yellow	X1 SA+
1	black	X1 SA-
2	green	X1 SB+
2	black	X1 SB-
3	blue	X2 T1
3	black	X2 T2
4	red	X2 T3
4	black	X2 T4
5	white	X3 DR+
5	black	X3 DR-

4.3 Grounding the flow sensor

There should be no difference in potential between the flow sensor and the housing or protective earth of the signal converter!

- The flow sensor must be properly grounded.
- The grounding cable should not transmit any interference voltages.
- Do not use the grounding cable to connect more than one device to ground.
- The flow sensors are connected to ground by means of a functional grounding conductor FE.
- In hazardous areas, grounding is used at the same time for equipotential bonding. Additional grounding instructions are provided in the supplementary "Ex documentation", which are only supplied together with hazardous area equipment.

4.4 Connecting power - all housing variants

The device must be grounded in accordance with regulations in order to protect personnel against electric shocks.

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

- The protection category depends on the housing versions (IP65...67 to IEC 529 / EN 60529 or NEMA4/4X/6).
- The housings of the devices, which are designed to protect the electronic equipment from dust and moisture, should be kept well closed at all times. Creepage distances and clearances are dimensioned to VDE 0110 and IEC 664 for pollution severity 2. Supply circuits are designed for overvoltage category III and the output circuits for overvoltage category II.
- Fuse protection ($I_N \le 16$ A) for the infeed power circuit, as well as a separator (switch, circuit breaker) to isolate the signal converter must be provided close to the device. The separator must be marked as the separator for this device.

100...230 VAC (tolerance range: -15% / +10%)

- Note the power supply voltage and frequency (50...60 Hz) on the nameplate.
- The protective ground terminal **PE** of the power supply must be connected to the separate U-clamp terminal in the terminal compartment of the signal converter

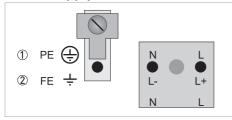
240 VAC + 5% is included in the tolerance range.

24 VDC (tolerance range: -55% / +30%)

- Note the data on the nameplate!
- For measurement process reasons, a functional ground **FE** must be connected to the separate U-clamp terminal in the terminal compartment of the signal converter.
- When connecting to functional extra-low voltages, provide a facility for protective separation (PELV) (acc. to VDE 0100 / VDE 0106 and/or IEC 364 / IEC 536 or relevant national regulations).

For 24 VDC, 12 VDC - 10% is included in the tolerance range.

Power supply connection



- 1 100...230 VAC (-15% / +10%), 22 VA
- 2 24 VDC (-55% / +30%), 12 W

4.5 Inputs and outputs, overview

4.5.1 Combinations of the inputs/outputs (I/Os)

This signal converter is available with various input/output combinations.

Modular version

• Depending on the task, the device can be configured with various output modules.

Ex i version

- Depending on the task, the device can be configured with various output modules.
- Current outputs can be active or passive.
- Optionally available also with Foundation Fieldbus and Profibus PA

Bus systems

- The device allows intrinsically safe and non intrinsically safe bus interfaces in combination with additional modules.
- For connection and operation of bus systems, note the supplementary instructions.

Ex option

- For hazardous areas, all of the input/output variants for the housing designs C and F can be delivered with terminal compartment in Ex d (pressure-resistant casing) or Ex e (increased safety).
- For connection and operation of Ex devices, note the supplementary instructions.

4.5.2 Description of the CG number



Figure 4-2: Marking (CG number) of the electronics module and input/output variants

- ① ID number: 3
- ② ID number: 0 = standard
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{3}} \ensuremath{\text{Power supply option}}$
- 4 Display
- ⑤ Input/output version (I/O)
- 6 1st optional module for connection terminal A
- 2 2nd optional module for connection terminal B

The last 3 digits of the CG number (⑤, ⑥ and ⑦) indicate the assignment of the terminal connections. Please refer to the following examples.

Examples for CG number

CG430114AC	100230 VAC & standard display; modular I/0: I_a & P_N/S_N and optional module I_a/S_N & P_a/S_a
CG43081200	24 VDC & standard display; Ex i I/0: I _a & P _a /S _a and optional module I _a & P _N /S _N /C _N

Description of abbreviations and CG identifier for possible optional modules on terminals A and B $\,$

Abbreviation	Identifier for CG number	Description
l _a	Α	Active current output
I _p	В	Passive current output
P _a / S _a	С	Active pulse output, frequency output, status output or limit switch (changeable)
P_p/S_p	Е	Passive pulse output, frequency output, status output or limit switch (changeable)
P _N /S _N	F	Passive pulse output, frequency output, status output or limit switch acc. to NAMUR (changeable)
C _a	G	Active control input
C _p	K	Passive control input
C _N	Н	Active control input acc. to NAMUR Signal converter monitors cable breaks and short circuits acc. to EN 60947-5-6. Errors indicated on LC display. Error messages possible via status output.
-	8	No additional module installed
-	0	No further module possible

4.5.3 Fixed, non-alterable input/output versions

This signal converter is available with various input/output combinations.

- The grey boxes in the tables denote unassigned or unused connection terminals.
- In the table, only the final digits of the CG no. are depicted.

CG no.	Connection terminals								
	A+	Α	A-	В	B-	С	C-	D	D-

Ex i I/Os (option)

200			I _a + HART [®] active	P _N / S _N NAMUR ①
3 0 0			I _p + HART [®] passive	P _N / S _N NAMUR ①
2 1 0	l _a active	P _N / S _N NAMUR C _p passive ①	I _a + HART [®] active	P _N / S _N NAMUR ①
3 1 0	l _a active	P _N / S _N NAMUR C _p passive ①	I _p + HART [®] passive	P _N / S _N NAMUR ①
2 2 0	I _p passive	P _N / S _N NAMUR C _p passive ①	I _a + HART [®] active	P _N / S _N NAMUR ①
3 2 0	I _p passive	P _N / S _N NAMUR C _p passive ①	I _p + HART [®] passive	P _N / S _N NAMUR ①

PROFIBUS PA (Ex i) (option)

D 0 0				PA+	PA-	PA+	PA-		
				FISCO Device		FISCO Device			
D 1 0		l _a active	P _N / S _N NAMUR C _p passive ①	PA+	PA-	PA+	PA-		
				FISCO Device		FISCO Device			
D 2 0		I _p passive	P _N / S _N NAMUR C _p passive ①	PA+	PA-	PA+	PA-		
				FISCO Device		FISCO Device			

FOUNDATION Fieldbus (Ex i) (option)

E 0 0				V/D+	V/D-	V/D+	V/D-
				FISCO Device		FISCO Device	
E 1 0		I _a active	$\begin{array}{c} P_N / S_N NAMUR \\ C_p passive \textcircled{1} \end{array}$	V/D+	V/D-	V/D+	V/D-
				FISCO Device		FISCO Device	
E 2 0		I _p passive	P _N / S _N NAMUR C _p passive ①	V/D+	V/D-	V/D+	V/D-
				FISCO Device		FISCO Device	

¹ Changeable

4.5.4 Alterable input/output versions

This signal converter is available with various input/output combinations.

- The grey boxes in the tables denote unassigned or unused connection terminals.
- In the table, only the final digits of the CG no. are depicted.

max. 2 optional modules for term. A + B

max. 2 optional modules for term. A + B

• Term. = (connection) terminal

CG no.	Connection terminals									
	A+	Α	Α-	В	B-	С	C-	D	D-	
Modular I/Os (option)										
4		max. 2 optional modules for term. A + B				I + HART® active/passive ①		P/S active/passive/ NAMUR ①		
PROFIBUS PA (option)										
D		max. 2 optional modules for term. A + B			PA+ (2)	PA- (2)	PA+ (1)	PA- (1)		
FOUNDATION Fieldbus (option)										
E		max. 2 optional modules for term. A + B			V/D+ (2)	V/D- (2)	V/D+ (1)	V/D- (1)		
PROFIBUS DP (option)										
F_0		1 optional r term. A	module for	Termina- tion P	RxD/TxD- P(2)	RxD/TxD- N(2)	Termina- tion N	RxD/TxD- P(1)	RxD/TxD- N(1)	
Modbus	(option)									

① Software configurable

G__ 2

H__ 3

- 2 Not activated bus terminator
- 3 Activated bus terminator

Sign. B (D1)

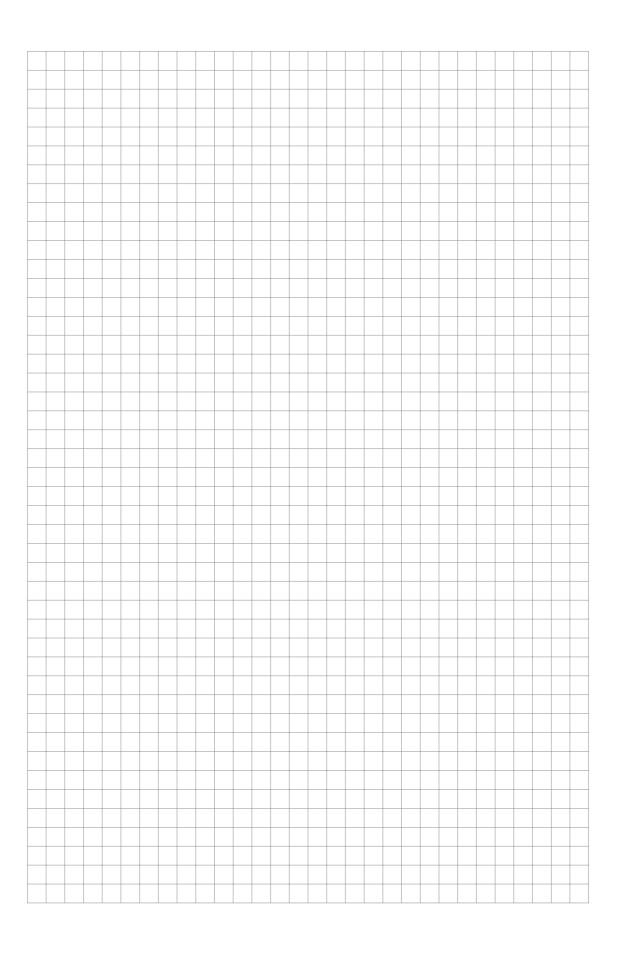
Sign. B (D1)

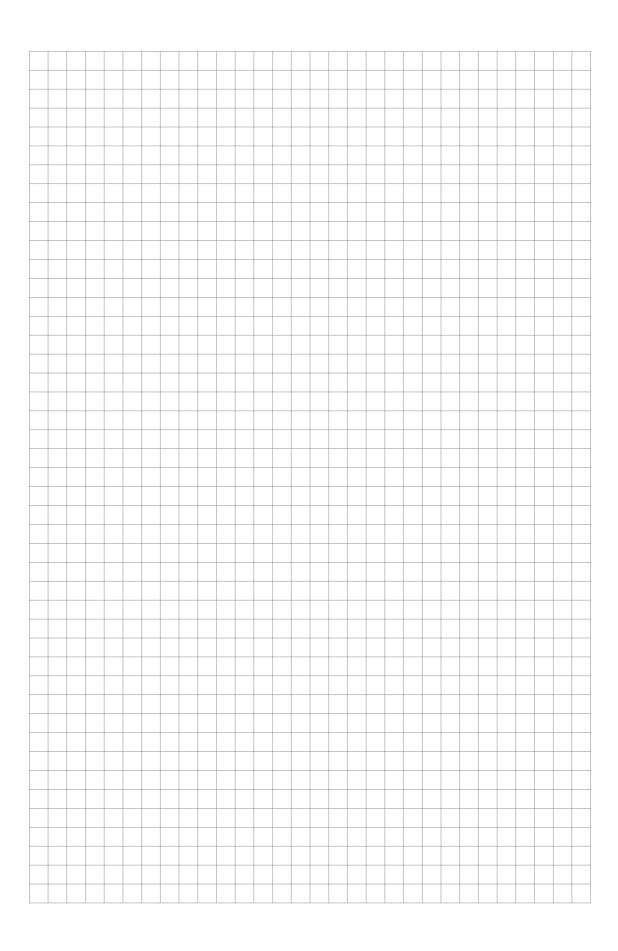
Common

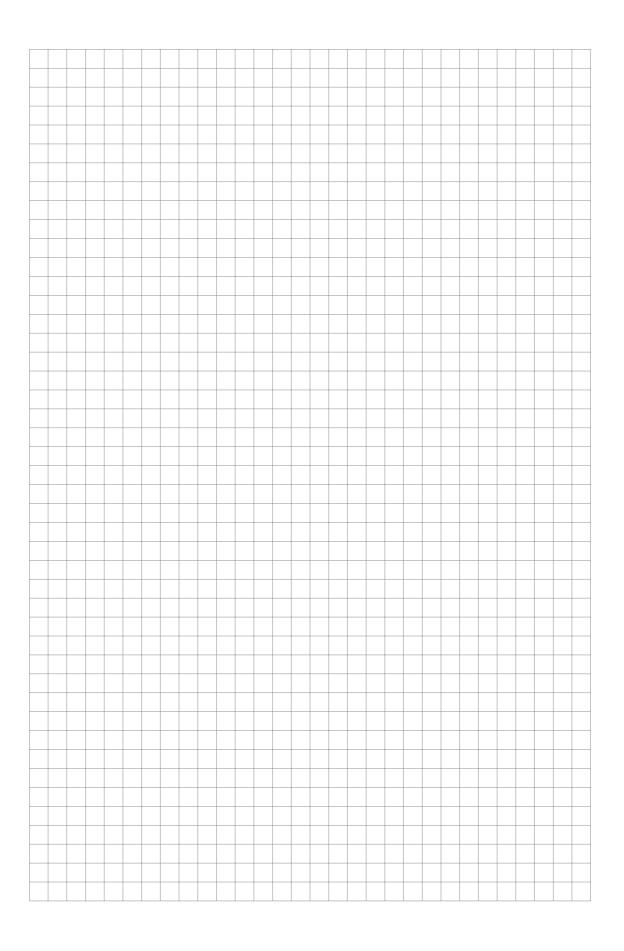
Common

Sign. A (D0)

Sign. A (D0)









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Head Office KROHNE Messtechnik GmbH Ludwig-Krohne-Str. 5 47058 Duisburg (Germany) Tel.: +49 203 301 0

Fax: +49 203 301 10389 info@krohne.com

The current list of all KROHNE contacts and addresses can be found at: www.krohne.com

