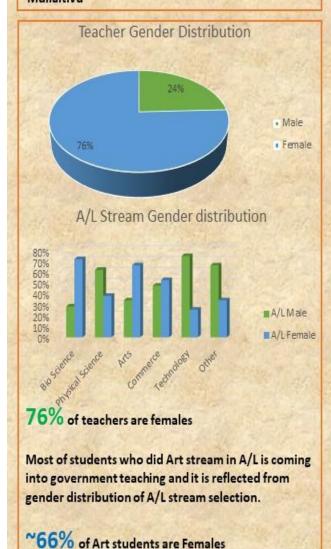
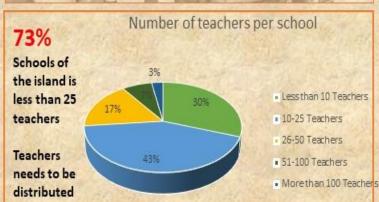
# 57% of teachers are graduates 3% of teachers are untrained 7.8% of highest untrained teachers in a district Mullaitivu



## Sri Lankan Government School Insights





- 10, 146 Total govt schools
- 892 # of schools in Kurunegala district, highest in a district
- 104 # of schools in Kilinochchi, lowest in a district
- 29 # of schools shut down since 2018
- 87 With this trend 87 number of schools may be shutdown by 2030
  - 50.7% of the schools less than 200 students
  - 43.5% of the students learn in schools more than 1000 students
  - 66% of the teachers are in schools less than 1000 students
  - 21 & 11 Highest and lowest student to teacher ratio in a district, Colombo and Jaffna
- 118 the Highest number of schools less than
  50 students in a district, Badulla. There are three
  more districts with more than 100 schools less
  than 50 students Kegalle, Ratnapura and
  Kurunegala
- 284 of Highest number of schools with less than 10 teachers in a district, Kurunegala

#### **Sri Lankan government school insights**

This analysis is based on the data taken from <a href="http://www.statistics.gov.lk/Education/">http://www.statistics.gov.lk/Education/</a> for the year of 2021 (the latest one) For the forecasting and comparison purposes data from 2018 to 2021 is used. Purpose of the poster is to showcase the challenges in the Sri Lankan school system in terms of teachers and threat of school shutdown.

#### Nature of the data set:

Data set is prepared by using census data and it is a pre-processed dataset with a defined schema. No null values nor invalid data. Identification of the data that needs to be included was the first challenge in this dataset. Almost same data is presented in different manners throughout the source file. Collecting the necessary tables into different files was done in the initial phase of the project. Then merging the table where the comparison and forecasting was needed was one of the main challenges. Merging tables have to be done with different data sources.

#### **Descriptive analysis**

Under the descriptive analysis current status of school system was shown in the poster. Total number of government schools, district with lowest number of schools, number of schools less than 200 student and etc were given in the number format. Pie chart was used to identify the number of teacher distribution per school.

#### **Diagnostic Analysis**

Close to 76% of teachers are female and the reason has been analyzed by using the data set. Most of the students who have taken arts stream under A/L tends to apply for government schools and  $^{\sim}66\%$  of art students are female. This can be taken as one reason for the gender skewness in teachers.

#### **Predictive analysis**

29 schools were shutdown in the period of 2018 to 2021. Time series regression is used to get a projection on number of schools which are in threat for shutting down. As per the analysis, it can be expected that ~87 more schools may be shutdown by 2030.

#### **Prescriptive Analysis**

Possible reasons were identified to prevent the shutting down of schools in this exercise. 73% of the schools are having less than 25 teachers in the island. Government need to take necessary actions to distribute the teachers across the schools. This may increase the effectiveness of the schools and distribute the students among the schools as well. Almost half of the schools in the island is having less than 200 schools this also a reason for shutting down the schools. In addition it can be recommended that training needs to be given to the 3% of untrained teachers to improve the quality of the education system.

#### Tools used

MS Excel is used for the data analysis and MS power point is used to create the poster.

### **GitHub Link:**

https://github.com/kodikarast/SriLankan-Government-School-Insights