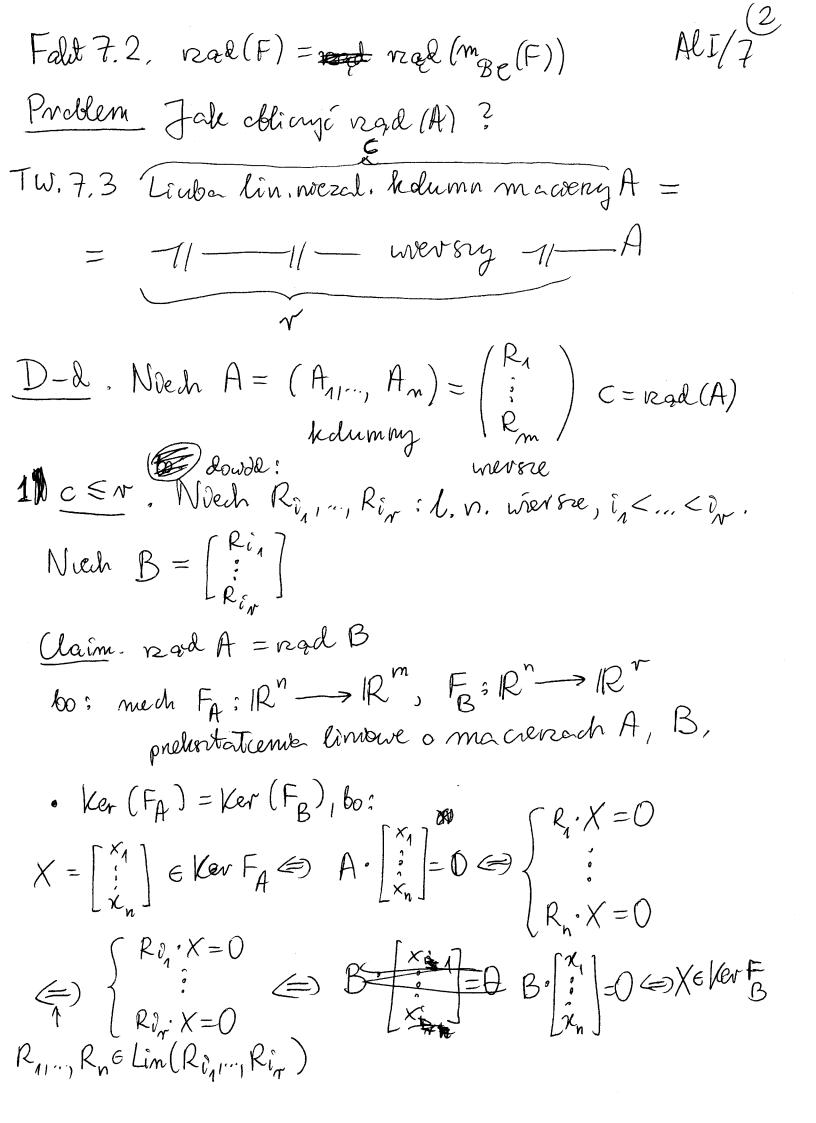
```
Wyllad 7.
   Rzędy, diagonalizacja
          F: V -> W limour, dim V, dim W < P
Prypommense:
Def. (po tw. 4.12): Rad (F):= dim (Im F).
  B \subseteq V \xrightarrow{F} W 2C baza 
C = \{C_{1/m}, c_{m}\}
    dim(Im(F)) = dim(\Phi[Im(F)])
                         Q: W = Rm
                        DI: ImF => D[ImF]
  \text{Im } F = \text{Lim}(F(b_i)_{i}, F(b_n)) \quad \Phi(F(b_i)) = [F(b_i)]_{p}
\mathbb{D}(\operatorname{Im}(F)) = \operatorname{Lin}([F(b_n)]_{e_1, \dots}, [F(b_n)]_{e_n})
                kolurny mawery mge (F) & Mmxn (R)
Def. 7.1, Dla A & Mmxn (IR) rad (A) = liaba l.n. kolumn A
  analogianve dla Mmxn (F)
```



Z tw, 4,12; n = dim R = dim Im F_A + dim Ker F_A

= dim Im F_B + dim Ker F_B rad(B) + Claim. All: rad B & r (bo dim Im FB & r) wecc=rad(A) < rad B < r. 2. Partanamy rozumavanie da macieny transponowani A^{τ} , dowodząc $r \leq c$. Wn. 7,4, rad A = rad A*. Wn. 7.5. rad A > k @ macren A ma persen mezeroury miner stepnic <u>D-d.</u> Ned Ann, An : Kolumyt Pnon, Rm werse A => Zat, & rod ATK, det [0 0 0] ; minor of like stopnic M. 2 tw. 7, 3; med Rigger, Ria; l, n, 0, <... < in merse

Nech $B = \begin{pmatrix} Ri_1 \\ \vdots \\ Ri_k \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} B_{1/11}, B_n \end{pmatrix}, B_i \in \mathbb{R}^h \quad AlI/7$ Rikken holumuy Bfragmenty ledumn April, An alpowiedaje le mension Rigger, Rik z tw.7.3; : l.n. holumny ERM niech Bja, ..., Bja 11</1. det (Bjim, Bjk) \$ 0 A ja jy sky - Ri, mwnor A stopmva k E; Zat. Ec po vybore k mers y 0, <... <ih w A
i k kdumn j. <... <jn powstaje macoer B = (Bj,,,Bjk) idet(B) ≠0 hdumuy ERk m fragmenty Ajnin, Ajk i ter linions holumn mercleine, $b_0: \sum_{t=1}^{k} s_t A_{jt} = 0 \in \mathbb{R}^n \Rightarrow \sum_{t=1}^{k} s_t B_{jt} = 0 \in \mathbb{R}^k \Rightarrow s_t = 0.$

$D_{1} = C_{1} = C_{2} = C_{1} = C_{2} = C_{1} = C_{2} = C_{2$	AlI/7
DG. " mxn cill	
1. aij: wyraz wiedący w i-tym wierrzen macien	yA,
gdy avjt0 i tj <j avji="0</td"><td></td></j>	
2 (gdy wiersz zeroczy, to me ma w nim	
2 (gdy wiersz zeroczy, to me ma w nim wyrazu wodącego)	
2. A ma uporadhewave viersze, gdy:	
(a) jesti i-ty mers A jest zerowy i i'>i, to	
i'-ty-11-Ater zerowy,	
(6) jedo a ij i a ij; woodque wyrazy A w swoich w	ier82ah
over let i/i, to j <j'< td=""><td></td></j'<>	
Pryttad (1) 0 2 0 0 7 ma uporradhous 0 0 0 0 2 2 wrevere 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 × 5	.vl
· Gdy A ma upongdkoware merre, to	
rad H = liuba merevougeh mlvsry.	
Faht 7.7. Następujące operacy'e nie zmemają	redu

macieny:

(1) zamvana viersy miejscami

Lilaknei

(2) doda nie do mersre shalarnej brotnoshi înnego merre

(3) pomno se nie mersse puez shalar $\neq 0$

ALI/7 [+ analogienne wersje dle ledumn]. Végwajac Falitu 7.7 harda macien moina sprowadnic de postaci z uponadhowanymi meverami, & Zachewujge rad. Zastosowania. 1, A,,,, A, E/R" dim (Lin (A,,,, Au)) = rod macieny (A,,,,Au)=... 2, $B = \{b_{1/11}, b_{1} \subseteq V, v_{1/11}, v_{k} \in V \}$ $\Phi: \bigvee \xrightarrow{\cong} \mathbb{R}^n$ $v \mapsto [v]_g$ dim Lin (v,,,, vu) = $= \dim \left(\text{Lin} \left(\left[v_i \right]_{B/''}, \left[v_u \right]_{B} \right) = \dots \right. \quad (= 1.)$ Dwaga 7.8.6) nad (AB) ≤ nad A, ≤ nad B (2) B: Od wracama => rad (AB)= rad A (3) C: coluracama => rad (CA)= rad A. $\underline{D}_{-d}(1) F_{A}; \mathbb{R}^{n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n}, F_{B}; \mathbb{R}^{m} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n}$

AlI/7 $\mathbb{R}^m \xrightarrow{F_B} \mathbb{R}^n$ FAOFB = FAB JRVIFA $Rad A = nad F_A$, $nord(F_A \circ F_B) \leq nad F_A$, $\leq nad F_B \circ nad F_B$ (2), (3): podobnie. mawen diagonalina non; $\begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{bmatrix}$

Problem F: V -> V livioure, dim V=n<0. Cry istruege baza B = V t. te m₈(F): diagonalma? Def (1) F jest diagonalizawalne, gdy TAK) (2) A & Mn × n (IR) jest diagonalizowcha, gdy FCEM_{n×n}(IR) CAC': diegonalma.
oduracalme

Lemat 7.10. Zat, de B= 86,,,, b, 95V, AGM, (R). Weely:

(1)] e= { Giv, cn 9 = V bara t. in A = mgc (id)

$$\begin{array}{l} D-d \cdot A = [aij] \text{ od } w \text{ racalna} \Longrightarrow A^* \text{ tei.} \\ (2) \\ \begin{cases} a_1 = a_{11} b_1 + a_{21} b_2 + ... + a_{n1} b_n \\ d_2 = a_{12} b_1 + a_{22} b_2 + ... + a_{n2} b_n \\ d_n = a_{1n} b_1 + a_{2n} b_2 + ... + a_{nn} b_n \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} d_1 \\ \vdots \\ d_n \end{bmatrix} = A^* \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ \vdots \\ b_n \end{bmatrix} \implies \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ \vdots \\ b_n \end{bmatrix} = A^* \begin{bmatrix} d_1 \\ \vdots \\ d_n \end{bmatrix}$$

Msc D= { d, m, d, y: baza V i m (id) = A.

C = { c₁₁₁₁, c_n/ baza V, A = m_{Be} (vd) (jak w(2)).

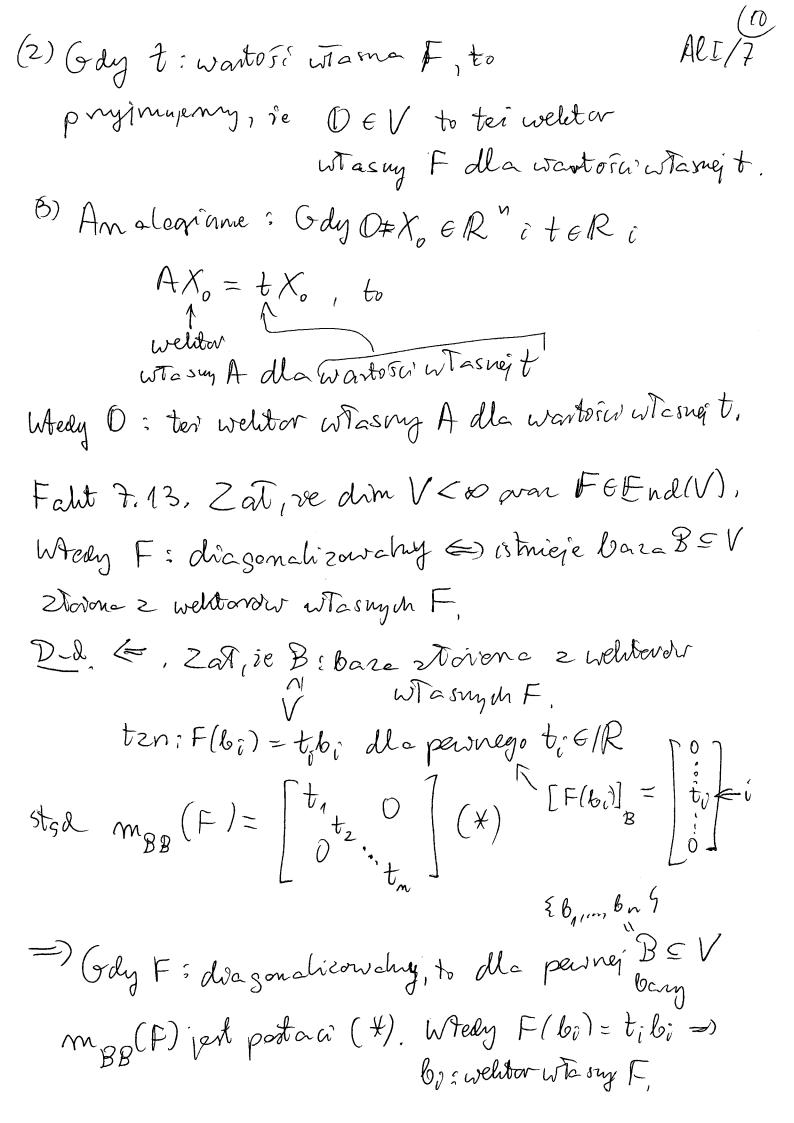
TW. 7,11,

Zat, de F:V->V linione, B = V baza, dum V=n < 0.

Wtedy F: diagonalizowa me (F): diagonalizowa m

Als/7 D-d Nech $A = m_{BB}(F)$. -> Noch CeV bara t. ic me(F): diagnam. z Wn, 6,6; mgc(2a)-1 $\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}}(F) = \mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{B}\mathcal{C}}(id) \mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{B}\mathcal{B}}(F) \mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{C}\mathcal{B}}^{"}(id)$ D = C · A · C-1
cloc gonche E. Zat, je D = CAC': diagonalma 2 Lematu 7.10(1) istméje bors CEV t. re $C = m_{Be}(\partial d)$, wise $C^{-1} = m_{CB}(\partial d)$, $m_{ee}(F) = m_{Be}(\partial a) m_{BB}(F) m_{eB}(\partial d) = CAC^{-1}$ diagonalina Problem. Dane F; V -> V [manen AEM (IR)] Cry F, A; diagonalizowalne? Def. 7, 12, Niech F; V-> V Wriewe, A & M_nxn (R). (1) Zat, ie ter, OtwoeVi F(vo) = tvo Wedy: t: wartosi wlasse F,

No; welster wtasmy F dla wartobi wtasnej to.



Alt/2 Prylitad Ry: IR obvot u had a compet $A \in (0,T)$ Whit 0me pert déagonalizawahry, bo: me ma wantorw (welstorow wasyn bei me) Diagonalização macreny. Analiza endemarkement : V -> V, dim V=n coo. Def. 8.1. $det(F) = det(m_{BB}(F))$, galve $B \subseteq V$ wyznacznuk F dowolna baz a Falt 8.2. det (F) mie zalery od wybom B, D-d Niech $C \subseteq V$ inne baza. $\frac{C}{(m_{ee}(F))} = \frac{A}{(n_{ee}(F))} \frac{B}{(n_{ee}(F))} \frac{A^{-1}}{(n_{ee}(F))}$ $\frac{B}{Be} \frac{A^{-1}}{Be}$

z tw. Candry'eso det (C) = det (A) det (B) det (A') = det (B).

; odwardane (2) det F + O Ali/7 Wm. 8,3, m_{BB}(F) odwracahne (=) det (m_{BB}(F)) (F) Uwaga 8.4, (wastorw wtarne F) Niech AER. (1) X: wartosé w Tasna F = det (F- 7. id) = 0 -1/ maciery $A \iff det(A-\lambda I)=0$, $\frac{D-d}{D} \stackrel{(1)}{=} \Rightarrow F(v_o) = \lambda v_o \Rightarrow (F-\lambda \cdot id)(v_o) = 0$ Ker(F-2:12) + {09 (F - 2 · 0d) me pert 1-1 $det(F-\lambda \cdot id) = 0 \stackrel{8.3}{\Leftarrow} (F-xid)$ me pet volume attente det (F-), id)=0 =3 (F-) id) me jest od wrocahe $(F-\lambda \partial d)$ me jest 1-1 $(F-xia)(v_0)=0$ dla pewnego $v_0 \in V$ (2) s Evinence $F(v_n) = \lambda v_0$

Nied X: zmienna pneblesajace (R., $A \in M_{n \times n}(IR)$) $A - \times I = \begin{bmatrix} a_{n1} - X & A \\ a_{22} - X & A \\ A & a_{nn} - X \end{bmatrix}_{n \times n}$ $A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{n1} - X & A \\ a_{nn} - X \end{bmatrix}_{n \times n}$

det (A-XI): welenwen zmiennej X(Oblinomy zgadnie ze wzanem 5,11(t))

Def. 8.5. (1) $\varphi_A(X) := \det(A - X I)$; welemound charalterystychny ma czery A,

(2) $\varphi_F(X) = \varphi_A(X)$, gdie $A = m_B(F)$ dle peurnej welomben charabtenystyonny beny $B \subseteq V$ prehestatienda F.

• deg $\varphi_A(X) = n$, $\varphi_A(X) = (-1)^n X^n + wyrang mirsnych stopni.$

· wspataynnih $\varphi_A(X)$ pry X^{n-1} to;

Do délineria (A(X) wygedne rozwinoscie Laplace'a ALI/7

Prizitad

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\varphi_{A}(x) = \det \begin{bmatrix} 1+x & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1-x & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1-x & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2-x \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= (-1)^{1+1} \cdot (1-x) \cdot \det \begin{bmatrix} 1-x & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1-x & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2-x \end{bmatrix} + (-1)^{1+2} \cdot 2 \cdot \det \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 6 & 1-x & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2-x \end{bmatrix} = \dots$$

Uwage 8.6.(1) $\varphi_F(X)$ mie zależy od wyboran bazy BEV.

(2) dla kailogo
$$\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$$
 $\varphi_F(\lambda) = \det(F - \lambda \cdot id)$

$$\beta) \lambda - 11 - A \Leftrightarrow \varphi_{A}(\lambda) = 0.$$

Def, tr(F) = Tr(A), galie $A = m_B(F)$ de devolué; bary $B \subseteq V$ (me salery od vylam bary B),

(1) Noch
$$A = m_{BB}(F)$$
, $E \in V$ inne bene $B = m_{EE}(F)$,

$$B = CAC^{-1}, C = m_{CS}(20) (zwh.6.6.)$$

$$\varphi_A(\lambda) = \det(A - \lambda L) = \det(C(A - \lambda L)C') =$$

$$C(A_{1}A_{2})=CA_{1}+$$

$$= det(B - \lambda I) = \varphi B (\lambda),$$

Stad
$$\varphi_A(X) = \varphi_B(X)$$
,

Stad
$$\varphi_A(X) = \varphi_B(X)$$
, $m_{BB}(F+G) = m_{BB}(F) + m_{BB}(G)$

(2) det
$$(F - \lambda id) = det(m_{BB}(F - \lambda id)) =$$

$$= \det\left(\underbrace{m_{BB}(F)}_{\text{orn: }A} - \sum_{BB} \underbrace{(\partial d)}\right) = \det\left(A - \lambda I\right) = \varphi_{A}(\lambda) =$$

$$= \varphi_{F}(\lambda),$$

Alt/7 Wm. 8, 8, (1) dûm V=n => Fmc Zn réznych wartości własnych (2) A E Mn×n (1R) => A ma ... 7/ Zat, se λ : wartosi vasue $F(=) \varphi_F(x)=0)$ z tw. Bezouta: $\varphi_F(X) = (X - \lambda)^t \cdot W(X)$ de peunezo $W(X) \in \mathbb{R}[X]$ b. ve W(A) ≠ 6 Det t; hvotnosi wanteri wta snej à prehentational (= hvotnosi d jako previvostha 4 (X)) Uwaga 8.9, Hech Nich A: wastosis wasna F. Nuch $V^{\lambda} = \{ v \in V : F(v) = \lambda v^{\lambda}. \}$ $\{ o, t \}$ Welly $V^{\lambda} < V$, $t \ge v^{\lambda}$: prestnen wellterow was a snej λ , was nych $f = d = v^{\lambda}$ was to $f(v) = v^{\lambda}$.

Def. 8.10. New W<V, F:V-V Wjest F-mezmennina, gdy (+NEW) F(v) CW. mp: V^ jest F-mezmennina. TW, 8.M. Zot, de FE End (V), $\lambda_1, \ldots, \lambda_k$: waysthie wartosci warne F t_1, \ldots, t_k : ich hvotnosa. AlI/2

- (1) Jebb F: diagonalizawalny, to $\varphi_F(X) = (\lambda_1 X)^{t_1}(\lambda_2 X)^{t_2}(\lambda_k X)^{t_k}$
- (2) $V^{\lambda \hat{i}} = \ker(F \lambda_{\hat{i}} id)$
- (3) Nech $W = V^{\lambda_1} + ... + V^{\lambda_k} < V$. Whenly $W = V^{\lambda_1} \oplus ... \oplus V^{\lambda_k}$
- (4) (hyterium dragonatizowahosu). NWSR;
- (i) F: diagonatizowalne
- (ED) & dim V to = dim V
- (100) > dim V x; 7 dim V.

Del Nech n=dim V.

(1) New $B = \{b_{1/11}, b_{n}\} \subseteq V$ baza zlorona z welitaring affasiya F, $F(b_{0}) = v_{0}$ b_{0} , $v_{0} \in \mathbb{R}$. Ned A = m(F)

When $A = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ diagonalma,

$$\varphi_{F}(X) = \varphi_{A}(X) = \det \begin{bmatrix} x_{-} \times & 0 \\ 0 & x_{-} \times \end{bmatrix} = \lim_{N \to \infty} (\lambda_{N} - X)^{t_{1}} (\lambda_{N} - X)^{t_{2}} (\lambda_{N} - X)^{t_{3}} (\lambda_{N} - X)^{t_{4}} (\lambda_{N} - X)^{t_{4}} (\lambda_{N} - X)^{t_{4}} (\lambda_{N} - X)^{t_{5}} (\lambda_{N} - X)^{t_{5}$$

(2) Oay wiste.

(3) Nuch $W_t = V^{\lambda_1} + V^{\lambda_t}, t = 1,..., k$.

(a) Wt; F-niezmiennina lbo: Marde Vto: F-niermænnen)

Num $F'=F/W_t$; $W_t \longrightarrow W_t$,

(6) $\lambda_{11...,\lambda_t}$: wsrystlie wortości własne F!

60: mech $B_1 \subseteq V^{\lambda_1}$, $B_t \subseteq V^{\lambda_t}$; bary.

Woody B, v. - v B z Senerye Wt

istrudge B boza, mg (F1) diagonalma.

Na preligtnej wyrany E { \langle \lang pierwastli qp1(X) & { dy1,..., 2+9,

(C) W = V / 1 D ... 1 V / K =

(x) w = v + ... + v ; predstamenie jednozname:

me whost:

(88) $W = N_1' + ... + N_k'$; inne talie preelitemenie,

ALI/7 ten: vî e Vi dla i = 1,..., k over de pewnego in , vi troi! Noch do ≤ k: malisymbre talie i ≤ k, ve ten: $\mathcal{N}_{i_0+1} = \mathcal{N}_{i_0+1}$, $\mathcal{N}_{i_0+2} = \mathcal{N}_{i_0+2}$, $\mathcal{N}_{i_0+2} = \mathcal{N}_{i_0+2}$, $\mathcal{N}_{i_0+2} = \mathcal{N}_{i_0+2}$, $\mathcal{N}_{i_0+2} = \mathcal{N}_{i_0+2}$, (bojest o o = 1, to $N_1 = W - (N_2 + ... + N_h) =$ $=W-\left(v_{2}^{1}+..+v_{n}^{1}\right)=v_{1}^{1}$ S (Q) ! (KA): () = W - W = $= (v_{1}-v_{1}') + (v_{1}-v_{1}') + (v_{0}-v_{0}') + (v$ 0=v+v=) =-veWt, wgc >t+1; wartosi

() (4) New $W = V^{\lambda_{t+1}} + V^{\lambda_{k}} = V^{\lambda_{t}} \oplus V^{\lambda_{t}}$ (i) => (ii) W = V = dim $V = dim W = Z dim (V^{ki})$ (0) -> (201) Ocymste.

Shove dim W > dim V, = i W = V, to

Shove dim W > dim V = dim V i z uwegi 2,9(2)

V= W = VM D. DVM

Hsh; istmere baze V storone zweldowdw wte rych F

F: diagonalizawahy.

Uwaga 8.12. Nech A & Marn (R). Wedy

A: diagonalizawaha & FA: R" - R" diagonalizawaha

Wsc tw. 8.11 stoone on tendo A.