Wystal 11. AlgI/11 (V: prestreń euldrdesorva, dim V<0.) Lemat 12.1. V: p. linious/R ∞>dim V>0, F:V → V liniave => istrucje W<V F-neznuennica [tza. F[W] = W], dim W=1 lub 2. D-d. $B = \{b_1,...,b_n\} \subseteq V baza, A = m(F)$. $V \xrightarrow{\cong} \mathbb{R}^n$ $V \xrightarrow{\cong} \mathbb{R}^n$ $F \downarrow \# \downarrow F_A$ Wystaray Znalezí F_A-niezmianing P $W < IR^n$, dim W = 1 lub 2 (Wtely \$\bar{\pi} \bar{\pi}'[W]: Fniezmennina) $F_A: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ $\hat{F}_A: \mathbb{C}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}^n \hat{F}_A: zesplone prehentatione$ linious o masserry A. A φA(x) ma prevent steh λ∈ C Wantosi Wasne FA. wec: istmuje $Z \in \mathbb{C}^n$ tie $\hat{F}_A(Z) = \lambda Z$, ten: $A \cdot [Z] = \lambda [Z]$

1

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_{j} \in \mathbb{C}$$

$$Z_{j} = \chi_{j} + i y_{j} \quad dla \quad j = 1, ..., n$$

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \chi_{i} + i y_{j} \\ \chi_{2} + i y_{2} \\ \chi_{n} + i y_{n} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \chi_{n} \end{bmatrix} + i \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = \chi + i \chi$$

$$X = \alpha + bi, \quad \alpha, \quad b \in \mathbb{R}, \quad \mathbb{R}^{n}$$

$$\hat{F}_{A}(Z) = \hat{F}_{A}(X + i Y) = \hat{F}_{A}(X) + i \hat{F}_{A}(Y)$$

$$\hat{F}_{A}(X) = \hat{F}_{A}(X) = \hat{F}_{A}(X) = \hat{F}_{A}(X) = \hat{F}_{A}(X)$$

$$\hat{F}_{A}(X) = \hat{F}_{A}(X) = \hat$$

ALI/11 Teraz V: eulides ou = [unitarna], dim V<00, F: V->V Lemat 12.2. (V: eullidesoura les unitarna) Zat, se W<V F-néezmennica. Wedy W te i F-ndezmennina. D-d. F[W] < W usc F[W] = W (bo F: 1-1, Flw: W->W: na) · Zat, se w & W, tzn. & Iw dla wrysthich w & W. Pohasemy, se F(v) & W+: New WEW. Show F[W]=W, to W=F(W) dla persneys $\langle F(v), w' \rangle = \langle F(v), F(w) \rangle = \langle v, w \rangle = 0$ Fortogonalne ve WI, wo W. vigo F(v) I W' dla haridero WEW. stad F(v) 6 WI. Cuyli F[W] = WI. Lemat 123, Zat, re dim V=1, F:V->V ortogonalue. Wtedy $F = vd_V lub F = -id_V$.

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V= lin (v.)
\frac{D-d}{D-d}. Ned v \in V. F(v_0) = tv_0 dla

pewreyo t \in R
                                                                 H I/11
   use t: wantosi utasua F.
2 Uwagi 11.13. It = 1, me c t = 1 lub
Whely dle haidago vo V:
          N=500 dla permego SER
were F(v) = F(sv_0) = sF(v_0) = stv_0 = tsv_0 = tv.
  dlatago F = id_V \left(gdy \ t = 1\right) i F = -id_V \left(gdy \ t = -1\right)
Lemat 12.4
Zat, je dim V=2, F: V-> V ortogonalie.
Wterly w perviej baie o.n. B= 56, , bz 9 = V
mg(f) jost jednej z postaci:
                      \begin{array}{c} (b) \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix} & (c) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}
\begin{pmatrix} a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}
     det = -1
                          about a light det = 1
F: odbice
                                                      idv.
   Wzglgdem
                          & wohit O
    Lin (b<sub>1</sub>)
                          (previoure de
                             2egans)
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 $\frac{D-d}{bso} \cdot V = E^{2}$ $\frac{bso}{b} \cdot V = E^{2}$ $\frac{1}{b} \cdot So} \cdot V = E^{2}$ $\frac{1}{b} \cdot So} \cdot V = E^{2}$ mε (F) artogenaha, posta ú (a), (b), lub (c), Ok, wskej suregot des: bso $V = \mathbb{E}^2$, Nech $\mathcal{E} = \{ \mathcal{E}_1, \mathcal{E}_2 \} \leq \mathbb{R}^2$ Wordy F: 12 -> 12 izometrie limber, wisc: (1) odbørte ugbølem prestej prestredzøgej pres () (2) . drot wohet zera a hot a. Éviaent. (3) · identy on no is. Wpnypedlu (1) wyboremy borrs o.n. B = IR ichwal Wprypolkoh (2), (3) B = E dobra. TW.12.5. Zat, de F: V - V ortogonalme, dim V co Wtedy w pewnej barie o.n. BEV, mg(F) jest portaw (*) $C = \begin{bmatrix} C_1 \\ C_2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, gatine $C_i = \pm 1$ lub $\begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha_i - \sin \alpha_i \\ \sin \alpha_i \end{bmatrix}$

Cryh: ALTU F: ztore nie pewnej lidby odbrit urglødem hoperptaszyrn predidzegyd prez zero i obrotow would to we pewryth ptassungerech < V. D-d. 2 Cematow 12.1 i 12.2: $V = V_1 \oplus ... \oplus V_k$, getric $V_1,...,V_k : F$ -noeznuenriae, · parami I By ... Bk bary ó.n. · dim Vi = 1 Aub 2 Bi & Vi : baza o.n. tre $m_{g_i}(F|_{V_i})$ postaci C_i . Wedy Est.

B = B, v... v Bu: bazar o.n. V debra, m(F) postavi (*). Wn. 12.6. Zatie V: pret nen entitides vwa, din V<0, F:V->Vironaetna Come. (1) F put limboure (F(0)=0.

(2) F = Tu o F' dla perrezo us V transloga i zometria limoura o u. D-d. (1) zadanie (2) Mech u = F(0), much $F' = T_u \circ F$. .F': i rometria (la: rlosenie i rometrii pert i rometro). • F'(0)=0 ($F'(0)=T_{u}(F(0))=T_{u}(u)=0$). Z(1): F' limitablei $F'=T_{-u} \circ F \implies T_{u} \circ F'=T_{u} \circ T_{-u} \circ F=F$. TW.12.7. Zat, re V: unitarna, O≤dimV<∞, F: V -> V unitarne. Wedy Istmeje bara o.n. B = V z Toiona è welstavors wharyth F tro $m_{\mathcal{B}}(F) = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{bmatrix}$ $|\lambda_i| = 1$.

D-d F ma wellter wany by all it, bso: Il by II=1.

Well W = Lim (by): F- mer men no ne.

jak w Lemane 12.2: With ter F-niermennier Al IM

Flyt ma wartoid when he i welder when to edde 2

i lize=1

Znordense Znaj dyeny W= W, OW.20-.. OWu tre Wi: porrami 1 $F[W_{\tilde{i}}] \subseteq W_{\hat{i}}$. Prestren sprograma (cluatre) jerne var V: p. lindown /R mo V = Hom (V, IR) dim V=n prestron oprisione (dualre) de V. B = { b, ..., b, 9 = V baza => B* = { b*, ..., b, * 9 = V * bara oprisione do B ducha bi : V→IR bit (bj) = Sij delle Diraca $b_i^*(\geq t_j l_j) = t_i$ Uwaga 12.8. Izomorfism $\bar{D}: V \longrightarrow V^*$ tak, ale:

(bi: 1 > bi*

($\bar{D}(Zt_i:b_i) = \bar{Z}t_i:b_i^*$)

(zalery al wybom bary \bar{B}).

$V^{**} = (V^*)^* = Hom(V^*, R).$
Falit 12.9. Istmese $\varphi: V \longrightarrow V \times Kanoniumy$ monomorphism himory. (me zalevy) Ody dim $V < \infty$, to $\varphi: izamorpism.$ od nyboarbazy)
D-d $V \ni v \mapsto \varphi(v) : V^* \longrightarrow R$ $\varphi(v)(f) := f(v).$ • φ linear $\varphi : V \longrightarrow V^{**}$ • $\varphi : 1-1 : \text{ Ner } \varphi : \varphi(v) = D \in V^{**}$
tzn: $\forall f \in V^*$ $\mathcal{J}(\omega)(f) = f(\omega) = 0$ $v = 0.$
Kategone: "strathour spojnene na matematylig (i nue ty (ho).
Kategoria A: (1) blasa drebter Ob(A) (np: prestneme Winowe/R)

(2) dla hardych A, B & Ob CA)

Zbidno Mar (A, B) "marfizmy z A do B (up: Hom (A, B) prestreme li morroe) (3) Odurarowanie Mor(B,C) x Mor(A,B)-(shtadanie (Notagia) Mov(A, C) feMor(A,B) duagram: $\begin{pmatrix}
A & \xrightarrow{f} & B \\
f:A & \longrightarrow B
\end{pmatrix}$ A -3-+>C f Bg spermaise nastspuisce ausjonaty: KATI. Mor (A,B)n Mor(A', B') = Ø, Chyba ise A=A', B=B' Hzn. gdy f& Mor (A, B), to f pamieta A i B tre feMor(A,B) (inacrej dnedrina kodrædrina nvi u teorvi f mnogosa') KAT2. YA € Ob(A) ∃idA ∈ Mor(A, A) $\forall B, C \in Ob(A)$ (morfizm identyinnosaouy) YgeMov(B,A) the Mor(A,C) (idAog=gihoidA=h) B 3 AA h KAT3: o jest Tanne: f. (g.h)=(f.g).h (gdy f,g,h & Mor(A) o adponed with duedronah i kodnedrinad) Mor(A) = O Mor(A,B)A, 8+06(A) Pnyllady,

1. Set: kategorie zbjordu Ob(Set): zbrong Mor(A,B) = {funlige: A ->B} (pamestarious AiB) o: shtadanie funkcji.

2. Veet_{IR}: kategorie prestreni linvowych /IR. drebty: prestreme limoure //R massirmy: prehatatience linvoure V->W,

3. $A: Ob(A) = \{ * \}$ Al I/M $Mor(A) = S_n = \{ pernutage linb \\ 1,...,n \}.$ 0: shtadaire funligi.

Mategorii A, nigwając o moine zdefinować mono auto – merfizm. epio izo

Def. (1) f: endomorfizm, gdy f & Mor(A, A)

dla pewrego A & Ob(A)

(2) f & Mor(A, B) jest izomorfizm, gdy:

= 0.5 M (R D) (R S) i Penzid

Ig & Mor (B, A) (g of = id i f og = id)

Odvrorowania misdry kategorianni: funktory (kontravariantne, kowaniantne).

Def. F: A -> B funditor howeriantyry,
gdy

- (1) F: Ob(A) -> Ob(B) funkýa
- (2) Dla haidych A, B&Ob(A), F:Mor(A,B) -> Mor(F(A), F(B)) t. ie:

Al I/11

FUN1. YA & Ob(A)

 $F(id_A) = id_{F(A)}$

FUN2. Jesti WA:

to w 3:

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
f & B & g \\
A & \longrightarrow & C
\end{array}$$

$$F(f) = F(g)$$

$$F(g) = F(g)$$

$$F(g) = F(g)$$

 $tzn: F(g \circ f) = F(g) \circ F(f)$

Funditor F hontrawariantmy;

zambest (2): (21):

F: Mor (A, B) -- Mor (F(B), F(A))

(Odwraca hemnel strateh)

FUN1: bezzmican

FUN21:

trn: F(g.f)=F(f).F(g)