

Fall 2017

CSCI 0360 Introduction to Statistics with R

Assignment weight: 100 points

Assignment 4 - Advanced Data Visualization

1. Save your R script file using the following format: **assignment4_lastnameFirstname.R**
2. Use comments to display your name and the assignment number at the top of the script file.
3. Create a vector called **dayvec** that contains the following values: **3, 7, 8, 15, 20, 22, 25**.
4. Use the **pie()** function to create a pie chart for **dayvec**, do not set any of the parameters.
5. Use the **pie()** function again to create a pie chart for **dayvec**, but this time set the following parameters:
Chart Title: "Days of the week"
Color: `rainbow(length(dayvec))`
Labels: "Mon", "Tue", "Wed", "Thu", "Fri", "Sat", "Sun"
6. Create a **chartcolors** vector with the following colors: "green", "yellow", "orange", "red", "hotpink", "purple", "blue"
7. Calculate the percentage for each day, using one decimal place:
`percentlabels <- round(100*dayvec/sum(dayvec), 1)`
8. Add a '%' sign to each percentage value using the paste command.
`piechartlabels <- paste(percentlabels, "%", sep="")`
9. Create a pie chart for **dayvec** using the **pie()** function with the following parameters:
Chart Title: "Improved Pie Chart"
Color: set the color to the **chartcolors** vector you created in step 6.
Labels: set the labels to the **piechartlabels** vector you created in step 8.
10. Create a legend for the pie chart using the following command:
`legend("topright", days, fill=chartcolors, cex=0.5)`
11. Create a vector called **ogivevec** containing the following values:
6, 10, 10, 17, 7, 12, 7, 11, 6, 16, 3, 8, 13, 8, 7, 12, 6, 5, 10, 9

12. Create a histogram of **ogivevec** using the `hist()` function. Assign the histogram to a variable called **ogivehist**.
13. Replace the cell freq.s by cumulative freq.s using the following command:
`ogivehist$counts <- cumsum(ogivehist$counts)`
14. Plot a cumulative histogram of **ogivehist** using the **plot()** function.
15. Create a scatterplot of **ogivevec** using the following command:
`plot(sort(ogivevec), 1:length(ogivevec))` # plot rank on value of ogivevec
16. Create a stem and leaf plot for the **islands** dataset using the function **stem()**.
17. Create a stem and leaf plot for the **weight** variable of the **ChickWeight** dataset using the **stem()** function with following parameters:
scale = 2
width = 100
18. Create a box-whisker plot for the **mpg** variable of the **mtcars** dataset using the **boxplot()** function.
19. Create a box-whisker plot for the **Temp** variable of the **airquality** dataset using the **boxplot()** function with the following parameters:
Chart Title: "Maximum daily temperature"
X-Axis Label: "Degrees"
Y-Axis Label: "Temp"
Color: "orange"
border = "brown"
horizontal = TRUE
notch = TRUE
20. Upload the script file to Blackboard under Assignment 4.