

Programming Assignment 6 Searching / Sorting

Due Date : Monday November 16th , 2020
No Later Than @ 11:15 am

Problem:

Write a C++ program that does the following :

Accepts a **positive integer** (*n*) from the keyboard . **Create an character array** of size *n*. Using a random number generator, populate the array with characters between 50 – 150. Create 7 individual functions and perform the following

1. In the first function: display elements of the array. Display the first 20 elements If the size is > 20
2. In the second function : Search for the char (80) in the array using **sequential search** and at the end display number of comparisons it makes.
3. In the third function : Sort the original array using **selection Sort** and at the end display the number of swaps it makes.
4. In the fourth function : Sort the original array using **insertion Sort** and at the end display the number of comparisons it makes.
5. In the fifth function : Sort the original array using **Quick Sort** and at the end display the number of recursion calls it makes. Use the next to the middle value as a pivot value.
6. In the sixth function : Sort the original array using **Quick Sort** and at the end display the number of recursion calls it makes. Use the first value as a pivot value. Display elements of the array.
7. In the last function : Sort the original array using **Quick Sort** and at the end display the number of recursion calls it makes. Use the last value as a pivot value. Display elements of the array.

8. For each of the preceding steps (2 thru 7), calculate and print the CPU time before each step starts and after each completed step then calculate actual time for the completion of each step. Time should be displayed in seconds and milliseconds Display elements of the array. Display the first 20 elements If the size is > 20

NOTES:

- Just one .cpp file with at least 7 individual functions (prototypes and definitions) plus main for testing.
- Do not use classes, structures , templates
- Do not use any global variables / global arrays or vector arrays.
- Validations on the size of the array.
- Do not use any sort library that is available with CodeBlocks or any other IDE.

Style Guidelines:

At the beginning of your program (and **before** the #include statement), include the following :

Header comments (file documentation block) should be at the top of each file and should contain: Author / s, Due Date, Assignment Number, Course number and section, Instructor, and a brief description of the purpose of the code in the file. For example :

```
//  Author : (Your name here!!)

//  Due Date :
//
//  Programming Assignment Number 6
//
//  Fall 2020 - CS 3358 - Your Section Number
//
//  Instructor:  Husain Gholoom.
//
//  <Brief description of the purpose of the program>
```

Variable names :

- Must be meaningful.
- The initial letter should be lowercase, following words should be capitalized, no other caps or punctuation (i.e. `weightInPounds`).
- Each variable must be declared on a separate line with a descriptive comment.

Named constants :

- Use for most numeric literals.
- All capitals with underscores (i.e. `TX_STATE_SALES_TAX`)
- Should occur at top of function, or global (only if necessary)

Line length of source code should be no longer than 80 characters (no wrapping of lines).

Indentation :

- Use 2-4 spaces (but be consistent throughout your program).
- Indent blocks, within blocks, etc.
- Use blank lines to separate sections.

Comments for variables :

All variable definitions should be commented as follows:

```
int gender; // integer value for the gender,  
           // 1 = Male , 2 = Female ,
```

Rules : In order to get a full mark :

1. Your program **must compile** and run. We will test your program Code::Blocks version 17.12 for windows..
2. Your program must be **documented according the style above . See the website for the sample programming style program.**
3. Must **use** at least **7 functions (prototypes and definitions) for all searching / sorting and other functions of this program.** No menu selections are used.
4. You must use the appropriate libraries in writing this program.
5. Must properly format the output . Sample is provided .
6. You must name your program as :

- **LastName_FirstName_F20_3358_7_PG6.cpp**

Where LastName is your Last Name and FirstName is your First Name.

For example , the file name should look something like :

Gholoom_Husain_F20_3358_7_PG6.cpp (not .cbp)

7. Everyone must upload the electronic version of the program no later than 11:15 am on the due date. **No late assignments will be accepted. No extensions will be given. DO NOT** send your assignment solution via email.

Use Canvas To upload your program .

The following points will be deducted if :

- Incorrect file format such as uploading .cbp instead of .cpp , missing electronic copy , using .h and .cpp files , Compilation Errors , Using global variables, global or fixed size arrays , Using global vectors or dynamic arrays, using classes or structures ... etc **(- 10 points)**
- Other **(at least 1.25 point each)** :
 - Logical Errors
 - Incorrect program file name.
 - Incorrect output format.
 - Incorrect Style **such as but not limited to** Missing title , footer , comments or program documentations ,missing section number, missing function prototypes, not replacing my name with your name ... etc

Sample run:

Searching / Sorting Benchmark

Using a random number generator, we are creating an array of n elements of type integer then performing the following :

1. Displaying the first 20 numbers.
2. Searching for an element in the array using **sequential search** and at the end displaying number of comparisons it makes.
3. Sort the original array using **Selection** Sort and at the end display the number of swaps it makes.
4. Sorting the array using **insertion** Sort and at the end displaying the number of comparisons it makes.
5. Sorting the array using **Quick** Sort and at the end displaying the number of recursion calls it makes. Using the next to the middle value as a pivot value.
6. Sorting the same array using **Quick** Sort and at the end displaying the number of recursion calls it makes. Using the first value as a pivot value.
7. Sorting the same array using **Quick** Sort and at the end displaying the number of recursion calls it makes. Using the last value as a pivot value.
8. For each of the preceding steps (2 thru 7), calculating and printing the CPU time before each step starts and after each completed step then calculating actual CPU time for the completion of each step.

Enter the size of the array : 6

Array elements are : 55 123 77 95 88 139

Sequential Search**Searching for 80****80 Was Not found.****Start Time :****End Time :****Actual CPU Clock time :****Total Number of Comparisons :****Array Elements :****Selection Sort :****Start Time : xxxxxxxxx****End Time : xxxxxxxxx****Actual CPU Clock time : xxxxxx****Total Number of Swaps : xxxxxx****Sorted Elements :****Insertion Sort :****Start Time : xxxxxxxxx****End Time : xxxxxxxxx****Actual CPU Clock time : xxxxxx****Total Number of Comparisons : xxxxxx****Sorted Elements :****Quick Sort - Next to the middle element as a pivot :****Start Time : xxxxxxxxx****End Time : xxxxxxxxx****Actual CPU Clock time : xxxxxx****Total Number of Recursive Calls : xxxxxxxxx****Sorted Elements :**

Quick Sort - First element as a pivot :

Start Time : xxxxxxxxx
End Time : xxxxxxxxx
Actual CPU Clock time : xxxxxx
Total Number of Recursive Calls : xxxxxxxxx
Sorted Elements :

Quick Sort - last element as a pivot :

Start Time : xxxxxxxxx
End Time : xxxxxxxxx
Actual CPU Clock time : xxxxxx
Total Number of Recursive Calls : xxxxxxxxx
Sorted Elements :

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Benchmark Algorithm

Sample run:

Searching / Sorting Benchmark

Using a random number generator, we are creating an array of n elements of type char then performing the following :

1. Displaying the first 20 characters.
2. Searching for an element in the array using **sequential search** and at the end displaying number of comparisons it makes.
3. Sort the original array using **selection** Sort and at the end display the number of swaps it makes.
4. Sorting the array using **insertion** Sort and at the end displaying the number of comparisons it makes.
5. Sorting the array using **Quick** Sort and at the end displaying the number of recursion calls it makes. Using the next to the middle value as a pivot value.
6. Sorting the same array using **Quick** Sort and at the end displaying the number of recursion calls it makes. Using the first value as a pivot value.
7. Sorting the same array using **Quick** Sort and at the end displaying the number of recursion calls it makes. Using the last value as a pivot value.
8. For each of the preceding steps (2 thru 7), calculating and printing the CPU time before each step starts and after each completed step then calculating actual CPU time for the completion of each step.

Enter the size of the array : a

*** Error - Invalid input - Size must be > 0 ***

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Benchmark Algorithm

Sample run:

Searching / Sorting Benchmark

Using a random number generator, we are creating an array of n elements of type char then performing the following :

1. Displaying the first 20 numbers.
2. Using **recursion**, Searching for an element in the array using **sequential search** and at the end displaying number of comparisons it makes.
3. Sort the original array using **selection** Sort and at the end display the number of swaps it makes.
4. Sorting the array using **insertion** Sort and at the end displaying the number of comparisons it makes.
5. Sorting the array using **Quick** Sort and at the end displaying the number of recursion calls it makes. Using the next to the middle value as a pivot value.
6. Sorting the same array using **Quick** Sort and at the end displaying the number of recursion calls it makes. Using the first value as a pivot value.
7. Sorting the same array using **Quick** Sort and at the end displaying the number of recursion calls it makes. Using the last value as a pivot value.
8. For each of the preceding steps (2 thru 7), calculating and printing the CPU time before each step starts and after each completed step then calculating actual CPU time for the completion of each step.

Enter the size of the array : -1

*** Error - Invalid input - Size must be > 0 ***

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Benchmark Algorithm