Latent Variable Multivariate Mixed-type Response Regression

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Installation

The package can be installed from GitHub, using devtools.

```
# Currently private repository
# devtools::install_github("koekvall/lummrPQL")
```

Notation

The matrix of responses, Y, has n rows and r columns. The matrix of predictors, X, has nr rows and p columns; the first r rows of X are the design matrix for the r responses in the first row of Y, the next r rows of X are the design matrix for the second row of Y, and so on. Thus, $\text{texttt}\{\text{matrix}(X \%*\% \text{ Beta, nrow} = n, \text{ncol} = r, \text{byrow} = \text{TRUE})\}$ gives an $n \times r$ matrix whose ith row is the mean of the ith latent vector.

Example with normal responses

```
set.seed(4)
n <- 100
type <- rep(1, 2) # Only normal responses
r <- length(type)
# Each observation has its own intercept
X <- Matrix::kronecker(rep(1, n), diag(r))</pre>
Beta_true <- (1:r) / r
# Variance parameters, psi treated as known
Sigma_true \leftarrow 0.5^abs(outer(1:r, 1:r, FUN = "-"))
psi_true \leftarrow rep(0.5, r)
Y <- lvmmrPQL::generate_lvmmr(X = X, Beta = Beta_true, R = chol(Sigma_true),
                     type = type, psi = psi_true)
# No restrictions with normal responses
M <- matrix(NA, r, r)</pre>
# Compute MLEs
fit_MLE \leftarrow lm(Y \sim 1)
Beta_MLE <- c(coef(fit_MLE))</pre>
Sigma_MLE <- crossprod(residuals(fit_MLE)) / n - diag(psi_true)</pre>
# Does MLE exist? That is, is maximizer PD?
min(eigen(Sigma_MLE)$values)
```

[1] 0.6828132

```
# Skip W update; obj. fun, does not depend on W with mult. norm. resp.
# MLE of Beta does not depend on Sigma, so expect correct MLE for Beta
# regardless of whether algorithm finds MLE of Sigma.
fit <- lvmmrPQL::lvmmr_PQL(Y = Y, X = X, type = type, M = M,
                           relative = T,
                           quiet = c(F, T, T, T),
                           maxit = c(100, 100, 500, 0),
                           tol = c(1e-12, 1e-8, 1e-12, 1e-8),
                           psi = psi_true,
                           pgd = TRUE) # Fast and accurate for both pqd = T / F
## Change in parameters: 918.4455
## Change in parameters: 1.381737e-07
## Change in parameters: 3.424085e-12
## Change in parameters: 4.829968e-16
# Difference to MLEs
fit$Beta - Beta_MLE
##
## 5.551115e-16 -1.110223e-15
fit$Sigma - Sigma_MLE
##
                 [,1]
                               [,2]
## [1,] 8.256303e-08 -6.656699e-09
## [2,] -6.656699e-09 -5.752276e-08
# With MLE as starting value
fit <- lvmmrPQL::lvmmr_PQL(Y = Y, X = X, type = type, M = M,
                           relative = T,
                           quiet = c(F, T, T, T),
                           maxit = c(100, 100, 500, 0),
                           tol = c(1e-12, 1e-8, 1e-12, 1e-8),
                           pgd = FALSE,
                           Beta = Beta_MLE,
                           Sigma = Sigma_MLE,
                           psi = psi_true)
## Change in parameters: 1.207492e-16
fit$iter
## [1] 1
# Difference to MLEs
fit$Beta - Beta_MLE
## 1.110223e-16 0.000000e+00
fit$Sigma - Sigma_MLE
##
                 [,1]
                               [,2]
## [1,] 0.000000e+00 -1.110223e-16
## [2,] -1.110223e-16 0.000000e+00
# See that objective is correct
D1 <- t(lvmmrPQL:::get_cumulant_diffs(t(fit$W), type, 1))
```

Example with mixed-type responses

```
set.seed(4)
n <- 1000
type \leftarrow c(1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3)
r <- length(type)
# Each observation has an intercept and one uniform predictor (SUR)
X <- as.matrix(Matrix::KhatriRao(matrix(runif(n * r, -1, 1), n, r),</pre>
                                   diag(1, r)))
X <- cbind(Matrix::kronecker(rep(1, n), diag(r)), X)</pre>
Beta_true <- c(1:(2 * r)) / (2 * r)
# Variance parameters, psi treated as known
Sigma_true <- matrix(0.9, r, r)</pre>
diag(Sigma_true) <- 1</pre>
psi_true <- rep(1, r)</pre>
psi_true[type == "2"] <- 1 # Bernoulli does not suppose psi</pre>
Y <- lvmmrPQL::generate_lvmmr(X = X, Beta = Beta_true, R = chol(Sigma_true),
                     type = type, psi = psi_true)
# No restrictions with normal and Poisson responses
M <- matrix(NA, r, r)</pre>
diag(M)[type == 2] <- 1
fit_trust <- lvmmrPQL::lvmmr_PQL(Y = Y, X = X, type = type, M = M,
                             relative = FALSE,
                             quiet = c(F, T, T, T),
```

```
maxit = c(50, 100, 500, 100),
                            tol = c(1e-5, 1e-7, 1e-10, 1e-8),
                            psi = psi_true,
                            pgd = FALSE,
                            Beta = Beta_true)
## Change in parameters: 4.377447
## Change in parameters: 3.771977
## Change in parameters: 0.1269841
## Change in parameters: 0.06062333
## Change in parameters: 0.006096987
## Change in parameters: 0.001164503
## Change in parameters: 0.000301941
## Change in parameters: 1.260033e-05
## Change in parameters: 8.549044e-06
# Use starting values
fit_pgd <- lvmmrPQL::lvmmr_PQL(Y = Y, X = X, type = type, M = M,
                           relative = FALSE,
                            quiet = c(F, T, T, T),
                            maxit = c(50, 100, 500, 100),
                            tol = c(1e-5, 1e-7, 1e-10, 1e-8),
                            psi = psi_true,
                            pgd = TRUE,
                            Beta = fit_trust$Beta,
                            Sigma = fit_trust$Sigma,
                            W = fit_trust$W)
## Change in parameters: 0.04735362
## Change in parameters: 0.001653916
## Change in parameters: 0.0005094483
## Change in parameters: 2.213558e-05
## Change in parameters: 6.681294e-05
## Change in parameters: 5.035126e-06
# Predict
n_pred <- 1e4
X_new <- as.matrix(Matrix::KhatriRao(matrix(runif(n_pred * r, -1, 1), n_pred, r),</pre>
                                  diag(1, r)))
X_new <- cbind(Matrix::kronecker(rep(1, n_pred), diag(r)), X_new)</pre>
Y_new <- lvmmrPQL::generate_lvmmr(X = X_new, Beta = Beta_true, R = chol(Sigma_true),
                    type = type, psi = psi_true)
Beta_GLM <- matrix(0, 2, r)</pre>
for(jj in 1:r){
   fam <- c("gaussian", "binomial", "poisson")[type[jj]]</pre>
   Beta_GLM[, jj] = coef(glm(Y[, jj] \sim 0 + X[seq(jj, nrow(X), by = r),
                                              c(jj, r + jj), family = fam))
Beta_GLM <- c(Beta_GLM)</pre>
Xb_GLM <- matrix(X_new %*% Beta_GLM, nrow = n_pred, ncol = r, byrow = T)</pre>
pred_GLM <- t(lvmmrPQL:::get_cumulant_diffs(t(Xb_GLM), type, 1))</pre>
```

```
# We win (sometimes and often small).
RMSE <- rbind(sqrt(colMeans((Y_new - lvmmrPQL::predict_lvmmr(X = X_new,</pre>
                                           Beta = fit_trust$Beta,
                                           sigma = sqrt(diag(fit_trust$Sigma)),
                                           type = type,
                                           num_nodes = 15))^2)),
      sqrt(colMeans((Y_new - lvmmrPQL::predict_lvmmr(X = X_new,
                                           Beta = fit_pgd$Beta,
                                           sigma = sqrt(diag(fit_pgd$Sigma)),
                                           type = type,
                                           num_nodes = 15))^2)),
sqrt(colMeans((Y_new - pred_GLM)^2)))
rownames(RMSE) <- c("Trust region", "PGD", "GLM")</pre>
RMSE
##
                     [,1]
                              [,2]
                                        [,3]
                                                   [,4]
                                                                     [,6]
                                                            [,5]
## Trust region 1.413051 1.410204 0.4906523 0.4870166 4.574856 4.930073
                1.413054 1.410197 0.4906320 0.4870176 4.573034 4.928758
                1.425876 1.447995 0.4920662 0.4942357 4.832948 5.061954
## GLM
```