5.11 Week 5 Homework Quiz



Kevin Offemaria (username: offemakp)

Attempt 8

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Submission View

Your quiz has been submitted successfully.

Question 1 10 / 10 points

Consider this propositional logic statement. Assume that '~' is negation. Select all statements below that are true.

$$\sim_y V \sim_u V \sim_s V q$$

- The statement is a Horn clause
- The statement is a definite clause
- The statement is logically equivalent to

$$\sim_{\mathsf{y}} \mathsf{V} \sim_{\mathsf{u}} \mathsf{V} \sim_{\mathsf{s}} \rightarrow \mathsf{q}$$

The statement is logically equivalent to

$$\sim_{\rm y} \land \sim_{\rm u} \land \sim_{\rm s} \rightarrow_{\rm q}$$

The statement is logically equivalent to

$$y \wedge u \wedge s \rightarrow q$$

The statement is logically equivalent to

Question 2 10 / 10 points

Select all inferences that are valid logical inferences, where the clause below the line follows from the clause(s) above the line.

- $\frac{p \land \sim q \to s, p \land \sim q}{s \lor r}$
- $\begin{array}{c}
 \underline{p \land \sim q \rightarrow s, p \land \sim q} \\
 s
 \end{array}$
- $\frac{p \wedge \sim q \wedge r}{p \wedge r}$

Question 3 10 / 10 points

Consider the propositional knowledge base, KB, from which you are to prove ($t \land p$) by contradiction using resolution (resolution refutation). KB is given immediately below. Select all statements that are true.

 $p \ V \sim_q V \sim_r$

 $\sim_y V \sim_u V \sim_s V q$

 $\sim_{X} V_{r}$

 $\sim q \ V \ t \ V \sim_X$

 $_{u}\ \text{V}\ \sim_{W}$

 $_z$ $V \sim m$

 \sim_{W} \bigvee y \bigvee \sim_{X}

S

W

 \mathbf{X}

A necessary step in a proof would be to resolve (~t v ~p) with another clause.
A necessary step in a proof would be to resolve ($t \land p$) with another clause.
A necessary step in a proof would be to resolve (~t \land ~p) with another clause.
The <i>very first resolution</i> of a proof, as dictated above, must be to resolve ($\sim q \lor t \lor \sim x$) with another clause.
A proof, as dictated above, will be greater than 5 steps (where the last step results in { }, a contradiction)

Question 4 13 / 14 points

Which of the following statements are true?

Creating a machine that thinks like a human is definitional of the field of artificial intelligence
Anytime search continues to search for solutions after finding the first solution
The most challenging task environments for AI are fully observable, single agent, deterministic, episodic, and discrete.
The runtime cost of a depth-bounded depth-first search is $O(B^*D)$, where B is the branching factor and D is the depth bound
Macro operators are guaranteed of reducing search costs because their use reduces the effective depth of search
Increased heuristic accuracy effects search costs by reducing the effective branching factor of search
Logical state estimation is the process of updating the belief state as new percepts arrive
WalkSAT conducts an iterative deepening depth first search in pursuit of a proof of satisfiability
Modus Ponens is the sole basis of a complete inference algorithm when paired with iterative deepening
The path between a start state and a descendant state M can be recovered through M's SearchNode parent link, and subsequent ancestor links this mitigates redundancy in path storage
Nondeterministic algorithms can be slow due to search, but they can be elegant and simply stated too, and machine learning can speed them up
Heuristic admissibility applies straightforwardly to utility-driven search
The generalized arc consistency (GAC) procedure is guaranteed to find one or more solutions to any n-ary constraint satisfaction problems
In contrast to offline search, online search interleaves computation and action

Attempt Score: 97.73%

Overall Grade (last attempt): 89.14 %