

# Computer Software

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In this lecture, we talk about computer software.

A computer software is basically a set of instructions telling the computer what to do.

It is also known as computer programs.

Comparing to hardware, which you can touch and see, software is invisible, mostly

why it has the name software.

Without software, a computer is useless.

Just like a vehicle,

with no gasoline, you cannot run the vehicle.

Again, it is a diagram

showing the structure of a computer system.

At the bottom, we have the hardware,

at the top, we have users.

In between users and hardware, we have software.

We have application software and

system software in these layers.

They are the software that we use to

drive hardware to do different tasks.

Nowadays, software is everywhere.

Microsoft Windows, which is an

operating system is a piece of software.

Photoshop, which you can use to

manipulate photos is another piece of software.

Google Docs is also a piece of software.

PowerPoint that we use to create

all the slides is another piece of software.

Computer software basically we can

classify them into three different types.

The system software, program's

software, and application software.

We will talk about them one by one.

So system software includes the operating system,

which governs all computer resources.

Device drivers, which control

all devices connected to the system.

Utilities, which manage resources in the computer.

For example, creating a file or deleting a file.

Most details of our system software

will be provided in the next lecture.

Programming software are software used

by programmers to create new software.

Programmers use it to design and develop

all of instructions for special purposes.

Basically, programmers use

human understandable source code or languages,

which will be translated or

compiled into machine codes by

programming software package called

Integrated Development Environment, IDE.

An example of IDE includes Microsoft Visual Studio,

Apple Xcode, and Eclipse.

There are some of the popular programming languages

that we use for creating programs.

For example, for developing executable programs we use C,

C++, Java, Visual Basic,

Python, Perl, or Ruby.

For developing dynamic websites or web applications,

we may use JavaScript or PHP.

Next, we talk about application software.

Basically, application software are created to the users,

and it allows you to you have

the purpose for which you actually buy the computer.

For example, social networking.

For example, using Facebook, playing games,

surfing the Internet, looking on assignments,

listening to music, organizing your photos.

They all require different software

applications on your computer.

One type of application software,

we call it productivity software.

We use it to create documents,

spreadsheets, and presentations.

So for the popular productivity software,

it includes Microsoft Office,

which is all the most globally popular.

The LibreOffice, which is free of charge.

If you're using Mac,

then you may use the Apple iWork.

Software for document presentation,

they are commonly known as Word Processor.

Any presentation software we

call the What You See Is What You Get

Get interface to edit and preview a document.

It also allows automatic formatting of a document.

For example, changing the style, numbering header,

footer, and page numbers,

and creating table of contents.

It also allows document tracking for collaboration.

It tracks changes and

comments from different users using different colors.

It also tracks the date and time for the comments.

Common example for word processor

includes Microsoft Word,

LibreOffice Writer, and also the Google Docs.

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Another type of productivity software

is the Spreadsheet software.

It simulates a paper accounting worksheet

with a grid of cells.

It allows automatic calculation

of complex aggregation functions.

For example, summation, average, max, and min.

It allows data filtering to view viewing and sorting.

It also allows creation of different forms of charts.

For example, pie chart or bar chart.

Common examples include Microsoft Excel,

LibreOffice Calc, Google Documents, and Google Forms.

Another type of productivity software

is software for preparing presentations.  
It allows the creation of slides for presentation.  
Usually, we see in overhead LCD projector.  
So it allows easy editing of slides with visual aids.  
For example, bullet points,  
containing of tables, diagrams,  
images and videos, tables or charts,  
and animations and transitions.  
So common examples include Microsoft PowerPoint,  
LibreOffice Impress, and Google documents.  
Different software writers produce different file formats.  
They are usually incompatible  
between different writers or different companies.  
The popular Microsoft Office has  
two incompatible versions in use.  
Office 2003 and before,  
we're using one version,  
and Office 2007 and after,  
we are using another version.  
You can see the difference  
in the way windows have the extensions.  
Due to the incompatibility of different file formats,  
confusion may arise in document exchange when you  
exchange the documents with different users.  
The solution is to use what we call  
the Portable Document Format, the PDF.  
PDF was created by a company called Adobe in 1993.  
It's designed for printing and  
in the text documents.  
It's printing view of a document.  
It can include text in different languages,  
various fonts, and images.  
Normally, you cannot make changes to  
a PDF file as it's good for document distribution.  
It can be produced by most of the productivity software.  
The most popular PDF viewing software is Adobe Reader.  
So apart from  
the productivity software for creating documents,  
spreadsheets, and presentations, there are  
also other productivity software for desktop computers.  
For example, Equation Editor, database manager,  
desktop publisher, project manager, diagram,  
and flowchart creator,  
and also e-mail, and information manager.  
They are different special purposes.  
So because of the popularity of the Internet,  
the same set of productivity tools are  
available based on the idea of Cloud computing.  
So they are not as powerful as  
the desktop version but at lower costs.  
They provide better features on  
collaboration and sharing of work and documents.  
For example, version control.  
So there's no confusion on file format compatibility.  
Examples include Google Docs  
and Microsoft Office in the Cloud.  
So we also have what we call the Internet software  
to access different features of the Internet.  
They include the web browser  
to browse the Internet for example,  
Internet Explorer,  
the Mozilla Firefox, and Google Chrome.  
We also have the email clients for receiving  
e-mails examples include  
Outlook Express, Mozilla Thunderbird.  
We also have software for  
instant messaging for example, Skype,  
Facebook messenger, and WhatsApp.  
So with the abundant availability  
of multimedia files (audio,  
video) are available for  
receiving and sharing your image files,  
video files, and audio files.  
For example, you can use iTunes  
and iPhoto for managing your photos.  
You can use Windows Media Player  
for your music and videos,  
and you can use ITunes for your music files.  
For more advanced multimedia production,  
that means that you wanted to create or manipulate  
your video files, your audio files,  
and your image files,  
you can use for example PhotoShop,  
Adobe Illustrator, or GIMP for manipulating your photos.  
For animation and videos,  
you can use Adobe Flash,  
Adobe Premiere Pro, and Moviemaker.  
For music, you can use Apple GarageBand or Audacity.  
So software for games.  
Let me say, you want to play video  
games on your computer.  
you can have game programs.  
That means, that you have downloaded and installed  
the game programs on your computer.  
And then you can install/ play the game.  
You can have emulator programs that allow you to  
emulate another gaming console and run games on it.  
You can also have browser games which you can play  
directly from a website  
without installing the game on your computer.  
So online software, they're often called  
web applications and they are  
accessible over the Internet through web browsers.  
For a good example is the Google search engine.  
If you want to Google something,  
you just open up your browser,  
type in some google.com, go to the website then,  
and from there use the service from.  
The good thing about web applications is  
that there is no installation required.  
So we can use it on any machine  
with Internet connection and browser.  
So data are stored on the server side and  
most of the calculations they're done on the server side.  
Since most of the things are done on the server side,  
the good thing about the web applications is that,  
it requires less computing power on the client side.  
So they are usually available at low or  
even no cost because they're supported by advertisement.  
But of course, in case where  
you're putting things online,  
there are always security and privacy concerns.  
So portable software, they are on  
more and more public computers  
available in public places.  
For example, libraries, coffee shops,  
hotels, campus computer labs, at airports.  
Software installed on this public computers,  
are usually limited and sometimes  
people may want to use their own customized set  
of software on this public computers.  
So to resolve the problem,  
we have something called the portable software,  
that can be stored in  
a USB flash drive and can be used without installation.  
So examples of portable software  
include Google Chrome portable and GIMP portable.  
So a piece of software may not  
suit the needs of everyone.  
Some software allows installation of extensions or  
plugins or add-ons for many customizations of features.  
This is extremely popular.  
It's web browsers for example, Google Chrome.  
So people can develop extensions  
for extra features that suit their own needs.  
Examples include AdBlock for Google Chrome.  
This will block all the ads on the webpage,  
recommended for GIMP and  
Google Toolbar for more advanced searching.  
So with the increasing popularity of smartphones,  
I guess all we're seeing smartphones everywhere.  
There is new type of software known as  
apps or mobile platforms.  
So they allowed you to do virtually anything on  
your mobile phone and  
the price are usually lower than the desktop version.  
If you are using Android phone,  
you can download your apps from Google Play.  
If you are using iPhone,

When you can download your apps from Apple App Store.  
So once you purchase an app.  
Essentially, belonging to your account and it can be  
synchronized across several mobile platforms.  
For example iPhone and iPad.  
To understand the user experience,  
there are five options to be set which  
may cover some privacy and security issues,  
especially when you're taking  
about taking your mobile phone online.  
When you put something online and there's  
always some privacy or security issues.  
Some of the apps, they may have  
access to your address book, calendar,  
notes, and some other information,  
or private information that you  
store on your mobile phone.  
So make sure that the apps are safe before you use them.  
So for HUGUST we have a mobile app called HUGUST.  
You can easily get it from Google Play or  
App Store by searching for HUGUST.  
Using this app, you can get lots of  
important information about UST.  
For example, you can get  
the campus map from this app and you can  
also get information about the courses  
that you can take at UST from this app.  
We may have specific purpose software for special users.  
For example, we may use surveillance software  
for the Science and Engineering Community.  
For financial institutions and banks,  
they're using financial software.  
We may also use mobile software for different shops.  
For example, a point of sale or  
a POS software is  
needed for taking care to business of a shop.  
So we also have another type of software which is  
called the malicious software or malware.  
So for malware, is this the kind of  
application software is the developer  
of the malware? Yes, it is.  
Because they have different malicious intentions  
and usually malware are without user's consent.  
Malware usually brings undesirable results.  
For example, the deletion of important data,  
the misuse of computer resources  
and also the leak of private information.  
So there are different types of malicious software.  
The most common ones are the viruses.  
I guess most of you have heard about it.  
They would infect some executable software on  
your computer and by turning  
the infected executable software,  
it will spread the virus to other  
executable software which will make  
your computer either useless or  
steal some of the important files on your computer.  
Another type is the Trojan horse.  
They're usually bundled with  
desirable software and they will cause  
hidden damages or particular security holes  
and they are really really difficult to detect.  
The last type is the spyware.  
From the name should know that,  
someone would gather information from  
computer users for creator's profit.  
Because there are too many malicious software,  
so that's why we have the antivirus software  
which will prevent,  
detect, and remove malware.  
It requires virus definition updates  
frequently because new malware comes out  
every day and the antivirus software vendor  
will update virus definition frequently.  
For HUGUST members, there is  
a free antivirus software  
that you can download at this web page.  
If you don't have an antivirus software on your computer,  
I really recommend that you go to this web page,  
download the software, install it, and then use it.