```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.metrics import adjusted_rand_score
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
```

## 7.

```
# DATA GENERATOR
dim = 9
def data_generator (seed,n ,dim ) :
   mu1 = [1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
   mu2 = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1]
   mu3 = [0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0]
   0.1 ] )
   1 ] )
   sigma3 = np.diag ([0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 1, 1, 1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1])
] )
   np.random.seed( seed )
   rand int = np.random.choice ([1, 2, 3], size = n)
   unique values , counts = np.unique ( rand int , return counts =
True )
   datapoints = np.zeros (( 0 , dim ) )
   labels = np.array ( [ ] )
   for i , ( uv , mu , sigma ) in enumerate ( zip ( unique_values , [
mu1 , mu2 , mu3 ] , [sigma1 , sigma2 , sigma3 ] ) ) :
      datapoints = np.vstack (( datapoints ,
np.random.multivariate normal ( mu ,sigma , size = counts [ i ] ) )
      labels = np.hstack (( labels , uv * np.ones ( counts [ i ] ) )
)
   shuff = np.random.permutation ( len ( labels ) )
   return datapoints [ shuff ] , labels [ shuff ]
```

## a)

```
n_values = [100, 200, 300, 400, 500]
n_runs = 100

mean_ari = []
std_ari = []

for n in n_values:
    ari_scores = []
```

```
for seed in range(1, n_runs + 1):
    X, y_true = data_generator(seed, n, dim=9)

    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3, n_init=10, random_state=seed)
    y_pred = kmeans.fit_predict(X)

    ari = adjusted_rand_score(y_true, y_pred)
    ari_scores.append(ari)

mean_ari.append(np.mean(ari_scores))

std_ari.append(np.std(ari_scores))

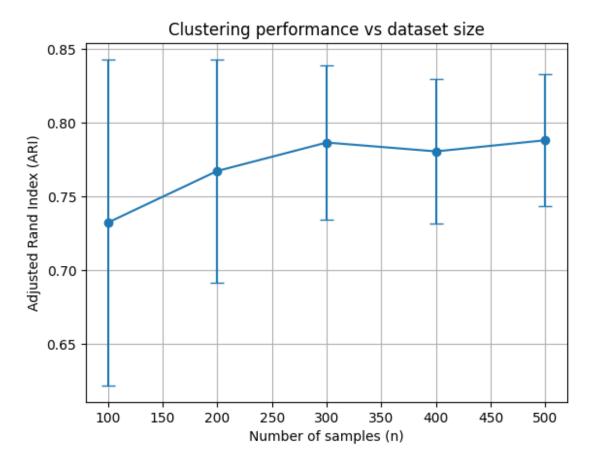
plt.errorbar(n_values, mean_ari, yerr=std_ari, fmt='-o', capsize=5)

plt.xlabel("Number of samples (n)")

plt.ylabel("Adjusted Rand Index (ARI)")

plt.title("Clustering performance vs dataset size")

plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



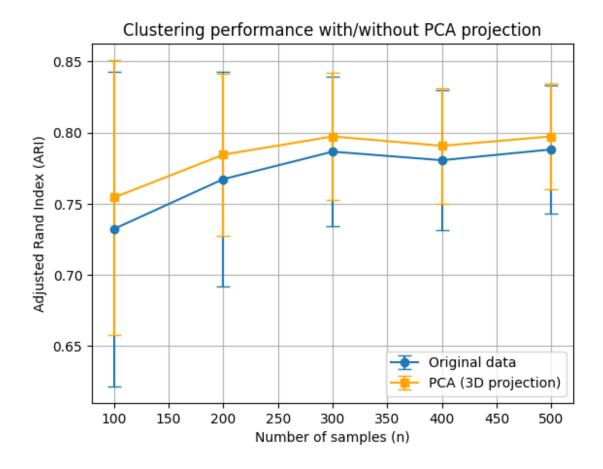
```
b)
mean_ari_pca = []
std_ari_pca = []
```

```
for n in n values:
    ari scores = []
    for seed in range(1, n runs + 1):
        X, y true = data generator(seed, n, dim=9)
        # --- Project to 3 principal components ---
        X \text{ proj} = PCA(n\_components=3,
random state=seed).fit transform(X)
        # --- Lloyd's algorithm on projected data ---
        kmeans = KMeans(n clusters=3, n init=10, random state=seed)
        y pred = kmeans.fit predict(X proj)
        ari = adjusted_rand_score(y_true, y_pred)
        ari scores.append(ari)
    mean ari pca.append(np.mean(ari scores))
    std ari pca.append(np.std(ari scores))
plt.errorbar(n values, mean ari pca, yerr=std ari pca, fmt='-o',
capsize=5, color="orange")
plt.xlabel("Number of samples (n)")
plt.ylabel("Adjusted Rand Index (ARI)")
plt.title("Clustering after PCA projection vs dataset size")
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
plt.errorbar(n_values, mean_ari, yerr=std_ari, fmt='-o', capsize=5,
label="Original data")
plt.errorbar(n_values, mean_ari_pca, yerr=std_ari_pca, fmt='-s',
capsize=5, label="PCA (3D projection)", color="orange")

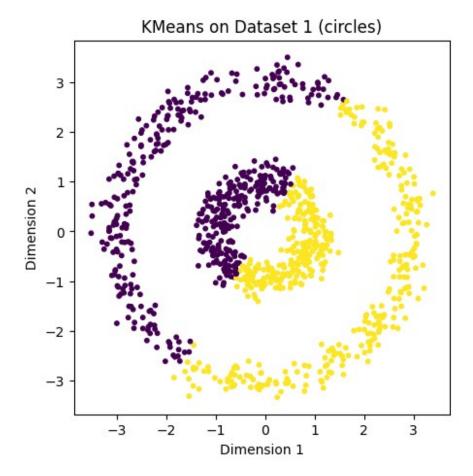
plt.xlabel("Number of samples (n)")
plt.ylabel("Adjusted Rand Index (ARI)")
plt.title("Clustering performance with/without PCA projection")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

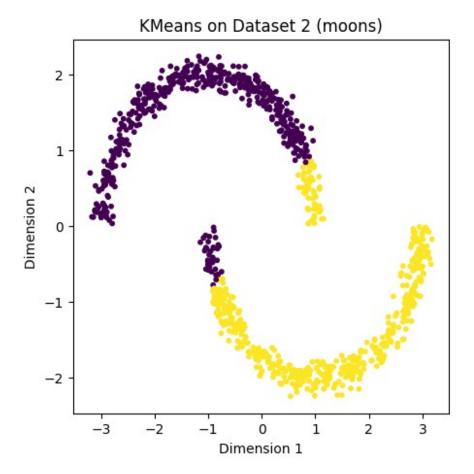


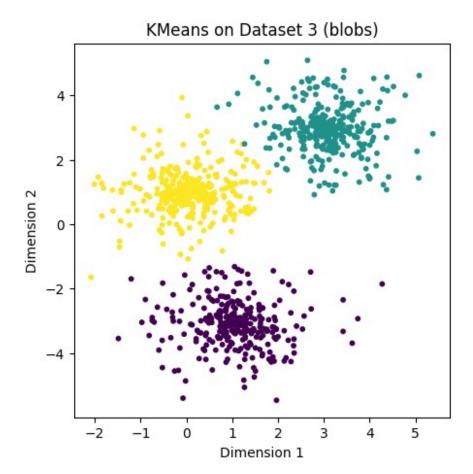
## 8.

```
from sklearn.cluster import MeanShift, KMeans , estimate bandwidth,
SpectralClustering
import random
import math
random.seed(0)
# # Data set 1
X1 = [ ]
for i in range (1000):
   theta = random.uniform (0, 2 * math.pi )
   radius = random.gauss (0, 0.2) + random.choice ([1, 3])
   X1.append ( [ radius * math . cos ( theta ) , radius *
math.sin( theta ) ] )
X1 = np.array (X1)
# # Data Set 2
X2 = [ ]
for i in range (1000):
   theta = random.uniform (0, 2 * math . pi)
```

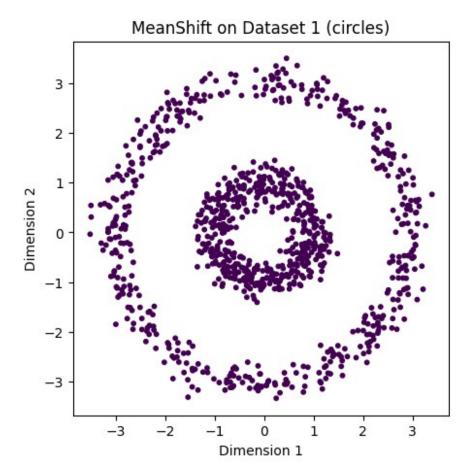
```
radius = random.gauss (0, 0.1) + 2
   if theta < math.pi :</pre>
       X2.append ( [ radius * math.cos ( theta ) -1 , radius *
math.sin ( theta ) ] )
   else :
       X2.append ( [ radius * math.cos ( theta ) +1 , radius *
math.sin ( theta ) ] )
X2 = np.array(X2)
# # Data Set 3
X3 = [ ]
for i in range ( 1000 ) :
    radius = random.gauss (0 , 1 )
   theta = random.uniform (0, 2 * math . pi)
   center = random.choice ( [[0, 1], [3, 3], [1, -3]] )
   X3.append ( [ radius * math.cos ( theta ) + center [ 0 ] , radius
* math.sin ( theta ) + center[ 1 ] ] )
X3 = np.array (X3)
(X3, 3, "Dataset 3 (blobs)")]
def plot clusters(X, labels, title):
   plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
   plt.scatter(X[:,0], X[:,1], c=labels, cmap="viridis", s=10)
   plt.xlabel("Dimension 1")
   plt.ylabel("Dimension 2")
   plt.title(title)
   plt.show()
#Kmeans
for X, k, title in datasets:
    km = KMeans(n clusters=k, n init=10, random state=0)
   labels = km.fit_predict(X)
   plot clusters(X, labels, f"KMeans on {title}")
```

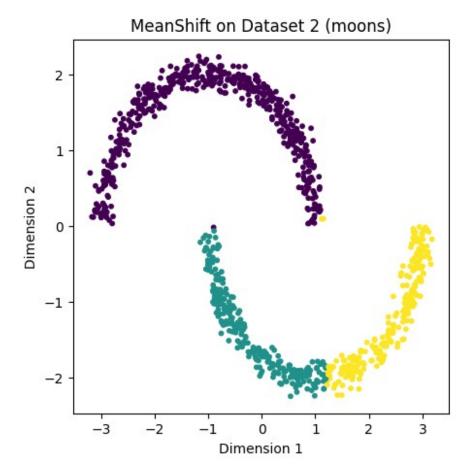




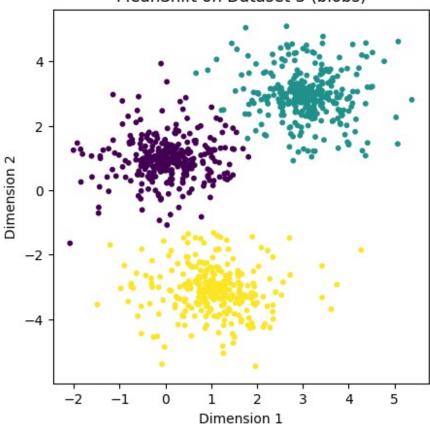


```
#Meanshift
for X, k, title in datasets:
    bandwidth = estimate_bandwidth(X, quantile=0.2)
    ms = MeanShift(bandwidth=bandwidth, bin_seeding=True)
    labels = ms.fit_predict(X)
    plot_clusters(X, labels, f"MeanShift on {title}")
```



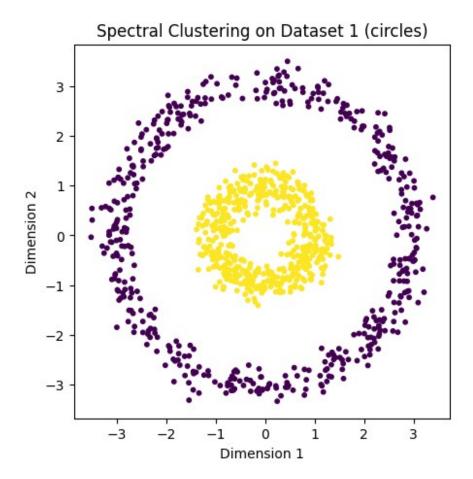






```
#Spectral
for X, k, title in datasets:
    sc = SpectralClustering(n_clusters=k,
affinity="nearest_neighbors", assign_labels="kmeans", random_state=0)
    labels = sc.fit_predict(X)
    plot_clusters(X, labels, f"Spectral Clustering on {title}")

/Users/kei/anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/manifold/
_spectral_embedding.py:273: UserWarning: Graph is not fully connected,
spectral embedding may not work as expected.
    warnings.warn(
```



/Users/kei/anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/manifold/ \_spectral\_embedding.py:273: UserWarning: Graph is not fully connected, spectral embedding may not work as expected. warnings.warn(

