

Data Science and Artificial Intelligence

Machine Learning

Regression

Lecture No. 01



By- SIDDHARTH SABHARWAL SIR

Topics to be Covered



Topic

Basic ML

Topic

Topic

Topic

Topic

About the Faculty

- AIR 1 GATE 2021, 2023 (ECE).
- AIR 3 ESE 2015 ECE.
- M.Tech from IIT Delhi in VLSI.
- Published 2 papers in field of AI-ML.
- Paper 1 : Feature Selection through Minimization of the VC dimension.
- Paper 2 : Learning a hyperplane regressor through a tight bound on the VC dimension.



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Machine Learning:

- (i) **Supervised Learning:** regression and classification problems, simple linear regression, multiple linear regression, ridge regression, logistic regression, k-nearest neighbour, naive Bayes classifier, linear discriminant analysis, support vector machine, decision trees, bias-variance trade-off, cross-validation methods such as leave-one-out (LOO) cross-validation, k-folds cross-validation, multi-layer perceptron, feed-forward neural network;
- (ii) **Unsupervised Learning:** clustering algorithms, k-means/k-medoid, hierarchical clustering, top-down, bottom-up: single-linkage, multiple-linkage, dimensionality reduction, principal component analysis.

Chapter wise.
 * Note making
 * DPP provided
 * weekly test

To crack the exam
Course material will
be more than sufficient

Maths →

① Basic d/dx

② Matrix multiplication
Matrix inverse

③ Probability.

Before
Topic
Revise.

• GATE 2026 - Theory/Numericals.

weightage :-

• Maths - 35 Marks

← done

• AI/ML \Rightarrow 20-25 marks

• DS-AI \Rightarrow CS/EC/EE/CE/all are equal



- ❖ **What is Machine Learning**
- ❖ **What is optimisation**
- ❖ **What is a model**

**“Your positive action
combined with
positive thinking
results in success.”**



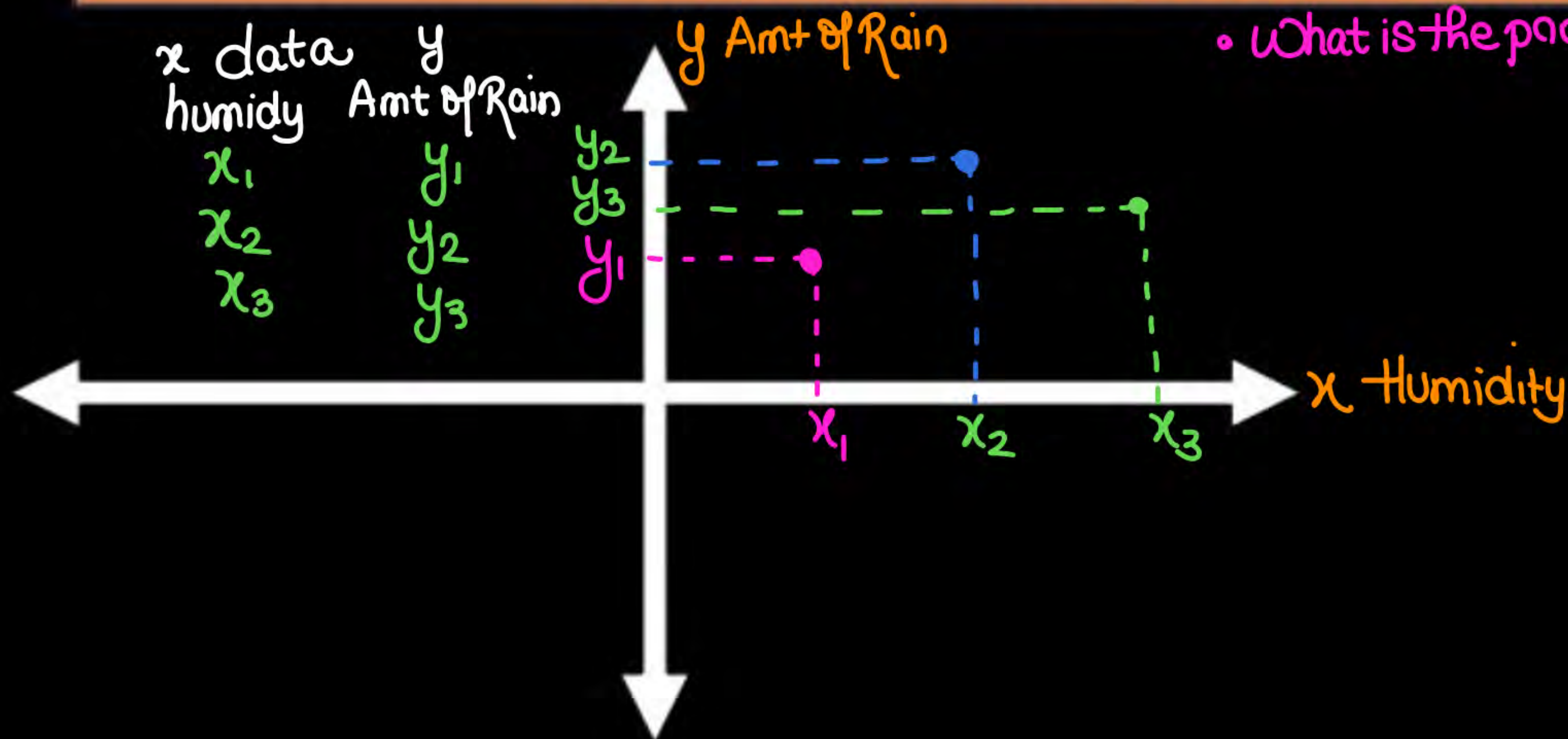
Basics of Machine Learning

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What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

Lets start with a basics

• What is the problem Statement?

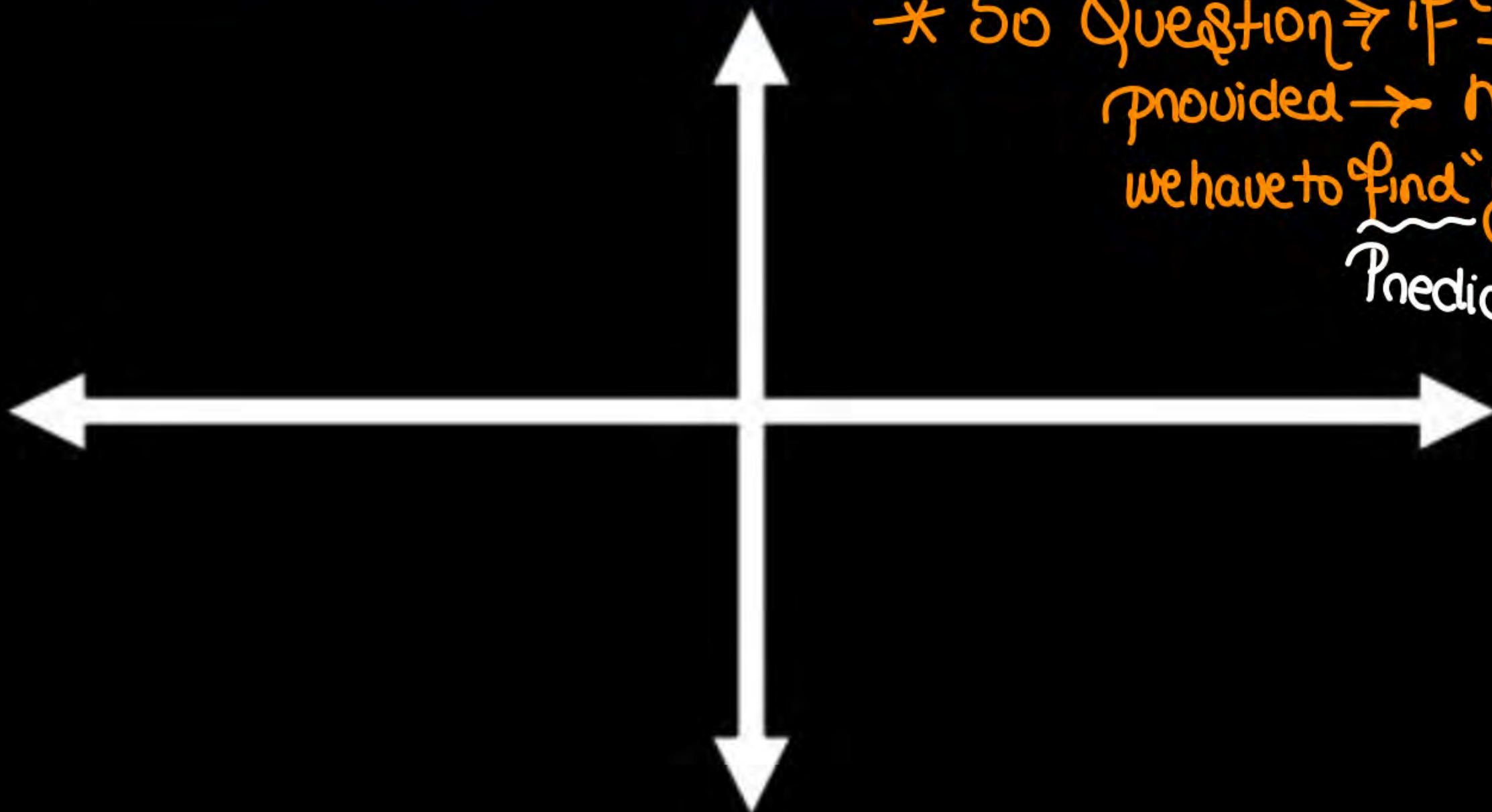




What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

How you will predict/ find the value of y for new x

* So Question \Rightarrow if I provide new x value
provided \rightarrow new humidity value
we have to find " y " \rightarrow amt of Rain
Predict







What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

This is called a function of "independent" variable

$y = f(x)$

↓

* dependent variable

* Independent variable

- So in ML, we analyse the data and find a relation b/w y and x

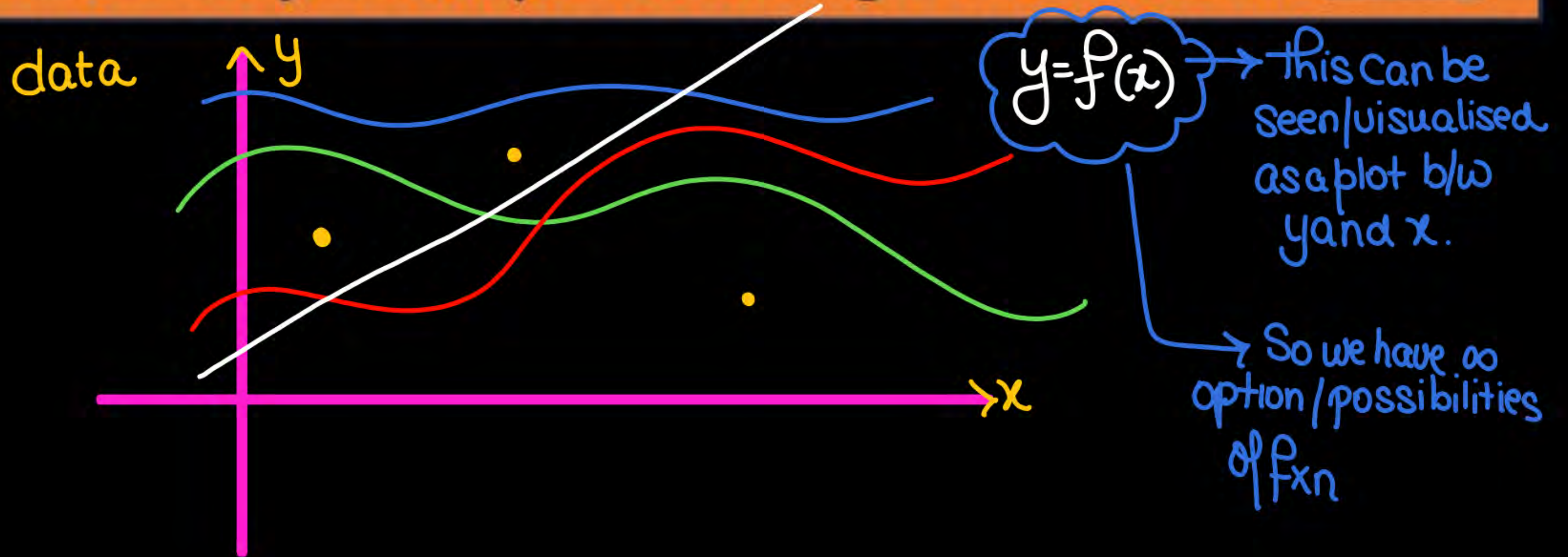
- $y = f(x)$ → Once we get this fcn \Rightarrow then for any x we can find y .



Basics of Machine Learning

What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

These already known points relating Y and X is called Data





What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

So using the data we learn a relation between Y and X and this process is called Training process.

- So using the data our ML-algorithm will give us only one fxn $y=f(x)$ from ∞ possibilities
- Step in training process.

- So optimization is the process followed by ML algorithm to give us the best fxn or best Relation b/w y and x for given data set.



What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

What is Data

It refers to **the set of observations or measurements that can be used to train a machine-learning model.**

- data is simply values of y and x used to find relation b/w y and x , $y = f(x)$ after training process.



What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

How we collect data

- Faltu ↓
- ① By Measurement/Survey
 - ② Buy data from Source
 - ③ Consult expert.



Basics of Machine Learning

What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

Lets take an example of predicting rain

done



Basics of Machine Learning

What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

Lets take an example of predicting rain

done



Basics of Machine Learning

What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

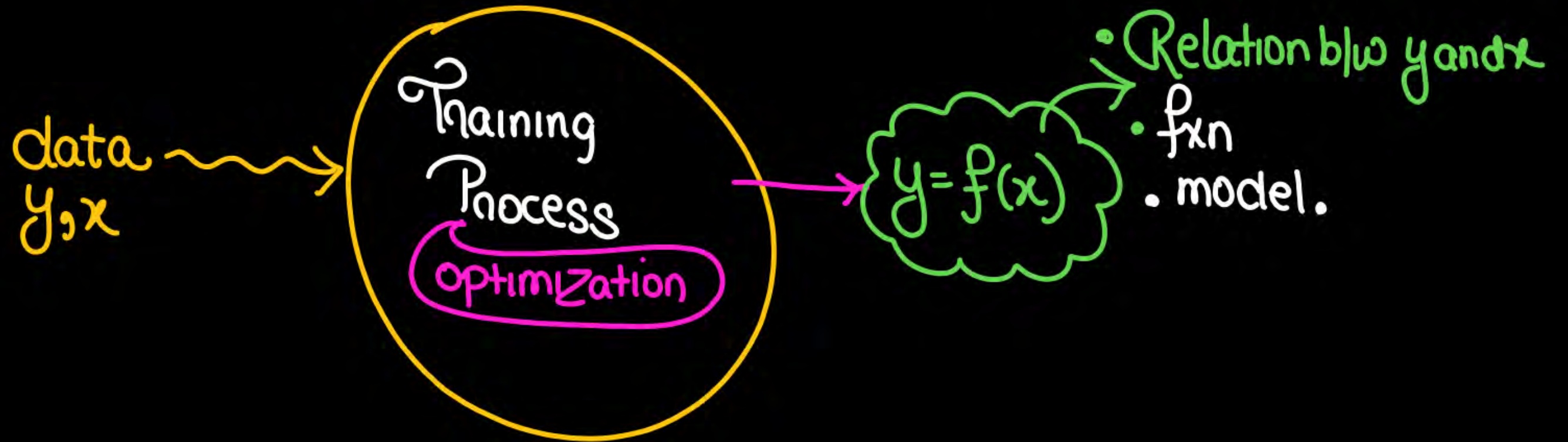
What is the problem Statement

done ✓



What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

What is a Model





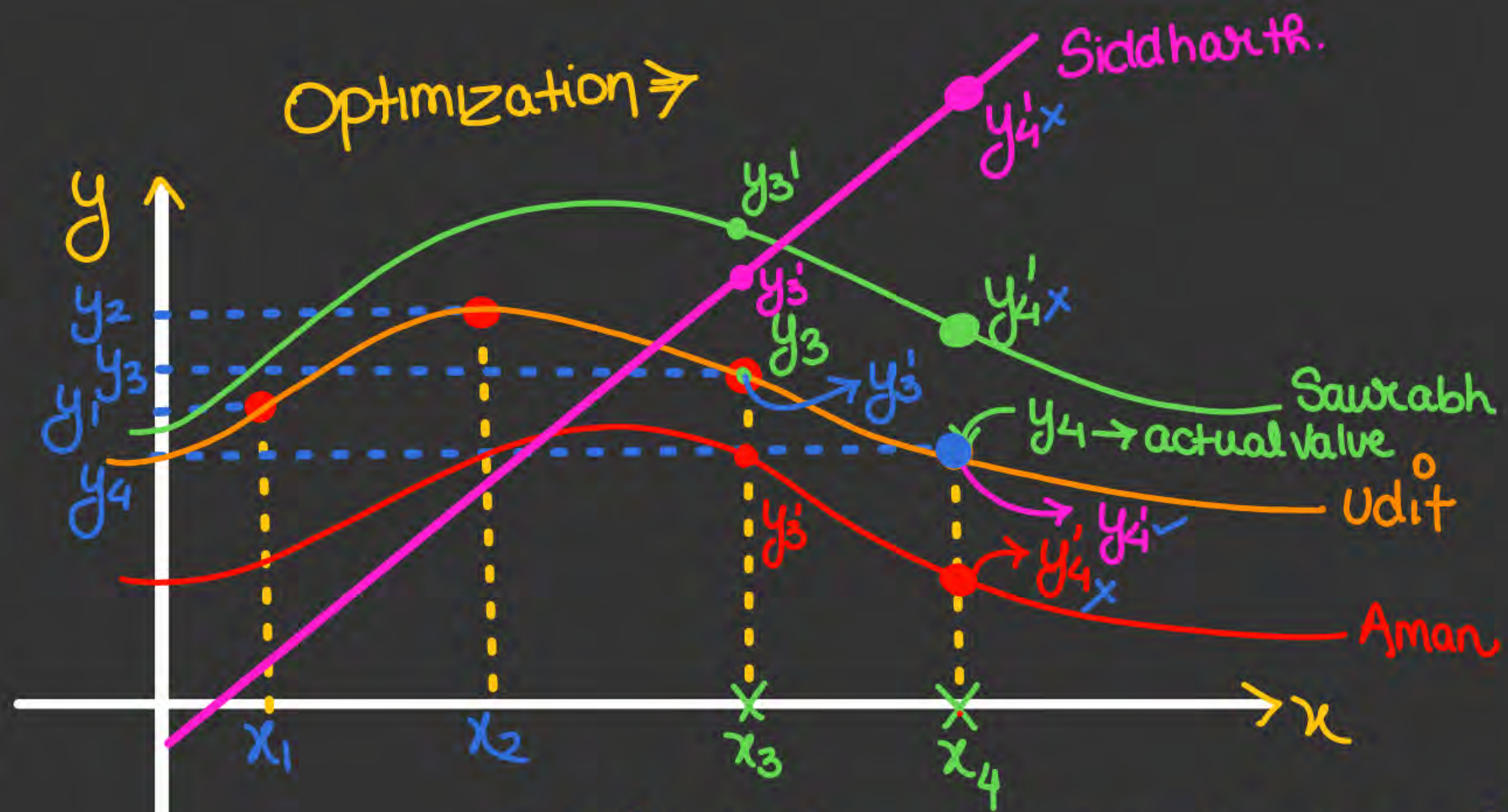
What is the General Problem in Machine Learning

What is the Optimization

① Part of training Process

② using this we find best model for given data

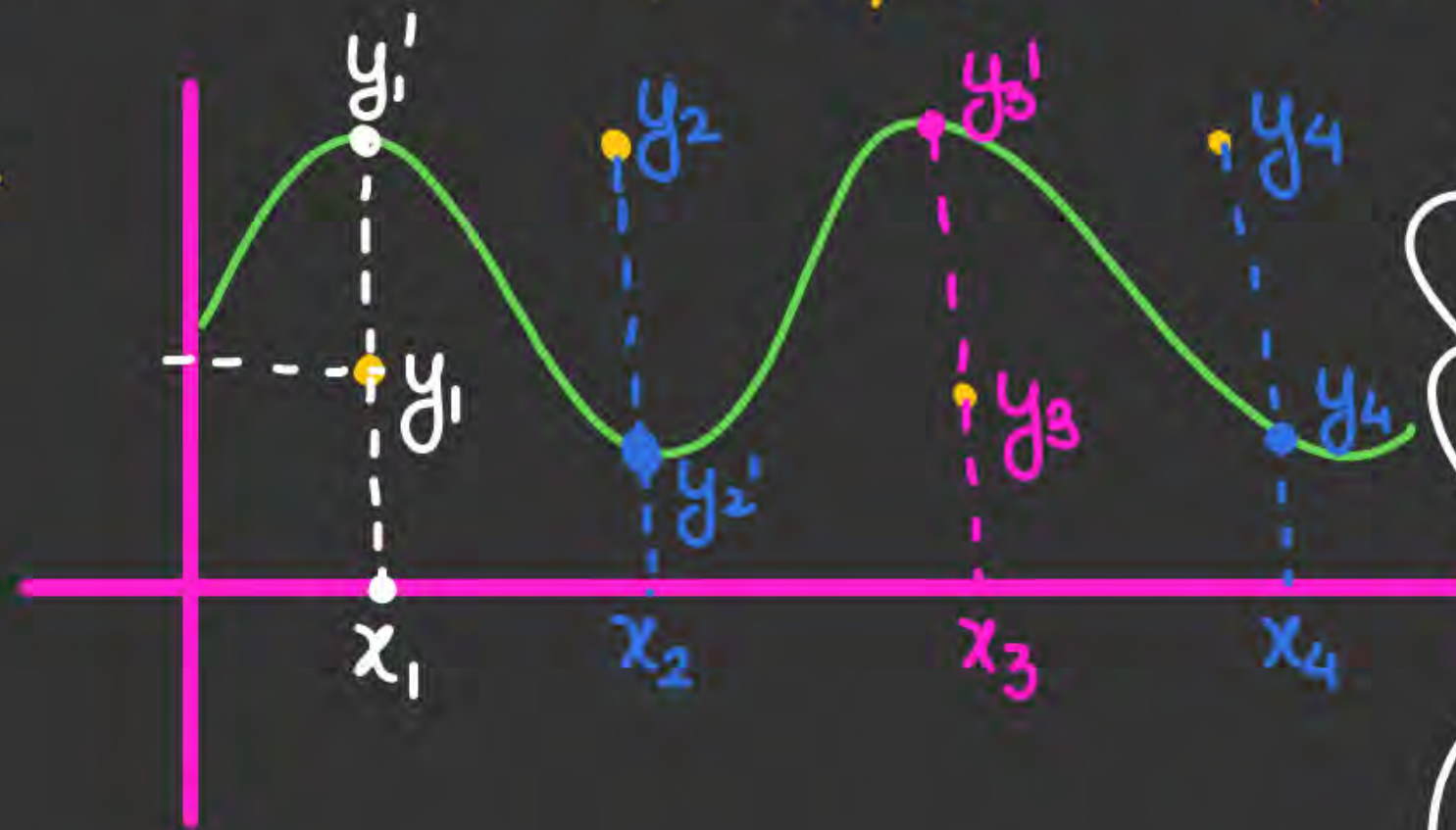
} Kaise??



\rightarrow So we choose model which has min value of gap b/w actual and predicted values.

$$\text{Model} \Rightarrow \min |y_1 - y'_1| + |y_2 - y'_2| + |y_3 - y'_3| + |y_4 - y'_4|$$

4 data point



So to check which model is best we chose model which has

$$\text{minimum} \Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^N |y_i - y'_i|$$

$$\min \Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - y'_i)^2$$

So the best model is which minimizes the
Sum of |error| b/w actual and predicted values
of y for Training data/available data.



Basic Understanding – Predict Rain in Your city

What should be the format of the data ?

Later

**We have two type
of Data : -**



Basic Understanding – Predict Rain in Your city

What should be the format of the data ?

later

**We have two type
of Data : -**



Basics of Machine Learning

Basic Understanding – Predict Rain in Your city

- Now you must create a mathematical model to predict rain in your city?

So basically model will try to learn the pattern of the data

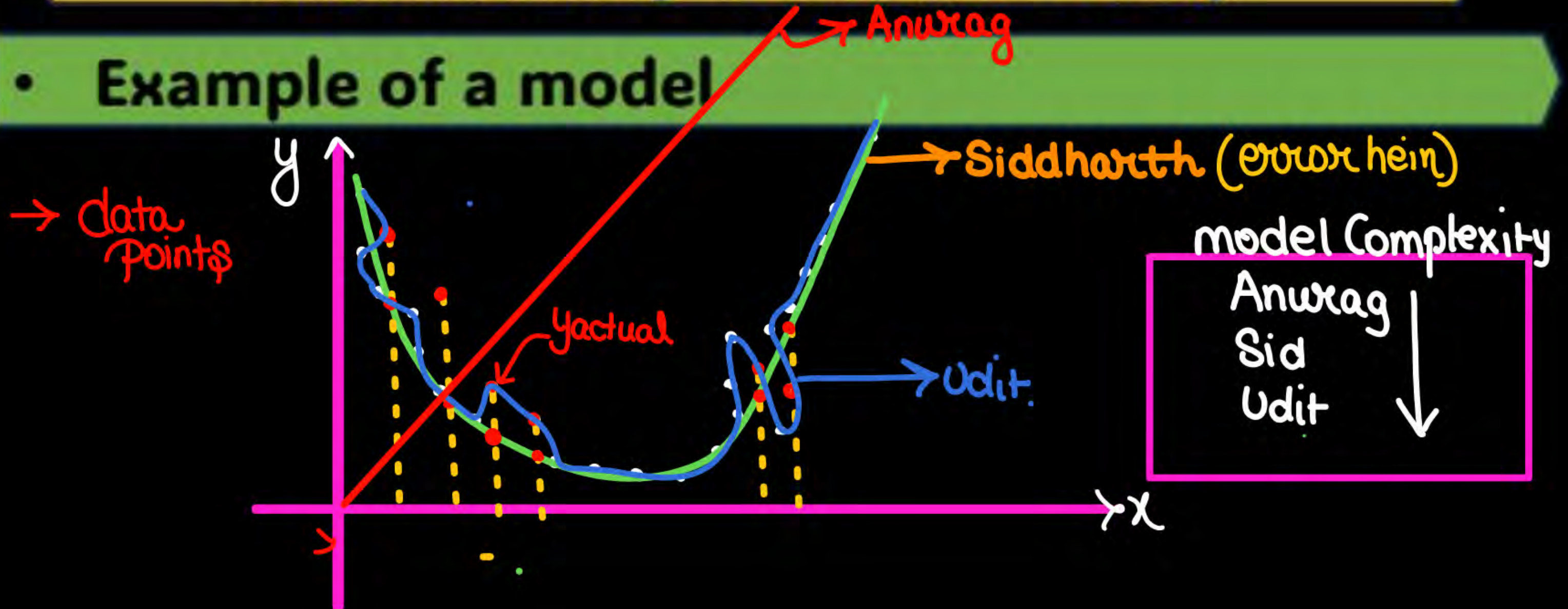
Model is Simply mathematical function that try to minimize the error on the

Training data/available data.



Basic Understanding – Predict Rain in Your city

- Example of a model



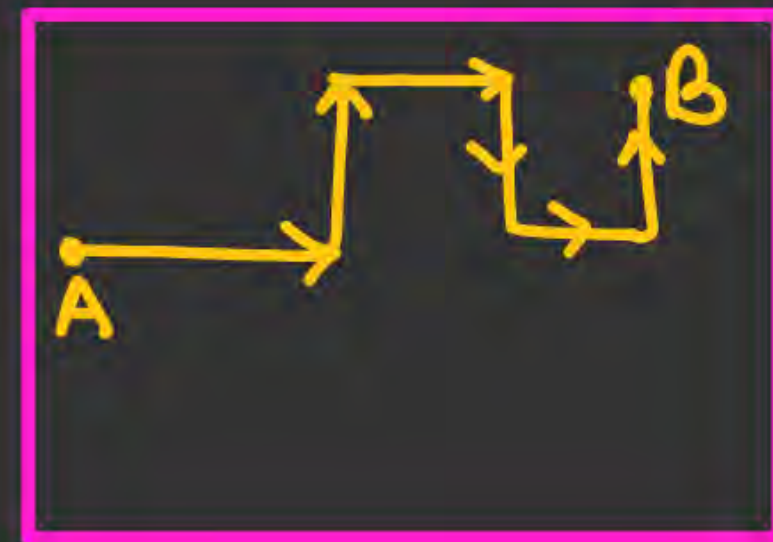
$$y = ax + b \leftarrow \text{Simplest}$$

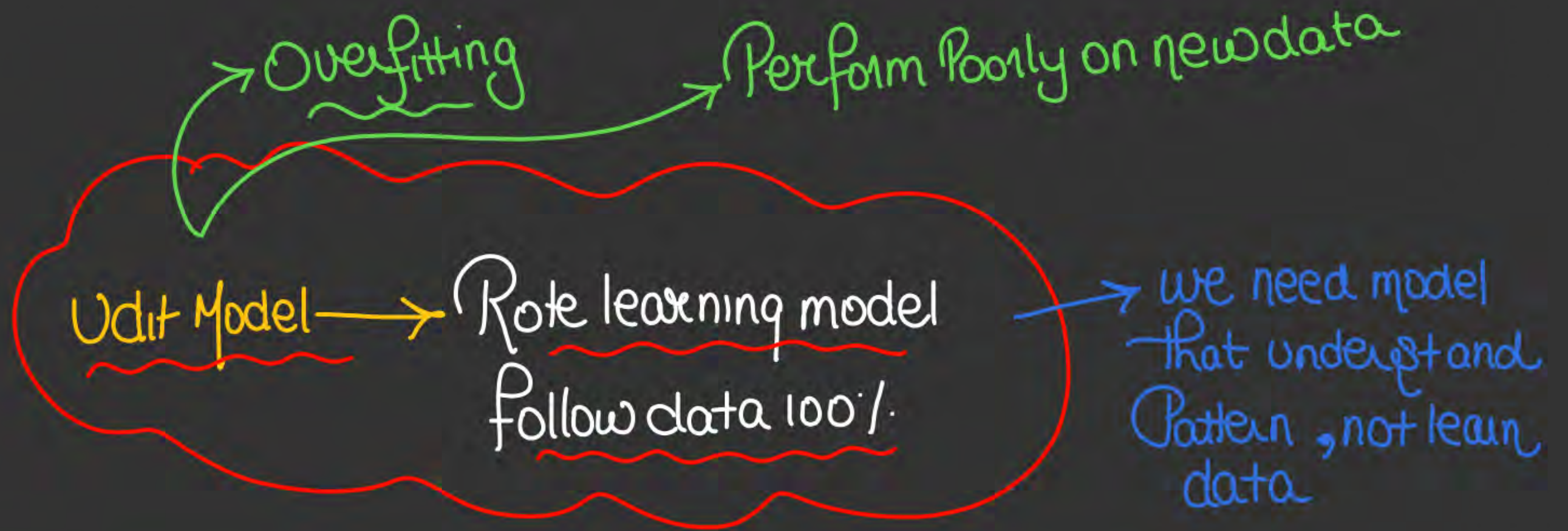
$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$y = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$$

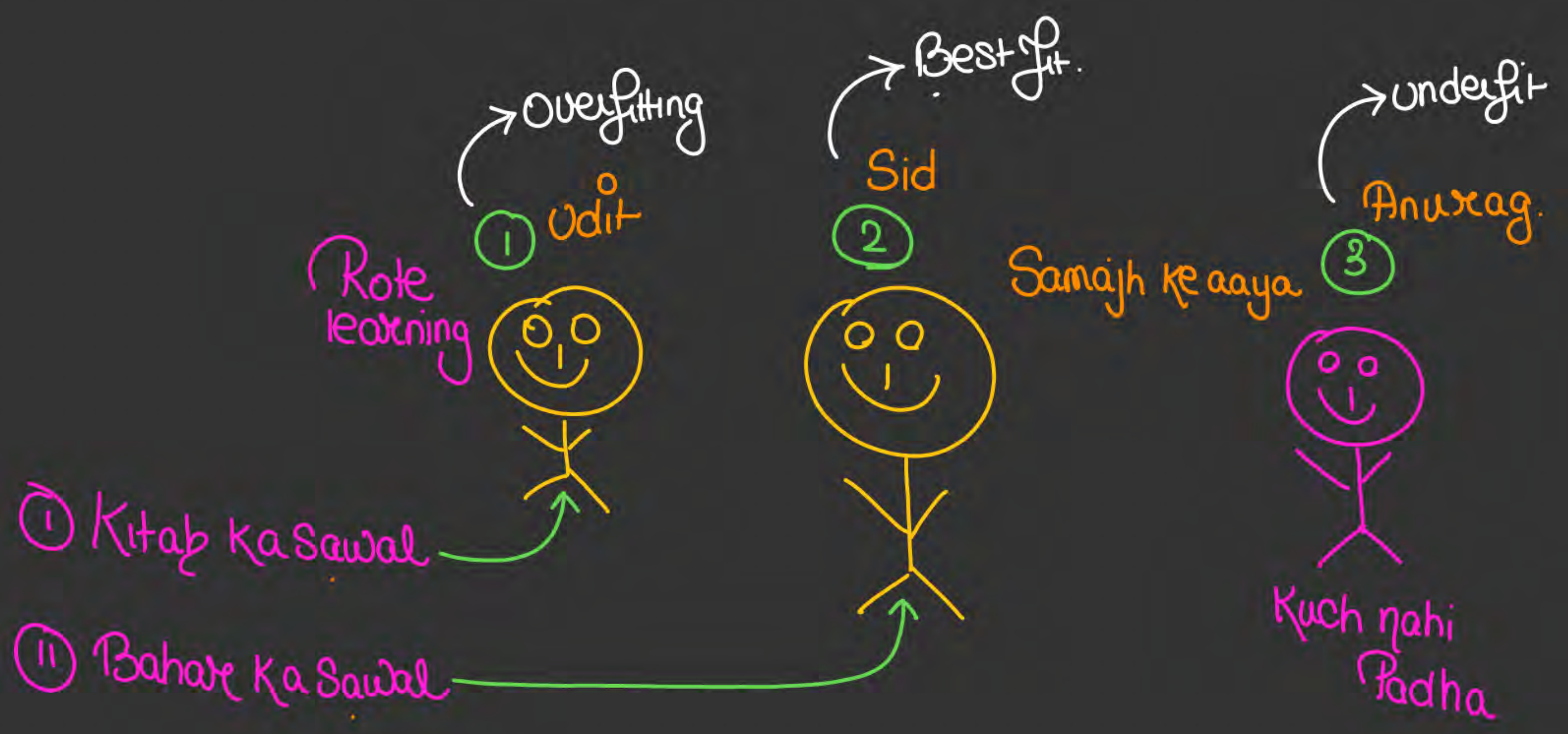
$$y = ax^4 + bx^3 + cx^2 + dx + e \leftarrow \text{most Complex.}$$

Complexity inc





Anurag model → Very simple spoon model
↳ underfit





Basic Understanding – Predict Rain in Your city

- We can have a ^{very} simple model → underfit
Kuch bhi nahi Padha
- We can have a very complicated problem → Rote learning / data Yaad not data pattern.



Basics of Machine Learning



Basic Understanding – Predict Rain in Your city

We can have a simple model

done



Basics of Machine Learning



Basic Understanding – Predict Rain in Your city

Problem in Simple Models ?

done



Basics of Machine Learning

Basic Understanding – Predict Rain in Your city

We can have a very complicated problem

done



Basics of Machine Learning

Basic Understanding – Predict Rain in Your city

Problem in Complex Models ??

done

- We want to create a st. line fxn

$$y = mx + c$$

for given data

$$x = 5 \quad y_{\text{actual}} = 15$$
$$y_{\text{predicted}} = 5m + c$$

$$x = 10 \quad y_{\text{actual}} = 25$$
$$y_{\text{predicted}} = 10m + c$$

Bacche
Wala
Example



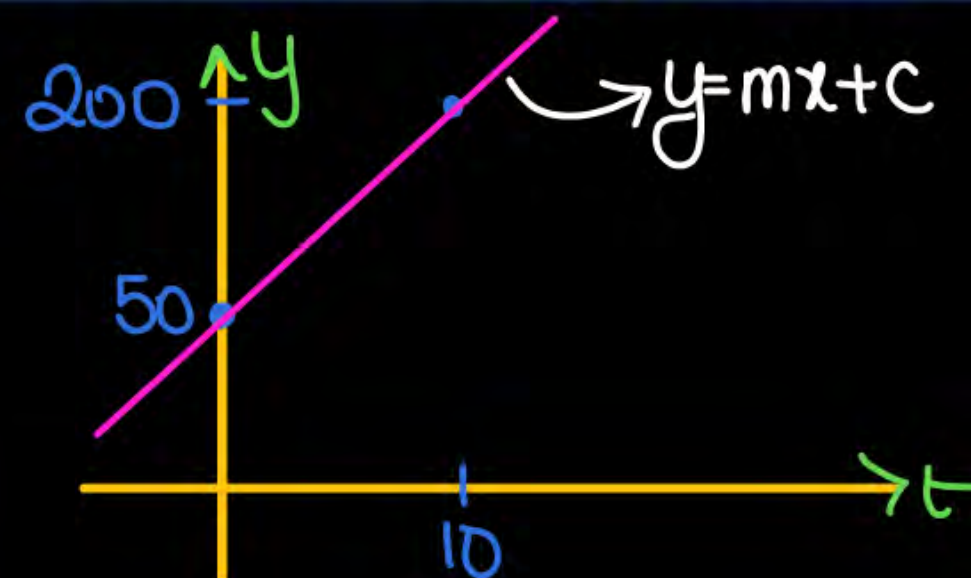
Basics of Machine Learning

Problem 1 – Predict Population of bacteria in a lab

We must create a model with following data

Since we have to
Predict POP $\rightarrow y$
Time $\rightarrow x$

Time	Population
0	50
10	200



If Straight line eq
 $y = mx + c$

Time	Actual	Predicted
0	50	c
10	200	$10m + c$

Now predict the population at $t = 20$

We need that model $\Rightarrow \min \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i^o - y_i')^2$

$$\min \left[(y_1 - y_1')^2 + (y_2 - y_2')^2 \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \min \left[(50 - c)^2 + (200 - (10m + c))^2 \right]$$



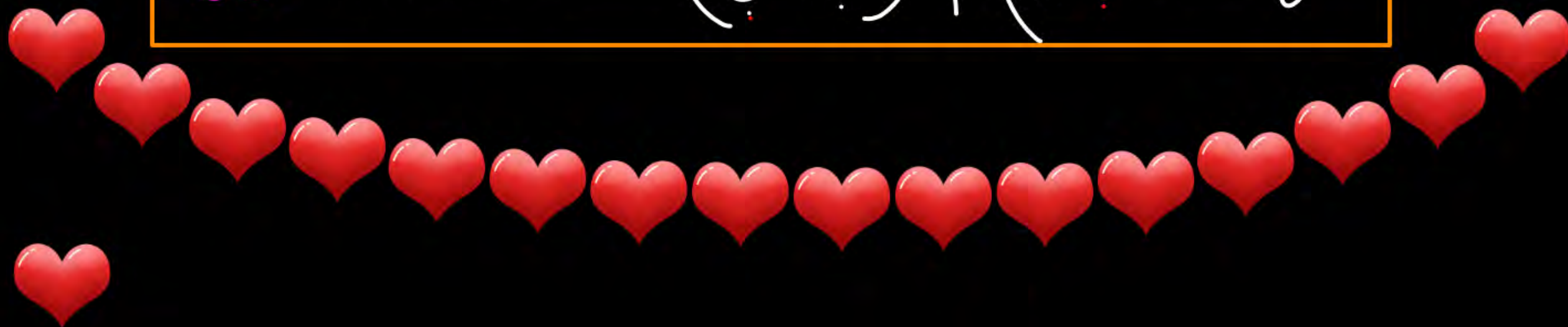
Basics of Machine Learning



Problem 1 – Predict Population of bacteria in a lab

Because data is too small to predict so we call an expert

• So Minimize $\Rightarrow (c - 50)^2 + (10m + c - 200)^2$



Revise

Class 10

?

$$f(x) = (3x^2 + 4x + 10)$$

Find x where $f(x)$ is min \Rightarrow

$$\frac{df(x)}{dx} = 0,$$

THANK - YOU