

# Electromagnetism

## 1. What is electricity?

- There are two types of electricity: static and dynamic.
- Which component of a generator does get voltage?

## 2. Electric work <- Electric force <- Electric charge <- Electrification <- External energy

- Simple overview of force, work, energy, and power
- What is the process to get electric work?
- What is electrostatic force?
- What is electric field?
- What is electric potential energy?
- Electric potential and voltage

## 3. Gauss's Law, Electric flux, Corona phenomenon, Electric potential gradient

- Gauss's Law, instead of Coulomb's Law, to calculate the Electric field
- Sample problem, divergence theorem, and Maxwell's first equation
- Corona phenomenon, Critical disruptive voltage
- Electric potential gradient

## 4. Insulator vs. Dielectric

## 5. Biot-Savart Law, Ampere's Law, Stokes' theorem, Maxwell's second equation, current continuity equation, and displacement current

- Magnetomotive force, Magnetic field intensity, Magnetic flux, Magnetic field, Magnetic field lines, and Magnetic flux density
- Biot-Savart Law
- Ampere's Law
- Stokes' theorem, Maxwell's second equation, and current continuity equation
- Displacement current

## 6. Conductivity, Permeability, and Permittivity

## 7. Magnetic force

- Magnetic forces on moving charges
- Calculate the magnetic field intensity from the current carrying wire
- Calculate the magnetic force on the current carrying wire
- Electromagnetic force on the cable while doing short circuit analysis

## 8. Magnetic circuit

- Analogy between electricity and magnetism
- Static and time-varying electric field
- Magnetic saturation, inductance, and sample problem

## 9. B-H curve, Hysteresis loss, B-H curve, eddy-current loss, and K-factor transformers

- Can magnetic field exist without current or vice-versa?
- Magnetic domain
- B-H curve
- Iron loss in a transformer
- K-factor transformers