homework ada11

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homework1

フィッシャー判別分析を実装せよ

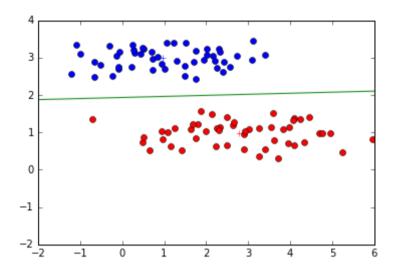
answer

In [5]:

```
%matplotlib inline
import numpy as np
from pylab import *
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import sys
N = 100 # データ数
def f(x, a, b):
  return a * x + b
if __name__ == "__main__":
  #訓練データを作成
  cls1 = []
  cls2 = []
  # データは正規分布に従って生成
  mean1 = [1, 3] # クラス1の平均
  mean2 = [3, 1] # クラス2の平均
  cov = [[2.0,0.0], [0.0, 0.1]] # 共分散行列(全クラス共通)
  #データ作成
  cls1.extend(np.random.multivariate_normal(mean1, cov, int(N/2)))
  cls2.extend(np.random.multivariate_normal(mean2, cov, int(N/2)))
  # 各クラスの平均をプロット
  m1 = np.mean(cls1, axis=0)
  m2 = np.mean(cls2, axis=0)
  plt.plot([m1[0]], [m1[1]], 'b+')
  plt.plot([m2[0]], [m2[1]], 'r+')
  print(m1, m2)
  # 総クラス内共分散行列を計算
  Sw = zeros((2, 2))
  for n in range(len(cls1)):
    xn = matrix(cls1[n]).reshape(2, 1)
    m1 = matrix(m1).reshape(2, 1)
    Sw += (xn - m1) * transpose(xn - m1)
  for n in range(len(cls2)):
    xn = matrix(cls2[n]).reshape(2.1)
    m2 = matrix(m2).reshape(2, 1)
    Sw += (xn - m2) * transpose(xn - m2)
  Sw_{inv} = np.linalg.inv(Sw)
  w = Sw_inv * (m2 - m1)
  #訓練データを描画
  x1, x2 = np.transpose(np.array(cls1))
  plt.plot(x1, x2, 'bo')
  x1, x2 = np.transpose(np.array(cls2))
  plt.plot(x1, x2, 'ro')
  # 識別境界を描画
  # wは識別境界と直交するベクトル
  a = - (w[0,0] / w[1,0]) # 識別直線の傾き
  # 傾きがaでmを通る直線のy切片bを求める
  m = (m1 + m2) / 2
  b = -a * m[0,0] + m[1,0] # 識別直線のy切片
```

x1 = np.linspace(-2, 6, 1000) x2 = [f(x, a, b) **for** x **in** x1] plt.plot(x1, x2, 'g-') xlim(-2, 6) ylim(-2, 4) plt.show()

[0.9583855 2.99432884][2.77796828 0.97754624]



homework2

以下の散布行列のペア表現を求めよ

クラス内

$$\mathbf{S}^{(w)} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,i'=1}^{n} \mathbf{Q}_{i,i'}^{(\mathbf{w})} (\mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{x}_{i'}) (\mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{x}_{i'})^T$$

$$\mathbf{Q_{i,i'}^{(w)}} = \begin{cases} 1/n & -1/n_y & (y_i = y_{i'} = y) \\ 1/n & (y_i \neq y_{i'}) \end{cases}$$

クラス間

$$\mathbf{S}^{(b)} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,i'=1}^{n} \mathbf{Q}_{i,i'}^{(b)} (\mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{x}_{i'}) (\mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{x}_{i'})^T$$

$$\mathbf{Q_{i,i'}^{(b)}} = \begin{cases} 1/n & -1/n_y & (y_i = y_{i'} = y) \\ 1/n & (y_i \neq y_{i'}) \end{cases}$$

answer

$$\mathbf{S}^{(w)} = \sum_{i=1}^{l} \sum_{j:y_{j}=i} (\mathbf{x}_{j} - \frac{1}{n_{i}} \sum_{p:y_{p}=i} \mathbf{x}_{p}) (\mathbf{x}_{j} - \frac{1}{n_{i}} \sum_{q:y_{q}=i} \mathbf{x}_{q})^{T}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{l} \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{T} - \sum_{i=1}^{l} \frac{1}{n_{i}} \sum_{p,q:y_{p}=y_{q}=i} \mathbf{x}_{p} \mathbf{x}_{q}^{T}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\sum_{j=1}^{n} \mathbf{A}_{i,j}^{(w)}) \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{T} - \sum_{i,j=1}^{n} \mathbf{A}_{i,j}^{(w)} \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{T}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j=1}^{n} \mathbf{A}_{i,j}^{(w)} (\mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{T} + \mathbf{x}_{j} \mathbf{x}_{j}^{T} - \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{j}^{T} - \mathbf{x}_{j} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{T})$$

ここで

$$\mathbf{S}^{(m)} = \mathbf{S}^{(w)} + \mathbf{S}^{(b)}$$
$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \mu)(x_i - \mu)^T$$

であるから

$$\mathbf{S}^{(b)} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{\mathrm{T}} - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i,j=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{j}^{\mathrm{T}} - \mathbf{S}^{(w)}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{1}{n} \right) \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{\mathrm{T}} - \sum_{i,j=1}^{n} \frac{1}{n} \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{j}^{\mathrm{T}} - \mathbf{S}^{(w)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j=1}^{n} \left(\frac{1}{n} - \mathbf{A}_{i,j}^{(w)} \right) (\mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{\mathrm{T}} + \mathbf{x}_{j} \mathbf{x}_{j}^{\mathrm{T}} - \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{j}^{\mathrm{T}} - \mathbf{x}_{j} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{\mathrm{T}} \right)$$

In []: