

MAT237 Examples

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1. Let $S := [0, 100] \subset \mathbb{R}$, and let $f(x) = x^2$. Show f is uniformly continuous on S .
2. Let $S := [0, \infty) \subset \mathbb{R}$, and let $f(x) = x^2$. Show f is not uniformly continuous on S .
3. Prove that the equation

$$x^2 + y^2 = e^{(z - \frac{1}{2})^2 \cos(e^{-\sin(y/(x+2)))}}$$

has a solution in the ball $B(2, \mathbf{0}) \subset \mathbb{R}^3$.

4. “Moving the curve”

Let C_1 be the set

$$\{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 = 1, x \geq 0\}$$

oriented counterclockwise, and compute

$$\int_{C_1} 3x^2 y e^{x^3} dx + e^{x^3} dy$$

5. Let S be the set $\{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1, z \geq 0\}$. Compute the area of S , as well as the integrals

$$\iint_S z dA, \text{ and } \iint_S (0, 0, z) \cdot \mathbf{n} dA$$

where the \mathbf{n} oriented upwards.

6. Let $S := \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1\}$ with the unit normal \mathbf{n} pointing outward, and compute

$$\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dA, \text{ for } \mathbf{F} = (x + y, x - y \sin(yz), z \sin(yz))$$

7. “Moving the surface”

Let $S := \{(x, y, z) : x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, z = 1 - x^2 - y^2\}$ with the unit normal

oriented upward, and compute

$$\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dA \quad \text{for } \mathbf{F} = (e^{yz}, \frac{x^2}{1+z^2}, 2z)$$