



US 20220416782A1

(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication**
AKIYAMA et al.(10) **Pub. No.: US 2022/0416782 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Dec. 29, 2022**(54) **GATE DRIVE DEVICE**(71) Applicant: **DENSO CORPORATION**, Kariya-city
(JP)(72) Inventors: **Hironori AKIYAMA**, Kariya-city (JP);
Tetsuya DEWA, Kariya-city (JP)(21) Appl. No.: **17/898,578**(22) Filed: **Aug. 30, 2022****Related U.S. Application Data**(63) Continuation of application No. PCT/JP2021/
006820, filed on Feb. 24, 2021.(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Mar. 3, 2020 (JP) 2020-035779

Publication Classification(51) **Int. Cl.**
H03K 17/687 (2006.01)
H02M 1/08 (2006.01)**H03K 17/16** (2006.01)**H03K 17/284** (2006.01)**H02M 1/00** (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **H03K 17/687** (2013.01); **H02M 1/08**
(2013.01); **H03K 17/16** (2013.01); **H03K**
17/284 (2013.01); **H02M 1/0048** (2021.05)(57) **ABSTRACT**

A gate drive device drives a gate of each of two semiconductor switching elements constituting upper and lower arms of a half bridge circuit. The gate drive device detects a peak value of an element voltage that is a voltage of a main terminal of one of the two semiconductor switching elements, as one semiconductor switching element, or a change rate of the element voltage during a change period in which the element voltage changes. The gate drive device determines whether an energization to the one semiconductor switching element during the change period is a forward energization in which a current flows in a forward direction or a reverse energization in which the current flows in a reverse direction.

