



US 20220352901A1

(19) **United States**

(12) **Patent Application Publication**
Maunder et al.

(10) **Pub. No.: US 2022/0352901 A1**

(43) **Pub. Date: Nov. 3, 2022**

(54) **CYCLIC REDUNDANCY CHECK, CRC, DECODING USING THE INVERSE CRC GENERATOR POLYNOMIAL**

Publication Classification

(51) **Int. Cl.**

H03M 13/09 (2006.01)

H03M 13/00 (2006.01)

H03M 13/15 (2006.01)

H03M 13/11 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC *H03M 13/098* (2013.01); *H03M 13/617*

(2013.01); *H03M 13/1575* (2013.01); *H03M*

13/1168 (2013.01)

(71) Applicant: **Accelercomm Limited**, Southampton (GB)

(72) Inventors: **Robert Maunder**, Southampton (GB);
Matthew Brejza, Southampton (GB)

(73) Assignee: **Accelercomm Limited**, Southampton (GB)

(21) Appl. No.: **17/623,441**

(22) PCT Filed: **Jun. 30, 2020**

(86) PCT No.: **PCT/EP2020/068426**

§ 371 (c)(1),

(2) Date: **Dec. 28, 2021**

(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Jul. 1, 2019 (GB) 1909489.5

Apr. 15, 2020 (GB) 2005501.8

(57)

ABSTRACT

A cyclic redundancy check, CRC, decoder circuit having a K-bit input bit sequence, s, comprising information bits and CRC bits; and at least one processor (P) configured to perform a CRC decode computation and configured to: use an inverse of a predefined CRC generator polynomial that encoded the K-bit input bit sequence, s, to produce a data set; compute a CRC syndrome from the data set; and determine whether the CRC syndrome contains any one-valued bits indicative of a CRC error. An LUT stores one or more rows of a CRC generator matrix (G) generated from the inverse of the predefined CRC generator polynomial. A set of mod(-K,P) zero-valued filler bits are appended to an end of the K-bit input bit sequence, wherein an order of the rows in the CRC generator matrix (G) is reversed and aligned with the input bits of the input stream.

