

(19) United States

(12) Patent Application Publication (10) Pub. No.: US 2022/0369521 A1 Orsini et al.

Nov. 17, 2022 (43) Pub. Date:

(54) USE OF COMPUTATIONALLY GENERATED THERMAL ENERGY

- (71) Applicant: LO3 Energy Inc., San Francisco, CA (US)
- Inventors: Lawrence Orsini, San Francisco, CA (US); Yun Wei, San Francisco, CA
- Appl. No.: 17/825,491
- (22) Filed: May 26, 2022

Related U.S. Application Data

- (63) Continuation of application No. 16/658,759, filed on Oct. 21, 2019, now Pat. No. 11,350,547, which is a continuation of application No. 15/299,969, filed on Oct. 21, 2016, now Pat. No. 10,485,144, which is a continuation of application No. 14/932,585, filed on Nov. 4, 2015, now Pat. No. 9,480,188.
- (60) Provisional application No. 62/074,810, filed on Nov. 4, 2014.

Publication Classification

(51)Int. Cl. H05K 7/20 (2006.01)G05B 15/02 (2006.01)G05B 19/048 (2006.01)G06F 1/20 (2006.01)

(52) U.S. Cl. H05K 7/20836 (2013.01); G05B 15/02 CPC (2013.01); G05B 19/048 (2013.01); G06F 1/20 (2013.01); F24F 11/46 (2018.01)

(57)ABSTRACT

In one aspect, a computing device-implemented method includes receiving at least one triggering event signal from one or more components of a heat recovery system. The method also includes determining, based in part on the at least one triggering event signal, a computation workload assignment to be executed on one or more computation devices. The method further includes sending one or more command signals to the one or more computation devices. The one or more command signals include a portion of the computation workload assignment for execution by the one or more computation devices. The method also includes initiating capture of heat energy to be stored in one or more heat reservoirs, the heat energy being generated by the one or more computation device based upon the computation workload assignment.

