

# (19) United States

# (12) Patent Application Publication (10) Pub. No.: US 2022/0416797 A1

Dec. 29, 2022

(43) **Pub. Date:** 

## (54) FPGA-BASED DESIGN METHOD AND DEVICE FOR EQUALLY DIVIDING INTERVAL

(71) Applicant: INSPUR SUZHOU INTELLIGENT TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD., Suzhou,

Jiangsu (CN)

(72) Inventor: Xiankun WANG, Suzhou, Jiangsu

(21) Appl. No.: 17/778,473

(22) PCT Filed: Aug. 26, 2020

PCT/CN2020/111357 (86) PCT No.:

§ 371 (c)(1),

May 20, 2022 (2) Date:

#### (30)Foreign Application Priority Data

Dec. 31, 2019 (CN) ...... 201911421769.X

### **Publication Classification**

(51) Int. Cl. H03L 7/191

G06F 30/34

(2006.01)(2006.01)

(52) U.S. Cl.

CPC ...... H03L 7/191 (2013.01); G06F 30/34

(2020.01)

#### (57)ABSTRACT

Provided is a FPGA-based design method for equally dividing an interval, including the following steps: dividing the oscillation periods of a second pulse signal of a crystal oscillator clock of a FPGA board by the number of equally divided sampling pulses, and obtaining the remainder thereof; dividing the remainder by the number of the equally divided sampling pulses to serve as an error within each sampling interval; using a counter to count from the second pulse, and stopping the counting of the counter once whenever the error within the sampling interval, which is accumulated within the second pulse interval, is greater than or equal to the vibration period. Further provided is a FPGAbased design device for equally dividing an interval. The present application makes full use of the feature of interval equal division calculation, has high precision, and is easy to implement.

Divide the oscillation periods of a second pulse signal of a crystal oscillator clock of an FPGA . S101 board by the number of equally divided sampling pulses, and obtain the remainder thereof Divide the remainder by the number of the S102 equally divided sampling pulses to serve as an error within each sampling interval Use a counter to count from the second pulse, and stop the counting of the counter once whenever the 5103error within the sampling interval, which is accumulated within the second pulse interval, is greater than or equal to the oscillation period