

CS6135 VLSI Physical Design Automation

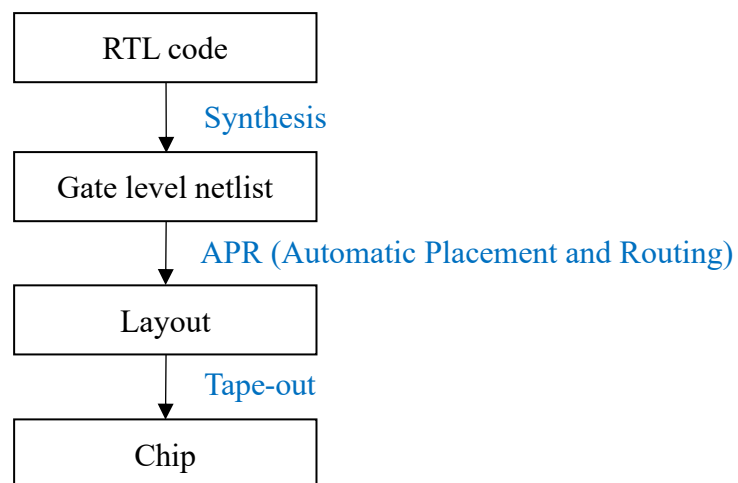
Homework 1: P&R Tool

Due: 23:59, September 25, 2025

1. Introduction

In this homework, you will use Cadence Innovus to complete the Place and Route (P&R) flow for a given synthesized standard-cell design. This assignment aims to familiarize you with Innovus and the P&R process. Additionally, you are encouraged to optimize timing, chip area, and wire length. The quality of your optimization will affect your score, so strive for the best performance in all metrics.

Please follow the procedures in **Section 6** and use Cadence Innovus for automated place and route (APR) to generate the layout.



2. Objectives

- Optimize the timing by adjusting the **clock period** in the *sdc/misty.sdc* file.
 - Default clock period: 1850
 - In .sdc: `create_clock -name "clk" -period 1850 [get_ports clk]`
- Optimize the area by adjusting the **core utilization** in the floorplan stage.
 - Default Core Utilization: 0.5
- Achieve **non-negative slack** and **zero DRC violations**.

3. Report

Your report should at least contain the following contents.

- (1) Your name and student ID
- (2) Record different configurations of the core utilization, clock period, DRC violations, slack, chip area, and wire length. (Try more than 5 different configurations) Explain how the adjustments of the clock period and the core utilization affect the metrics (DRC violations, slack, chip area, and wire length).

Core Utilization	Clock Period	DRC violations	Slack	Chip Area	Wire length

- (3) Explain the purpose of inserting well tap cell.
- (4) Show the configuration from your best result. Paste the screenshot of the result by running *eval.tcl* in the *best_result* folder. You can run it by the following command:

```
$ innovus -init eval.tcl
```

Please maintain non-negative slack and zero DRC violations.

```
--- Summary of the Current Result ---
Slack Time:          0.500
DRC Violations:      0
Clock Period:        1850.000
Total area of chip:  41107.357
Total wire length:   208818.2600
-----
```

- (5) Show the final chip layout of your best result generated by Innovus. Use print-screen to save the final layout and paste on the report.

4. Grading

- ✓ 40%: The completeness of your submitted report
- ✓ 60%: The quality (For all the following attributes, lower values indicate better performance.)
 - clock period (in file *misty.sdc*)
 - Total area of chip (in generated file *summary.rpt*)
 - Total wire length (in generated file *summary.rpt*)

5. File Submission

Please compress HW1/ (using tar) into one with the name CS6135_HW1_\${StudentID}.tar.gz before uploading it to eeclass.

- (1) CS6135_HW1_\${StudentID}_report.pdf contains your report.
- (2) A best_result folder contains *best_result.enc*, *best_result.enc.dat.tar.gz*, and *best_result.logv*.

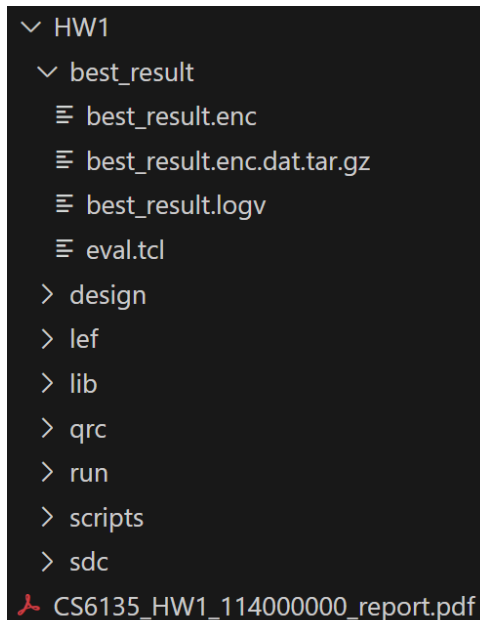
You can use the following command to compress your directory on a workstation:

```
$ tar -zcvf CS6135_HW1_${StudentID}.tar.gz <directory>
```

For example:

```
$ tar -zcvf CS6135_HW1_114000000.tar.gz HW1/
```

The folder structure would be like the following figure:



6. Procedures

Follow the steps below to complete the physical implementation of the given design. Note that the provided figures are for reference only, and your results may differ.

Before proceeding, ensure you have a basic understanding of the command-line interface (CLI). If you are unfamiliar with shell commands or Vim, refer to the [Shell Tutorial.pdf](#) uploaded to eeclass.

A. Design Preparation

Step 1. Log in to the workstation (using MobaXterm for ease)

Please download `HW1.tar.gz` from eeclass, and upload the file to the server nthucad.cs.nthu.edu.tw.

```
$ scp HW1.tar.gz {YOUR_ACCOUNT}@nthucad.cs.nthu.edu.tw:.
```

(“\$” is a prompt, not a command, so don’t type it. “scp” stands for secure copy.)

Next, log in to the server nthucad.cs.nthu.edu.tw using the ssh command in a terminal application (e.g., PuTTY, Cygwin, MobaXterm, Terminal.app). After logging in, change your password by entering the command “yppasswd”.

(“ssh” stands for secure shell. “-XY” means to enable X11 forwarding to see GUI.)

```
$ ssh -XY {YOUR_ACCOUNT}@nthucad.cs.nthu.edu.tw
```

```
$ yppasswd
```

The server nthucad.cs.nthu.edu.tw functions as a proxy (relay) server used to access other servers within a private network. It provides only basic services, so you must log into one of the Linux-based workstation servers (ic21, ic22, ic51, ic53, ic55) to run Innovus.

```
$ ssh -XY ic21
```

You can also enter “lab_uptime” to check the load on each available server. It is recommended to login to a server with fewer active users for better performance.

```
nthucad:~> lab_uptime
-----users---load average-----users---load average---
ic21 (l): 3   0.00, 0.04, 0.05   ||   ic22 (l): 0   0.01, 0.02, 0.05
ic51 (l): 8   8.23, 8.68, 9.49   ||   ic53 (l): 3   0.05, 0.03, 0.05
ic55 (l): 2   0.00, 0.01, 0.05   ||   ic56 (l): 3   0.01, 0.06, 0.06
last updated: 公曆 20廿五年 二月 十八日 週二 十七時九分二秒
(l) Linux, (s) SunOS, (D) Shutdown
```

Step 2. Invoke Innovus

```
$ tar -zxvf HW1.tar.gz # untar the archive
```

```
$ cd HW1/run
```

Before launching Innovus (Innovus v21.13-s100_1 (64bit)) with the GUI, ensure an X server (e.g., Xming or X-Win32) is installed on your computer. **If you are using MobaXterm (Windows) or XQuartz (macOS), you can skip this step.** Otherwise, you must manually set the DISPLAY environment variable to your IP address.

```
$ innovus # invoke Innovus
```

(If you didn't set up a X server on your PC and forward X11 to the workstation properly, you will get the following error.)

```
C: unknown locale
Cadence Innovus(TM) Implementation System.
Copyright 2021 Cadence Design Systems, Inc. All rights reserved worldwide.

Version:      v21.13-s100_1, built Fri Mar 4 14:32:31 PST 2022
Options:
Date:         Mon Sep 18 22:17:57 2023
Host:         ic51 (x86_64 w/Linux 3.10.0-1160.25.1.el7.x86_64) (16cores*64cpus*Intel(R) Xeon(R) Gold 6226R CPU @ 2.90GHz 22528KB)
OS:          CentOS Linux release 7.9.2009 (Core)

License:
[22:17:57.370629] Configured Lic search path (20.02-s004): 5280@nthucad:5280@lstc:26585@lshc::1717@lshc
invs Innovus Implementation System 21.1 checkout succeeded
8 CPU jobs allowed with the current license(s). Use setMultiCpuUsage to set your required CPU count.
**WARN: (IMPSYT-1507): The display is invalid and will start in no window mode
Create and set the environment variable TMPDIR to /tmp/innovus_temp_95042_ic51_chlu19_T4YVVT.

Change the soft stacksize limit to 0.2%RAM (256 mbytes). Set global soft_stack_size_limit to change the value.

**INFO: MMC transition support version v31-84
```

B. Design Setup

First, we need to import the given design and read in all required files. Each time you enter a command, it's very important for you to check whether the error messages show in the console.

Step 1. Set CPU Usage, Process Node, and Technology

Navigation bar > Tools > Set Multiple CPU Usage ...

Local Machine

Number of Local CPU(s)	8
------------------------	---

click **OK**

```
innovus> setDesignMode -process 7 -node N7
```

Step 2. Import Design

Navigation bar > File > Import Design...

Netlist

Verilog	Selected
Files	../design/misty.v
Top Cell	Select "Auto Assign"

Technology/Physical Libraries

*** Note that the order of the .lef files matter ***

LEF Files	Selected
LEF Files	../lef/asap7_tech_4x_201209.lef
	../lef/asap7sc7p5t_28_L_4x_220121a.lef
	../lef/asap7sc7p5t_28_SL_4x_220121a.lef

Power

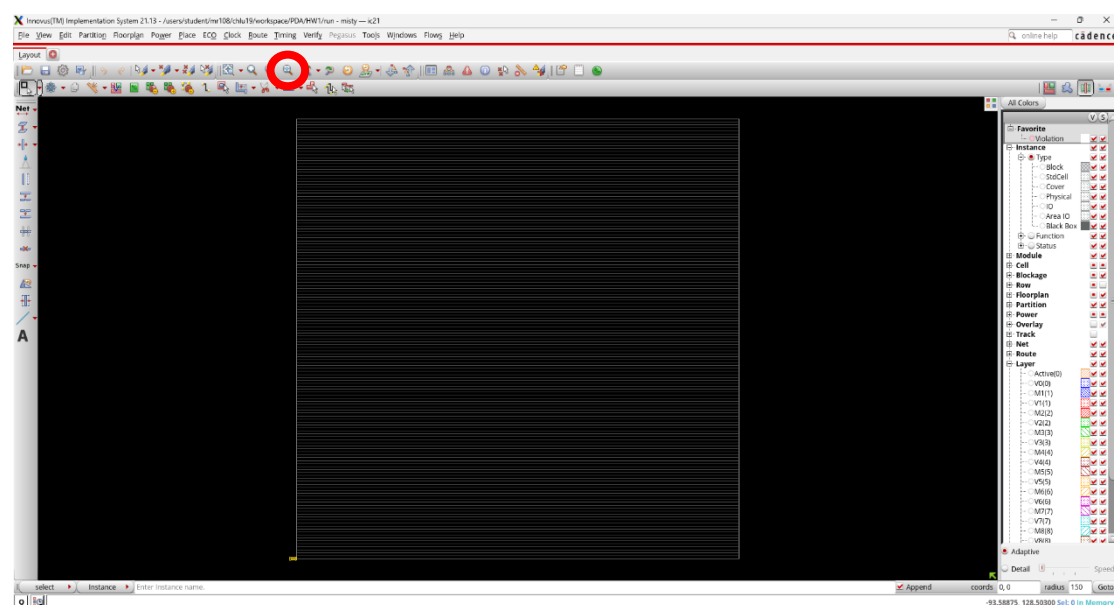
Power Nets	VDD
Ground Nets	VSS

Analysis Configuration

MMMC View Definition File	../scripts/mmmc.view
---------------------------	----------------------

click **OK**

A layout window similar to the figure below will open. Click the highlighted button first to fit the design to the window size.



Routing layer

```
innovus> setDesignMode -bottomRoutingLayer 2
```

```
innovus> setDesignMode -topRoutingLayer 7
```

Step 3. Save design

Navigation bar > File > Save Design...

Data Type	Select "Innovus"
File Name	setup.enc

click **OK**

Restore design

P.S. You cannot restore a design when another design is opened

Navigation bar > File > Restore Design...

Data Type	Select “Innovus”
Restore Design File	setup.enc (Your saved design)

click **OK**

After restoring the design, please make sure you are in the “Physical view” rather than the “Floorplan view.” You can find the view mode buttons at the upper-right corner.



C. Pre-power planning and Floorplan

Step 1. Connect Global Net

Navigation bar > Power > Connect Global Net...

Power Ground Connection > Connect

Pin	Selected
Pin Name(s)	VDD

Power Ground Connection > Scope

Apply All	Selected
-----------	----------

Power Ground Connection

To Global Net	VDD
---------------	-----

click **Add to List**

Power Ground Connection > Connect

Pin	Selected
Pin Name(s)	VSS

Power Ground Connection > Scope

Apply All	Selected
-----------	----------

Power Ground Connection

To Global Net	VSS
---------------	-----

click **Add to List**

Click **Apply** and **close the pop-up window**

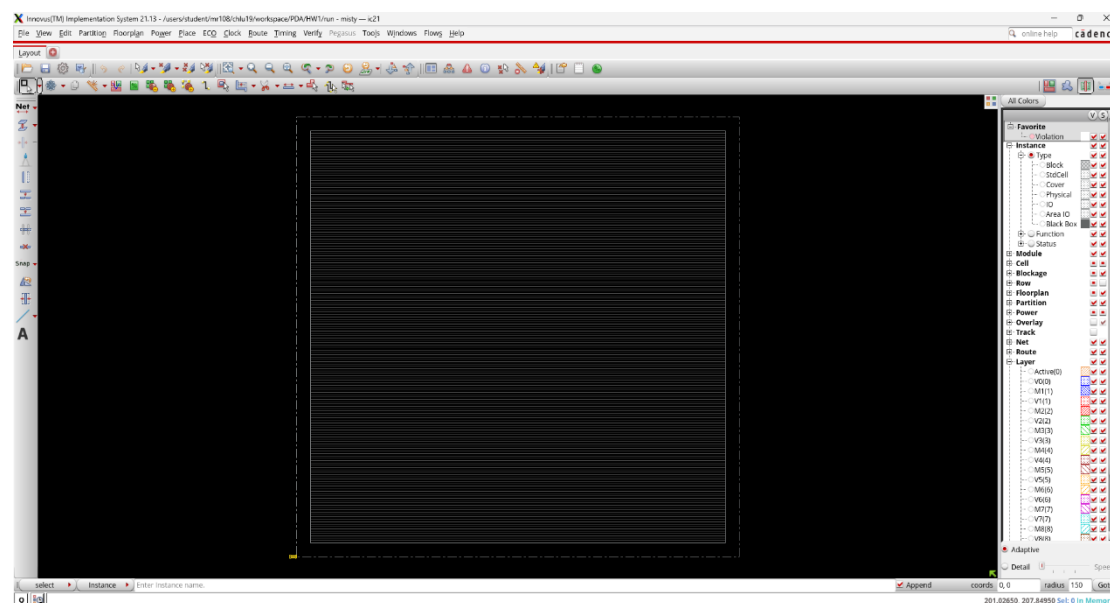
Step 2. Initialize floorplan (Specify a region and put our design in it.)

Navigation bar > Floorplan > Specify Floorplan... > Basic

Specify By	Select “Size”	
Core Size by	Select “Aspect Ratio”	
Ratio (H/W)	1.0	
Core Utilization	0.5 (Depends on you, $0 < \text{utilization} < 1$)	
Core Margins by	Select “Core to Die Boundary”	
Core to Die Boundary	Core to Left: 6.22	Core to Top: 6.22
	Core to Right: 6.22	Core to Bottom: 6.22

click **OK**

The initial floorplan should be like the following figure. The gray solid rectangle is the core area in which you will put all your standard cells.



D. Insert Well Tap Cells and Tracks

Now, use *.tcl* scripts instead of relying solely on the GUI to complete the next steps. A *.tcl* script functions like a shell script, recording all the procedures you want to execute on the layout.

```
innovus> source ../scripts/add_well_tap_and_track.tcl
```


E. Pin Adjustment

```
innovus> source ../scripts/pin_adjustment.tcl
```

F. Power planning

Step 1. Construct Power Network

Navigation bar > Power > Power Planning > Add Ring...

Basic

Net(s)	VDD VSS
--------	---------

Ring Configuration

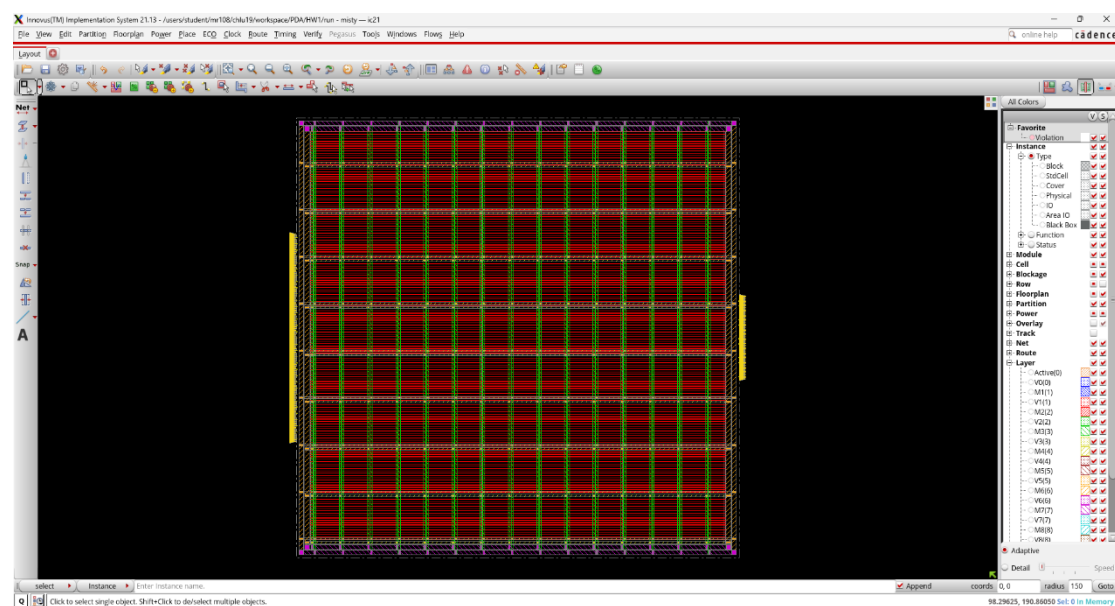
	Layer	Width	Spacing	Offset
Top	M7(7) V	2.176	0.384	0.384
Bottom	M7(7) V	2.176	0.384	0.384
Left	M6(6) H	2.176	0.384	0.384
Right	M6(6) H	2.176	0.384	0.384

click OK

Add Stripe

```
innovus> source ../scripts/add_stripe.tcl
```

After completing these steps, you will see the power planning results as shown below. Make sure to check the “Net” checkbox.



Step 2. Special Route

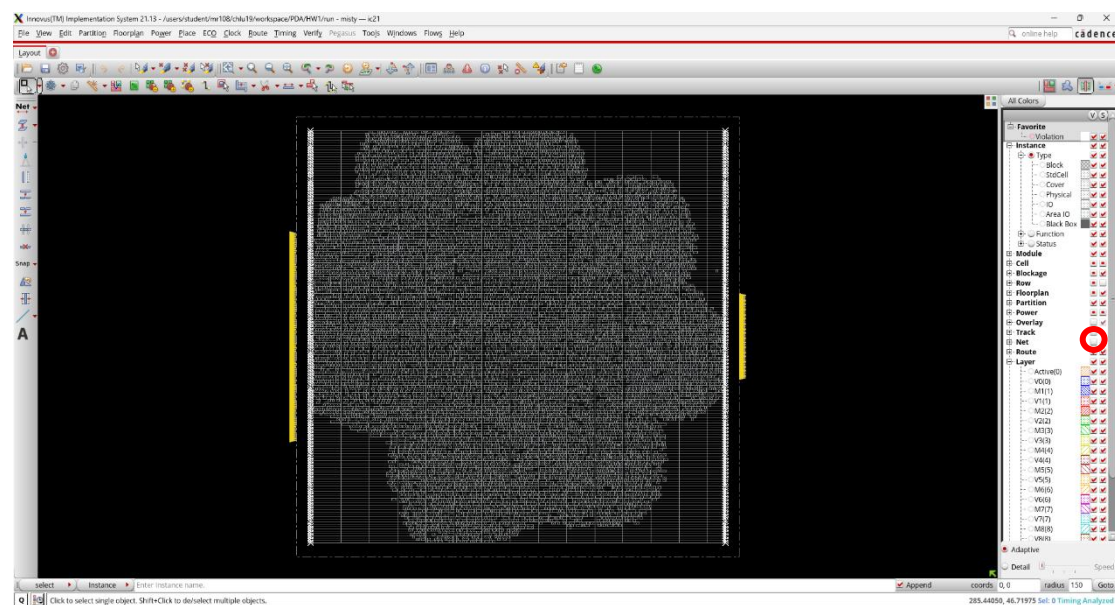
```
innovus> source ../scripts/special_route.tcl
```

G. Placement

Step 1. Place standard cell

```
innovus> place_opt_design
```

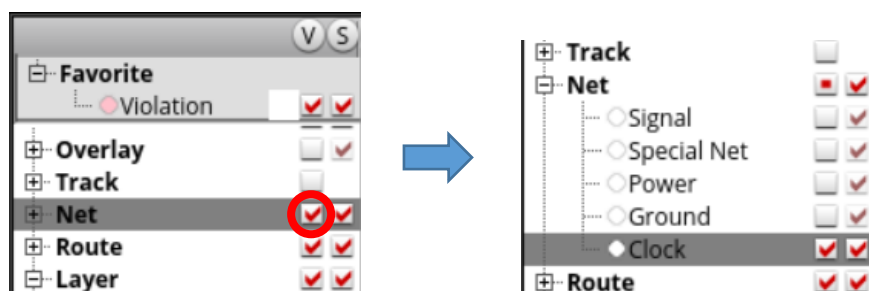
In order to see the placed standard cell, please remember to uncheck the marked checkbox to hide the routing net. You can use the zooming utility to observe the layout.



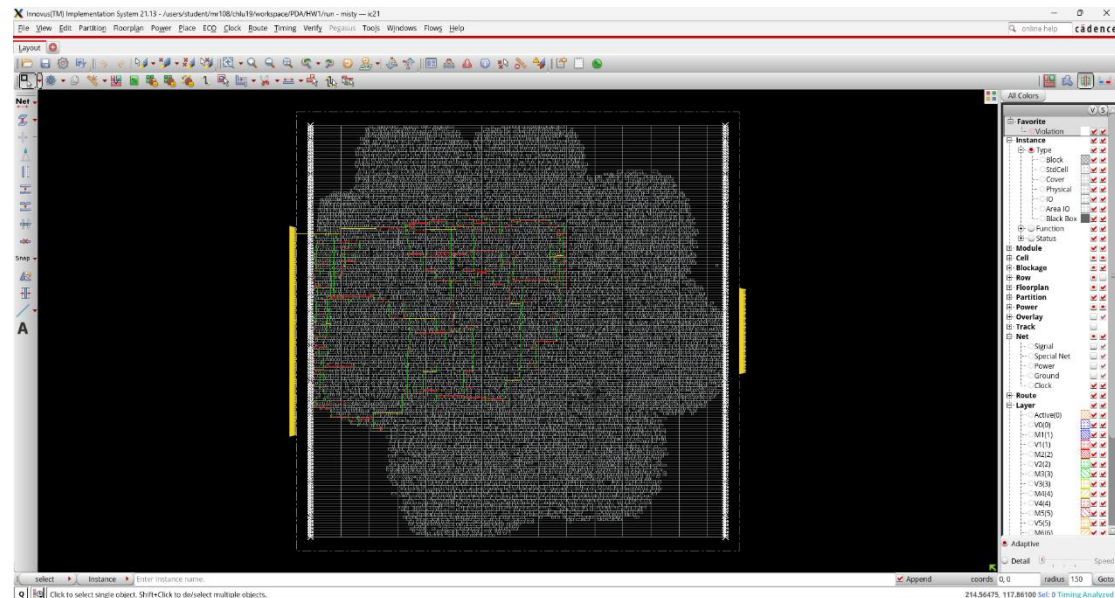
H. Clock Tree Synthesis (CTS)

You can see the clock tree by doing the following instruction:

1. Make sure “Route” checkbox is checked and uncheck the “Net” checkbox.
2. Double click on the “Net” and then check the “Clock” checkbox.



After completing these steps, you will see a result similar to the image below, displaying the clock tree.



Save design

Navigation bar > File > Save Design...

Data Type	Select "Innovus"
File Name	placement.enc

click **OK**

I. Route (Clock Nets and Signal Nets)

Step 1. Route Design

```
innovus> source ../scripts/route.tcl
```

Step 2. Analyze timing (setup and hold) and check routability

```
innovus> report_timing
```

Is there any timing violation (slack < 0)?

(slack = required time - arrival time. If slack < 0, it is failed.)

(Optional step) Optimize routing results

If there is any timing violation, you can try to fix them by following command:

```
innovus> setAnalysisMode -analysisType onChipVariation
```

```
innovus> optDesign -postRoute
```

Step 3. Verify DRC

Check if there are any DRC violations in the current design by the following command:

```
innovus> verify_drc
```

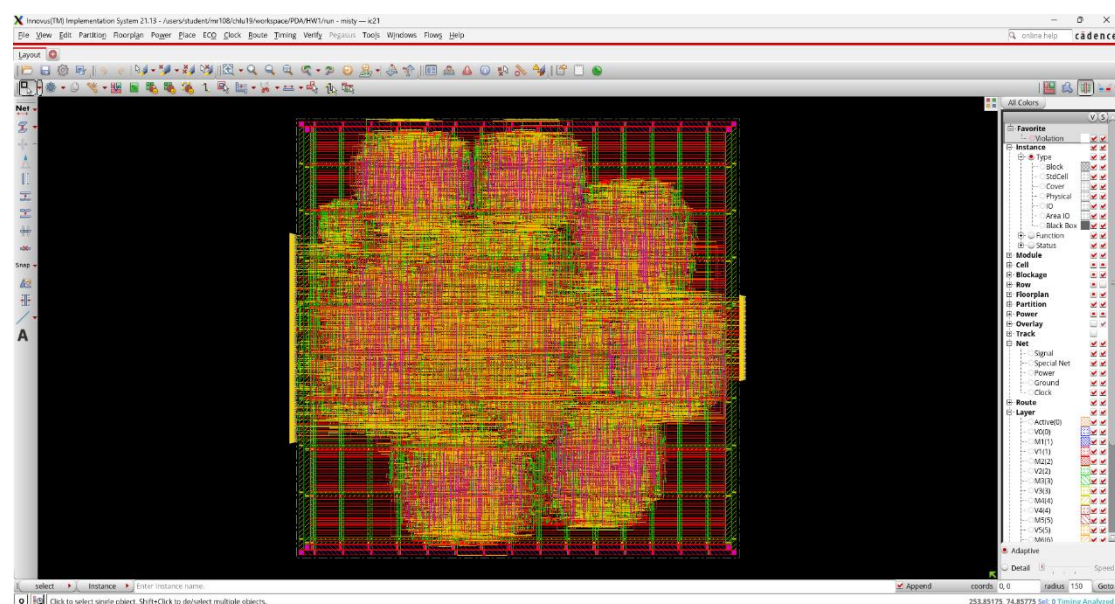
(Optional step) Optimize routing results with ecoRoute

If there are any DRC violations, you can try to fix them by the following command:

```
innovus> ecoRoute -fix_drc
```

If there are still any DRC violations, you should attempt to reduce core utilization during the floorplan stage and then redo all the steps mentioned above.

After completing these steps, you will see the routing result image as below.



Step 4. Save design

Navigation bar > File > Save Design...

Data Type	Select "Innovus"
File Name	route.enc (best_result.enc)

click **OK**

J. Output and Record

Step 1. Dump report

```
innovus> report_timing > timing.rpt
```

```
innovus> summaryReport -noHtml -outfile summary.rpt
```

You can find the total area of chip (Total area of Chip) and total wire length (Total wire length) in the summary.rpt file.

```
innovus> verify_drc > drc.rpt
```

Step 2. Take a snapshot of your final layout

Paste this layout figure into your report.

Step 3. Save best result and its logv file

Save the design of your best result as *best_result.enc* in *HW1/best_result/* folder. Rename the corresponding logv file to *best_result.logv* and move it into *HW1/best_result/* folder.

Please use the following command to save the entire design data.

```
innovus> saveDesign -tgz ../best_result/best_result.enc
```

Step 4. Exit

```
innovus> exit
```

(Tip) Save .tcl

When the last time you exit the Innovus, all your operations are translated as commands and are stored in the file `innovus.cmd[index]`. You can rename it to `apr.tcl` and store it for further use. Also, you can open Innovus with the option `-no_gui`. It will significantly reduce running time since GUI needs time to render components.

(Tip) Execute apr.tcl with -no_gui

```
$ Innovus -init apr.tcl -no_gui
```