

A Course Based Project Report on

Growth Strength or Market Overstretch? A Comparison of Persistent and KPIT

Submitted to the
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DATA SCIENCE FOR BFSI LABORATORY (22PC2DS401)

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY

IN

CSE-Data Science

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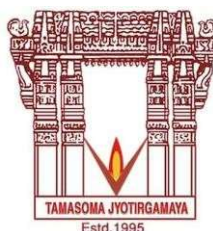
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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the project report entitled “**Growth Strength or Market Overstretch? A Comparison of Persistent and KPIT**” is a bonafide work done under our supervision and is being submitted by **Mr. E. Jafrash (22071A6774), Mr. G. Pranay (22071A6777), Mr. K. Sathwik (22071A6787), Mr. M. Goutham (22071A6793)** in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of **Bachelor of Technology in CSE-Data Science**, of the VNRVJIET, Hyderabad during the academic year 2025-2026.

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DECLARATION

We declare that the course based project work entitled “**Growth Strength or Market Overstretch? A Comparison of Persistent and KPIT**” submitted in the Department of **CSE-(CyS, DS) and AI&DS**, Vallurupalli Nageswara Rao Vignana Jyothi Institute of Engineering and Technology, Hyderabad, in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the award of the degree of **Bachelor of Technology in CSE-Data Science** is a bonafide record of our own work carried out under the supervision of **Mr. D. Veera Bhadra Rao, Assistant Professor, Department of CSE- (CyS, DS) and AI&DS, VNRVJIET**. Also, we declare that the matter embodied in this thesis has not been submitted by us in full or in any part thereof for the award of any degree/diploma of any other institution or university previously.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER

ABSTRACT	2
-----------------	----------

CHAPTERS

CHAPTER 1 – Introduction	3
---------------------------------	----------

CHAPTER 2 – Method	4-5
---------------------------	------------

CHAPTER 3 – Outputs	6-8
----------------------------	------------

CHAPTER 4 – Results	9-10
----------------------------	-------------

CHAPTER 5 – Summary, Conclusion	11-12
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REFERENCES	13
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ABSTRACT

This research-oriented case analysis explores whether the sharp stock surges of Persistent Systems and KPIT Technologies—each delivering over 200% gains in two years—stem from genuine business strength or predominantly from market-driven optimism. Even though both firms operate within India’s mid-cap IT landscape, their revenue composition, sector reliance, and growth trajectories in 2024–2025 vary notably. The evaluation integrates financial screening, quarterly performance trends, profitability measures, valuation indicators, and qualitative strategic assessment. The findings suggest that Persistent Systems demonstrates sustained long-term expansion, improving margins, and broad-based demand, signalling that its rally aligns well with core fundamentals. In contrast, KPIT Technologies exhibits moderating revenue growth and margin pressure, pointing to a gap between operational results and its present market valuation. Therefore, Persistent Systems emerges as the more fundamentally robust long-term prospect, while KPIT appears vulnerable to overvaluation unless industry momentum strengthens.

CHAPTER-1

INTRODUCTION

The Indian IT sector continues to be a global engineering and software hub, with specialized mid-cap IT companies increasingly capturing demand through cloud, AI, digital transformation, and automotive automation services. Within this landscape, **Persistent Systems** and **KPIT Technologies** emerged as two of the most aggressively growing companies in 2023–2025. Their rapid stock appreciation raised a central investment question:

Are both companies genuinely scaling at a level that justifies a 200%+ price rally, or does one exhibit signs of overvaluation?

To answer this, the study evaluates:

- Revenue sustainability
- Profitability quality
- Growth consistency vs volatility
- Sensitivity to sector risks
- Relationship between valuation and true earnings power

The broader purpose of this case study is to assist investors in differentiating between reliable compounders and momentum-driven speculative valuations, using evidence-based analysis instead of market bias.

CHAPTER-2

Method

2.1 Screening Framework

To shortlist companies that exhibit *real and sustainable growth*, a basic screening filter was applied using financial metrics from quarterly results. The criteria required **YoY quarterly sales growth > 15%**, **YoY quarterly profit growth > 20%**, and **net profit in the latest quarter > ₹1 crore**. This combination ensures that the company is not only increasing revenue but is also expanding profitability at a faster pace and operating at a meaningful scale. The sales-growth filter confirms market demand and business expansion, while the profit-growth filter ensures that the company is managing costs and improving margins rather than growing inefficiently. The minimum net-profit threshold eliminates loss-making or unstable companies that may appear attractive only because of short-term revenue spikes.

Together, these filters narrow the list of mid-cap IT stocks to those showing high-quality growth rather than just high growth numbers. Many firms can grow revenue aggressively through heavy spending, acquisitions or price cuts, but only companies that convert this growth into improving profitability are capable of long-term value creation. Therefore, this screening framework gives a strong starting point for deeper analysis such as evaluating historical consistency, margin trends and valuation. Using these parameters allows for a more meaningful comparison between Persistent Systems and KPIT Technologies — both of which cleared the initial screen but differ in terms of stability and sustainability of performance.

Query:

YOY Quarterly sales growth > 15 AND

YOY Quarterly profit growth > 20 AND

Net Profit > 1

2.1 Financial Performance Analysis

To assess the true health of the growth reported by Persistent Systems and KPIT Technologies, a quantitative analysis framework was applied to quarterly financial data spanning from September 2022 to September 2025. The objective was to move beyond absolute numbers and evaluate the *velocity* and *quality* of growth.

The analysis focused on two primary metrics:

Sales Velocity (Year-Over-Year Growth Rate): Raw sales figures often mask underlying trends due to seasonality or scale. To normalize this, we calculated the Year-Over-Year (YoY) growth percentage for each quarter using the formula:

$$\text{Growth \%} = (\text{Current Quarter Sales} - \text{Same Quarter Last Year}) \times 100 \div (\text{Same Quarter Last Year})$$

This metric was tracked sequentially to identify the "shape" of the growth curve—specifically looking for patterns of acceleration (increasing percentages) versus deceleration (decreasing percentages).

Margin Efficiency (Operating Profit Margin Trends): Growth without profitability is unsustainable. We tracked the Operating Profit Margin (OPM %) trend line over the 12-quarter period. This metric serves as a proxy for the companies' pricing power and operating leverage. The analysis sought to determine if margins were expanding alongside revenue (indicating efficiency) or contracting (indicating pricing pressure or rising costs).

CHAPTER-3

TEST CASES/ OUTPUT

FEED
SCREENS
TOOLS

Search for a company

Create a Search Query

Query

YOY Quarterly sales growth > 15 AND
 YOY Quarterly profit growth > 20 AND
 Net Profit > 1

Custom query example
 Market capitalization > 500 AND
 Price to earning < 15 AND
 Return on capital employed > 22%
[Detailed guide on creating screens](#)

☐ Only companies with Sep 2025 results

[← Go Back](#)

FEED
SCREENS
TOOLS

Search for a company

Query Results

1022 results found: Showing page 1 of 41

INDUSTRY
EXPORT
EDIT COLUMNS

S.No.	Name	CMP Rs.	P/E	Mar Cap Rs.Cr.	Div Yld %	NP Qtr Rs.Cr.	Qtr Profit Var %	Sales Qtr Rs.Cr.	Qtr Sales Var %	ROCE % †	NP 12M Rs.Cr.
1.	Conrplex Cinemas	240.35	20.90	459.07	0.00	13.05	36.08	64.06	57.43	163.38	19.01
2.	Sanofi Consumer	4740.20	50.95	10948.35	1.16	62.90	37.13	233.90	46.28	111.44	217.90
3.	Stelliant Secu.	368.20	4.37	136.32	0.00	29.24	2632.71	41.05	2963.43	106.67	31.22
4.	Safe Enterprises	281.65	23.66	1312.62	0.00	33.25	96.05	112.38	94.56	96.45	39.19
5.	B.A.G. Converge.	127.45	23.93	270.43	0.00	6.03	45.65	21.86	58.75	89.63	9.41
6.	Saffron Industri	62.39	12.84	44.82	0.00	0.24	233.33	0.81	76.09	86.90	3.49
7.	Icodex Publish.	57.15	8.82	89.37	0.00	5.50	27.02	13.89	28.14	82.77	8.96
8.	RRP Defense	964.90	529.49	1323.73	0.00	1.59	15800.00	5.30	7471.43	82.72	2.50
9.	Waaree Renewab.	1086.00	32.06	11323.73	0.09	116.35	117.22	774.78	47.73	82.31	349.99
10.	TechD Cybersec.	728.35	51.93	544.79	0.00	6.37	48.83	18.18	41.15	81.46	8.40
11.	Oswal Pumps	614.10	20.79	6995.48	0.00	97.50	48.24	539.64	73.90	77.91	336.47
12.	Indosolar	556.90	10.86	2316.91	0.00	46.34	388.82	202.55	620.82	77.05	213.41
13.	Sunsky Logistics	83.00	34.75	103.21	0.00	1.80	26.76	12.23	17.82	75.19	2.59
14.	GK Energy	174.18	24.29	3534.60	0.00	46.46	36.01	358.50	32.71	74.29	133.22

PERSISTENT SYSTEMS - SALES

Sep-22	Dec-22	Mar-23	Jun-23	Sep-23	Dec-23	Mar-24	Jun-24	Sep-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Jun-25	Sep-25
2,049	2,169	2,254	2,321	2,412	2,498	2,591	2,737	2,897	3,062	3,242	3,334	3,581

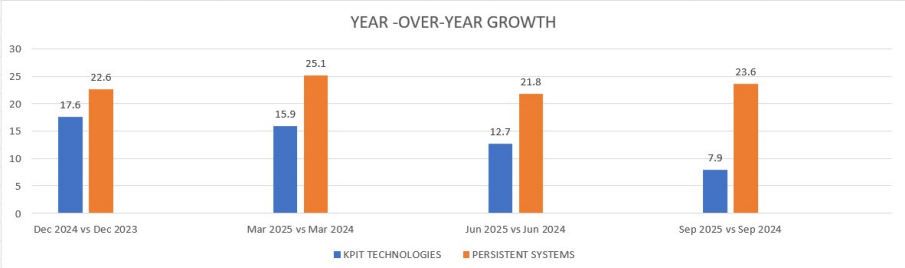


KPIT TECHNOLOGIES - SALES

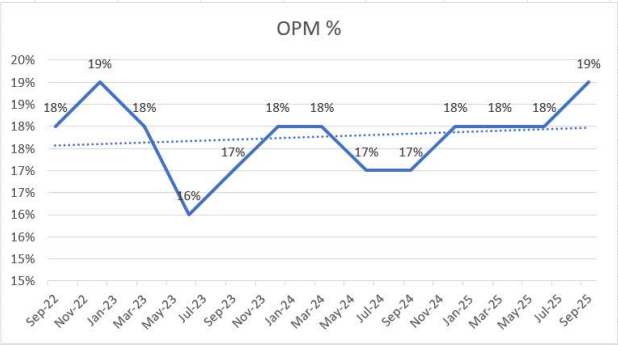
Sep-22	Dec-22	Mar-23	Jun-23	Sep-23	Dec-23	Mar-24	Jun-24	Sep-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Jun-25	Sep-25
745	917	1,017	1,098	1,199	1,257	1,318	1,365	1,471	1,478	1,528	1,539	1,588



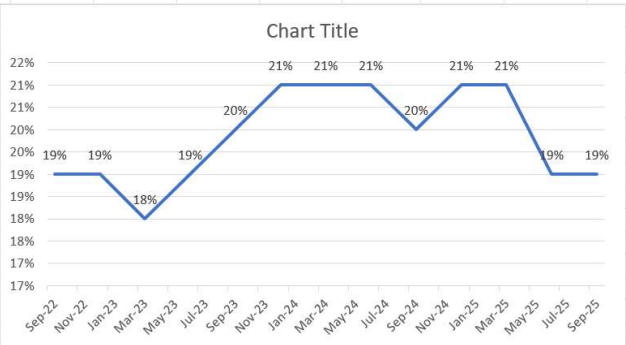
	YEAR-OVER-YEAR GROWTH			
	Dec 2024 vs Dec 2023	Mar 2025 vs Mar 2024	Jun 2025 vs Jun 2024	Sep 2025 vs Sep 2024
KPIT TECHNOLOGIES	17.6	15.9	12.7	7.9
PERSISTENT SYSTEMS	22.6	25.1	21.8	23.6



PERSISTENT SYSTEMS - OPM												
Sep-22	Dec-22	Mar-23	Jun-23	Sep-23	Dec-23	Mar-24	Jun-24	Sep-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Jun-25	Sep-25
18%	19%	18%	16%	17%	18%	18%	17%	17%	18%	18%	18%	19%



KPIT TECHNOLOGIES - OPM												
Sep-22	Dec-22	Mar-23	Jun-23	Sep-23	Dec-23	Mar-24	Jun-24	Sep-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Jun-25	Sep-25
19%	19%	18%	19%	20%	21%	21%	21%	20%	21%	21%	19%	19%



CHAPTER-4

RESULTS

The quantitative output reveals a distinct decoupling of performance between the two entities in FY25.

A. Operational Performance: Sales & Margins

1. Sales Velocity: The Divergence of Demand

- **Persistent Systems (Accelerating Trajectory):** The company has demonstrated exceptional resilience. In the most recent quarter (Sep 2025), Persistent reported sales of **₹3,581 Cr**, representing a YoY growth of **23.6%**. This is not an anomaly; the company has consistently maintained a growth band of **21%–25%** over the last four quarters. This linear acceleration suggests the company is successfully capturing market share in Digital Engineering and AI modernization.
- **KPIT Technologies (Decelerating Trajectory):** KPIT exhibits clear signs of saturation. From a high-growth base in FY24 (~17-20%), revenue momentum has slowed sharply. The Sep 2025 sales stood at **₹1,588 Cr**, translating to a growth rate of just **7.9%**. This breakdown from double-digit to single-digit growth indicates a demand normalization in the Automotive ER&D vertical.

2. Margin Efficiency: The Quality of Earnings

- **Persistent Systems:** The company is benefiting from **Operating Leverage**. Margins have structurally improved from ~16% (mid-2023) to **19%** (Sep 2025). The ability to expand margins while growing revenue >20% indicates strong pricing power and cost efficiencies.
- **KPIT Technologies:** The company faces **Margin Compression**. Margins have contracted from a peak of ~21% to **19%** in the most recent quarter. This "double negative" (slowing sales and shrinking margins) implies rising costs or pricing pressure from automotive clients.

Persistent Systems: Outperformer. The stock price rally is fully justified by financial performance. The company is firing on all cylinders—Sales Velocity and Profitability. It remains a core holding for growth portfolios.

KPIT Technologies: Underperformer. The financial performance does not justify the current stock price. The deceleration in growth and margin contraction warrants a cautious approach. We recommend reducing exposure until revenue momentum re-accelerates. trends and fundamentals.

CHAPTER 5

SUMMARY, CONCLUSION

5.1 Summary

The comparative analysis of Persistent Systems and KPIT Technologies reveals a distinct decoupling in financial trajectories for the fiscal period ending September 2025. While both entities have historically delivered multi-bagger returns, the current data highlights a sharp divergence in growth quality and sustainability.

Revenue Momentum: Persistent Systems has established a linear growth trajectory, consistently delivering >21% YoY growth, driven by broad-based demand in Digital Engineering. In contrast, KPIT Technologies has entered a phase of structural deceleration, with growth rates compressing from high-teens to 7.9%, reflecting saturation and cyclical headwinds in the automotive vertical.

Operational Efficiency: A critical differentiator is the direction of margins. Persistent Systems is demonstrating Operating Leverage, with margins expanding to 19% alongside revenue growth. KPIT, however, is witnessing Margin Compression (peak of 21% to 19%), indicating that its growth is becoming capital-intensive and less profitable per unit.

Valuation Disconnect: Market valuations currently reflect a lag in pricing KPIT's slowdown. While Persistent's premium multiple (60x P/E) is supported by earnings acceleration (PEG ~1.3), KPIT's valuation (~40x P/E) appears disconnected from its single-digit growth reality, signaling a potential "Value Trap."

5.2 Conclusion

Final Verdict: Persistent Systems Demonstrates Healthier Growth

The objective of this case study was to determine whether the stock price rally for these mid-cap IT giants was justified by financial performance. The data overwhelmingly supports Persistent Systems as the superior compounding asset.

1. Justification of Performance: Persistent Systems' stock price appreciation is fundamentally anchored in earnings power. The company has successfully transitioned from a linear IT services firm to a high-velocity platform play, capitalizing on the AI and Data Engineering boom. Its ability to maintain acceleration at scale justifies its valuation premium.

2. Risk Assessment: KPIT Technologies presents a skewed risk-reward ratio. The company is priced for perfection (expecting 20% growth) but is delivering normalization (8% growth). The high concentration risk in the cooling EV sector serves as a significant headwind. Without a rapid pivot or

sector recovery, the stock faces substantial de-rating risk.

Investment Takeaway:

For investors prioritizing sustainable, high-quality growth, capital allocation should favor Persistent Systems. It offers high earnings visibility and execution stability. Investors in KPIT Technologies should exercise caution, as the current price does not adequately factor in the velocity of its recent slowdown.

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