

# **Objectives of Java-basic**

#### Purpose:

- Basic understanding of Java as a programming language and JVM
- To understand benefit of Java

#### Product:

- To be able to write a java program
- Understand java source file, how to compile and run java program
- Starting point of a java program
- How to comment in Java
- How to pass run time arguments

#### Process:

- Theory Sessions followed by couple of assignments
- A review at the end of the session and a Quiz.

# **Topics of Java-basic**

- Introduction To Java
  - All About Java
  - History
  - What is Virtual Machine?
  - About the JVM
  - Java Class Libraries
- Java Class
- JVM
- About the Java Program
- Advantages
- Recap

### All about Java

#### **All About Java**

- What is Java?
  - Programming language based off of C and C++
  - Designed to be written once and run anywhere
  - Runs on a virtual machine
  - Very similar to C#
  - Object Oriented
  - Statically Typed
- It is a platform



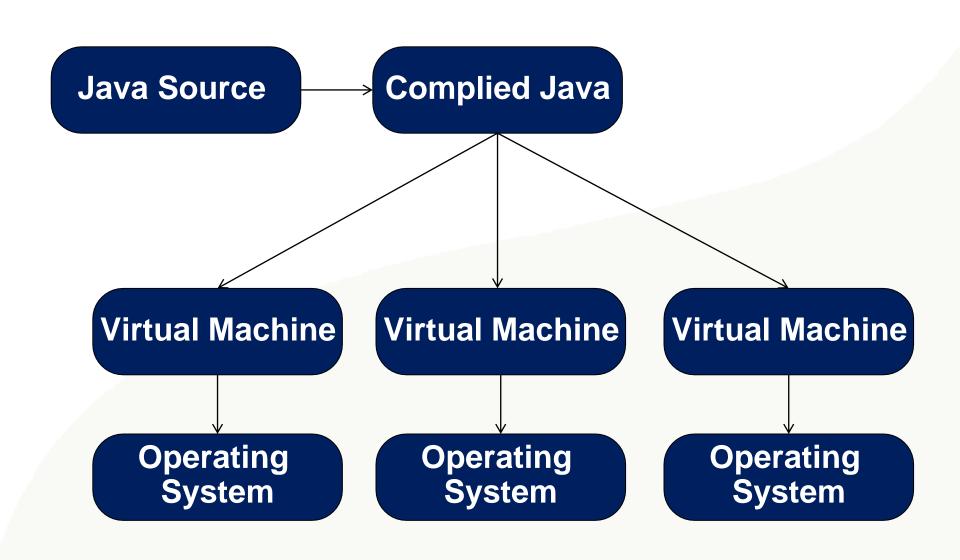
# **History**

# History

- Developed by James Gosling at Sun Microsystems
- Released in 1995
- Many releases since then
  - JDK 1.0 (January 23, 1996)
  - JDK 1.1 (February 19, 1997)
  - J2SE 1.2 (December 8, 1998)
  - J2SE 1.3 (May 8, 2000)
  - J2SE 1.4 (February 6, 2002)
  - J2SE 5.0 (September 30, 2004) Big language changes
  - Java SE 6 (December 11, 2006)
  - Java SE 7 (July 28, 2011)
- Oracle acquired Sun in 2010



## What is Virtual Machine?



#### **About the JVM**

## About the JVM

- Abstraction layer between operating system and programming language / environment
- Runs Java Bytecode
  - Assembly language for JVM
  - More than just Java
- Garbage collection
- Safety



## **Java Class Libraries**

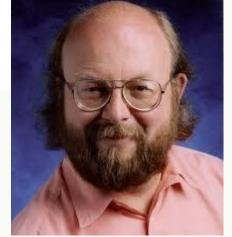
- I/O
- Networking
- Math
- Collections
- Regular Expressions
- Logging
- Graphics and UI

- Text Formatting
- XML
- Remote Method Invocation
- Security
- Databases
- Reflection
- More...

### Introduction

 Java is a simple and yet powerful object oriented programming language and it is in many respects similar to C++.

Java originated at Sun Microsystems, Inc. in 1991.

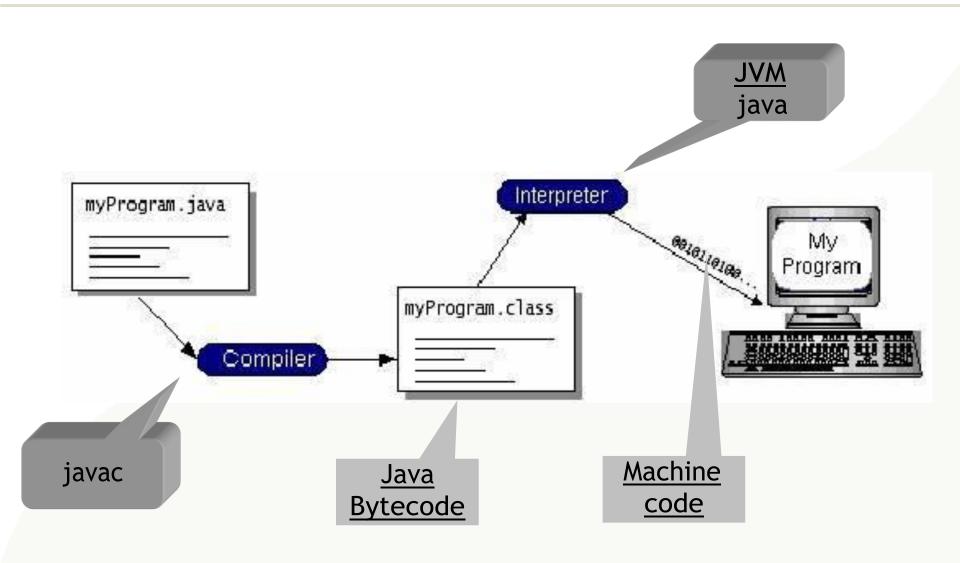


- It was conceived by James Gosling at Sun Microsystems, Inc.
- It was developed to provide a platform-independent programming language.

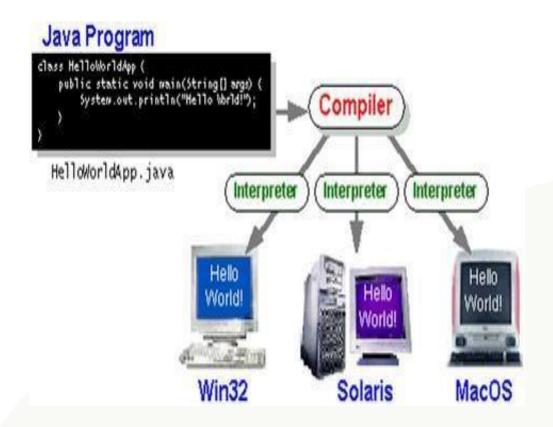
## **Java Class**

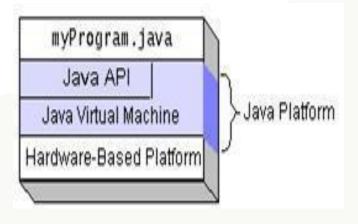
```
/** The HelloWorldApp class implements an application that
       * simply displays "Hello World!" to the standard output.
multi-line*/
                class
comment
                                        method
     class HelloWorldApp {
              public static void main(String[] args) {
    identifier
                                                        Single line
              String hello = "Hello World!";
                                                        comment
              System.out.println(hello); //Display the string.
     (General discussion)
```

# JVM Introduction



## JVM Introduction....contn...





# **About the Java Program**

- public- main(..) is the first method called by java environment when a program is executed so it has to accessible from java environment. Hence the access specifier has to be public.
- static: Java environment should be able to call this method without creating an instance of the class, so this method must be declared as static.
- void: main does not return anything so the return type must be void
- The argument String indicates the argument type which is given at the command line and arg is an array for string given during command line.

# Java features

### The following are some of them:-

Simple

Reusable

Portable (Platform Independent)

Distributed

Robust

Secure

High Performance

# Recap (Keywords)

Starting point

Java class

RUN a java program

Platform independence

**JVM** 

How to compile

Run time argument

