Package 'ManyIV'

February 17, 2021

Title Inference in Instrumental Variables Models with Many Instruments
Version 0.0.2
Description Calculate estimators and standard errors in a linear instrumental variables model with possibly many instruments and many exogenous regressors under homoskedasticity of the reduced form. Also computes tests of overidentifying restrictions.
Depends R (>= $4.0.0$)
License GPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
Imports Matrix, stats, Formula, numDeriv
RoxygenNote 7.1.1
Suggests spelling, testthat, knitr, rmarkdown
VignetteBuilder knitr
LazyLoad yes
Language en-US
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/kolesarm/ManyIV/issues</pre>
<pre>URL https://github.com/kolesarm/ManyIV</pre>
R topics documented:
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ak80

Angrist-Krueger (1991) census data

Description

Sample of males born in the US in 1930-39 from 5

Usage

ak80

Format

A data frame with 329,509 observations on 10 variables:

age Age, measured at quarterly precision

education Years of education

lwage Log of weekly wage

married Indicator for being married

qob Quarter of birth

sob State of birth (FIPS code)

black Indicator for being black

smsa SMSA indicator

yob Year of birth

division Factor variable indicating division

Source

Josh Angrist's website, http://economics.mit.edu/faculty/angrist/data1/data/angkru1991

IVData 3

IVData	Class constructor for IVData	

Description

Convert data to standardized format for use with low-level functions. Uses Matrix package, which speeds up calculations.

Usage

```
IVData(Y, X, Z, W, moments = TRUE, approx = TRUE)
```

Arguments

Υ	n-vector
Χ	n-vector
Z	[n x k] Matrix of instruments, class Matrix
W	[n x ell] Matrix of covariates, class Matrix
moments	if TRUE, compute estimates of third and fourth moments of the reduced-form errors based on least squares residuals
approx	if TRUE, then estimates of third and fourth moments use an approximation to speed up the calculations.

Description

Report test statistic and p-value for testing of overidentifying restrictions. The Sargan test is valid under few instruments. The Modified Cragg-Donald test (Modified-CD) corresponds to a test due to Cragg and Donald (1993), with a critical value modified to make it robust to many instruments and many exogenous regressors.

Usage

```
IVoverid(r)
```

Arguments

object of class RDResults

4 **IVreg**

Fit instrumental-variable regression

Description

Fit instrumental-variable regression

Usage

IVreg(formula, data, subset, na.action, inference = "standard", approx = TRUE)

Arguments

rguments	
formula	specification of the regression relationship and the instruments of the form $y \sim x + w1 + w2 \mid z1 + z2 + z3$, where y is the outcome variable, x is a scalar endogenous variable, w1, w2 are exogenous regressors, and z1, z2, z3 are excluded instruments.
data	optional data frame, list or environment (or object coercible by as.data.frame to a data frame) containing the outcome and running variables in the model. If not found in data, the variables are taken from environment(formula), typically the environment from which the function is called.
subset	optional vector specifying a subset of observations to be used in the fitting process.
na.action	function which indicates what should happen when the data contain NAs. The default is set by the na.action setting of options (usually na.omit).
inference	Vector specifying inference method(s). The elements of the vector can consist of the following methods:
	"standard" Report inference based on TSLS, LIML, and MBTSLS, along with homoskedastic and heteroskedasticity-robust standard errors valid under standard asymptotic sequence, as well as standard errors that are valid under heteroskedasticity and treatment effect heterogeneity.

"re" Inference based on Hessian of random effects likelihood

"il" Inference based on Hessian of invariant likelihood, evaluated numerically "lil" Inference based on information matrix of limited information likelihood

"md" Inference based on the minimum distance objective function

approx

if TRUE, then estimates of third and fourth moments used in inference based on the minimum distance objective function (inference="md") use an approximation to speed up the calculations.

Examples

```
## Specification as in Table V, columns (1) and (2) in Angrist and Krueger
IVreg(lwage~education+as.factor(yob)|as.factor(qob)*as.factor(yob),
          data=ak80, inference=c("standard", "re", "il", "lil"))
## Only quarter of birth as instrument, add married, black and smsa as
```

IVreg.fit 5

IVreg.fit

Low-level computing engine called by IVreg

Description

Low-level computing engine called by IVreg

Usage

```
IVreg.fit(d, inference)
```

Arguments

d

Object of class "IVData"

inference

Vector specifying inference method(s). The elements of the vector can consist of the following methods:

"standard" Report inference based on TSLS, LIML, and MBTSLS, along with homoskedastic and heteroskedasticity-robust standard errors valid under standard asymptotic sequence, as well as standard errors that are valid under heteroskedasticity and treatment effect heterogeneity.

"re" Inference based on Hessian of random effects likelihood

"il" Inference based on Hessian of invariant likelihood, evaluated numerically

"lil" Inference based on information matrix of limited information likelihood

[&]quot;md" Inference based on the minimum distance objective function

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