Datenanalyse Kompensiert und Nicht Kompensiert

1. DeepMotion Nicht Kompensiert

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from scipy.spatial import distance
         from scipy.interpolate import interp1d
         from matplotlib.offsetbox import OffsetImage, AnnotationBbox
In [ ]: df_deepM_03 = pd.read_csv('../Data/KeypointsBereinigtNichtKompensiert.csv
         df_deepM_03.head(5)
Out[]:
            compensation frame
                                                                         path
                                                                                  x_0
         0
                        0
                               1 /Users/salomekoller/Library/CloudStorage/OneDr...
                                                                               0.0000 -9
                               2 /Users/salomekoller/Library/CloudStorage/OneDr...
         1
                                                                               -0.2305 -9
         2
                        0
                               3 /Users/salomekoller/Library/CloudStorage/OneDr...
                                                                               -0.5451 -9
                        0
                               4 /Users/salomekoller/Library/CloudStorage/OneDr...
         3
                                                                               -0.8911 -9
         4
                               5 /Users/salomekoller/Library/CloudStorage/OneDr... -1.2253 -9
        5 rows × 102 columns
```

1.2 Analyse Form

```
In []: print('Dimension:', df_deepM_03.shape)
    print('Number of rows:', df_deepM_03.shape[0])
    print('Number of columns:', df_deepM_03.shape[1])

Dimension: (937, 102)
```

Number of rows: 937 Number of columns: 102

1.2 Splitting Frames

```
In []: # Variablen initiieren
frame_count = 0
frames_until_reset = []

# Iterieren über Dataframe, um Frames mit '1' zu finden
for index, row in df_deepM_03.iterrows():
    frame_count += 1

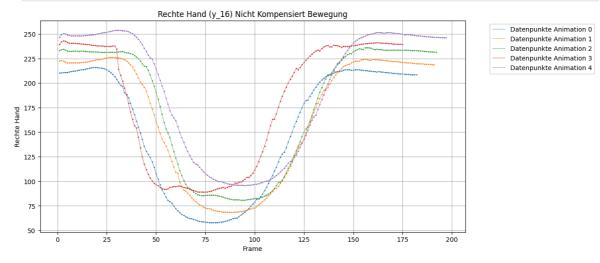
if row["frame"] == 1 and frame_count > 1:
    frames_until_reset.append(frame_count -1)
```

Number of splits: 5

1.3 Bewegungsanalyse anhand rechter Handbewegung (Nicht Kompensiert)

```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
for i, df in enumerate(dfs):
    plt.scatter(df["frame"], df["y_16"], marker='o', color=f'C{i}', s=1)
    plt.plot(df["frame"], df["y_16"], color=f'C{i}', linestyle='-', linew

plt.title("Rechte Hand (y_16) Nicht Kompensiert Bewegung")
plt.xlabel("Frame")
plt.ylabel("Rechte Hand")
plt.grid(True)
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



1.3.1 Berechnung des Mean

 $\label{eq:continuous} \mbox{Out[]:} & x_0 & y_0 & z_0 & x_1 & y_1 & z_1 & x_- \\ \end{array}$

frame

1	65.99356	18.27286	-171.467506	-993.7168	-312.4525	-60.97508	-993.716
2	66.85646	19.80700	-171.254204	-993.7168	-312.4525	-60.97508	-993.716
3	67.98854	20.18948	-170.908414	-993.7168	-312.4525	-60.97508	-993.716
4	68.69194	19.89282	-170.505374	-993.7168	-312.4525	-60.97508	-993.716
5	69.62770	19.35010	-170.065084	-993.7168	-312.4525	-60.97508	-993.716

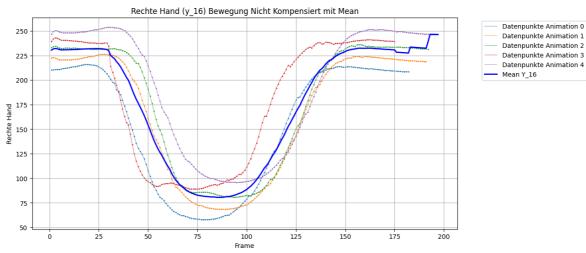
5 rows × 99 columns

1.3.2 Bewegungsmuster mit Mean

```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

for i, df in enumerate(dfs):
    plt.scatter(df["frame"], df["y_16"], marker='o', color=f'C{i}', s=1)
    plt.plot(df["frame"], df["y_16"], color=f'C{i}', linestyle='-', linew

plt.plot(mean_values_03.index, mean_values_03["y_16"], color='b', linesty
    plt.title("Rechte Hand (y_16) Bewegung Nicht Kompensiert mit Mean")
    plt.xlabel("Frame")
    plt.ylabel("Rechte Hand")
    plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.show()
```

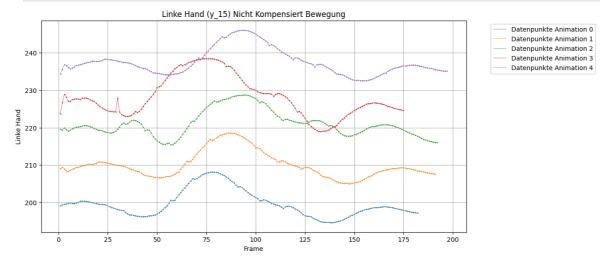


1.4 Linke Handbewegung Nicht Kompensiert

```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
for i, df in enumerate(dfs):
```

```
plt.scatter(df["frame"], df["y_15"], marker='o', color=f'C{i}', s=1)
    plt.plot(df["frame"], df["y_15"], color=f'C{i}', linestyle='-', linew

plt.title("Linke Hand (y_15) Nicht Kompensiert Bewegung")
plt.xlabel("Frame")
plt.ylabel("Linke Hand")
plt.grid(True)
# Move the legend outside of the plot
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



1.5 Linker Ellbogen Nicht Kompensiert

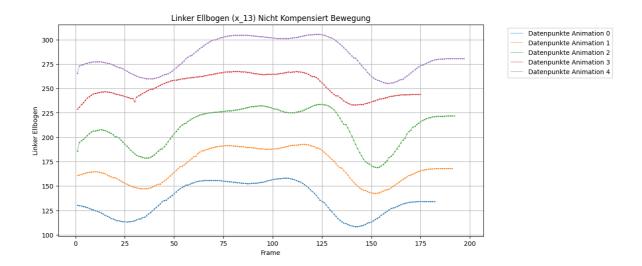
```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    for i, df in enumerate(dfs):

        plt.scatter(df["frame"], df["x_13"], marker='o', color=f'C{i}', s=1)
        plt.plot(df["frame"], df["x_13"], color=f'C{i}', linestyle='-', linew

plt.title("Linker Ellbogen (x_13) Nicht Kompensiert Bewegung")
    plt.xlabel("Frame")
    plt.ylabel("Linker Ellbogen")
    plt.grid(True)

# Move the legend outside of the plot
    plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')

plt.show()
```



2. DeepMotion Kompensiert

```
In [ ]: df_deepM01 = pd.read_csv('../Data/KeypointsBereinigtKompensiert.csv', sep
df_deepM01.head(5)
```

Out[]:		compensation	frame	path	x_0	
	0	1	1	/Users/salomekoller/Library/CloudStorage/OneDr	0.000	-100
	1	1	2	/Users/salomekoller/Library/CloudStorage/OneDr	1.909	-100
	2	1	3	/Users/salomekoller/Library/CloudStorage/OneDr	2.832	-100
	3	1	4	/Users/salomekoller/Library/CloudStorage/OneDr	3.748	-100
	4	1	5	/Users/salomekoller/Library/CloudStorage/OneDr	5.316	-100

5 rows × 102 columns



```
In []: print('Dimension:', df_deepM01.shape)
    print('Number of rows:', df_deepM01.shape[0])
    print('Number of columns:', df_deepM01.shape[1])
```

Dimension: (1096, 102) Number of rows: 1096 Number of columns: 102

2.2 Splitting Frames

```
In []: # Variablen initiieren
    frame_count = 0
    frames_until_reset = []

# Iterieren über Dataframe, um Frames mit '1' zu finden
for index, row in df_deepM01.iterrows():
        frame_count += 1

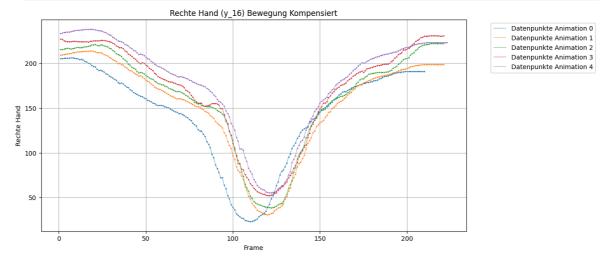
if row["frame"] == 1 and frame_count > 1:
```

```
frames_until_reset.append(frame_count -1)
        if frame count > 0:
            frames_until_reset.append(frame_count)
        print("Number of frames until reset for each cycle:", frames_until_reset)
       Number of frames until reset for each cycle: [210, 431, 652, 873, 1096]
In [ ]: # Einzelne Bewegungen werden in verschiedene Dataframes gepackt
        dfsKomp01 = []
        start = 0
        for end in frames_until_reset:
            dfsKomp01.append(df_deepM01.iloc[start:end])
            start = end
        print("Number of splits:", len(dfsKomp01))
```

Number of splits: 5

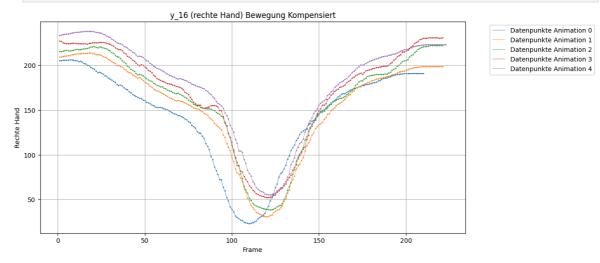
2.3 Bewegungsanalyse anhand rechte Handbewegung (Kompensiert)

```
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
        for i, df in enumerate(dfsKomp01[:5]):
            plt.scatter(df["frame"], df["y_16"], marker='o', color=f'C{i}', s=1)
            plt.plot(df["frame"], df["y_16"], color=f'C{i}', linestyle='-', linew
        plt.title("Rechte Hand (y_16) Bewegung Kompensiert")
        plt.xlabel("Frame")
        plt.ylabel("Rechte Hand")
        plt.grid(True)
        plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
        plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
        for i, df in enumerate(dfsKomp01):
            plt.scatter(df["frame"], df["y_16"], marker='o', color=f'C{i}', s=1)
            plt.plot(df["frame"], df["y_16"], color=f'C{i}', linestyle='-', linew
        plt.title("y_16 (rechte Hand) Bewegung Kompensiert")
        plt.xlabel("Frame")
        plt.ylabel("Rechte Hand")
        plt.grid(True)
```

```
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



2.3.1 Berechnung des Mean

- L] -		x_0	y_0	2_0	х_1	у_ і	2_1	X_Z
	frame							
	1	42.9238	16.61496	-200.431752	-1007.957	-310.477	-48.49379	-1007.957
	2	44.8634	16.47286	-202.449376	-1007.957	-310.477	-48.49379	-1007.957
	3	46.3038	16.14494	-204.223192	-1007.957	-310.477	-48.49379	-1007.957
	4	47.5600	15.77780	-206.149102	-1007.957	-310.477	-48.49379	-1007.957
	5	49.5454	15.59410	-208.155064	-1007.957	-310.477	-48.49379	-1007.957

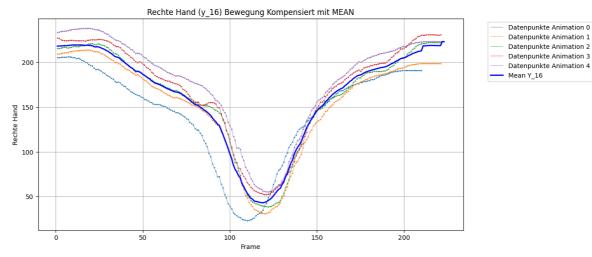
5 rows × 99 columns

2.3.2 Bewegungsmuster mit Mean

```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    for i, df in enumerate(dfsKomp01):
        plt.scatter(df["frame"], df["y_16"], marker='o', color=f'C{i}', s=1)
        plt.plot(df["frame"], df["y_16"], color=f'C{i}', linestyle='-', linew

    plt.plot(mean_values_01.index, mean_values_01["y_16"], color='b', linesty
```

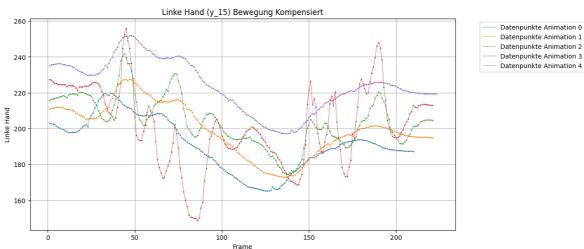
```
plt.title("Rechte Hand (y_16) Bewegung Kompensiert mit MEAN")
plt.xlabel("Frame")
plt.ylabel("Rechte Hand")
plt.grid(True)
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



2.4 Linke Handbewegung Kompensiert

```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    for i, df in enumerate(dfsKomp01):
        plt.scatter(df["frame"], df["y_15"], marker='o', color=f'C{i}', s=1)
        plt.plot(df["frame"], df["y_15"], color=f'C{i}', linestyle='-', linew

    plt.title("Linke Hand (y_15) Bewegung Kompensiert")
    plt.xlabel("Frame")
    plt.ylabel("Linke Hand")
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
    plt.show()
```



2.5 Linker Ellbogen Kompensiert

```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
for i, df in enumerate(dfsKomp01):
    plt.scatter(df["frame"], df["x_13"], marker='o', color=f'C{i}', s=1)
```

```
plt.plot(df["frame"], df["x_13"], color=f'C{i}', linestyle='-', linew

plt.title("Linker Ellbogen (x_13) Bewegung Kompensiert")

plt.xlabel("Frame")

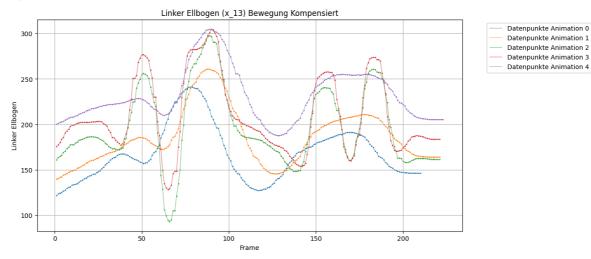
plt.ylabel("Linker Ellbogen")

plt.grid(True)

# Move the legend outside of the plot

plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')

plt.show()
```



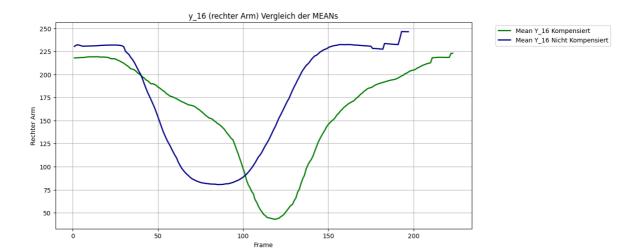
Berechnung Euclidean Distances

1. Analyse der Kompensierten und nicht Komptensierten Mean Werte

```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

plt.plot(mean_values_01.index, mean_values_01["y_16"], color='green', lin
plt.plot(mean_values_03.index, mean_values_03["y_16"], color='darkblue',

plt.title("y_16 (rechter Arm) Vergleich der MEANs")
plt.xlabel("Frame")
plt.ylabel("Rechter Arm")
plt.grid(True)
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



2. Vergleich Werte Kompensiert und Nicht Kompensiert anhand Euclidean Distances

```
In [ ]: # Definition von Kolonnen
        'x_20', 'y_20', 'z_20', 'x_21', 'y_21', 'z_21', 'x_22', 'y_22'
'x_24', 'y_24', 'z_24', 'x_25', 'y_25', 'z_25', 'x_26', 'y_26'
                   'x_28', 'y_28', 'z_28', 'x_31', 'y_31', 'z_31', 'x_32', 'y_32'
        # Kalkulieren von euclidean Distance
        euclidean_distances_03 = {}
        common_frames = mean_values_03.index.intersection(mean_values_01.index)
        for frame in common_frames:
            euclidean distances 03[frame] = []
            for col in columns[1:]:
                point_1 = (frame, mean_values_03.loc[frame, col])
                point_2 = (frame, mean_values_01.loc[frame, col])
                euclidean_distance_03 = distance.euclidean(point_1, point_2)
                euclidean_distances_03[frame].append(euclidean_distance_03)
        euclidean_df_03 = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(euclidean_distances_03, orient='
        euclidean_df_03.head(5)
```

Out[]:		x_0	y_0	z_0	x_11	y_11	z_11	x_12	y_12
	1	23.06976	1.65790	28.964246	29.9736	0.00700	28.227944	29.95742	1.09204
	2	21.99306	3.33414	31.195172	28.9674	1.57052	30.352582	28.95784	2.76372
	3	21.68474	4.04454	33.314778	28.5382	2.19484	32.289940	28.52836	3.40398
	4	21.13194	4.11502	35.643728	27.8812	2.23538	34.584982	27.87176	3.44928
	5	20.08230	3.75600	38.089980	26.7930	1.78524	36.955010	26.78522	3.05044

5 rows × 63 columns

2.1 Vergleich Rechte Hand

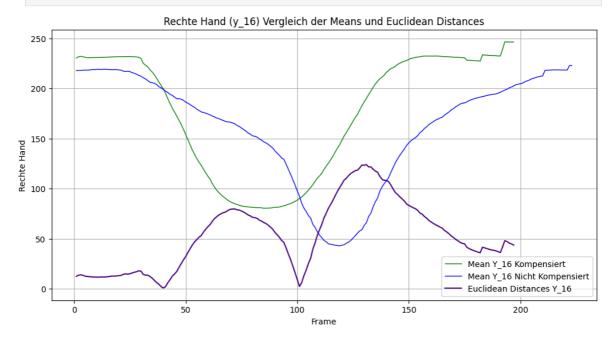
```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

# Plot the mean values for DeepMotion 01
plt.plot(mean_values_03.index, mean_values_03["y_16"], color='green', lin

# Plot the mean values for Mediapipe 01
plt.plot(mean_values_01.index, mean_values_01["y_16"], color='blue', line

# Plot the Euclidean distances for the last calculated column
plt.plot(euclidean_df_03.index, euclidean_df_03["y_16"], color='indigo',

plt.title("Rechte Hand (y_16) Vergleich der Means und Euclidean Distances
plt.xlabel("Frame")
plt.ylabel("Rechte Hand")
plt.grid(True)
plt.legend(loc='best')
plt.show()
```



2.2 Vergleich Linke Hand

```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

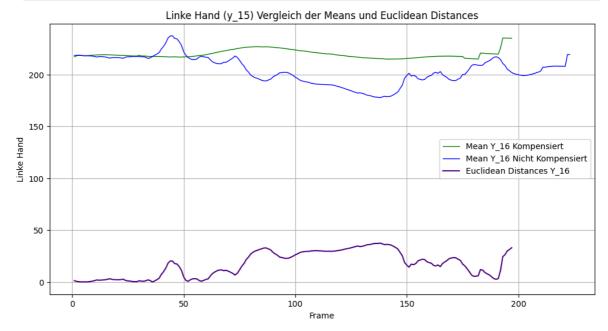
# Plot the mean values for DeepMotion 01
plt.plot(mean_values_03.index, mean_values_03["y_15"], color='green', lin

# Plot the mean values for Mediapipe 01
plt.plot(mean_values_01.index, mean_values_01["y_15"], color='blue', line

# Plot the Euclidean distances for the last calculated column
plt.plot(euclidean_df_03.index, euclidean_df_03["y_15"], color='indigo',

plt.title("Linke Hand (y_15) Vergleich der Means und Euclidean Distances"
plt.xlabel("Frame")
plt.ylabel("Linke Hand")
plt.grid(True)
```

```
plt.legend(loc='best')
plt.show()
```



2.3 Vergleich linker Ellbogen

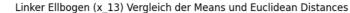
```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

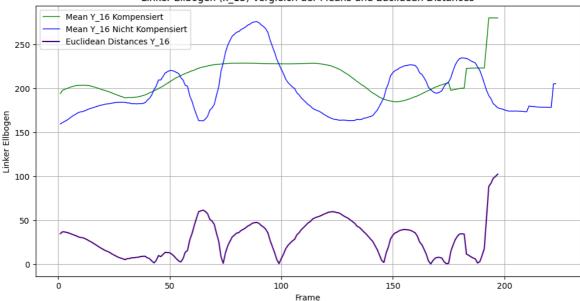
# Plot the mean values for DeepMotion 01
plt.plot(mean_values_03.index, mean_values_03["x_13"], color='green', lin

# Plot the mean values for Mediapipe 01
plt.plot(mean_values_01.index, mean_values_01["x_13"], color='blue', line

# Plot the Euclidean distances for the last calculated column
plt.plot(euclidean_df_03.index, euclidean_df_03["x_13"], color='indigo',

plt.title("Linker Ellbogen (x_13) Vergleich der Means und Euclidean Dista plt.xlabel("Frame")
plt.ylabel("Linker Ellbogen")
plt.grid(True)
plt.legend(loc='best')
plt.show()
```





2.4 Vergleich linke Hüfte

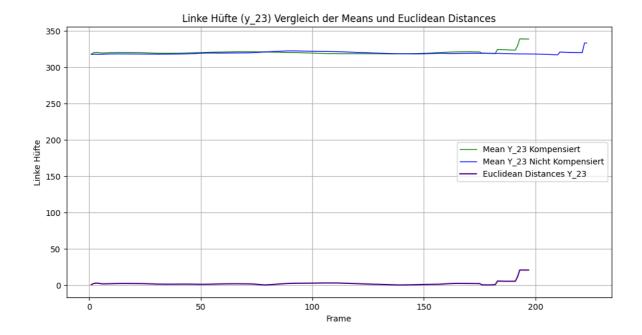
```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

# Plot the mean values for DeepMotion 01
plt.plot(mean_values_03.index, mean_values_03["y_23"], color='green', lin

# Plot the mean values for Mediapipe 01
plt.plot(mean_values_01.index, mean_values_01["y_23"], color='blue', line

# Plot the Euclidean distances for the last calculated column
plt.plot(euclidean_df_03.index, euclidean_df_03["y_23"], color='indigo',

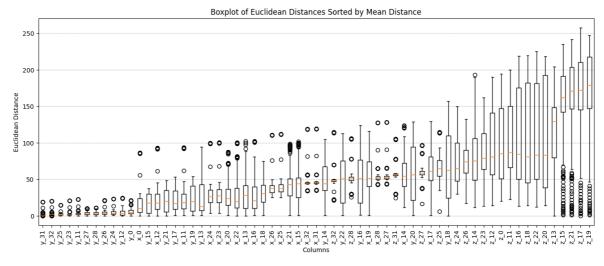
plt.title("Linke Hüfte (y_23) Vergleich der Means und Euclidean Distances
plt.xlabel("Frame")
plt.ylabel("Linke Hüfte")
plt.grid(True)
plt.legend(loc='best')
plt.show()
```



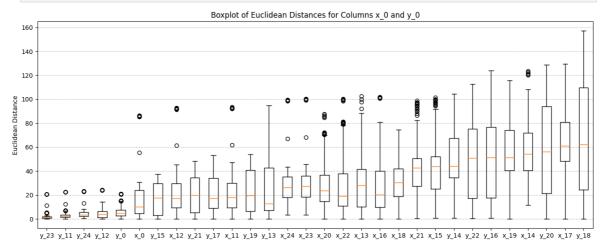
3. Analyse Euclidean Distances

```
In []: mean_distances = euclidean_df_03.mean()
    sorted_df = euclidean_df_03[mean_distances.sort_values().index]

    plt.figure(figsize=(16, 6))
    plt.boxplot(sorted_df.values)
    plt.xticks(range(1, len(sorted_df.columns) + 1), sorted_df.columns, rotat
    plt.title('Boxplot of Euclidean Distances Sorted by Mean Distance')
    plt.xlabel('Columns')
    plt.ylabel('Euclidean Distance')
    plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
    plt.show()
```



3.1 Analyse Euclidean Distances ohne Z Werte

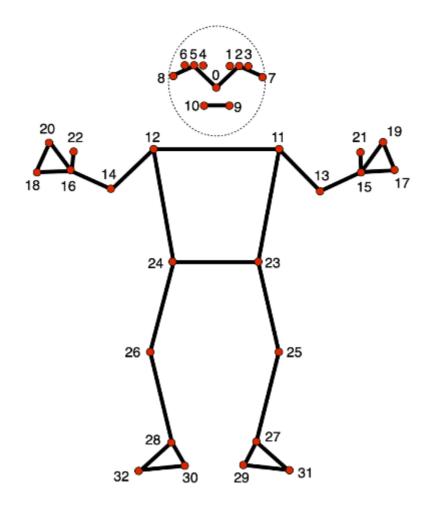


4. Vergleich ganzer Oberkörper

```
In []: # Inserting an image
   img = plt.imread('Pictures/landmark.png') # Replace 'landmark.png' with
   im = OffsetImage(img, zoom=0.2) # Adjust the zoom level as needed
   ab = AnnotationBbox(im, (0.5, 0.5), frameon=False)
   plt.gca().add_artist(ab)

# Remove axis
   plt.axis('off')

plt.show()
```

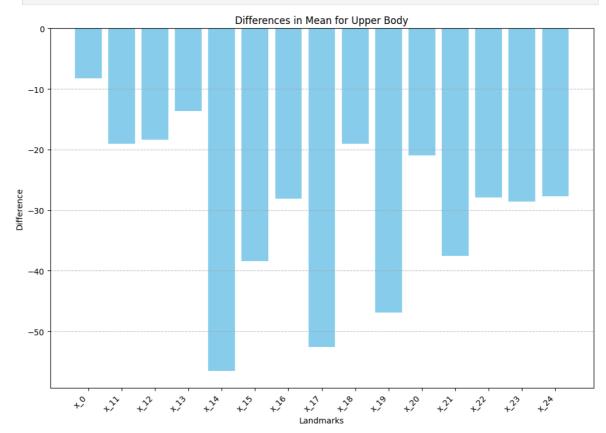


```
Mean Value: x_0
                          -8.223514
      y_0
                0.701673
      z_0
             -101.054790
            -19.034095
      x_11
      y_11
              -2.090782
      z_11
             -107.507648
            -18.395724
      x_12
      y_12
              -4.196192
      z_12
            -100.326219
            -13.660687
      x_13
      y_13
             -19.076607
            -121,287961
      z_13
      x_14
             -56.551723
      y_14
            -44.415245
      z_14
            -92.611904
      x_15
             -38.410071
      y_15
              -15.353725
            -152.804474
      z_15
      x_16
            -28.091003
      y_16
            -14.528532
      z_16
            -110.574064
      x_17
            -52.559885
      y_17
             -16.468250
      z_17
            -162.845611
             -19.030388
      x_18
      y_18
              -7.120281
      z_18
            -112.008680
             -46.914996
      x_19
      y_19
             -17.833418
      z 19
            -164.683528
      x_20
             -20.950228
      y_20
              -7.182865
      z_20
            -112.262405
      x_21
            -37.569543
      y_21
             -18.658648
      z_21
            -157.498633
      x_22
            -27.945124
      y_22
             -12.442283
            -112.616766
      z_22
      x_23
            -28.583976
      y_23
             -1.019616
             -91.620590
      z_23
              -27.735380
      x_24
      y_24
              -4.197384
      z_24
              -79.106428
      dtype: float64
In [ ]: selected_columns_X = ['x_0', 'x_11', 'x_12', 'x_13',
                           'x_14', 'x_15', 'x_16', 'x_17',
                           'x_18', 'x_19', 'x_20', 'x_21',
                           'x_22', 'x_23', 'x_24']
        selected_columns_Y = ['y_0', 'y_11', 'y_12', 'y_13',
                           'y_14', 'y_15', 'y_16', 'y_17', 'y_18', 'y_19', 'y_20', 'y_21',
                           'y_22', 'y_23', 'y_24']
```

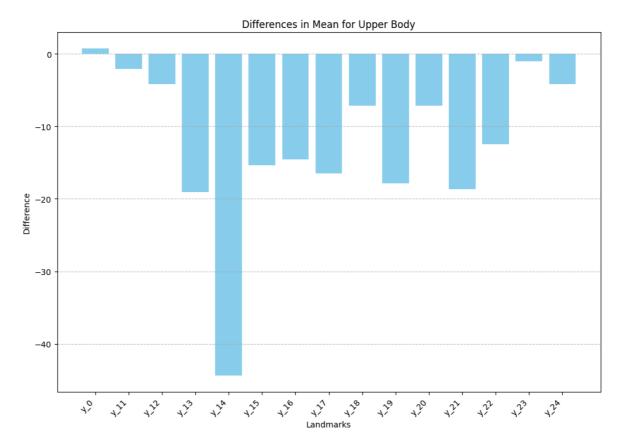
```
'z_22', 'z_23', 'z_24']

difference_in_mean_upper_body_01_X = difference_in_mean_upper_body_01[sel difference_in_mean_upper_body_01_Y = difference_in_mean_upper_body_01[sel difference_in_mean_upper_body_01_Z = difference_in_mean_upper_body_01[sel plt_figure(figsize=(12, 0))
```

```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
   plt.bar(difference_in_mean_upper_body_01_X.index, difference_in_mean_uppe
   plt.title('Differences in Mean for Upper Body')
   plt.xlabel('Landmarks')
   plt.ylabel('Difference')
   plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
   plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
   plt.show()
```



```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
    plt.bar(difference_in_mean_upper_body_01_Y.index, difference_in_mean_uppe
    plt.title('Differences in Mean for Upper Body')
    plt.xlabel('Landmarks')
    plt.ylabel('Difference')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
    plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
    plt.show()
```



```
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
    plt.bar(difference_in_mean_upper_body_01_Z.index, difference_in_mean_uppe
    plt.title('Differences in Mean for Upper Body')
    plt.xlabel('Landmarks')
    plt.ylabel('Difference')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
    plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
    plt.show()
```

