DEFINITIONS

PETRO KOLOSOV

Abstract. Definitions

Contents

1. Definitions

1. Definitions

• T(n,k) recursively defines central factorial numbers of the second kind (in the context of Knuth and Riordan (see references)). It is defined in mathematica package as CentralFactorialNumber1

$$\begin{cases} T(n,1) &= 1 \\ T(n,n) &= 1 \\ T(n,k) &= T(n-1,k-1) + k^2T(n-1,k) \end{cases}$$
 entral factorial numbers defined as CFNIdentity1

• Identity in central factorial numbers defined as CFNIdentity1 in mathematica package

$$(2k-1)!T(2n,2k) = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{j=0}^{k} (-1)^j {2k \choose j} (k-j)^{2n}$$

Date: July 22, 2023.

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification. 26E70, 05A30.

 $Key\ words\ and\ phrases.$ Polynomials, Polynomial identities, Faulhaber's formula, Cental Factorial Numbers .

• Identity in central factorial numbers defined as CFNIdentity2 in mathematica package

$$(2k-1)!T(2n,2k) = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{j=0}^{k} (-1)^{k-j} {2k \choose k-j} j^{2n}$$

ullet Identity in central factorial numbers defined as CFNIdentity3 in mathematica package

$$(2k-1)!T(2n,2k) = \frac{1}{2k} \sum_{j=0}^{2k} (-1)^j \binom{2k}{j} (k-j)^{2n}$$