Information Visualization

W10: Exercise - Isosurface Extraction

Graduation School of System Informatics
Department of Computational Science

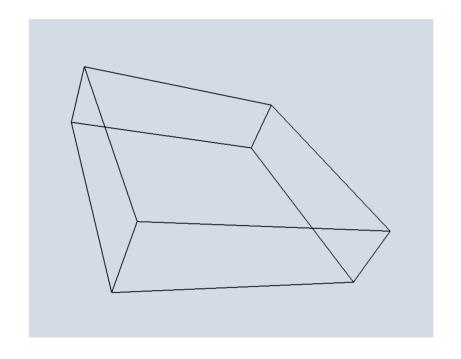
Naohisa Sakamoto, Akira Kageyama

May.9, 2018

Schedule

W01 4/10	Guidance
W02 4/11	Exercise (Setup)
W03 4/17	Introduction to Data Visualization
W04 4/18	Exercise (JavaScript Programming)
W05 4/24	Computer Graphics
W06 4/25	Exercise (Shader Programming)
W07 5/01	Visualization Pipeline
W08 5/02	Exercise (Data Model and Transfer Function)
W09 5/08	Isosurface
W10 5/09	Exercise (Isosurface Extraction)
W11 5/22	Direct Volume Rendering
W12 5/23	Streamline
W12 5/23 W13 5/29	Streamline Workshops 1
-	
	W03 4/17 W04 4/18 W05 4/24 W06 4/25 W07 5/01 W08 5/02 W09 5/08 W10 5/09

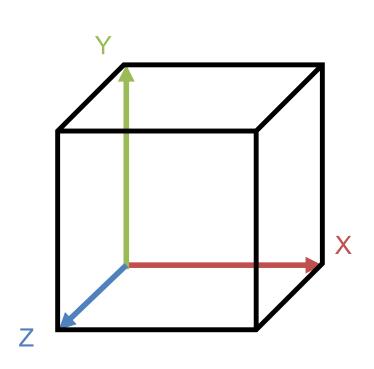
- Draw a bounding box for a structured volume data named as KVS.LobsterData.
 - Download
 - w10_main_ex01.js
 - w10_index_ex01.html
 - Bounds.js
 - Open
 - w10_index_ex01.html

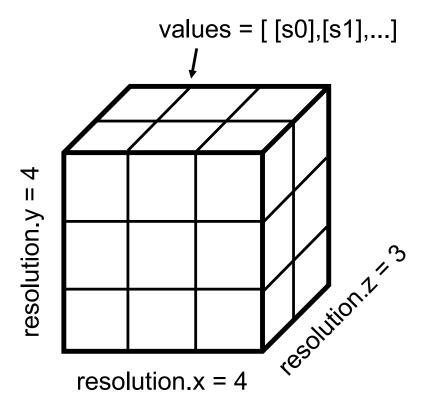


- Lobster data
 - KVS.StructuredVolumeObject

```
// Constructor
KVS.StructuredVolumeObject = function()
{
    this.resolution = new KVS.Vec3();
    this.values = [];
    this.min_coord = new KVS.Vec3();
    this.max_coord = new KVS.Vec3();
    this.min_value = 0;
    this.max_value = 0;
};
```

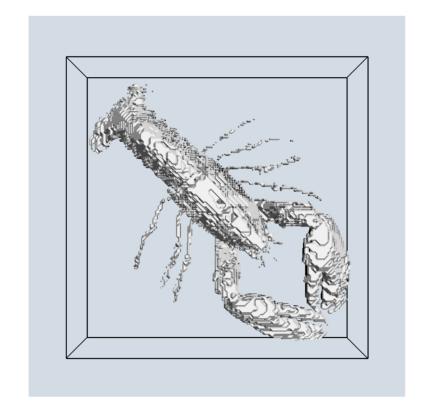
- Lobster data
 - KVS.StructuredVolumeObject





KVS.THREEScreen

- Extract isosurfaces from the lobster data and draw it with the bounding box.
 - Download
 - w10_main_ex02.js
 - w10_index_ex02.html
 - Isosurfaces.js
 - Open
 - w10_index_ex02.html



- Marching process
 - For each cell

Cell node indices

```
var lines = volume.resolution.x;
var slices = volume.resolution.x * volume.resolution.y;
var id0 = cell_index;
                                               id4
                                                         id5
var id1 = id0 + 1;
var id2 = id1 + lines;
                                       id7
                                                     id6
var id3 = id0 + lines;
var id4 = id0 + slices;
                                              id0
                                                         id1
var id5 = id1 + slices;
var id6 = id2 + slices;
var id7 = id3 + slices;
return [ id0, id1, id2, id3, id4, id5, id6, id7 ];
```

Table index

```
var s0 = volume.values[ indices[0] ][0];
var s1 = volume.values[ indices[1] ][0];
var s2 = volume.values[ indices[2] ][0];
var s7 = volume.values[ indices[7] ][0];
var index = 0;
                                      // 0 = 0000,0000
if ( s0 > isovalue ) { index |= 1; } // 1 = 0000,0001
if (s1 > isovalue) { index |= 2; } // 2 = 0000,0010
if (s2 > isovalue) { index |=4; } // 4 = 0000,0100
if ( s7 > isovalue ) { index |= 128; } // 128 = 1000,0000
return index;
```

For each triangle face

```
for ( var j = 0; lut.edgeID[index][j] != -1; j += 3 )
{
    // Extract a triangle face
}
```

Edges and its end-points

```
var eid0 = lut.edgeID[index][j];
var eid1 = lut.edgeID[index][j+2];
                                              vid4
var eid2 = lut.edgeID[index][j+1];
                                       vid0
var vid0 = lut.vertexID[eid0][0];
var vid1 = lut.vertexID[eid0][1];
                                                         eid1
var vid2 = lut.vertexID[eid1][0];
                                       eid0
var vid3 = lut.vertexID[eid1][1];
                                                 vid5
var vid4 = lut.vertexID[eid2][0];
                                                         vid3
                                        vid1
var vid5 = lut.vertexID[eid2][1];
```

Vertex coordinates of the end-points

```
var v0 = new THREE. Vector3(x + vid0[0], y + vid0[1], z + vid0[2]);
var v1 = new THREE. Vector3( x + vid1[0], y + vid1[1], z + vid1[2]);
var v2 = new THREE. Vector3( x + vid2[0], y + vid2[1], z + vid2[2]);
var v3 = new THREE. Vector3(x + vid3[0], y + vid3[1], z + vid3[2]);
var v4 = new THREE. Vector3(x + vid4[0], y + vid4[1], z + vid4[2]);
var v5 = new THREE. Vector3( x + vid5[0], y + vid5[1], z + vid5[2]);
                            v4
                       v0
                       v1
```

Vertex coordinates of the triangle face

```
var v01 = interpolated_vertex( v0, v1, isovalue );
var v23 = interpolated_vertex( v2, v3, isovalue );
var v45 = interpolated_vertex( v4, v5, isovalue );
                                            v4
geometry.vertices.push( v01 );
geometry.vertices.push( v23 );
geometry.vertices.push( v45 );
                                      v01
var id0 = counter++;
                                       v1
var id1 = counter++;
var id2 = counter++;
geometry.faces.push( new THREE.Face3( id0, id1, id2 ) );
```

Task 1

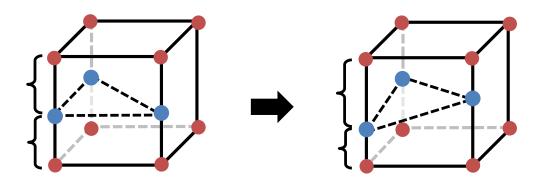
- Assign a color by using a transfer function (color map)
 - Modify the following code

```
material.color = new THREE.Color( "white" );
```

Task 2

- Interpolate vertices between the end-points of the edges in the extraction process of triangle faces.
 - Modify the following code

```
function interpolated_vertex( v0, v1, s )
{
    return new THREE.Vector3().addVectors( v0, v1 ).divideScalar( 2 );
}
```

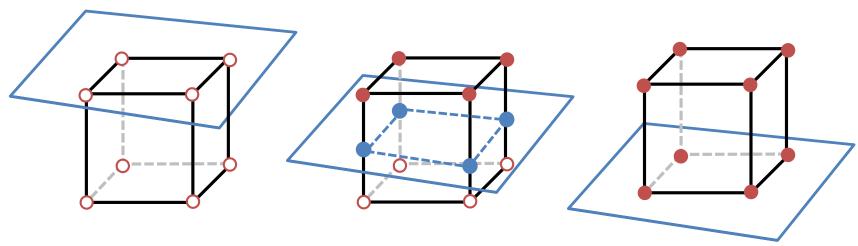


Task 3

Apply shaders to the isosurface rendering

Task 4 (Advanced)

 Implement slice plane extraction based on isosurface extraction algorithm.



Plane: a x + b y + c z + d = 0

Polling

- Take the poll
 - Student ID Number
 - Name
 - URL to Task 1
 - URL to Task 2
 - URL to Task 3
 - URL to Task 4 (advanced)