

# TASK - 1

## Importing necessary libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd  
import numpy as np  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import seaborn as sns
```

## Reading the dataset

```
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv("worldpopulationdata.csv")
```

```
In [3]: df.head()
```

```
Out[3]:
```

	Series Name	Series Code	Country Name	Country Code	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	...	
0	Population, total	SP.POP.TOTL	Afghanistan	AFG	41128771.0	40099462.0	38972230.0	37769499.0	36686784.0	35643418.0	...	28
1	Population, total	SP.POP.TOTL	Albania	ALB	2775634.0	2811666.0	2837849.0	2854191.0	2866376.0	2873457.0	...	2
2	Population, total	SP.POP.TOTL	Algeria	DZA	44903225.0	44177969.0	43451666.0	42705368.0	41927007.0	41136546.0	...	35
3	Population, total	SP.POP.TOTL	American Samoa	ASM	44273.0	45035.0	46189.0	47321.0	48424.0	49463.0	...	
4	Population, total	SP.POP.TOTL	Andorra	AND	79824.0	79034.0	77700.0	76343.0	75013.0	73837.0	...	

5 rows × 26 columns

## Checking the columns of the dataset

```
In [4]: df.columns
```

```
Out[4]: Index(['Series Name', 'Series Code', 'Country Name', 'Country Code', '2022',  
       '2021', '2020', '2019', '2018', '2017', '2016', '2015', '2014', '2013',  
       '2012', '2011', '2010', '2009', '2008', '2007', '2006', '2005', '2004',  
       '2003', '2002', '2001'],  
      dtype='object')
```

## Some information about the dataset

```
In [5]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1085 entries, 0 to 1084
Data columns (total 26 columns):
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   Series Name    1085 non-null   object  
 1   Series Code    1085 non-null   object  
 2   Country Name   1085 non-null   object  
 3   Country Code   1085 non-null   object  
 4   2022          1085 non-null   float64
 5   2021          1085 non-null   float64
 6   2020          1085 non-null   float64
 7   2019          1085 non-null   float64
 8   2018          1085 non-null   float64
 9   2017          1085 non-null   float64
 10  2016          1085 non-null   float64
 11  2015          1085 non-null   float64
 12  2014          1085 non-null   float64
 13  2013          1085 non-null   float64
 14  2012          1085 non-null   float64
 15  2011          1085 non-null   float64
 16  2010          1085 non-null   float64
 17  2009          1085 non-null   float64
 18  2008          1085 non-null   float64
 19  2007          1085 non-null   float64
 20  2006          1085 non-null   float64
 21  2005          1085 non-null   float64
 22  2004          1085 non-null   float64
 23  2003          1085 non-null   float64
 24  2002          1085 non-null   float64
 25  2001          1085 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(22), object(4)
memory usage: 220.5+ KB
```

In [6]: `df.describe()`

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
<b>count</b>	1.085000e+03							
<b>mean</b>	1.461378e+07	1.449711e+07	1.437307e+07	1.422876e+07	1.407966e+07	1.392568e+07	1.376711e+07	1.360705e+07
<b>std</b>	7.832944e+07	7.801505e+07	7.763257e+07	7.712985e+07	7.657562e+07	7.596457e+07	7.528760e+07	7.461740e+07
<b>min</b>	2.749000e+01	2.732503e+01	2.735104e+01	2.676295e+01	2.573928e+01	2.508394e+01	2.464721e+01	2.474106e+01
<b>25%</b>	5.034029e+01	5.035172e+01	5.034171e+01	5.033040e+01	5.033917e+01	5.033041e+01	5.033966e+01	5.033554e+01
<b>50%</b>	1.465500e+05	1.463660e+05	1.461650e+05	1.459570e+05	1.457520e+05	1.441350e+05	1.406060e+05	1.371850e+05
<b>75%</b>	5.903468e+06	5.856733e+06	5.831404e+06	5.814422e+06	5.774185e+06	5.686999e+06	5.629265e+06	5.544490e+06
<b>max</b>	1.417173e+09	1.412360e+09	1.411100e+09	1.407745e+09	1.402760e+09	1.396215e+09	1.387790e+09	1.379860e+09

8 rows × 22 columns

## Checking for duplicate rows

In [7]: `df.duplicated().sum()`

Out[7]: `np.int64(0)`

## Checking for the missing values

In [8]: `df.isna().sum()`

```
Out[8]: Series Name      0  
Series Code      0  
Country Name     0  
Country Code     0  
2022            0  
2021            0  
2020            0  
2019            0  
2018            0  
2017            0  
2016            0  
2015            0  
2014            0  
2013            0  
2012            0  
2011            0  
2010            0  
2009            0  
2008            0  
2007            0  
2006            0  
2005            0  
2004            0  
2003            0  
2002            0  
2001            0  
dtype: int64
```

## Checking unique values for columns

```
In [9]: print(df['Country Name'].unique())  
print("\nTotal no of unique countries:",df['Country Name'].nunique())
```

['Afghanistan' 'Albania' 'Algeria' 'American Samoa' 'Andorra' 'Angola'  
'Antigua and Barbuda' 'Argentina' 'Armenia' 'Aruba' 'Australia' 'Austria'  
'Azerbaijan' 'Bahamas, The' 'Bahrain' 'Bangladesh' 'Barbados' 'Belarus'  
'Belgium' 'Belize' 'Benin' 'Bermuda' 'Bhutan' 'Bolivia'  
'Bosnia and Herzegovina' 'Botswana' 'Brazil' 'British Virgin Islands'  
'Brunei Darussalam' 'Bulgaria' 'Burkina Faso' 'Burundi' 'Cabo Verde'  
'Cambodia' 'Cameroon' 'Canada' 'Cayman Islands'  
'Central African Republic' 'Chad' 'Channel Islands' 'Chile' 'China'  
'Colombia' 'Comoros' 'Congo, Dem. Rep.' 'Congo, Rep.' 'Costa Rica'  
'Cote d'Ivoire' 'Croatia' 'Cuba' 'Curacao' 'Cyprus' 'Czechia' 'Denmark'  
'Djibouti' 'Dominica' 'Dominican Republic' 'Ecuador' 'Egypt, Arab Rep.'  
'El Salvador' 'Equatorial Guinea' 'Eritrea' 'Estonia' 'Eswatini'  
'Ethiopia' 'Faroe Islands' 'Fiji' 'Finland' 'France' 'French Polynesia'  
'Gabon' 'Gambia, The' 'Georgia' 'Germany' 'Ghana' 'Gibraltar' 'Greece'  
'Greenland' 'Grenada' 'Guam' 'Guatemala' 'Guinea' 'Guinea-Bissau'  
'Guyana' 'Haiti' 'Honduras' 'Hong Kong SAR, China' 'Hungary' 'Iceland'  
'India' 'Indonesia' 'Iran, Islamic Rep.' 'Iraq' 'Ireland' 'Isle of Man'  
'Israel' 'Italy' 'Jamaica' 'Japan' 'Jordan' 'Kazakhstan' 'Kenya'  
'Kiribati' "Korea, Dem. People's Rep." 'Korea, Rep.' 'Kosovo' 'Kuwait'  
'Kyrgyz Republic' 'Lao PDR' 'Latvia' 'Lebanon' 'Lesotho' 'Liberia'  
'Libya' 'Liechtenstein' 'Lithuania' 'Luxembourg' 'Macao SAR, China'  
'Madagascar' 'Malawi' 'Malaysia' 'Maldives' 'Mali' 'Malta'  
'Marshall Islands' 'Mauritania' 'Mauritius' 'Mexico'  
'Micronesia, Fed. Sts.' 'Moldova' 'Monaco' 'Mongolia' 'Montenegro'  
'Morocco' 'Mozambique' 'Myanmar' 'Namibia' 'Nauru' 'Nepal' 'Netherlands'  
'New Caledonia' 'New Zealand' 'Nicaragua' 'Niger' 'Nigeria'  
'North Macedonia' 'Northern Mariana Islands' 'Norway' 'Oman' 'Pakistan'  
'Palau' 'Panama' 'Papua New Guinea' 'Paraguay' 'Peru' 'Philippines'  
'Poland' 'Portugal' 'Puerto Rico' 'Qatar' 'Romania' 'Russian Federation'  
'Rwanda' 'Samoa' 'San Marino' 'Sao Tome and Principe' 'Saudi Arabia'  
'Senegal' 'Serbia' 'Seychelles' 'Sierra Leone' 'Singapore'  
'Sint Maarten (Dutch part)' 'Slovak Republic' 'Slovenia'  
'Solomon Islands' 'Somalia' 'South Africa' 'South Sudan' 'Spain'  
'Sri Lanka' 'St. Kitts and Nevis' 'St. Lucia' 'St. Martin (French part)'  
'St. Vincent and the Grenadines' 'Sudan' 'Suriname' 'Sweden'  
'Switzerland' 'Syrian Arab Republic' 'Tajikistan' 'Tanzania' 'Thailand'  
'Timor-Leste' 'Togo' 'Tonga' 'Trinidad and Tobago' 'Tunisia' 'Turkiye'  
'Turkmenistan' 'Turks and Caicos Islands' 'Tuvalu' 'Uganda' 'Ukraine'  
'United Arab Emirates' 'United Kingdom' 'United States' 'Uruguay'  
'Uzbekistan' 'Vanuatu' 'Venezuela, RB' 'Vietnam' 'Virgin Islands (U.S.)'  
'West Bank and Gaza' 'Yemen, Rep.' 'Zambia' 'Zimbabwe']

Total no of unique countries: 217

```
In [10]: print(df['Country Code'].unique())  
print("\nTotal no of unique country code:",df['Country Code'].nunique())
```

```
[ 'AFG' 'ALB' 'DZA' 'ASM' 'AND' 'AGO' 'ATG' 'ARG' 'ARM' 'ABW' 'AUS' 'AUT'
 'AZE' 'BHS' 'BHR' 'BGD' 'BRB' 'BLR' 'BEL' 'BLZ' 'BEN' 'BMU' 'BTN' 'BOL'
 'BIH' 'BWA' 'BRA' 'VGB' 'BRN' 'BGR' 'BFA' 'BDI' 'CPV' 'KHM' 'CMR' 'CAN'
 'CYM' 'CAF' 'TCD' 'CHI' 'CHL' 'CHN' 'COL' 'COM' 'COD' 'COG' 'CRT' 'CIV'
 'HRV' 'CUB' 'CUW' 'CYP' 'CZE' 'DNK' 'DJI' 'DMA' 'DOM' 'ECU' 'EGY' 'SLV'
 'GNQ' 'ERI' 'EST' 'SWZ' 'ETH' 'FRO' 'FJI' 'FIN' 'FRA' 'PYF' 'GAB' 'GMB'
 'GEO' 'DEU' 'GHA' 'GIB' 'GRC' 'GRL' 'GRD' 'GUM' 'GTM' 'GIN' 'GNB' 'GUY'
 'HTI' 'HND' 'HKG' 'HUN' 'ISL' 'IND' 'IDN' 'IRN' 'IRQ' 'IRL' 'IMN' 'ISR'
 'ITA' 'JAM' 'JPN' 'JOR' 'KAZ' 'KEN' 'KIR' 'PRK' 'KOR' 'XXX' 'KWT' 'KGZ'
 'LAO' 'LVA' 'LBN' 'LSO' 'LBR' 'LBY' 'LIE' 'LTU' 'LUX' 'MAC' 'MDG' 'MWI'
 'MYS' 'MDV' 'MLI' 'MLT' 'MHL' 'MRT' 'MUS' 'MEX' 'FSM' 'MDA' 'MCO' 'MNG'
 'MNE' 'MAR' 'MOZ' 'MMR' 'NAM' 'NRU' 'NPL' 'NLD' 'NCL' 'NZL' 'NIC' 'NER'
 'NGA' 'MKD' 'MNP' 'NOR' 'OMN' 'PAK' 'PLW' 'PAN' 'PNG' 'PRY' 'PER' 'PHL'
 'POL' 'PRT' 'PRI' 'QAT' 'ROU' 'RUS' 'RWA' 'WSM' 'SMR' 'STP' 'SAU' 'SEN'
 'SRB' 'SYC' 'SLE' 'SGP' 'SXM' 'SVK' 'SVN' 'SLB' 'SOM' 'ZAF' 'SSD' 'ESP'
 'LKA' 'KNA' 'LCA' 'MAF' 'VCT' 'SDN' 'SUR' 'SWE' 'CHE' 'SYR' 'TJK' 'TZA'
 'THA' 'TLS' 'TGO' 'TON' 'TTO' 'TUN' 'TUR' 'TKM' 'TCA' 'TUV' 'UGA' 'UKR'
 'ARE' 'GBR' 'USA' 'URY' 'UZB' 'VUT' 'VEN' 'VNM' 'VIR' 'PSE' 'YEM' 'ZMB'
 'ZWE' ]
```

Total no of unique country code: 211

```
In [11]: df['Series Name'].unique()
```

```
Out[11]: array(['Population, total', 'Population, female', 'Population, male',
   'Population, female (% of total population)',
   'Population, male (% of total population)'), dtype=object)
```

```
In [12]: df['Series Code'].unique()
```

```
Out[12]: array(['SP.POP.TOTL', 'SP.POP.TOTL.FE.IN', 'SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN',
   'SP.POP.TOTL.FE.ZS', 'SP.POP.TOTL.MA.ZS'], dtype=object)
```

## Dropping unnecessary columns

```
In [13]: df.drop(['Series Name', 'Country Code'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [14]: df.columns
```

```
Out[14]: Index(['Series Code', 'Country Name', '2022', '2021', '2020', '2019', '2018',
   '2017', '2016', '2015', '2014', '2013', '2012', '2011', '2010', '2009',
   '2008', '2007', '2006', '2005', '2004', '2003', '2002', '2001'],
  dtype='object')
```

## Top 10 countries with respect to total population

```
In [15]: # Filter data for total population
total_population_data = df[df['Series Code'] == 'SP.POP.TOTL']

# Sort data based on the total population for 2022
total_population_sorted = total_population_data.sort_values(by="2022", ascending=False)

# Get the top ten countries with the highest total population for 2022
total_top_ten_countries = total_population_sorted.head(10)
print("Top ten countries of total population\n")
print(total_top_ten_countries[['Country Name']] )
```

Top ten countries of total population

	Country Name
89	India
41	China
206	United States
90	Indonesia
149	Pakistan
144	Nigeria
26	Brazil
15	Bangladesh
161	Russian Federation
127	Mexico

## Bar plot

## Top 10 countries of total population in 2022 and 2010

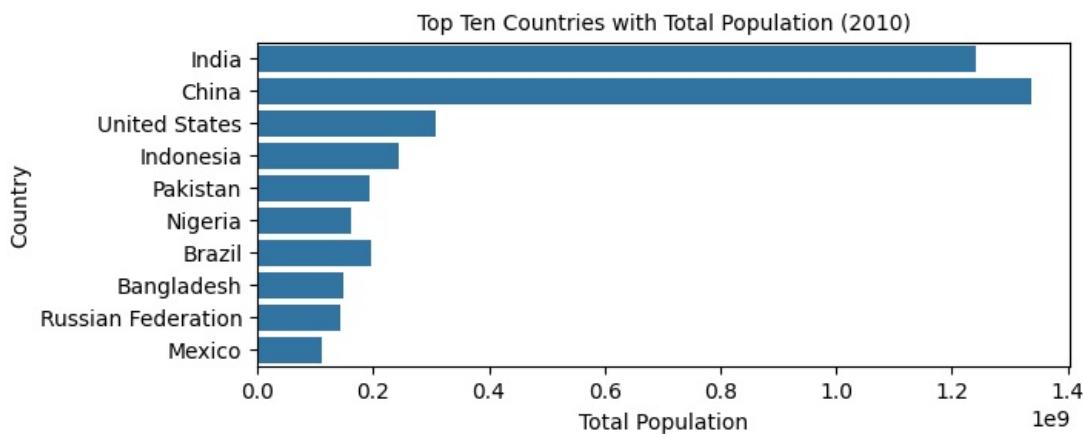
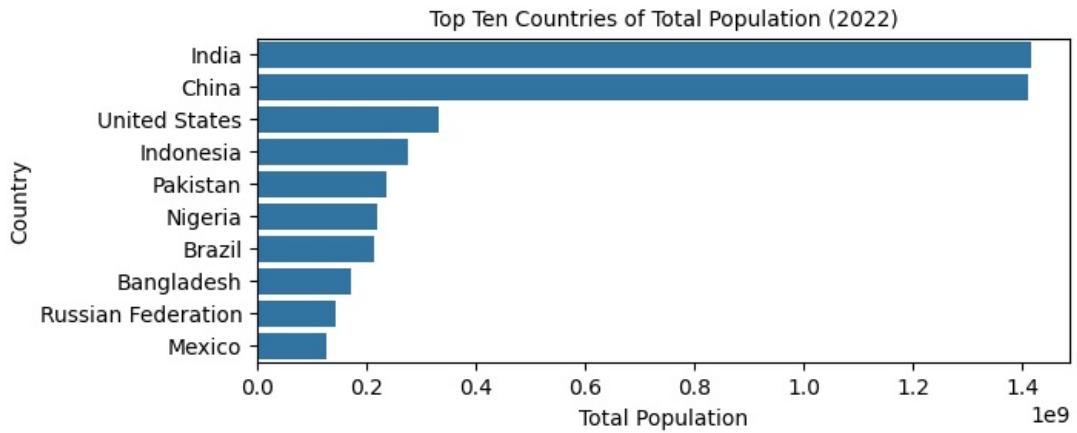
```
In [16]: # Create the bar plot
```

```

plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))
plt.subplot(2,2,1)
sns.barplot(x="2022", y="Country Name", data=total_top_ten_countries)
plt.title("Top Ten Countries of Total Population (2022)", fontsize=10)
plt.xlabel("Total Population", fontsize=10)
plt.ylabel("Country", fontsize=10)
plt.show()

plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))
plt.subplot(2,2,2)
sns.barplot(x="2010", y="Country Name", data=total_top_ten_countries)
plt.title("Top Ten Countries with Total Population (2010)", fontsize=10)
plt.xlabel("Total Population", fontsize=10)
plt.ylabel("Country", fontsize=10)
plt.show()

```



## Top 10 countries with highest male population

```

In [17]: # Filter data for male population
male_population_data = df[df["Series Code"] == "SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN"]

# Sort data based on the male population for 2022
male_population_sorted = male_population_data.sort_values(by="2022", ascending=False)

# Get the top ten countries with the highest male population for 2022
male_top_ten_countries = male_population_sorted.head(10)
print("Top ten countries of male population")
print(male_top_ten_countries[['Country Name']])

```

```

Top ten countries of male population
      Country Name
523          India
475          China
640    United States
524        Indonesia
583        Pakistan
578        Nigeria
460        Brazil
449    Bangladesh
595  Russian Federation
561        Mexico

```

## Top 10 countries with highest female population

In [18]:

```
# Filter data for female population
female_population_data = df[df["Series Code"] == "SP.POP.TOTL.FE.IN"]

# Sort data based on the female population for 2022
female_population_sorted = female_population_data.sort_values(by="2022", ascending=False)

# Get the top ten countries with the highest female population for 2022
female_top_ten_countries = female_population_sorted.head(10)
print("Top ten countries of female population")
print(female_top_ten_countries[['Country Name']] )
```

Top ten countries of female population

	Country Name
258	China
306	India
423	United States
307	Indonesia
366	Pakistan
243	Brazil
361	Nigeria
232	Bangladesh
378	Russian Federation
344	Mexico

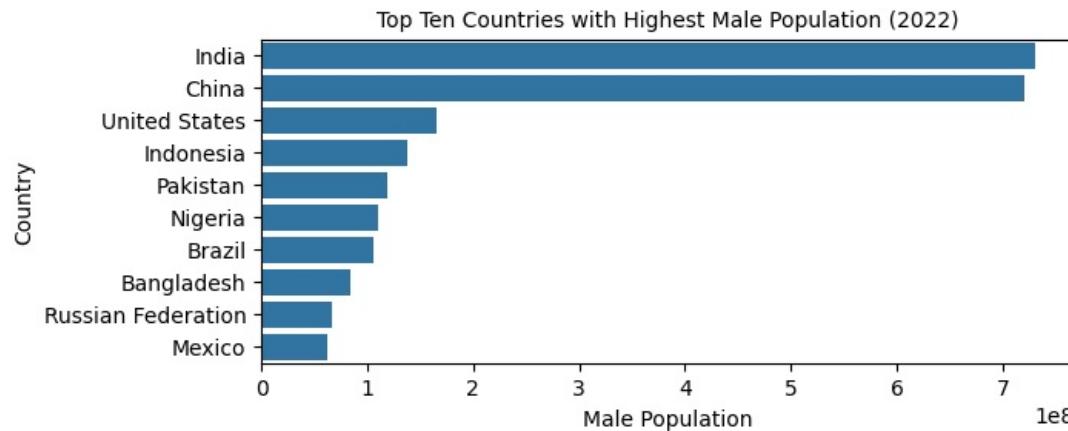
## Bar plotting

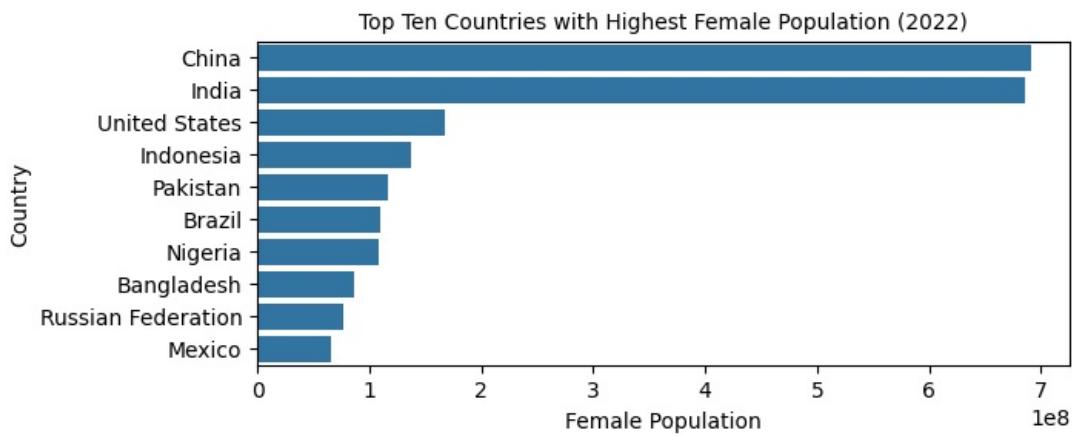
Top 10 countries with highest male and female population in year 2022

In [19]:

```
# Create the bar plot
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))
plt.subplot(2,2,1)
sns.barplot(x="2022", y="Country Name", data=male_top_ten_countries)
plt.title("Top Ten Countries with Highest Male Population (2022)", size=10)
plt.xlabel("Male Population", size=10)
plt.ylabel("Country", size=10)
plt.show()

plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))
plt.subplot(2,2,2)
sns.barplot(x="2022", y="Country Name", data=female_top_ten_countries)
plt.title("Top Ten Countries with Highest Female Population (2022)", size=10)
plt.xlabel("Female Population", size=10)
plt.ylabel("Country", size=10)
plt.show()
```





## Stacked bar plot

## Top 10 countries with male and female population in year 2022

```
In [20]: # Merge male and female population data on 'Country Name'
merged_data = pd.merge(male_population_data, female_population_data, on="Country Name", suffixes=("_male", "_female"))
```

```
In [21]: merged_data
```

```
Out[21]:
```

	Series	Code_male	Country Name	2022_male	2021_male	2020_male	2019_male	2018_male	2017_male	2016_male	2015_r
0	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Afghanistan		20766442.0	20254878.0	19692301.0	19090409.0	18549862.0	18028696.0	17520861.0	170714
1	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Albania		1384548.0	1404454.0	1419264.0	1428828.0	1435881.0	1440219.0	1442176.0	14448
2	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Algeria		22862237.0	22497244.0	22132899.0	21756903.0	21362603.0	20961313.0	20556314.0	201522
3	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	American Samoa		21873.0	22289.0	22921.0	23535.0	24134.0	24701.0	25240.0	257
4	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Andorra		40786.0	40361.0	39615.0	38842.0	38071.0	37380.0	36628.0	361
...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
212	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Virgin Islands (U.S.)		49137.0	49510.0	49866.0	50196.0	50489.0	50759.0	50999.0	512
213	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	West Bank and Gaza		2516444.0	2455361.0	2394860.0	2334948.0	2275925.0	2217868.0	2173706.0	21256
214	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Yemen, Rep.		17023203.0	16668432.0	16320979.0	15953578.0	15578957.0	15202496.0	14820156.0	144391
215	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Zambia		9877642.0	9609004.0	9338613.0	9066397.0	8794716.0	8525934.0	8260471.0	80003
216	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Zimbabwe		7705601.0	7543690.0	7385220.0	7231989.0	7086002.0	6940631.0	6796658.0	66528

217 rows × 47 columns

```
In [22]: # Calculate the total population for each country (male + female)
merged_data["Total Population"] = merged_data["2022_male"] + merged_data["2022_female"]
```

```
In [23]: merged_data.head()
```

Out[23]:

	Series	Code_male	Country Name	2022_male	2021_male	2020_male	2019_male	2018_male	2017_male	2016_male	2015_ma
0	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Afghanistan		20766442.0	20254878.0	19692301.0	19090409.0	18549862.0	18028696.0	17520861.0	17071446
1	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Albania		1384548.0	1404454.0	1419264.0	1428828.0	1435881.0	1440219.0	1442176.0	1444890
2	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Algeria		22862237.0	22497244.0	22132899.0	21756903.0	21362603.0	20961313.0	20556314.0	20152232
3	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	American Samoa		21873.0	22289.0	22921.0	23535.0	24134.0	24701.0	25240.0	25739
4	SP.POP.TOTL.MA.IN	Andorra		40786.0	40361.0	39615.0	38842.0	38071.0	37380.0	36628.0	36188

5 rows × 48 columns

In [24]:

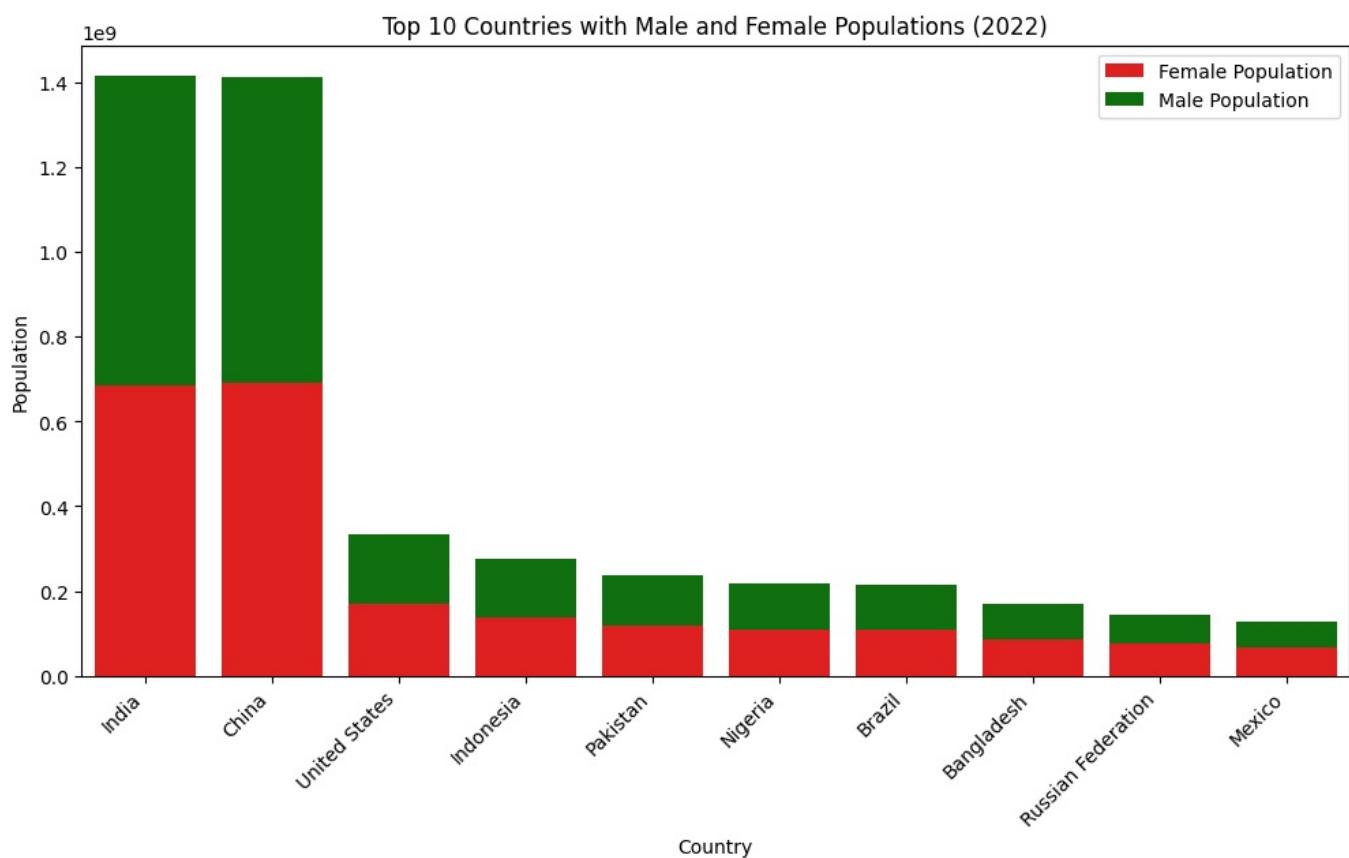
```
# Sort data based on total population in descending order
sorted_data = merged_data.sort_values(by="Total Population", ascending=False)

# Select the top 10 countries with the highest total population
top_10_countries = sorted_data.head(10)
```

In [25]:

```
# Create the stacked bar plot
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

sns.barplot(x="Country Name", y="2022_female", data=top_10_countries, color="red", label="Female Population")
sns.barplot(x="Country Name", y="2022_male", data=top_10_countries, bottom=top_10_countries["2022_female"], colo
plt.title("Top 10 Countries with Male and Female Populations (2022)")
plt.xlabel("Country")
plt.ylabel("Population")
plt.legend()
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha="right")
plt.show()
```



In [ ]: