# On the power of oritatami cotranscriptional folding with unary bead sequence <sup>0</sup>

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科学技術振興機構

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# What is oritatami system?

Oritatami system is a mathematical model for cotranscriptional folding(CF). (Geary, Meunier, Schabanel and Seki. MFCS 2016.)

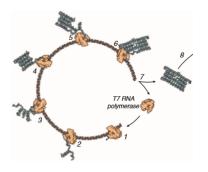
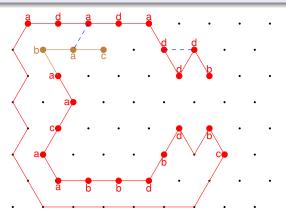


Figure: RNA tile is self-assembled (RNA Origami)

(Geary, Rothemund and Andersen. Science 345(6198), 2014)

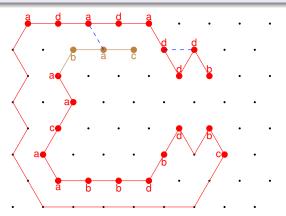
## An example

 $\Sigma = \{a, b, c, d\}, R = \{(a, a), (b, b), (c, c), (d, d)\},$ arity  $\alpha = 2$ , delay  $\delta = 3$ ,  $w = \underline{bac}$ bcadbcbab



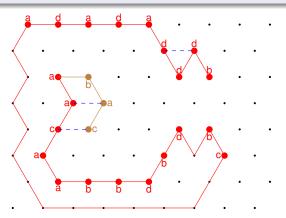
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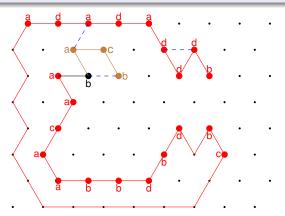
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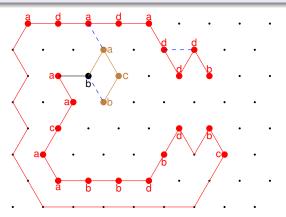
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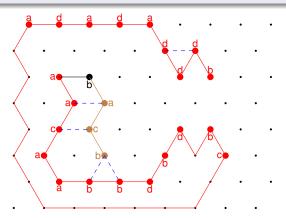
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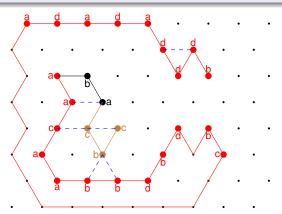
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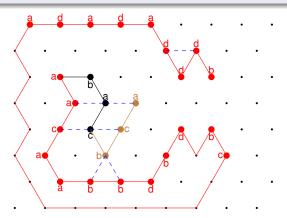
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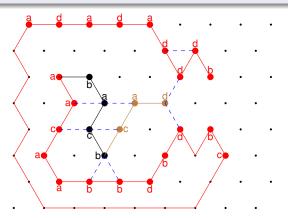
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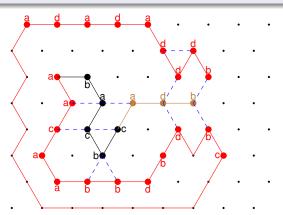
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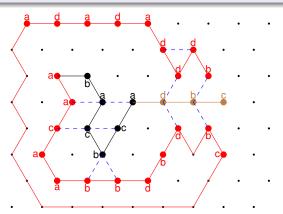
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## An example

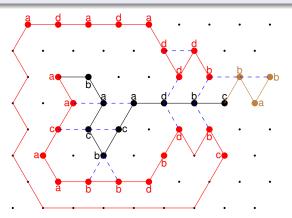
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## A deterministic oritatami system

## An example

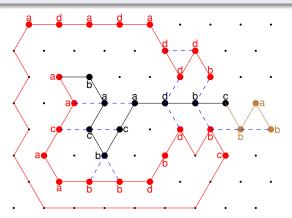
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## A deterministic oritatami system

## An example

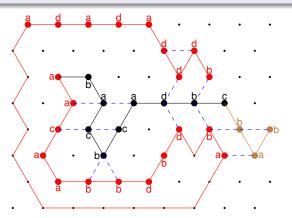
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 $\Sigma = \{a, b, c, d\}, R = \{(a, a), (b, b), (c, c), (d, d)\},$  arity  $\alpha = 2$ , delay  $\delta = 3$ ,  $w = bacbcadbc\underline{bab}$ 



# Turing universal

### Theorem (C. Geary et al. ISAAC, 2018)

Oritatami system at *delay*  $\delta = 3$  which employs 542 types of beads is Turing universal.

#### Theorem

Polynomial length of conformations → Non-Turing-universal

#### **Problem**

#### **Problem**

Give an upper bound on the length of a transcript of a *delay*  $\delta$ , *arity*  $\alpha$  deterministic oritatami system by a function in  $\delta$ ,  $\alpha$ , and seed n.

#### Oritatami System

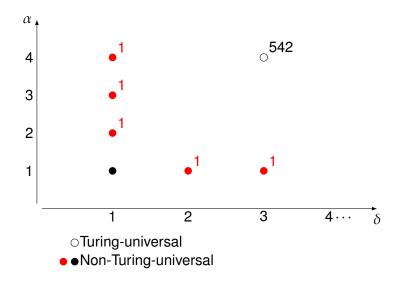
input : delay  $\delta$ , arity  $\alpha$ , seed, rule, transcript

output: conformation

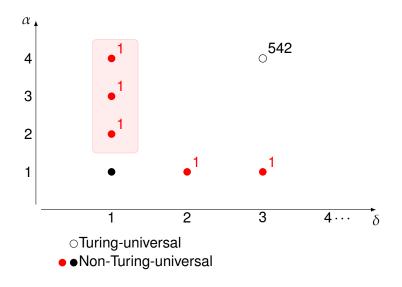
# Why unary?

Because we considered the unary oritatami system is good for a first step towards the characterization of non-Turing-universal oritatami systems.

# Cases of non-Turing-universal oritatami systems



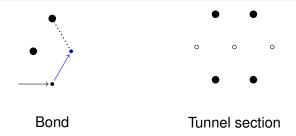
# Cases of non-Turing-universal oritatami systems



## Oritatami systems at delay 1

#### The two ways for a bead stabilization at delay 1

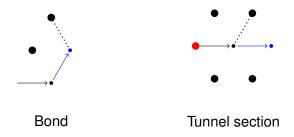
- To be bound to another bead.
- Through a 1-in-1-out structure called the tunnel section.



## Oritatami systems at delay 1

#### The two ways for a bead stabilization at delay 1

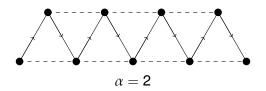
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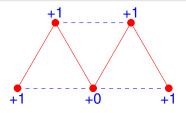
## Results $\delta = 1$

$$\alpha=4$$
  $3n^2+3n+1$   
 $\alpha=3$   $4n+14$   
 $\alpha=2$   $\infty$  but zigzag after  $(27n^2+9n+1)$ 

<sup>a</sup>c.f.  $\alpha = 1$ : 10*n* (Demaine et al. 2018 DNA24)

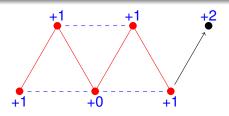


Deterministic unary oritatami system at  $\delta=$  1 and at  $\alpha=$  2 can make zig-zag but cannot at larger arity



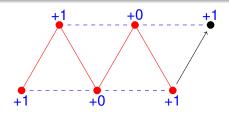
$$\alpha = 2$$

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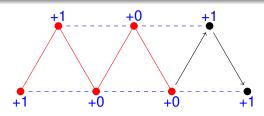
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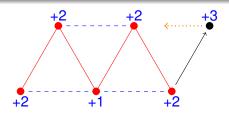
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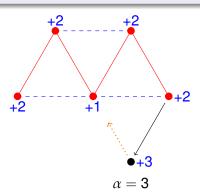
$$\alpha = 2$$

Deterministic unary oritatami system at  $\delta=1$  and at  $\alpha=2$  can make zig-zag but cannot at larger arity



$$\alpha = 3$$

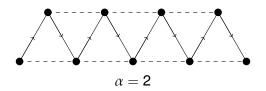
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## Results $(\delta = 1)$

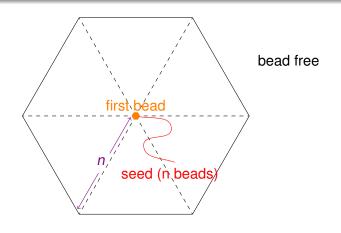
$$\alpha = 4$$
  $3n^2 + 3n + 1$   
 $\alpha = 3$   $4n + 14$   
 $\alpha = 2$   $\infty$  but zigzag after  $(27n^2 + 9n + 1)$ 

<sup>a</sup>c.f.  $\alpha = 1$ : 10*n* (Demaine et al. 2018 DNA24)



$$\alpha = 4$$

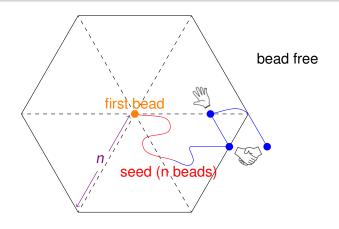
The terminal conformation at  $\alpha = 4$  is of length at most  $3n^2 + 3n + 1(\bigcirc_O^n)$ .



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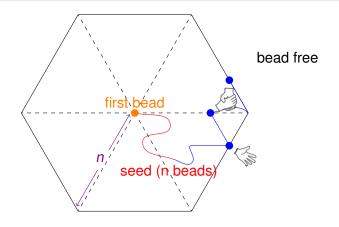
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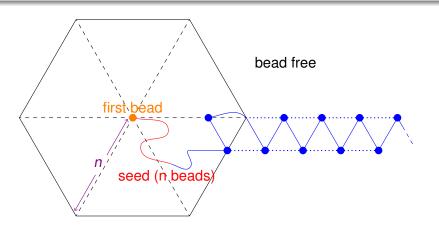
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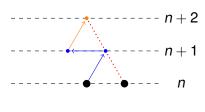
$$\alpha = 2 (\delta = 1)$$

A transcript folds into the zig-zag conformation after its  $(27n^2 + 9n + 1)$ -th bead  $(\bigcirc_O^{3n})$ .

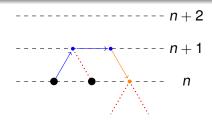


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zig-zag conformation



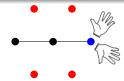
free hands  $\leq 2$ 

#### $\alpha = 2 (\delta = 1)$

A transcript folds into the zig-zag conformation after its  $(27n^2 + 9n + 1)$ -th bead  $(\bigcirc_O^{3n})$ .







free hands = 
$$\pm 0$$

free hands = -2

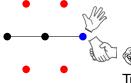
free hands 
$$\leq +2$$

#### $\alpha = 2 (\delta = 1)$

A transcript folds into the zig-zag conformation after its  $(27n^2 + 9n + 1)$ -th bead  $(\bigcirc_O^{3n})$ .







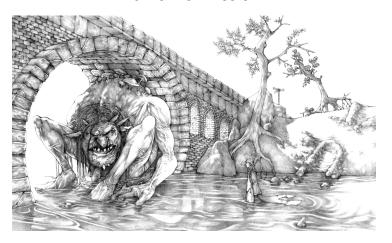
Troll

free hands = 
$$\pm 0$$

free hands = 
$$-2$$

free hands 
$$\leq +2$$

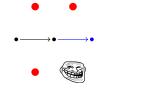
**Tunnel Troll Theorem** 



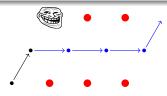
Illustrated by Gido

#### **Tunnel Troll Theorem**

- $\alpha \ge 4$  # of free hands does not increase / tunnel section.
- $\alpha = 3$  Troll consumes bonds / tunnel section.
- $\alpha = 2$  Troll consumes bonds / tunnel.



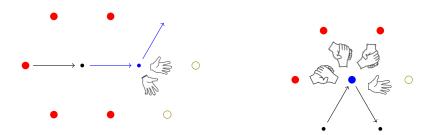
Tunnel section



Tunnel

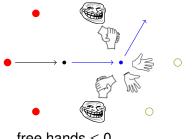
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 $\alpha \ge 4$  Any hands are not supplied with using a tunnel section.

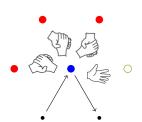


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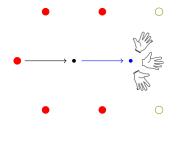
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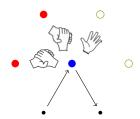






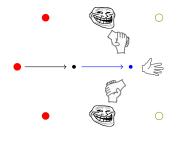
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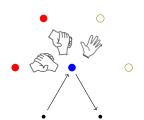




#### **Tunnel Troll Theorem**

 $\alpha = 3$  At least one free hand is decreased / tunnel section.

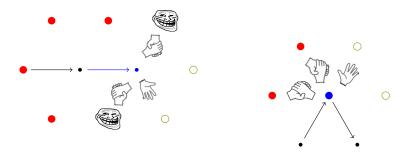




free hands  $\leq -1$ 

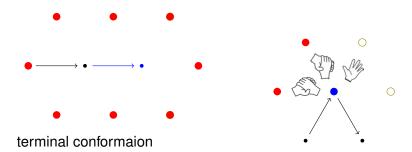
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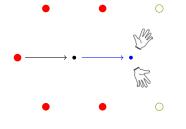


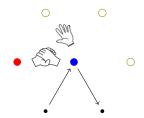
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#### **Tunnel Troll Theorem**

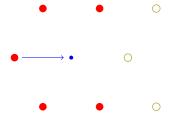


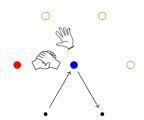
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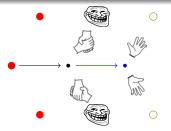


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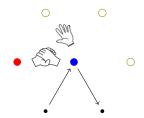




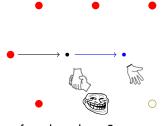
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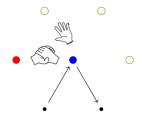




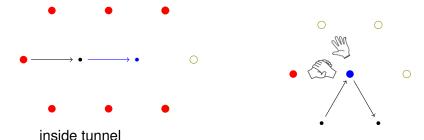
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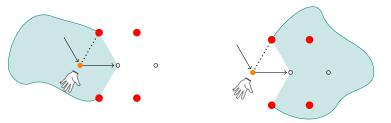


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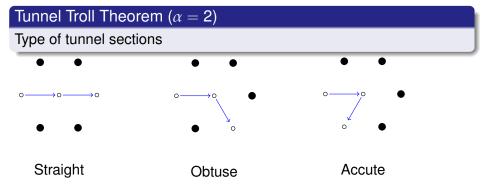
#### Jordan curve theorem

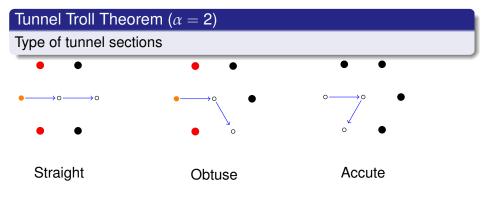
A closed curve which is a non-self-intersecting divides into inside and outside.

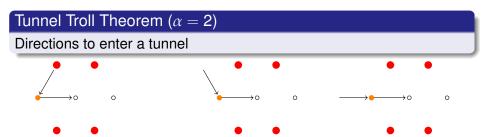


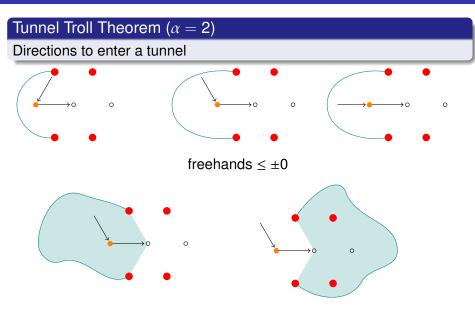
At  $\alpha = 2$ , Troll consumes free hands an entrance of tunnel, too.

# Thank you for listening!!



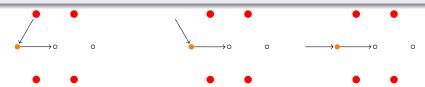


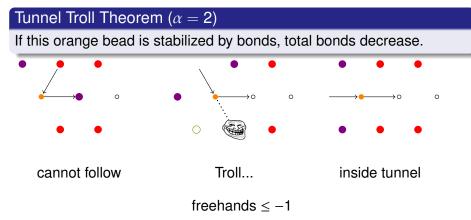




#### Tunnel Troll Theorem ( $\alpha = 2$ )

If this orange bead is stabilized by bonds, total bonds decrease.





#### References I