Lecture 9 习题作业

1,假设有如下训练样本: $\vec{x}_1 = (0,0)^T$ 属于第一类, $\vec{x}_2 = (1,1)^T$ 属于第二类, $\vec{x}_3 = (-1,1)^T$ 属于第三类,请用多类分类中的 OVO(One-versusone)策略,设计上述三类别的两两分类器,并分析测试样本 $\vec{x} = (1,-2)^T$ 属于那个类别。

解: 利用 OVO 策略, 对三个类别两两求分类面:

(1) 用感知器算法求第一类和第二类之间的分类面

样本增广后为: $\vec{x}_1=(1,0,0)^T$, $y_1=1$, $\vec{x}_2=(1,1,1)^T$, $y_2=-1$, 初始化权重: $\vec{w}_{[1,2]}^{(0)}=(0,0,0)^T$

$$sign\left(\overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]}^{(0)T}\overrightarrow{x}_{1}\right) = 0 \neq y_{1}, \quad \therefore \quad \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]}^{(1)} = \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]}^{(0)} + y_{1}\overrightarrow{x}_{1} = (1,0,0)^{T},$$

$$sign\left(\overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]}^{(1)T}\overrightarrow{x}_{2}\right) = 1 \neq y_{2}, \quad \therefore \quad \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]}^{(2)} = \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]}^{(1)} + y_{2}\overrightarrow{x}_{2} = (0,-1,-1)^{T}$$

$$sign\left(\overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]}^{(2)T}\overrightarrow{x}_{1}\right) = 0 \neq y_{1}, \quad \therefore \quad \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]}^{(3)} = \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]}^{(2)} + y_{1}\overrightarrow{x}_{1} = (1,-1,-1)^{T}$$

$$sign\left(\overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]}^{(3)T}\overrightarrow{x}_{2}\right) = -1 = y_{2}, \quad \exists \quad sign\left(\overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]}^{(3)T}\overrightarrow{x}_{1}\right) = 1 = y_{1}$$

$$\therefore \quad \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,2]} = (1,-1,-1)^{T}, \quad \text{分类面为:} \quad 1 - x_{1} - x_{2} = 0$$

(2) 用感知器算法求第一类和第三类之间的分类面

样本增广后为: $\vec{x}_1 = (1,0,0)^T$, $y_1 = 1$, $\vec{x}_3 = (1,-1,1)^T$, $y_3 = -1$, 初始化权重: $\vec{w}_{[1,3]}^{(0)} = (0,0,0)^T$

$$\begin{aligned} sign\left(\overrightarrow{w}_{[1,3]}^{(0)T}\overrightarrow{x}_{1}\right) &= 0 \neq y_{1}, & :: & \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,3]}^{(1)} &= \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,3]}^{(0)} + y_{1}\overrightarrow{x}_{1} = (1,0,0)^{T}, \\ sign\left(\overrightarrow{w}_{[1,3]}^{(1)T}\overrightarrow{x}_{3}\right) &= 1 \neq y_{3}, & :: & \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,3]}^{(2)} &= \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,3]}^{(1)} + y_{3}\overrightarrow{x}_{3} = (0,1,-1)^{T} \\ sign\left(\overrightarrow{w}_{[1,3]}^{(2)T}\overrightarrow{x}_{1}\right) &= 0 \neq y_{1}, & :: & \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,3]}^{(3)} &= \overrightarrow{w}_{[1,3]}^{(2)} + y_{1}\overrightarrow{x}_{1} = (1,1,-1)^{T} \\ sign\left(\overrightarrow{w}_{[1,3]}^{(3)T}\overrightarrow{x}_{3}\right) &= -1 = y_{3}, \, \pounds \, \, sign\left(\overrightarrow{w}_{[1,3]}^{(3)T}\overrightarrow{x}_{1}\right) = 1 = y_{1} \end{aligned}$$