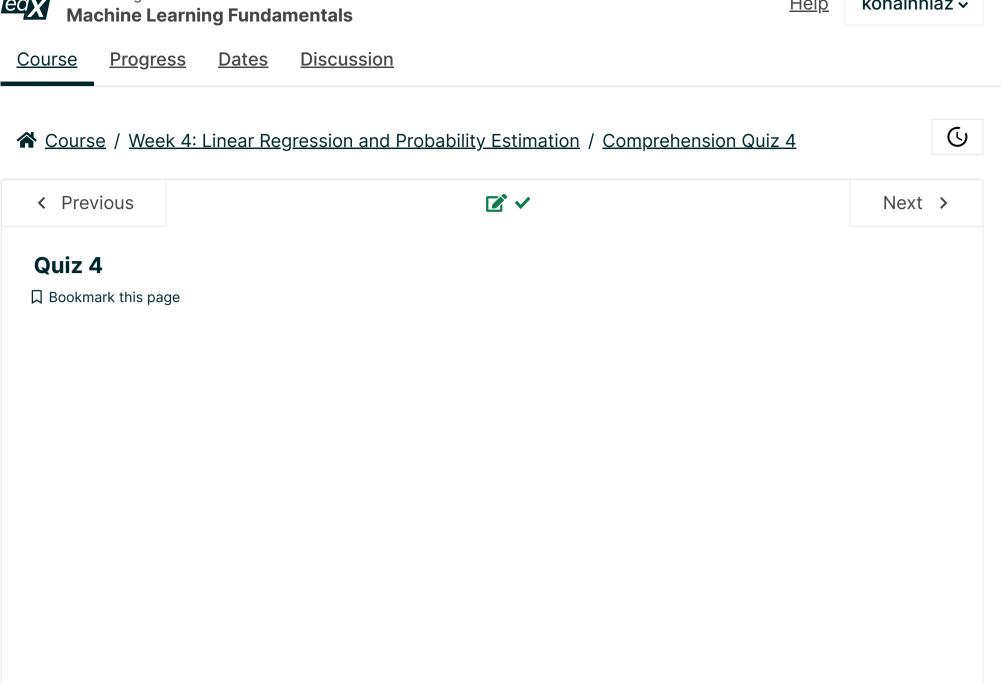


konainniaz 🗸 <u>Help</u>



Problem 1

1/1 point (graded)

A predictor variable is a name for a variable representing which of the following?

Information that you already know

Information that you wish to predict



Submit

Problem 2

1/1 point (graded)

When we fit a line to a set of data, we minimize the mean squared error. Which of the following is the correct equation for the mean squared error?

igcirc $MSE = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\left(y^{(i)} - ar{y}
ight) \left(x^{(i)} - ar{x}
ight)
ight)^2$

 $\bigcirc \ MSE = rac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(y^{(i)} + (ax^{(i)} - b)
ight)^2$

 $left{ lackbox{ } lackbox{ } MSE = rac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(y^{(i)} - (ax^{(i)} + b)
ight)^2 }$

 $\bigcirc \ MSE = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(y^{(i)} - a\left(x^{(i)} - b
ight)
ight)^2$



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Problem 3

1/1 point (graded)

Given the line y=-3x+15, and the points a=(3,0) and b=(7,0), which point has the smallest squared error from the line?

 \bigcirc point a

 \bigcirc point b

both have the same squared error



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4	11		/ l l .
Π,	/ [point	(graded)

In the lecture, we rewrote the loss function, $f(x)=w_1x_1+w_2x_2+\ldots+w_dx_d+b$, as a matrix product, $f(x)=\tilde{w}\cdot\tilde{x}$. How did we get \tilde{w} ?

		.			
()	Inserted a	I at the	beainnina	of the	w vector

- \bigcirc Inserted a ${f 0}$ at the beginning of the ${f w}$ vector
- lacktriangle Inserted the value $m{b}$ at the beginning of the $m{w}$ vector



Submit

Problem 5

1/1 point (graded)

In order to write the loss function $L\left(\tilde{w}\right)=\sum_{i=1}^{n}\left(y^{(i)}-\tilde{w}\cdot\tilde{x}^{(i)}\right)^2$ in the form [Math Processing Error] $L(\tilde{w})=||y-X\tilde{w}||^2$, we must create a matrix X. If there are n d-dimensional data points, what is the dimension of the matrix X?

- $\bigcirc X \in \mathbb{R}^{n imes d}$
- $left{f O}$ $X\in \mathbb{R}^{n imes (d+1)}$
- igcirc $X \in \mathbb{R}^{d imes n}$
- igcirc $X \in \mathbb{R}^{(d+1) imes n}$



Submit

Problem 6

1/1 point (graded)

What is the vector ilde w such that the loss function [Math Processing Error] $L(ilde w)=||y-X ilde w||^2$ is minimized?

$$\bullet \ \, \tilde{w} = \left(X^TX\right)^{-1}\left(X^Ty\right)$$

$$\bigcirc \ ilde{w} = \left(X^T X
ight)^{-1} \left(X y
ight)$$

$$\bigcirc \ ilde{w} = X^{-1} \left(X^T y
ight)$$

$$\bigcirc \; ilde{w} = (X^Ty) \left(XX^T
ight)^{-1}$$



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Problem 7
1/1 point (graded) What regularizer term does ridge regression use along with the least-squares loss function?
$igcirc$ [Math Processing Error] $\lambda w _2$, where [Math Processing Error] $ w _2$ is the L_2 norm of w
[Math Processing Error] $\lambda w _2^2$, where [Math Processing Error] $ w _2^2$ is the squared L_2 norm of w
$igcirc$ [Math Processing Error] $\lambda w _1$, where [Math Processing Error] $ w _1$ is the L_1 norm of w
$igcirc$ [Math Processing Error] $\lambda w _1^2$, where [Math Processing Error] $ w _1^2$ is the squared L_1 norm of w
Submit
Problem 8
1/1 point (graded)
A larger $\pmb{\lambda}$ in the regularization term for ridge regression will typically result in which of the following?
$lacksquare$ a larger $oldsymbol{w}$
✓ a larger error on the training set
$lacksquare$ a smaller $oldsymbol{w}$
a smaller error on the test set
✓
Submit
Problem 9
1/1 point (graded) Doing linear regression with the Lasso typically results in few features being included in the model.
True
O False
Submit

Problem 10

1/1 point (graded)

lacksquare p is classified as	1 with $>50%$ probability
$oxedsymbol{\square}$ $oldsymbol{p}$ is classified as	1 with $50%$ probability
\square p is classified as	1 with $< 50%$ probability
✓	
Submit	
Problem 11	
-	-dimensional data using the general linear function ${f w}\cdot{f x}+b=0$ as the undary, how would a point ${f x}$ be classified if ${f w}\cdot{f x}+b=2$?
\bigcirc a $^{\prime}1^{\prime}$ with $\mathbf{12\%}$ pr	obability
\bigcirc a ' $f 1$ ' with $f 42\%$ pr	obability
\bigcirc a ' 1 ' with 65% pr	
O a 1 With 00/0 pr	obability
a 1 with 03% pra '1' with 88% pr	
● a '1' with 88% pr	
● a '1' with 88% pr ✓ Submit Problem 12 1/1 point (graded)	
• a '1' with 88% pr Submit Problem 12 1/1 point (graded) With logistic regression	obability
• a '1' with 88% pr Submit Problem 12 1/1 point (graded) With logistic regression	bility of the labels of the data points
 a '1' with 88% pr Submit Problem 12 1/1 point (graded) With logistic regression The overall probation 	bility of the labels of the data points d error
 a '1' with 88% pr Submit Problem 12 1/1 point (graded) With logistic regression The overall probation The mean square The gradient for 	bility of the labels of the data points d error
 a '1' with 88% pr Submit Problem 12 1/1 point (graded) With logistic regression The overall probation The mean square The gradient for the gradient for the	bility of the labels of the data points d error the w vector

True or False: In logistic regression, the optimal value for ${f w}$ is found by taking the derivative of the

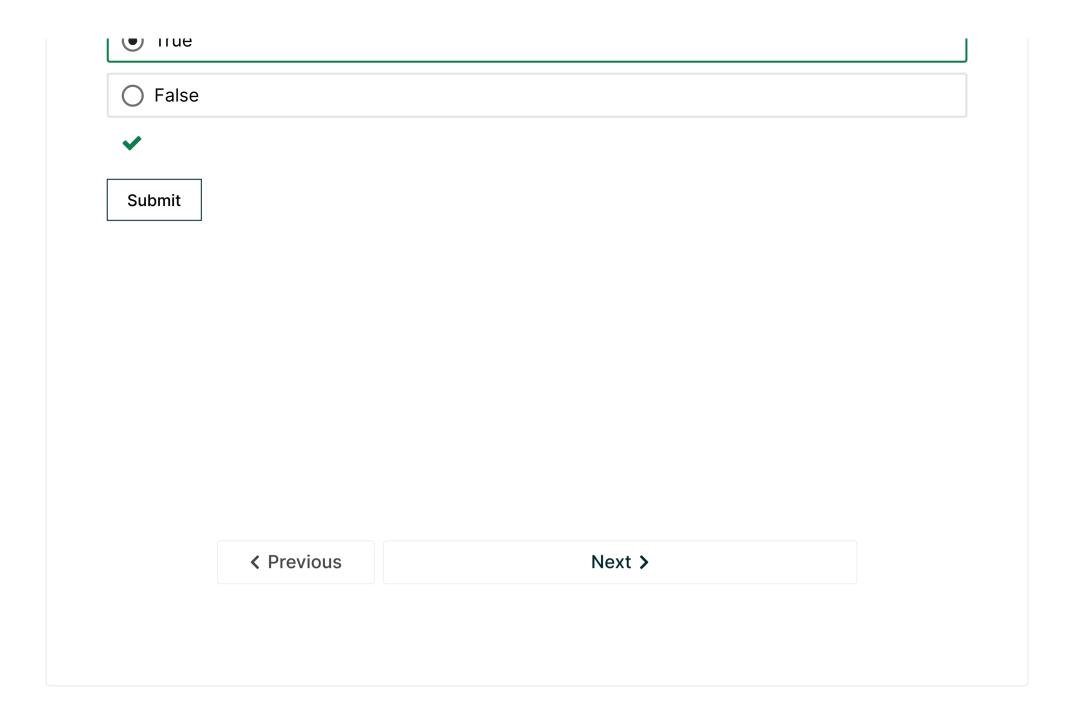
1/1 point (graded)

loss function setting it equal to zero, and solving for w.

Too famotion, cotting it oqual to zoro, and colling for wi
O True
False
✓
Submit
Problem 14
1/1 point (graded) What does gradient descent do, for a general loss function over a parameter \mathbf{w} ?
\bigcirc It finds the exact ${f w}$ needed to minimize the function
\bigcirc It finds values of ${f w}$ for which the loss function is zero
lacktriangle It finds values of $f w$ that approximate local minima of the function
igcup It provides a closed form solution to $f w$ that optimizes the loss function
Submit
Problem 15
1/1 point (graded) Let's say we are building a document classifier that will determine if a text is fiction or nonfiction. We decide to use a bag-of-words representation of documents, based on a vocabulary consisting of the 3,000 most commonly used words from text in the training set.
Assume the word "pilot" is found in the test set text but it isn't one of the 3,000 most commonly found words in the training set. How is the word used in the model?
• There is no entry for this word in the vector representation of any document. The word has no impact on the classification.
\bigcirc The vector representation for that test document has a $oldsymbol{0}$ entry for that word.
\bigcirc The vector representation for that test document has a $f 1$ entry for that word.
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Problem 16

1/1 point (graded)

True or false: Coefficients in the ${\bf w}$ vector tend to have a greater impact on the classification of new data as they grow larger.



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