saṃyutta nikāya 50

Linked Discourses 50

1. gangāpeyyālavagga

1. Abbreviated Texts on the Ganges

1-12. balādisutta

1–12. Sloping East, Etc.

"pañcimāni, bhikkhave, balāni.

"Mendicants, there are these five powers.

katamāni pañca?

What five?

saddhābalam, vīriyabalam, satibalam, samādhibalam, paññābalam— The powers of faith, energy, mindfulness, immersion, and wisdom.

imāni kho, bhikkhave, pañca balānīti.

These are the five powers.

seyyathāpi, bhikkhave, gaṅgā nadī pācīnaninnā pācīnapoṇā pācīnapabbhārā; The Ganges river slants, slopes, and inclines to the east.

evameva kho, bhikkhave, bhikkhu pañca balāni bhāvento pañca balāni bahulīkaronto nibbānaninno hoti nibbānapono nibbānapabbhāro.

In the same way, a mendicant who develops and cultivates the five powers slants, slopes, and inclines to extinguishment.

kathañca, bhikkhave, bhikkhu pañca balāni bhāvento pañca balāni bahulīkaronto nibbānaninno hoti nibbānapono nibbānapabbhāro?

And how does a mendicant who develops the five powers slant, slope, and incline to extinguishment?

idha, bhikkhave, bhikkhu saddhābalam bhāveti vivekanissitam virāganissitam nirodhanissitam vossaggaparināmim,

It's when a mendicant develops the powers of faith,

vīriyabalam ... pe ...

satibalam ... mindfulness,

samādhibalam ...

immersion.

paññābalam bhāveti vivekanissitam virāganissitam nirodhanissitam vossaggaparināmim.

and wisdom, which rely on seclusion, fading away, and cessation, and ripen as letting go.

evam kho, bhikkhave, bhikkhu pañca balāni bhāvento pañca balāni bahulīkaronto nibbānaninno hoti nibbānapoņo nibbānapabbhāro''ti.

That's how a mendicant who develops and cultivates the five powers slants, slopes, and inclines to extinguishment."

dvādasamam.

gangāpeyyālavaggo pathamo.

(To be expanded for each of the different rivers as in SN 45.91–102.)

cha pācīnato ninnā,

Six on slanting to the east,

cha ninnā ca samuddato;

and six on slanting to the ocean;

dvete cha dvādasa honti.

these two sixes make twelve,

vaggo tena pavuccatīti.

and that's how this chapter is recited.

samyutta nikāya 50 Linked Discourses 50

2. appamādavagga

2. Diligence

13. appamādavagga *13*–22. *Diligence*

(appamādavaggo vitthāretabbo.)

(To be expanded as in the chapter on diligence at SN 45.139–148.)

tathāgatam padam kūtam,

The Realized One, footprint, roof peak,

mūlam sārena vassikam;

roots, heartwood, jasmine,

rājā candimasūriyā,

monarch, sun and moon,

vatthena dasamam padanti.

and cloth is the tenth.

saṃyutta nikāya 50

Linked Discourses 50

3. balakaraṇīyavagga

3. Hard Work

23. balakaranīyavagga

23–34. Hard Work

(balakaraṇīyavaggo vitthāretabbo.)

(To be expanded as in the chapter on hard work at SN 45.149-160.)

balam bījañca nāgo ca,

Hard work, seeds, and dragons,

rukkho kumbhena sūkiyā;

a tree, a pot, and a spike,

ākāsena ca dve meghā,

the sky, and two on clouds,

nāvā āgantukā nadīti.

a ship, a guest house, and a river.

samyutta nikāya 50

Linked Discourses 50

4. esanāvagga

4. Searches

35. esanāvagga

35–44. Searches

(esanāvaggo vitthāretabbo.)

(To be expanded as in the chapter on searches at SN 45.161–170.)

esanā vidhā āsavo.

Searches, discriminations, defilements,

bhavo ca dukkhatā tisso:

states of existence, three kinds of suffering,

khilam malañca nīgho ca,

barrenness, stains, and troubles,

vedanā tanhā tasinā cāti.

feelings, craving, and thirst.

samyutta nikāya 50

Linked Discourses 50

5. oghavagga

5. Floods

45-54. oghādisutta

45-54. Floods, Etc.

"pañcimāni, bhikkhave, uddhambhāgiyāni saṃyojanāni.

"Mendicants, there are five higher fetters."

katamāni pañca?

What five?

rūparāgo, arūparāgo, māno, uddhaccam, avijjā—

Desire for rebirth in the realm of luminous form, desire for rebirth in the formless realm, conceit, restlessness, and ignorance.

imāni kho, bhikkhave, pañcuddhambhāgiyāni samyojanāni.

These are the five higher fetters.

imesam kho, bhikkhave, pañcannam uddhambhāgiyānam samyojanānam abhiññāya pariññāya parikkhayāya pahānāya pañca balāni bhāvetabbāni.

The five powers should be developed for the direct knowledge, complete understanding, finishing, and giving up of these five higher fetters.

katamāni pañca?

What five?

idha, bhikkhave, bhikkhu, saddhābalam bhāveti vivekanissitam virāganissitam nirodhanissitam vossaggaparināmim,

It's when a mendicant develops the powers of faith,

vīriyabalam ... pe ...

satibalam ...

mindfulness,

samādhibalam ...

immersion.

paññābalam bhāveti vivekanissitam virāganissitam nirodhanissitam vossaggaparināmim.

and wisdom, which rely on seclusion, fading away, and cessation, and ripen as letting go.

imesam kho, bhikkhave, pañcannam uddhambhāgiyānam saṃyojanānam abhiññāya pariññāya parikkhayāya pahānāya imāni pañca balāni bhāyetabbānī''ti.

These five powers should be developed for the direct knowledge, complete understanding, finishing, and giving up of these five higher fetters."

(evam vitthāretabbā.)

(To be expanded as in SN 45.171–179, with the above as the final discourse.)

samyutta nikāya 50

Linked Discourses 50

6. punagangāpeyyālavagga

6. Another Chapter of Abbreviated Texts on the Ganges, Etc.

55-66. pācīnādisutta

55-66. Sloping East, Etc.

"seyyathāpi, bhikkhave, gangā nadī pācīnaninnā pācīnaponā pācīnapabbhārā; "Mendicants, the Ganges river slants, slopes, and inclines to the east.

evameva kho, bhikkhave, bhikkhu pañca balāni bhāvento pañca balāni bahulīkaronto nibbānaninno hoti nibbānapono nibbānapabbhāro.

In the same way, a mendicant who develops and cultivates the five powers slants, slopes, and inclines to extinguishment.

kathañca, bhikkhave, bhikkhu pañca balāni bhāvento pañca balāni bahulīkaronto nibbānaninno hoti nibbānapono nibbānapabbhāro?

And how does a mendicant who develops the five powers slant, slope, and incline to extinguishment?

idha, bhikkhave, bhikkhu, saddhābalam bhāveti rāgavinayapariyosānam dosavinayapariyosānam mohavinayapariyosānam ...

It's when a mendicant develops the powers of faith, energy, mindfulness, immersion, and wisdom, which culminate in the removal of greed, hate, and delusion.

evam kho, bhikkhave, bhikkhu pañca balāni bhāvento pañca balāni bahulīkaronto nibbānaninno hoti nibbānapono nibbānapabbhāro"ti.

That's how a mendicant who develops and cultivates the five powers slants, slopes, and inclines to extinguishment."

vitthāretabbā.

(To be expanded for each of the different rivers as in SN 45.91–102, removal of greed version.)

dvādasamam.

gangāpeyyālavaggo chattho.

cha pācīnato ninnā,

Six on slanting to the east,

cha ninnā ca samuddato;

and six on slanting to the ocean;

dvete cha dvādasa honti.

these two sixes make twelve,

vaggo tena pavuccatīti.

and that's how this chapter is recited.

saṃyutta nikāya 50

Linked Discourses 50

6. punagangāpeyyālavagga

6. Another Chapter of Abbreviated Texts on the Ganges, Etc.

67. punaappamādavagga

67–76. Another Chapter on Diligence

on display: title of section only

(This text consists of the title only. To be expanded as in SN 45.139–148, removal of greed version.)

samyutta nikāya 50

Linked Discourses 50

7. punabalakaranīyavagga

7. Another Chapter on Hard Work

77. punabalakaranīyavagga

77–88. Another Chapter on Hard Work

(appamādavagga-balakaranīyavaggā vitthāretabbā.)

(To be expanded as in SN 45.149–160, removal of greed version.)

saṃyutta nikāya 50

Linked Discourses 50

8. punaesanāvagga

8. Another Chapter on Searches

89–98. punaesanādisutta

89-98. Another Series on Searches, Etc.

(evam esanāpāļi vitthāretabbā—rāgavinayapariyosānam dosavinayapariyosānam mohavinayapariyosānam.)

(To be expanded as in SN 45.161–170, removal of greed version.)

esanāvaggo navamo.

esanā vidhā āsavo,

Searches, discriminations, defilements,

bhavo ca dukkhatā tisso;

states of existence, three kinds of suffering,

khilam malañca nīgho ca,

barrenness, stains, and troubles,

vedanā tanhā tasinā cāti.

feelings, craving, and thirst.

saṃyutta nikāya 50

Linked Discourses 50

9. punaoghavagga

9. Another Chapter on Floods

99–108. punaoghādisutta

99–108. Another Series on Floods, Etc.

"pañcimāni, bhikkhave, uddhambhāgiyāni saṃyojanāni.

"Mendicants, there are five higher fetters.

katamāni pañca?

What five?

rūparāgo, arūparāgo, māno, uddhaccam avijjā—

Desire for rebirth in the realm of luminous form, desire for rebirth in the formless realm, conceit, restlessness, and ignorance.

imāni kho, bhikkhave, pañcuddhambhāgiyāni saṃyojanāni.

These are the five higher fetters.

imesam kho, bhikkhave, pañcannam uddhambhāgiyānam samyojanānam abhiññāya pariññāya parikkhayāya pahānāya pañca balāni bhāvetabbāni.

The five powers should be developed for the direct knowledge, complete understanding, finishing, and giving up of these five higher fetters.

katamāni pañca?

What five?

idha, bhikkhave, bhikkhu saddhābalam bhāveti ... pe ... paññābalam bhāveti rāgavinayapariyosānam dosavinayapariyosānam mohavinayapariyosānam.

A mendicant develops the powers of faith, energy, mindfulness, immersion, and wisdom, which culminate in the removal of greed, hate, and delusion.

imesam kho, bhikkhave, pañcannam uddhambhāgiyānam saṃyojanānam abhiññāya pariññāya parikkhayāya pahānāya imāni pañca balāni bhāvetabbānī''ti.

These five powers should be developed for the direct knowledge, complete understanding, finishing, and giving up of these five higher fetters."

dasamam.

(To be expanded as in SN 45.171–179, with the above as the final discourse.)

oghavaggo dasamo.

ogho yogo upādānam, Floods, bonds, grasping,

ganthā anusayena ca;

ties, and underlying tendencies,

kāmaguņā nīvaraņā,

kinds of sensual stimulation, hindrances,

khandhā oruddhambhāgiyāti.

aggregates, and fetters high and low.

balasamyuttam chattham.

The Linked Discourses on the Powers is the sixth section.