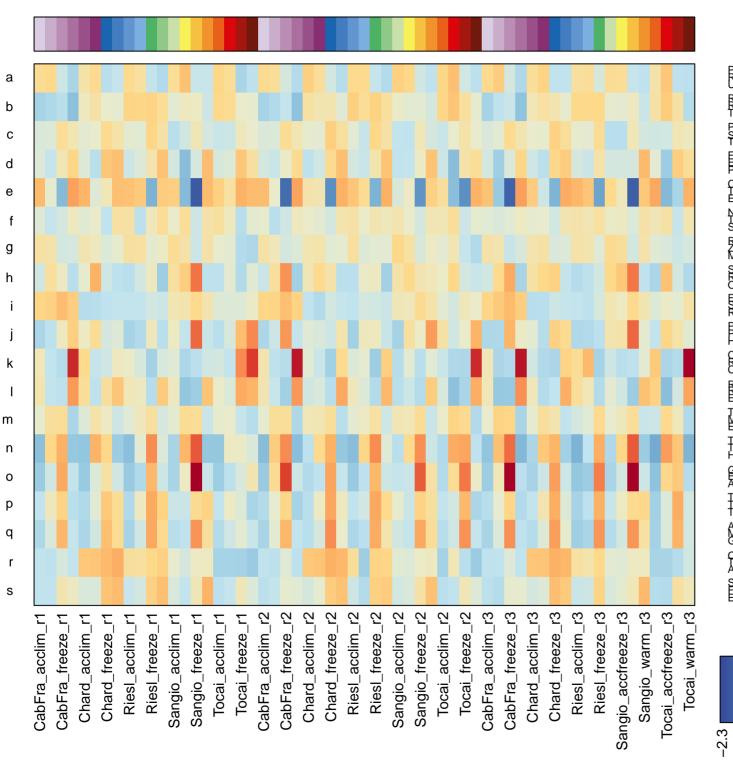


- a Protein Mitophagy
 Ribosome biogenesis 90S particles
- b RNA polymerase III system RNA polymerase
- Protein Chaperone mediated autophagy (CMA)
 Sulfur metabolism
- d Flavonoid biosynthesis
 - Energy metabolism Photosynthesis
- e Cell growth and death Cell wall
 Transporter catalog Transport electron carriers
- f Nucleocytoplasmic transport
 Translation RNA transport
- g Ribosome biogenesis 90S particles Zeatin biosynthesis
- h SLC47: Multidrug and Toxin Extrusion (MATE) family Receptor Others
- i Enzyme 2.1 Transferring one–carbon groups SLC47: Multidrug and Toxin Extrusion (MATE) family
- j Plant specific signaling Plant–pathogen interaction Plant–pathogen interaction
- k Cell growth and death Cell cycle
 - Replication protein DNA Replication Initiation Factors
- I Ribosome Bacteria
 - Ribosome Mitochondria/ Chloroplast
- m Transcription factors Other zf–C3HC4
 Mitophagy factors
- n Transcription factors AP2 EREBP
 Transcription factors WRKY
- o Galactose metabolism
 - Enzyme 2.4 Glycosyltransferases
- p Transcription factors BZIP
 - Transcription factors Basic leucine zipper (bZIP)
- q ABC transporters
 - Membrane transport ABC transporters
- r Other amino acids metabolism Selenoamino acid metabo Transporter catalog – Porters cat 7 to 17
- s Stilbenoid diarylheptanoid and gingerol biosynthesis Flavonoid biosynthesis

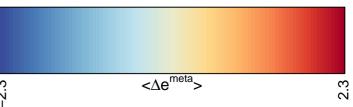


Protein – Mitophagy Ribosome biogenesis – 90S particles Ubiquitin system – Multi subunit Ring–finger type E3 RNA polymerase III system RNA polymerase Transcription – RNA polymerase Protein – Chaperone mediated autophagy (CMA) Sulfur metabolism Transcription factors – Zinc finger Elavonoid bigsynthesis Energy metabolism – Photosynthesis Photosynthesis Cell growth and death – Cell wall Transporter catalog – Transport electron carriers Energy metabolism – Photosynthesis antenna proteins Nucleocytoplasmic transport Translation – RNA transport Spliceosome Ribosome biogenesis – 90S particles Zeatin biosynthesis Membrane transport – ABC transporters SLC47: Multidrug and Toxin Extrusion (MATE) family Receptor – Others Other amino acids metabolism – Glutathione metabolism Enzyme – 2.1 Transferring one–carbon groups SLC47: Multidrug and Toxin Extrusion (MATE) family Replication and repair – Homologous recombination Plant specific signaling – Plant-pathogen interaction Plant-pathogen interaction Hormone signaling – Jasmonate signaling Cell growth and death – Cell cycle Replication protein – DNA Replication Initiation Factors Cytoskeleton – Microtubules Ribosome – Bacteria Ribosome – Mitochondria/ Chloroplast Enzyme – 5.2 cis-trans-Isomerases Transcription factors – Other zf–C3HC4 Mitophagy factors Enzyme – 2.6 Transferring nitrogenous groups Transcription factors – AP2 EREBP Transcription factors – WRKY Hormone signaling – Ethylene signaling Galactose metabolism Fnzyme – 2.4 Glycosyltransferases Alarline aspartate and glutamate metabolism Transcription factors – BZIP Transcription factors – Basic leucine zipper (bZIP) Transcription factors – MYB

ABC transporters Membrane transport – ABC transporters Glycosyltransferase – Hydrophobic molecule

Other amino acids metabolism – Selenoamino acid metabolism Transporter Catalog – Forers Cat 7 to Transporter Amino acid metabolism – Tyrosine metabolism

Stilbenoid diarylheptanoid and gingerol biosynthesis Elavonoid biosynthesis Enzyme – 1.8 Acting on a sulfur group of donors



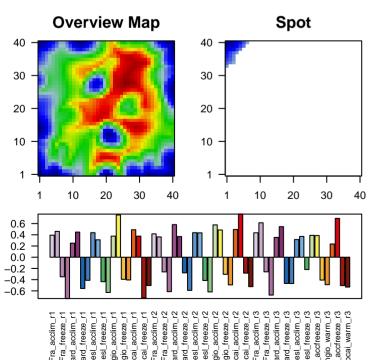
Spot Summary: a

metagenes = 32 # genes = 659

<r> metagenes = 0.95 <r> genes = 0.55 beta: r2= 10.99 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 6 (10.2 %)

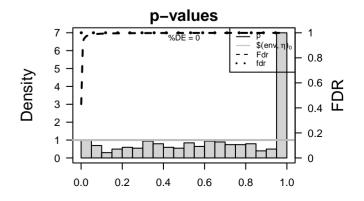
CabFra_warm : 3 (100 %) Riesl_warm : 2 (100 %) Tocai_freeze : 1 (33.3 %)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
Vitvi12g02353		1	5e-04	4 / 11	Protein – Mitophagy
Vitvi04g01564		2	9e-03	7 / 62	Ribosome biogenesis –
Vitvi04g01368	The part of the cytoplasm that does not contain organelles but which does contain other particulate matter, such as protein complexes.	3	9e-03	10 / 110	Ubiquitin system – Mult
Vitvi19g00581		4	1e-02	5 / 36	Fatty acid degradation
Vitvi05g00071	Reactions, triggered in response to the presence of a foreign body or the occurrence of an injury, which result in restriction of damage to the organism attacked or prevention/recovery from the infection caused by the attack.	5	1e-02	3 / 13	Transcription factors – F
Vitvi19g00255		6	1e-02	9 / 100	Plant specific signaling
Vitvi17g00584	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	7	1e-02	10 / 118	Transcription factors – F
Vitvi01g00499	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing, in some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	8	1e-02	7 / 68	Spliceosome associated
Vitvi05g01758	, ,	9	1e-02	9 / 101	Starch and sucrose me
Vitvi11g00657		10	2e-02	4 / 29	Other amino acids meta
Vitvi11g01268	The chemical reactions and pathways involving carbohydrates, any of a group of organic compounds based of the general formula Cx(H2O)y.	11	2e-02	5 / 44	Hormone signaling – C
Vitvi10g01384	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	12	3e-02	3 / 18	Chaperone - HSP20
Vitvi05g01266	The chemical reactions and pathways involving carbohydrates, any of a group of organic compounds based of the general formula Cx(H2O)y.	13	3e-02	9 / 115	Enzyme – 3.6 Acting o
Vitvi13g01900		14	3e-02	4/32	Circadian rhythm – plan
Vitvi09g00720	Binding to a metal ion.	15	3e-02	6 / 64	Transcription factors – C
Vitvi17g00237	Binding to a heme, a compound composed of iron complexed in a porphyrin (tetrapyrrole) ring.	16	4e-02	15 / 238	Enzyme – 2.4 Glycosyl
Vitvi16g01340	A conserved series of molecular signals found in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; involves autophosphorylation of a histidine kinase and the transfer of the phosphate group to an aspartate that then acts as a phospho-donor to response regulator proteins.	17	4e-02	4 / 34	Tyrosine metabolism
Vitvi11g00477	Binding to a protein.	18	4e-02	5 / 51	Lipid metabolism – Fatt
Vitvi14g00119	Any process that results in a change in state or activity of a cell or an organism (in terms of movement, secretion, enzyme production, gene expression, etc.) as a result of a cyclopentenone stimulus. Cyclopentenones are oxylipins derived from polyunsaturated fatty acids. They are structurally similar to jasmonic acid, but contain a reactive unsaturated carbonyl structure in the cyclor—ing. Cyclopentenones include phytoprostanes and 12-zo-xp-phytodienoic acid.	19	4e-02	5 / 51	Plant specific signaling
Vitvi14g00291	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	20	4e-02	3 / 21	Thiamine metabolism

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
	1	5e-04	4 / 11	Protein – Mitophagy
	2	9e-03	7/62	Ribosome biogenesis – 90S particles
	3	9e-03	10 / 110	Ubiquitin system – Multi subunit Ring-finger type E3
	4	1e-02	5/36	Fatty acid degradation
	5	1e-02	3 / 13	Transcription factors – HMG
	6	1e-02	9 / 100	Plant specific signaling – Flower development
f their	7	1e-02	10 / 118	Transcription factors – Helix-turn-helix
s, the s and	8	1e-02	7 / 68	Spliceosome associated proteins (SAPs)
	9	1e-02	9 / 101	Starch and sucrose metabolism
	10	2e-02	4/29	Other amino acids metabolism – Beta-alanine metabolism
general	11	2e-02	5 / 44	Hormone signaling – Cytokinin signaling
	12	3e-02	3 / 18	Chaperone – HSP20
general	13	3e-02	9 / 115	Enzyme – 3.6 Acting on acid anhydrides
	14	3e-02	4/32	Circadian rhythm – plant
	15	3e-02	6 / 64	Transcription factors – Other transcription factors
	16	4e-02	15 / 238	Enzyme – 2.4 Glycosyltransferases
stidine ulator	17	4e-02	4/34	Tyrosine metabolism
	18	4e-02	5 / 51	Lipid metabolism – Fatty acid metabolism
ic acid	19	4e-02	5/51	Plant specific signaling – Circadian rhythm



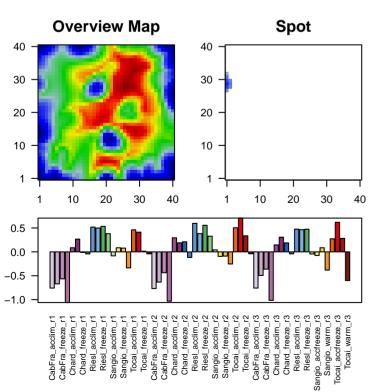
Spot Summary: b

metagenes = 9 # genes = 188

<r> metagenes = 0.95 <r> genes = 0.4 beta: r2= 5.85 / log p= -Inf

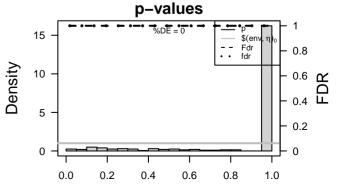
samples with spot = 8 (13.6 %)

CabFra_accfreeze: 2 (66.7 %) CabFra_warm : 3 (100 %)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
Vitvi12g00117	A membrane-bound cytoplasmic organelle of the endomembrane system that further processes the core oligosaccharides (N-glycans) added to proteins in the endoplasmic reticulum and packages them into membrane-bound vesicles. The Golgi apparatus operates at the intersection of the secretory, lysosomal, and endocytic pathways.	1	0.02	2 / 28	RNA polymerase III system
Vitvi14g01657	Binding to a heme, a compound composed of iron complexed in a porphyrin (tetrapyrrole) ring.	2	0.03	2/35	RNA polymerase
Vitvi03g00919		3	0.04	2 / 41	Transcription – RNA polymerase
Vitvi16g00789	Binding to a heme, a compound composed of iron complexed in a porphyrin (tetrapyrrole) ring.	4	0.04	2 / 44	Hormone signaling - Cytokinin signaling
Vitvi00g01146		5	0.05	2 / 47	ABC transporters
Vitvi00g00686		6	0.06	2/54	Amino acid metabolism – Methionine metabolism
Vitvi10g02298	Catalysis of the hydrolysis of internal, alpha–peptide bonds in a polypeptide chain by a catalytic mechanism that involves a catalytic triad consisting of a serine nucleophile that is activated by a proton relay involving an acidic residue (e.g. asparate or glutamate) and a basic residue (usual) histidine).	7	0.07	2/58	Other amino acids metabolism – Glutathione metabolism
Vitvi13g00786	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	8	0.07	2/62	Translation – Aminoacyl–tRNA biosynthesis
Vitvi07g01651		9	0.09	2/71	Glutathione metabolism
Vitvi19g02279	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	10	0.10	3 / 153	Plant-pathogen interaction
Vitvi14g02924	Any intracellular signal transduction in which the signal is passed on within the cell via calcium ions.	11	0.11	2/77	Pores ion channels [TC:1]
Vitvi02g00620	Binding to a metal ion.	12	0.11	1 / 16	Transcription factors – FHA
Vitvi10g00184		13	0.11	3 / 162	Plant specific signaling – Plant–pathogen interaction
Vitvi13g02475	Binding to ADP, adenosine 5'-diphosphate.	14	0.12	1 / 17	Protein – Arf GTPases and associated proteins
Vitvi19g00154		15	0.12	2/81	Enzyme – 4.2 Carbon–oxygen lyases
Vitvi16g01449		16	0.12	1 / 18	Nicotinate and nicotinamide metabolism
Vitvi10g00973	Binding to a calcium ion (Ca2+).	17	0.12	1 / 18	Chaperone – HSP20
Vitvi19g02299		18	0.12	1 / 18	Transcription factors – Other zf–DHHC
Vitvi12g00890		19	0.13	1 / 19	RNA polymerase I system
Vitvi00g01866		20	0.16	1 / 24	Folate biosynthesis
					n voluee



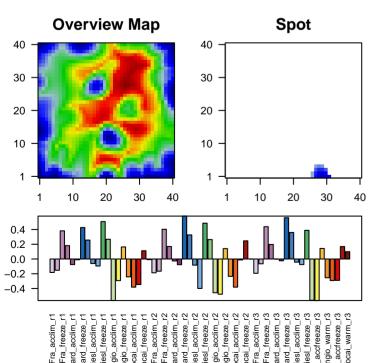
Geneset Overrepresentation

Spot Summary: c

metagenes = 18 # genes = 283

<r> metagenes = 0.88 <r> genes = 0.35 beta: r2= 4.54 / log p= -Inf

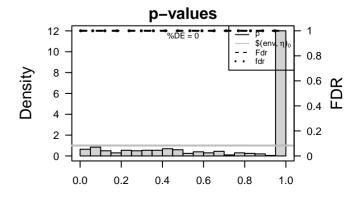
samples with spot = 0 (0 %)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Rank	p-va
Vitvi18g01129	Catalysis of the transfer of a group, e.g. a methyl group, glycosyl group, acyl group, phosphorus–containing, or other groups, from one compound (generally regarded as the donor) to another compound (generally regarded as the acceptor). Transferase is the systematic name for any enzyme of EC class 2.	1	0.002
Vitvi18g02715	Binding to a heme, a compound composed of iron complexed in a porphyrin (tetrapyrrole) ring.	2	0.007
Vitvi14g00297		3	0.014
Vitvi11g01457	Binding to a protein.	4	0.019
Vitvi04g02017		5	0.023
Vitvi03g01392		6	0.023
Vitvi18g00955	The chemical reactions and pathways involving carbohydrates, any of a group of organic compounds based of the general formula Cx(HzOly.	7	0.024
Vitvi12g01982		8	0.026
Vitvi02g01680		9	0.029
Vitvi00g01074		10	0.030
Vitvi11g00319	Stimulates the exchange of GDP to GTP on a signaling GTPase, changing its conformation to its active form. Guanine nucleotide exchange factors (GEFs) act by stimulating the release of guanosine diphosphate (GDP) to allow binding of guanosine triphosphate (GTP), which is more abundant in the cell under normal cellular physiological conditions.	11	0.045
Vitvi15g01669	Binding to ADP, adenosine 5'-diphosphate.	12	0.048
Vitvi02g01427	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	13	0.048
Vitvi13g01713	Binding to a nucleic acid.	14	0.055
Vitvi09g01592	The inner, i.e. lumen-facing, lipid bilayer of the mitochondrial envelope. It is highly folded to form cristae.	15	0.056
Vitvi13g02449	Binding to ADP, adenosine 5'-diphosphate.	16	0.059
Vitvi14g00002		17	0.063
Vitvi06g01418	The contents of a cell excluding the plasma membrane and nucleus, but including other subcellular structures.	18	0.067
Vitvi13g00129	Binding to a protein.	19	0.069
Vitvi19g00994	Binding to a protein.	20	0.072

	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
ri18g01129	Catalysis of the transfer of a group, e.g. a methyl group, glycosyl group, acyl group, phosphorus-containing, or other groups, from one compound (generally regarded as the donor) to another compound (generally regarded as the acceptor). Transferace is the systematic name for any enzyme of EC class 2.	1	0.002	4/38	Protein – Chaperone mediated autophagy (CMA)
ri18g02715	Binding to a heme, a compound composed of iron complexed in a porphyrin (tetrapyrrole) ring.	2	0.007	3 / 28	Sulfur metabolism
ri14g00297		3	0.014	3/36	Transcription factors – Zinc finger
i11g01457	Binding to a protein.	4	0.019	3 / 40	Amino acid metabolism – Cysteine metabolism
ri04g02017		5	0.023	2/17	Isoquinoline alkaloid biosynthesis
ri03g01392		6	0.023	2/17	Proteasome – Assembling factors
ri18g00955	The chemical reactions and pathways involving carbohydrates, any of a group of organic compounds based of the general formula Cx(H2O)y.	7	0.024	4 / 77	Cysteine and methionine metabolism
ri12g01982		8	0.026	3 / 45	Galactose metabolism
ri02g01680		9	0.029	3 / 47	ABC transporters
ri00g01074		10	0.030	3 / 48	Amino acid metabolism – Lysine biosynthesis
i11g00319	Stimulates the exchange of GDP to GTP on a signaling GTPase, changing its conformation to its active form. Guanine nucleotide exchange factors (GEFs) act by stimulating the release of guanosine diphosphate (GDP) to allow binding of guanosine triphosphate (GTP), which is more abundant in the cell under normal cellular physiological conditions.	11	0.045	2/24	Tropane piperidine and pyridine alkaloid biosynthesis
ri15g01669	Binding to ADP, adenosine 5'-diphosphate.	12	0.048	2 / 25	Phenylalanine metabolism
ri02g01427	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	13	0.048	2 / 25	Biosynthesis of secondary metabolism – Zeatin biosynthesis
i13g01713	Binding to a nucleic acid.	14	0.055	2 / 27	ABCG (White) subfamily
ri09g01592	The inner, i.e. lumen-facing, lipid bilayer of the mitochondrial envelope. It is highly folded to form cristae.	15	0.056	4 / 102	Membrane transport – ABC transporters
i13g02449	Binding to ADP, adenosine 5'-diphosphate.	16	0.059	2/28	Exosome – Exosomal proteins of breast milk
i14g00002		17	0.063	2/29	Energy metabolism – Sulfur metabolism
ri06g01418	The contents of a cell excluding the plasma membrane and nucleus, but including other subcellular structures.	18	0.067	2/30	Lipid biosynthesis protein – Component type
i13g00129	Binding to a protein.	19	0.069	3 / 67	Ribosome – Bacteria
i19g00994	Binding to a protein.	20	0.072	5 / 157	Protein processing in endoplasmic reticulum



Spot Summary: d

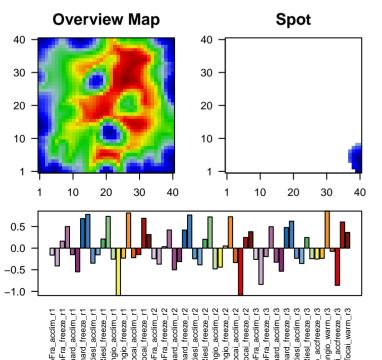
metagenes = 29 # genes = 430

<r> metagenes = 0.94 <r> genes = 0.52

beta: r2= 11.42 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 4 (6.8 %) CabFra_accfreeze: 1 (33.3%)

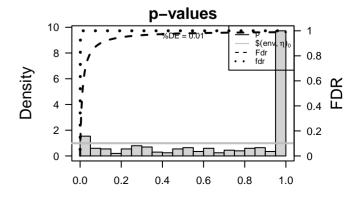
Tocai_accfreeze : 2 (66.7 %)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
Vitvi19g02039		1	2e-06	7 / 26	Flavonoid bio
Vitvi01g01982	Reactions, triggered in response to the presence of a foreign body or the occurrence of an injury, which result in restriction of damage to the organism attacked or prevention/recovery from the infection caused by the attack.	2	1e-04	9 / 78	Energy metal
Vitvi14g01448		3	3e-04	6/38	Photosynthes
Vitvi05g01044	Catalysis of the transfer of an acyl group, other than amino-acyl, from one compound (donor) to another (acceptor).	4	5e-04	7 / 57	Glyoxylate an
Vitvi13g02504		5	2e-03	3/10	Linoleic acid
Vitvi06g00158	Binding to a metal ion.	6	3e-03	5 / 40	Energy metal
Vitvi00g00590		7	5e-03	7 / 83	Transcription
Vitvi07g03060		8	5e-03	6 / 63	Phenylpropar
Vitvi07g02608	Catalysis of a biochemical reaction at physiological temperatures. In biologically catalyzed reactions, the reactants are known as substrates, and the catalysts are naturally occurring macromolecular substances known as enzymes. Enzyme possess specific binding sites for substrates, and are usually composed wholly or largely of protein, but RNA that has	9	7e-03	8 / 111	Transporter ca
Vitvi15g00938	catalytic activity (ribozyme) is often also regarded as enzymatic. A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing. In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	10	1e-02	4 / 35	Lipid metabol
Vitvi11g01295	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.	11	1e-02	5 / 56	Glycine serine
Vitvi09g00206	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	12	1e-02	7 / 102	Membrane tra
Vitvi04g00357		13	2e-02	4 / 40	SLC47: Multio
Vitvi03g01833	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	14	2e-02	4 / 41	Cofactors and
Vitvi14g01449	Catalysis of the transfer of an acyl group, other than amino-acyl, from one compound (donor) to another (acceptor).	15	2e-02	3/24	Transporter c
Vitvi18g02574	Catalysis of a biochemical reaction at physiological temperatures. In biologically catalyzed reactions, the reactants are known as substrates, and the catalysts are naturally occurring macromolecular substances known as enzymes. Enzyme possess specific binding sites for substrates, and are usually composed wholly or largely of protein, but RNA that has	16	2e-02	4 / 44	Energy metab
Vitvi13g02005	catalytic activity (ribozyme) is often also regarded as enzymatic. Catalysis of the hydrolysis of Internal, alpha-peptide bonds in a polypeptide chain by a catalytic mechanism that involves a catalytic triad consisting of a serine nucleophile that is activated by a proton relay involving an acidic residue (e.g. apparateur or glutamate) and a basic residue (esual) histoline).	17	2e-02	3 / 25	Nitrogen meta
Vitvi19g00007	The chemical reactions and pathways involving lipids, compounds soluble in an organic solvent but not, or sparingly, in an aqueous solvent. Includes fatty acids; neutral fats, other fatty-acid esters, and soaps; long-chain (fatty) alcohols and waxes; sphingoids and other long-chain bases; glycolipids, phospholipids and sphingolipids; and carotenes,	18	2e-02	2/10	Photosynthes
Vitvi08g01465	polyprenols, sterols, terpenes and other isoprenoids. The series of molecular signals initiated upon sensing of blue light by photoreceptor molecule, at a wavelength between 400nm and 470nm.	19	3e-02	10 / 197	Transporter c
Vitvi14g02493		20	3e-02	7 / 118	Transcription

	1	2e-06	7 / 26	Flavonoid biosynthesis
of an injury, which result in ion caused by the attack.	2	1e-04	9 / 78	Energy metabolism – Photosynthesis
	3	3e-04	6 / 38	Photosynthesis
d (donor) to another (acceptor).	4	5e-04	7 / 57	Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate metabolism
	5	2e-03	3 / 10	Linoleic acid metabolism
	6	3e-03	5 / 40	Energy metabolism – Methane metabolism
	7	5e-03	7 / 83	Transcription factors – MYB
	8	5e-03	6 / 63	Phenylpropanoid biosynthesis
lyzed reactions, the reactants ubstances known as enzymes. Enzyme gely of protein, but RNA that has	9	7e-03	8 / 111	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 66 to 94
sed and replicated. In most cells, the and is the site of RNA synthesis and application may be absent.	10	1e-02	4 / 35	Lipid metabolism – Alpha–linolenic acid metabolism
tective or external encapsulating a host cell environment outside an	11	1e-02	5 / 56	Glycine serine and threonine metabolism
es having at least some part of their	12	1e-02	7 / 102	Membrane transport – ABC transporters
	13	2e-02	4 / 40	SLC47: Multidrug and Toxin Extrusion (MATE) family
ached to it.	14	2e-02	4 / 41	Cofactors and vitamin metabolism – Riboflavin metabolism
d (donor) to another (acceptor).	15	2e-02	3 / 24	Transporter catalog – Group translocators
lyzed reactions, the reactants ubstances known as enzymes. Enzyme gely of protein, but RNA that has	16	2e-02	4 / 44	Energy metabolism – Nitrogen metabolism
a catalytic mechanism that on relay involving an acidic	17	2e-02	3 / 25	Nitrogen metabolism
nic solvent but not, or sparingly, soaps; long-chain (fatty) ids and sphingolipids; and carotenes,	18	2e-02	2/10	Photosynthesis protein – Photosynthetic electron transport
molecule, at a wavelength between	19	3e-02	10 / 197	Transporter catalog – Channels and pores
	20	3e-02	7 / 118	Transcription factors – Helix-turn-helix



Spot Summary: e

metagenes = 27 # genes = 537

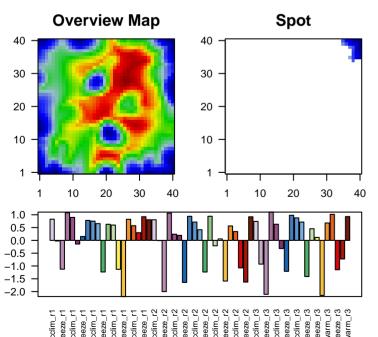
<r> metagenes = 0.97 <r> genes = 0.75

beta: r2= 47.63 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 17 (28.8 %)

CabFra_accfreeze: 1 (33.3%) CabFra_freeze: 3 (100%) Chard_freeze : 2 (66.7 %) Riesl_freeze : 3 (100 %)

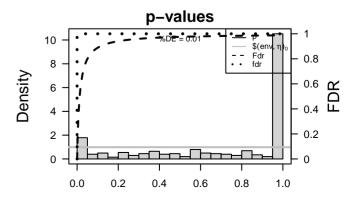
Sangio_freeze: 3 (100 %) Tocai_accfreeze: 2 (66.7 %) Tocai_freeze : 2 (66.7 %)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
Vitvi19g00257	A chlorophyll–containing plastid with thylakoids organized into grana and frets, or stroma thylakoids, and embedded in a stroma.	1	1e-25	46 / 206	Cell growth and death - Cell wall
Vitvi08g00853	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.	2	3e-15	18 / 47	Transporter catalog – Transport electron c
Vitvi07g02246	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	3	2e-14	12 / 18	Energy metabolism – Photosynthesis ante
Vitvi11g00518	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.	4	1e-12	11 / 18	Photosynthesis – antenna proteins
Vitvi07g02443		5	4e-09	7 / 10	Photosynthesis protein – Photosystem I (I
Vitvi10g00740	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	6	1e-06	13 / 78	Energy metabolism – Photosynthesis
Vitvi15g00714	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.	7	8e-06	5 / 10	Peptidases and inhibitors – Family A1: pe
Vitvi10g00100	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.	8	9e-06	21 / 217	Cell motility - Regulation of actin cytoskel
Vitvi12g02394		9	1e-05	12 / 80	Cytoskeleton – Microtubules
Vitvi17g00234	The chemical reactions and pathways involving carbohydrates, any of a group of organic compounds based of the general formula Cx(H2O)y.	10	3e-05	8 / 38	Photosynthesis
Vitvi04g00501	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.	11	3e-05	8 / 39	Pentose and glucuronate interconversions
Vitvi17g00480	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	12	4e-05	8 / 40	Transport system – Thylakoid targeting pa
Vitvi19g00041	Catalysis of the transfer of a group, e.g., a methyl group, glycosyl group, acyl group, phosphorus-containing, or other groups, from one compound (generally regarded as the donor) to another compound (generally regarded as the acceptor). Transferrase is the systematic name for any enzymo of EC class 2.	13	8e-05	14 / 129	Enzyme – 3.2 Glycosylases
Vitvi13g01855		14	3e-04	5 / 19	Aquaporins and small neutral solute trans
Vitvi08g00961	The contents of a cell excluding the plasma membrane and nucleus, but including other subcellular structures.	15	1e-03	8 / 65	Phagosome
Vitvi09g00264	Catalysis of the hydrolysis of any ester bond.	16	1e-03	12 / 134	Hormone signaling – Auxin signaling
Vitvi06g01346	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	17	3e-03	5/30	Glycan biosynthesis and metabolism – N-
Vitvi11g01450		18	4e-03	7 / 63	Phenylpropanoid biosynthesis
Vitvi12g00586	The chemical reactions and pathways involving carbohydrates, any of a group of organic compounds based of the general formula Cx(H2O)y.	19	5e-03	5 / 34	Peptidases and inhibitors – Family S10
Vitvi10g00027	The chemical reactions and pathways resulting in the formation of thiamine (vitamin B1), a water soluble vitamin present in fresh vegetables and meats, especially liver.	20	5e-03	7 / 65	Transport and catabolism – Phagosome

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
l in a	1	1e-25	46 / 206	Cell growth and death – Cell wall
ng an	2	3e-15	18 / 47	Transporter catalog – Transport electron carriers
	3	2e-14	12 / 18	Energy metabolism – Photosynthesis antenna proteins
ng an	4	1e-12	11 / 18	Photosynthesis – antenna proteins
	5	4e-09	7 / 10	Photosynthesis protein – Photosystem I (P700 chlorophyll a)
	6	1e-06	13 / 78	Energy metabolism – Photosynthesis
ng an	7	8e-06	5 / 10	Peptidases and inhibitors – Family A1: pepsin family
ng an	8	9e-06	21 / 217	Cell motility - Regulation of actin cytoskeleton
	9	1e-05	12 / 80	Cytoskeleton – Microtubules
general	10	3e-05	8/38	Photosynthesis
ng an	11	3e-05	8/39	Pentose and glucuronate interconversions
f their	12	4e-05	8 / 40	Transport system – Thylakoid targeting pathway
er ceptor).	13	8e-05	14 / 129	Enzyme – 3.2 Glycosylases
	14	3e-04	5 / 19	Aquaporins and small neutral solute transporters [TC:1.A.8]
	15	1e-03	8 / 65	Phagosome
	16	1e-03	12 / 134	Hormone signaling – Auxin signaling
f their	17	3e-03	5 / 30	Glycan biosynthesis and metabolism – N-Glycan degradation
	18	4e-03	7 / 63	Phenylpropanoid biosynthesis
general	19	5e-03	5/34	Peptidases and inhibitors – Family S10

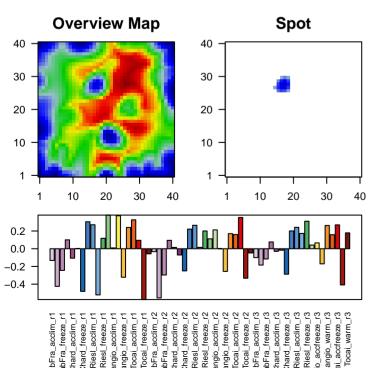


Spot Summary: f

metagenes = 20 # genes = 256

<r> metagenes = 0.95 <r> genes = 0.41 beta: r2= 1.88 / log p= -Inf

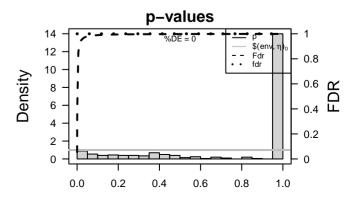
samples with spot = 0 (0 %)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
Vitvi04g02107		1	6e-05	7 / 85	Nucleocytoplasmic transport
Vitvi18g02642		2	7e-04	7 / 126	Translation – RNA transport
Vitvi13g01364		3	6e-03	6 / 139	Spliceosome
Vitvi06g00368	A conserved series of molecular signals found in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; involves autophosphorylation of a histidine kinase and the transfer of the phosphate group to an aspartate that then acts as a phospho-donor to response regulator proteins.	4	9e-03	11 / 409	Enzyme – 2.7 Transferring phosph
Vitvi05g01824		5	1e-02	2/14	Proteins involved in snRNP biogen
Vitvi06g01250	The contents of a cell excluding the plasma membrane and nucleus, but including other subcellular structures.	6	1e-02	5 / 115	Enzyme – 3.6 Acting on acid anhy
Vitvi13g01620	Binding to ADP, adenosine 5'-diphosphate.	7	1e-02	4 / 75	Translation – Ribosome biogenesis
Vitvi17g00474		8	2e-02	3 / 48	Transport system – Nuclear pore co
Vitvi13g02309	Binding to ADP, adenosine 5'-diphosphate. A small, dense body one or more of which are present in the nucleus of eukaryotic cells. It is rich in RNA and protein,	9	2e-02	2/19	Transcription factors – Jumonji
Vitvi11g01102	is not bounded by a limiting membrane, and is not seen during mitosis. Its prime function is the transcription of the nuclealor PDA into 455 flosomal-precursor RNA, the processing of this RNA into 5.85, 185, and 285 components of ribosomal RNA, and the association of these components with 5S RNA and proteins synthesized outside the nucleolus. This	10	3e-02	2/24	Mitochondrial dynamics
Vitvi14g01462	association results in the formation of ribonucleoprotein precursor; these pass into the cytoplasm and mature into the Argenitrings—burniets-type=med-aniMarvaptic calls in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all othe cells chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing. In some species, or his pacialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be select.	11	3e-02	5 / 151	RNA polymerase II system
Vitvi16g00437	A cellular process that results in the biosynthesis of constituent macromolecules, assembly, and arrangement of constituent parts of ribosome subunits; includes transport to the sites of protein synthesis.	12	3e-02	2 / 25	Lysine degradation
Vitvi18g00908	Binding to a protein.	13	3e-02	2 / 25	Protein – Tethering complex
Vitvi13g02473		14	4e-02	3 / 62	Ribosome biogenesis – 90S particl
Vitvi13g01420	Any molecular function by which a gene product interacts selectively and non-covalently with DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid).	15	4e-02	3 / 63	Messenger RNA Biogenesis – mRI
Vitvi13g01473		16	4e-02	2 / 27	Common spliceosomal component
Vitvi16g00148	The space enclosed by the double membrane of a chloroplast but excluding the thylakoid space. It contains DNA, ribosomes and some temporary products of photosynthesis.	17	4e-02	2/28	RNA polymerase III system
Vitvi14g01710		18	5e-02	4 / 116	Ribosome biogenesis – Pre-60S p
Vitvi15g00307	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	19	5e-02	2/32	Protein – Actin–binding proteins
Vitvi09g01718		20	6e-02	2/34	Transcription factors – SET PCG

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
	1	6e-05	7 / 85	Nucleocytoplasmic transport
	2	7e-04	7 / 126	Translation – RNA transport
	3	6e-03	6 / 139	Spliceosome
dine ator	4	9e-03	11 / 409	Enzyme – 2.7 Transferring phosphorus–containing groups
	5	1e-02	2/14	Proteins involved in snRNP biogenesis
	6	1e-02	5 / 115	Enzyme – 3.6 Acting on acid anhydrides
	7	1e-02	4 / 75	Translation – Ribosome biogenesis in Eukaryotes
	8	2e-02	3 / 48	Transport system – Nuclear pore complex
	9	2e-02	2/19	Transcription factors – Jumonji
nts of us. This	10	3e-02	2/24	Mitochondrial dynamics
the and	11	3e-02	5 / 151	RNA polymerase II system
	12	3e-02	2/25	Lysine degradation
	13	3e-02	2 / 25	Protein – Tethering complex
	14	4e-02	3/62	Ribosome biogenesis – 90S particles
	15	4e-02	3 / 63	Messenger RNA Biogenesis – mRNA degradation factors
	16	4e-02	2 / 27	Common spliceosomal components
osomes	17	4e-02	2/28	RNA polymerase III system
	18	5e-02	4 / 116	Ribosome biogenesis – Pre–60S particles
	19	5e-02	2/32	Protein – Actin-binding proteins

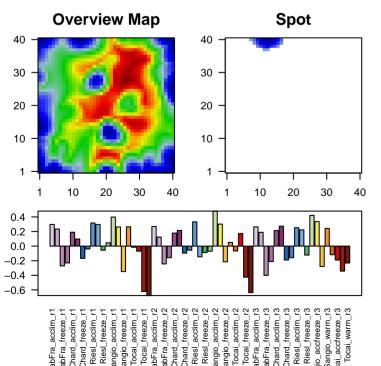


Spot Summary: g

metagenes = 28 # genes = 387

<r> metagenes = 0.88 <r> genes = 0.29 beta: r2= 4.39 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 3 (5.1 %) Tocai_freeze : 1 (33.3 %) Tocai_warm : 2 (66.7 %)



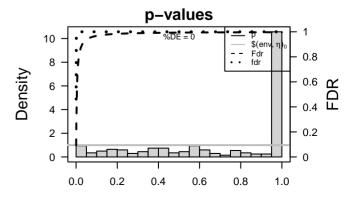
Spot Genelist

ID	Description	R
Vitvi00g01651		1
Vitvi10g02090		2
Vitvi12g02726		3
Vitvi07g01407	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	4
Vitvi18g00150	Any molecular function by which a gene product interacts selectively and non-covalently with DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid).	5
Vitvi03g01185	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	6
Vitvi12g02680		7
Vitvi03g01162	Catalysis of the transfer of a glycosyl group from a UDP-sugar to a small hydrophobic molecule.	8
Vitvi04g00104	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	9
Vitvi08g02224		10
Vitvi16g01407	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	11
Vitvi10g00241	Any process that modulates the frequency, rate or extent of defense response to fungus.	12
Vitvi11g01693	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	13
Vitvi04g00161	Catalysis of a biochemical reaction at physiological temperatures. In biologically catalyzed reactions, the reactants are known as substrates, and the catalysts are naturally occurring macromolecular substances known as enzymes. Enzyme possess specific binding sites for substrates, and are usually composed wholly or largely of protein, but RNA that has catalytic activity (ribozyme) is often also regarded as enzymatic.	14
Vitvi09g01933		15
Vitvi04g01300	Catalysis of the hydrolysis of various bonds, e.g. C-O, C-N, C-C, phosphoric anhydride bonds, etc.	16
Vitvi03g01524	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	17
Vitvi14g00017		18
Vitvi10g00570		19
Vitvi19g00618		20

Geneset Overrepresentation

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
	1	2e-04	7 / 62	Ribosome biogenesis – 90S particles
	2	1e-03	3/11	Zeatin biosynthesis
	3	4e-03	7 / 102	Membrane transport – ABC transporters
	4	7e-03	5 / 60	Enzyme – 4.1 Carbon–carbon lyases
	5	9e-03	5 / 64	Ribosome biogenesis in eukaryotes
	6	1e-02	4 / 44	Pentose phosphate pathway
	7	1e-02	7 / 123	Carbohydrate metabolism – Glycolysis
	8	1e-02	3 / 25	Biosynthesis of secondary metabolism – Zeatin biosynthesi
,	9	1e-02	5/72	Energy metabolism – Carbon fixation
	10	2e-02	5 / 75	Translation – Ribosome biogenesis in Eukaryotes
	11	2e-02	4/51	Carbon fixation in photosynthetic organisms
	12	2e-02	4/54	Carbohydrate metabolism – Pentose phosphate
	13	2e-02	2/12	Enzyme – Class I
/me	14	2e-02	2/12	SLC15: Proton oligopeptide cotransporter
	15	3e-02	7 / 146	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 7 to 17
	16	3e-02	3/33	Carbohydrate metabolism – Aminosugars metabolism
	17	3e-02	2/14	Enzyme – 1.5 Acting on the CH-NH group of donors
	18	4e-02	4 / 64	Purine metabolism
	19	4e-02	3 / 38	Protein – Chaperone mediated autophagy (CMA)

5 / 101 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis



Spot Summary: h

metagenes = 11 # genes = 173

<r> metagenes = 0.98 < r > genes = 0.54

beta: r2= 16.35 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 8 (13.6 %)

CabFra_warm : 2 (66.7 %) Riesl_acclim : 1 (33.3 %) Riesl_warm : 2 (100 %) Tocai_acclim: 1 (33.3%) Tocai_freeze : 1 (33.3 %) Tocai_warm: 1 (33.3%)

Overview Map Spot 40 30 30 20 20 10 10 20 30 10 20 30 1.0 0.5 0.0 -0.5

Spot Genelist

Vitvi09q01664

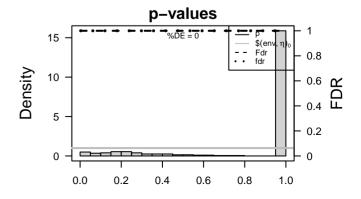
ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all
Vitvi19g01824	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	1	0.003	3 / 40
Vitvi18g02837		2	0.007	2/18
Vitvi16g01999		3	0.007	3 / 58
Vitvi19g00566	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	4	0.014	2/26
Vitvi00g01747		5	0.029	2/39
Vitvi16g02104		6	0.032	2/41
Vitvi13g00351	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	7	0.035	2 / 43
Vitvi05g00675	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	8	0.041	3/111
Vitvi00g00710		9	0.043	2 / 48
Vitvi06g01599	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	10	0.045	2 / 49
Vitvi00g01746		11	0.054	4/206
Vitvi16g02105		12	0.067	1 / 10
Vitvi10g02249		13	0.086	2/71
Vitvi00g00328		14	0.086	2/71
Vitvi06g00784	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing. In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	15	0.086	1 / 13
Vitvi17g01451	Binding to a manganese ion (Mn).	16	0.098	2/77
Vitvi19g00700	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	17	0.098	1 / 15
Vitvi00g01732		18	0.101	3 / 162
Vitvi16g02119		19	0.104	1 / 16
Vitvi09a01664	Any molecular entity that serves as an electron acceptor and electron donor in an electron transport chain. An electron transport chain is a process in which a series of electron carriers operate together to transfer electrons from donors	20	0 104	1 / 16

transport chain is a process in which a series of electron carriers operate together to transfer electrons from donors to any of several different terminal electron acceptors to generate a transmembrane electrochemical gradient.

Geneset Overrepresentation

0.104

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
	1	0.003	3 / 40	SLC47: Multidrug and Toxin Extrusion (MATE) family
	2	0.007	2 / 18	Receptor - Others
	3	0.007	3 / 58	Other amino acids metabolism – Glutathione metabolism
f their	4	0.014	2/26	Sphingolipid metabolism
	5	0.029	2/39	beta-Alanine metabolism
	6	0.032	2 / 41	Cofactors and vitamin metabolism – Riboflavin metabolism
f their	7	0.035	2 / 43	Mitochondrial respiratory chain complex assembly factors
	8	0.041	3/111	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 66 to 94
	9	0.043	2 / 48	Transcription factors – WRKY
f their	10	0.045	2/49	Transcription factors – NAC
	11	0.054	4/206	Cell growth and death – Cell wall
	12	0.067	1 / 10	Kinase – Wnk family
	13	0.086	2/71	Glutathione metabolism
	14	0.086	2/71	Amino acid metabolism – Phenylalanine metabolism
ls, the is and	15	0.086	1 / 13	Biosynthesis of unsaturated fatty acids
	16	0.098	2/77	Pores ion channels [TC:1]
f their	17	0.098	1 / 15	Stilbenoid diarylheptanoid and gingerol biosynthesis
	18	0.101	3 / 162	Plant specific signaling – Plant–pathogen interaction
	19	0.104	1 / 16	Other glycan degradation



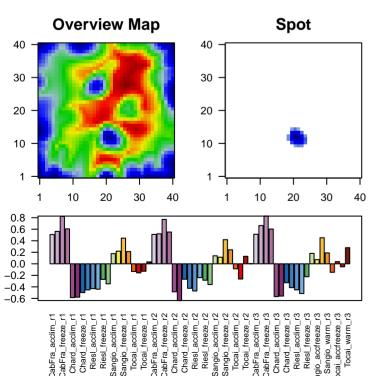
Enzyme - 1.4 Acting on the CH-NH2 group of donors

Spot Summary: i

metagenes = 27 # genes = 214

<r> metagenes = 0.92 <r> genes = 0.37 beta: r2= 4.23 / log p= -Inf

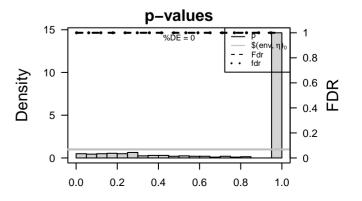
samples with spot = 1 (1.7 %) Chard_accfreeze: 1 (33.3%)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
Vitvi11q01692	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	1	0.002	6 / 161	Enzyme – 2.1 Transferring one–carbon groups
Vitvi04g01103	Binding to a protein.	2	0.002	3/40	SLC47: Multidrug and Toxin Extrusion (MATE) far
VII.VIO-1901 100		2	0.004	3/40	OLO-71. Mulliding and Toxin Extrasion (MATE) far
Vitvi00g01805	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	3	0.013	2/22	Replication and repair – Homologous recombinat
Vitvi15g01711		4	0.020	2 / 27	Mismatch repair
Vitvi07g02478		5	0.032	2/35	Lipid metabolism – Alpha–linolenic acid metabolis
Vitvi12g02011	Binding to ADP, adenosine 5'-diphosphate.	6	0.034	2/36	DNA replication
Vitvi12g02725		7	0.035	4 / 153	Plant-pathogen interaction
Vitvi18g01016	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing. In some species, or in specialized or	8	0.036	2/37	Homologous recombination
Vitvi09g01698	Binding to ADP, adenosine 5'-diphosphate.	9	0.049	2/44	Nucleotide excision repair
Vitvi05g01751		10	0.049	5 / 247	Translation – Ribosome
Vitvi04g00432		11	0.053	3 / 105	Energy metabolism – Oxidative phosphorylation
Vitvi01g01859	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	12	0.060	3/111	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 66 to 94
Vitvi12g02066	Binding to ADP, adenosine 5'-diphosphate.	13	0.089	2/62	Translation – Aminoacyl–tRNA biosynthesis
Vitvi19g00256	The membrane surrounding a cell that separates the cell from its external environment. It consists of a phospholipid bilayer and associated proteins.	14	0.091	2/63	Phenylpropanoid biosynthesis
Vitvi05g01816		15	0.092	1 / 12	Enzyme – Class I
Vitvi15g01706		16	0.096	2/65	Phagosome
Vitvi19g02147		17	0.096	2/65	Transport and catabolism – Phagosome
Vitvi14g03015	Reactions, triggered in response to the presence of a foreign body or the occurrence of an injury, which result in restriction of damage to the organism attacked or prevention/recovery from the infection caused by the attack.	18	0.100	1 / 13	Biosynthesis of unsaturated fatty acids
Vitvi02g01339		19	0.100	1 / 13	Kinase – CAMKL family
Vitvi14g01791		20	0.101	2/67	Amino acid metabolism – Tyrosine metabolism

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
	1	0.002	6 / 161	Enzyme – 2.1 Transferring one–carbon groups
	2	0.004	3 / 40	SLC47: Multidrug and Toxin Extrusion (MATE) family
of their	3	0.013	2/22	Replication and repair – Homologous recombination
	4	0.020	2/27	Mismatch repair
	5	0.032	2/35	Lipid metabolism – Alpha–linolenic acid metabolism
	6	0.034	2/36	DNA replication
	7	0.035	4 / 153	Plant-pathogen interaction
lls, the sis and	8	0.036	2/37	Homologous recombination
	9	0.049	2 / 44	Nucleotide excision repair
	10	0.049	5 / 247	Translation – Ribosome
	11	0.053	3 / 105	Energy metabolism – Oxidative phosphorylation
of their	12	0.060	3/111	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 66 to 94
	13	0.089	2/62	Translation – Aminoacyl–tRNA biosynthesis
id	14	0.091	2/63	Phenylpropanoid biosynthesis
	15	0.092	1 / 12	Enzyme – Class I
	16	0.096	2/65	Phagosome
	17	0.096	2/65	Transport and catabolism – Phagosome
	18	0.100	1 / 13	Biosynthesis of unsaturated fatty acids
	19	0.100	1 / 13	Kinase – CAMKL family



Spot Summary: j

metagenes = 9 # genes = 244

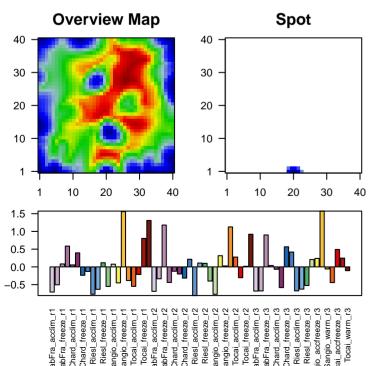
<r> metagenes = 0.99
<r> genes = 0.49

beta: r2= 10.96 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 10 (16.9 %)

CabFra_accfreeze : 1 (33.3 %)

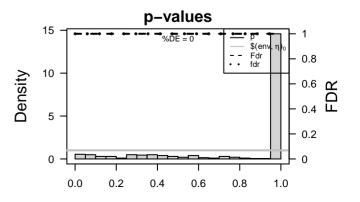
Riesl_acclim: 3 (100 %) Riesl_accfreeze: 2 (66.7 %)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Ra
Vitvi04g00031	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	1
Vitvi01g02058	$\label{eq:Catalysis} \mbox{ Catalysis of the reaction: NADP(+) + thioredoxin = H(+) + NADPH + thioredoxin disulfide.}$	2
Vitvi14g01967	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	3
Vitvi16g01336	Binding to a metal ion.	4
Vitvi14g03031	Reactions, triggered in response to the presence of a foreign body or the occurrence of an injury, which result in restriction of damage to the organism attacked or prevention/recovery from the infection caused by the attack.	5
Vitvi08g01702	The chemical reactions and pathways involving carbohydrates, any of a group of organic compounds based of the general formula Cx(H2CI)y.	6
Vitvi09g01555	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	7
Vitvi04g01937	Catalysis of the hydrolysis of internal, alpha—peptide bonds in a polypeptide chain by a mechanism in which a water molecule bound by the side chains of aspartic residues at the active center acts as a nucleophile.	8
Vitvi03g01651	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.	9
Vitvi02g00391	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an	10
Vitvi10g00214	CHERPILL® HITTERIA or Judiplin to a substrate protein via the reaction X-ubiquitin + S -> X + S-ubiquitin, where X is either an E2 or E3 enzyme, the X-ubiquitin inkage is a thioseter bond, and the S-ubiquitin inkage is an amide bond: an isopeptide bond between the C-terminal glycine of ubiquitin and the epsilon-amino group of lysine residues in the substrate or, in the linear extension of ubiquitin chains, a peptide bond the between the C-terminal glycine and	11
Vitvi11g00097	N-memoral methodoxe of uphretife or existing four cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processind. In some species, or in specialized lett lypes, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	12
Vitvi19g01957	, ,	13
Vitvi07g01847	Any process that modulates the frequency, rate or extent of cellular DNA-templated transcription.	14
Vitvi15g01035		15
Vitvi04g00021	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	16
Vitvi18g02534		17
Vitvi04g01888	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	18
Vitvi04g00029	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	19
Vitvi06g00153	Binding to a metal ion.	20

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
rtant coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	1	2e-10	16 / 162	Plant specific signaling – Plant–pathogen interaction
PH + thioredoxin disulfide.	2	5e-07	12 / 153	Plant–pathogen interaction
s embedded in it an attached to it.	3	6e-06	7 / 56	Hormone signaling – Jasmonate signaling
	4	3e-04	5 / 48	Transcription factors – WRKY
pody or the occurrence of an injury, which result in ecovery from the infection caused by the attack.	5	1e-02	2 / 15	Stilbenoid diarylheptanoid and gingerol biosynthesis
, any of a group of organic compounds based of the general	6	2e-02	4 / 83	Transcription factors – MYB
rtant coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	7	3e-02	4 / 89	MAPK signaling pathway – plant
a polypeptide chain by a mechanism in which a water active center acts as a nucleophile.	8	3e-02	2/21	Butanoate metabolism
lls without external protective or external encapsulating e. This term covers the host cell environment outside an	9	3e-02	4 / 96	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 1 to 6
Ils without external protective or external encapsulating e. This term covers the host cell environment outside an	10	4e-02	6 / 197	Transporter catalog – Channels and pores
he reaction X-ubiquitin + S -> X + S-ubiquitin, where ioester bond, and the S-ubiquitin linkage is an amide biquitin and the epsilon-amino group of lysine residues in	11	5e-02	5 / 157	Protein processing in endoplasmic reticulum
eptide bond the between the C-terminal glycine and thromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the anellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and	12	6e-02	5 / 168	Plant hormone signal transduction
metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	13	6e-02	4 / 118	Transcription factors – Helix–turn–helix
Illular DNA-templated transcription.	14	6e-02	2/33	alpha–Linolenic acid metabolism
	15	6e-02	2/33	Carbohydrate metabolism – Aminosugars metabolism
rtant coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	16	6e-02	2/33	Carbohydrate metabolism – Butanoate metabolism
	17	7e-02	2/35	Lipid metabolism – Alpha–linolenic acid metabolism
s embedded in it an attached to it.	18	7e-02	3 / 77	Pores ion channels [TC:1]
rtant coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	19	8e-02	4 / 129	Enzyme – 3.2 Glycosylases
	20	9e-02	2 / 40	Amino acid metabolism – Cysteine metabolism



Spot Summary: k

metagenes = 20 # genes = 368

<r> metagenes = 0.98
<r> genes = 0.71

beta: r2= 28.15 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 14 (23.7 %)

CabFra_accfreeze: 1 (33.3 %) CabFra_freeze: 2 (66.7 %) Chard_accfreeze: 1 (33.3 %) Chard_freeze: 2 (66.7 %)

Riesl_freeze: 3 (100 %) Sangio_accfreeze: 1 (33.3 % Tocai_accfreeze: 2 (66.7 %)

Tocai_freeze : 2 (66.7 %)

Overview Map Spot 40 30 30 20 20 10 10 30 30 10 20 10 20 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 -0.5

Spot Genelist

Vitvi00q00723

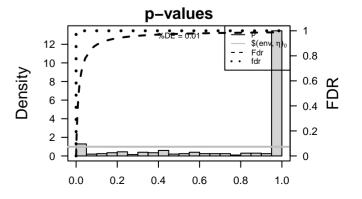
ID	Description
Vitvi03g00752	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.
Vitvi12g00025	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.
Vitvi18g02991	
Vitvi18g00687	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.
Vitvi06g00569	The contents of a cell excluding the plasma membrane and nucleus, but including other subcellular structures.
Vitvi10g00669	Catalysis of the hydrolysis of any ester bond.
Vitvi12g01813	Any molecular entity that serves as an electron acceptor and electron donor in an electron transport chain. An electron transport chain is a process in which a series of electron carriers operate together to transfer electrons from donors to any of several different terminal electron acceptors to generate at transmentrame electrochemical gradient.
Vitvi10g00442	
Vitvi14g00821	The chemical reactions and pathways involving carbohydrates, any of a group of organic compounds based of the general formula Cx(H2O)y.
Vitvi18g00040	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing. In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.
Vitvi13g01699	Binding to a metal ion.
Vitvi06g00656	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.
Vitvi14g00189	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cells chromosomes except the organeliar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing. In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.
Vitvi03g00542	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing, in some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.
Vitvi07g02188	The contents of a cell excluding the plasma membrane and nucleus, but including other subcellular structures.
Vitvi04g00602	Any molecular entity that serves as an electron acceptor and electron donor in an electron transport chain. An electron transport chain is a series of electron carriers operate together to transport electrons from donors to any of several different terminal electron acceptors to generate at ransmembrane electrochemical gradient.
Vitvi08g01436	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.
Vitvi16g01310	Any process carried out at the cellular level that reduces or removes the toxicity superoxide radicals or hydrogen peroxide.
Vitvi19g00090	

Geneset Overrepresentation

2e-02

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
	1	3e-26	40 / 219	Cell growth and death – Cell cycle
eir	2	1e-14	12 / 24	Replication protein – DNA Replication Initiation Factors
	3	4e-14	18 / 80	Cytoskeleton – Microtubules
eir	4	1e-13	27 / 217	Cell motility – Regulation of actin cytoskeleton
	5	5e-12	12 / 36	DNA replication
	6	5e-10	11 / 41	Replication and repair – DNA replication
	7	3e-06	8 / 44	Replication protein – DNA Replication Termination Factors
	8	9e-05	7 / 51	Other metabolism – Single reactions
eral	9	1e-03	5/37	Homologous recombination
ne nd	10	2e-03	7 / 83	Transcription factors – MYB
	11	2e-03	3 / 13	Transcription factors – HMG
eir	12	2e-03	4 / 27	Mismatch repair
ne nd	13	5e-03	4/34	Peptidases and inhibitors – Family S10
ne nd	14	9e-03	4/39	Pentose and glucuronate interconversions
	15	1e-02	10 / 206	Cell growth and death - Cell wall
	16	1e-02	4 / 44	Nucleotide excision repair
	17	1e-02	3 / 25	Replication and repair – Base excision repair
	18	2e-02	5 / 71	Glutathione metabolism
	19	2e-02	2/10	Protein – Syntaxin (Qa)

Base excision repair



Spot Summary: I

metagenes = 17 # genes = 214

<r> metagenes = 0.97 <r> genes = 0.66

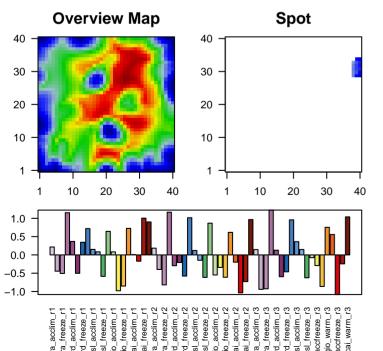
beta: r2= 21.81 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 12 (20.3 %)

CabFra_accfreeze: 1 (33.3%) CabFra_freeze : 2 (66.7 %) Riesl_freeze : 2 (66.7 %)

Sangio_freeze: 3 (100 %)

Tocai_accfreeze : 2 (66.7 %) Tocai_freeze : 1 (33.3 %)



Spot Genelist

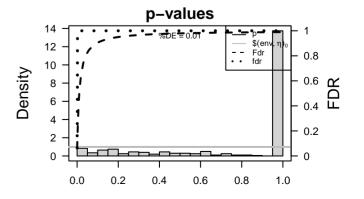
Vitvi12q00631

ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
Vitvi14g01763	Binding to a zinc ion (Zn).	1	2e-04	6 / 67	Ribosome – I
Vitvi03g00708	Catalysis of the transfer of an acyl group, other than amino-acyl, from one compound (donor) to another (acceptor).	2	3e-04	6 / 72	Ribosome – I
Vitvi02g01404	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.	3	7e-04	4 / 32	Enzyme – 5.2
Vitvi06g00761	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	4	1e-03	3 / 17	Chaperone -
Vitvi03g01621	Catalysis of the transfer of an acyl group, other than amino–acyl, from one compound (donor) to another (acceptor).	5	2e-03	6 / 102	Amino sugar
Vitvi02g00435	Catalysis of an oxidation-reduction (redox) reaction, a reversible chemical reaction in which the oxidation state of an atom or atoms within a molecule is altered. One substrate acts as a hydrogen or electron donor and becomes oxidized, while the other acts as hydrogen or electron acceptor and becomes reduced.	6	3e-03	4 / 48	Lipid metabo
Vitvi13g00230	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	7	4e-03	3/26	Flavonoid bio
Vitvi17g00283	The directed movement of lipids into, out of or within a cell, or between cells, by means of some agent such as a transporter or pore. Lipids are compounds soluble in an organic solvent but not, or sparingly, in an aqueous solvent.	8	9e-03	3/33	Enzyme – 5.4
Vitvi10g01476	Binding to a metal ion.	9	9e-03	3 / 34	Peptidases a
Vitvi14g02869	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.	10	1e-02	4 / 67	Amino acid m
Vitvi12g00202	Catalysis of the transfer of a methyl group to an acceptor molecule.	11	2e-02	4 / 78	Glycosyltrans
Vitvi08g01556	Catalysis of the reaction: peptidylproline (omega=180) = peptidylproline (omega=0).	12	3e-02	5 / 134	Hormone sign
Vitvi00g00530		13	3e-02	2/22	Fatty acid elo
Vitvi10g02185	Catalysis of an oxidation-reduction (redox) reaction in which a CH–OH group acts as a hydrogen or electron donor and reduces NAD+ or NADP.	14	4e-02	2 / 24	Carbohydrate
Vitvi15g01028	Catalysis of the hydrolysis of any ester bond.	15	4e-02	7 / 247	Translation -
Vitvi06g00182	Binding to a protein.	16	4e-02	2 / 25	Phenylalanin
Vitvi04g01454	Binding to a metal ion.	17	5e-02	3 / 63	Phenylpropar
Vitvi11g00730	Catalysis of the transfer of an acyl group, other than amino-acyl, from one compound (donor) to another (acceptor).	18	5e-02	6/211	Ribosome
Vitvi03g01543		19	6e-02	2/31	Fatty acid bio

A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it

Geneset Overrepresentation

	IVALIK	p value	#111/411	Geneset
	1	2e-04	6 / 67	Ribosome – Bacteria
	2	3e-04	6 / 72	Ribosome – Mitochondria/ Chloroplast
g an	3	7e-04	4/32	Enzyme – 5.2 cis-trans-Isomerases
their	4	1e-03	3 / 17	Chaperone – Peptidyl prolyl isomerase
	5	2e-03	6 / 102	Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism
dized,	6	3e-03	4 / 48	Lipid metabolism – Fatty acid biosynthesis
	7	4e-03	3 / 26	Flavonoid biosynthesis
	8	9e-03	3/33	Enzyme – 5.4 Intramolecular transferases
	9	9e-03	3 / 34	Peptidases and inhibitors – Family S10
g an	10	1e-02	4 / 67	Amino acid metabolism – Tyrosine metabolism
	11	2e-02	4 / 78	Glycosyltransferase – Structural polysaccharide
	12	3e-02	5 / 134	Hormone signaling – Auxin signaling
	13	3e-02	2/22	Fatty acid elongation
and	14	4e-02	2/24	Carbohydrate metabolism – Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism
	15	4e-02	7 / 247	Translation – Ribosome
	16	4e-02	2 / 25	Phenylalanine metabolism
	17	5e-02	3 / 63	Phenylpropanoid biosynthesis
	18	5e-02	6/211	Ribosome
	19	6e-02	2/31	Fatty acid biosynthesis



GTP-binding proteins - Rab Family

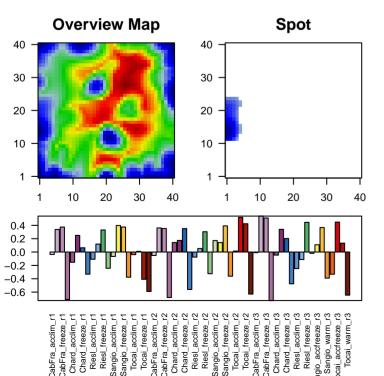
Spot Summary: m

metagenes = 57 # genes = 854

<r> metagenes = 0.94 <r> genes = 0.5 beta: r2= 6.73 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 5 (8.5 %) CabFra_warm : 3 (100 %)

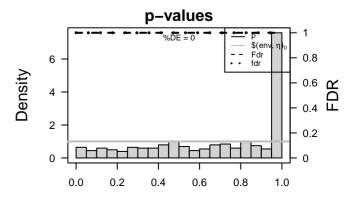
Tocai_warm : 2 (66.7 %)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
Vitvi05g01756		1	9e-05	20 / 170	Transcription factors – Other zf–C3HC4
Vitvi05g00108	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing. In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	2	4e-03	6 / 35	Mitophagy factors
Vitvi18g00482	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	3	7e-03	5 / 27	Enzyme – 2.6 Transferring nitrogenous groups
Vitvi05g02238		4	1e-02	11 / 111	Hormone signaling – ABA signaling
Vitvi18g01174	Mitochondrial complex that possesses alpha-ketoglutarate dehydrogenase activity.	5	2e-02	4 / 24	Folate biosynthesis
Vitvi13g00116	Any molecular function by which a gene product interacts selectively and non-covalently with DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid).	6	2e-02	4 / 25	Transcription factors – Other zf
Vitvi05g01833	Binding to a metal ion.	7	3e-02	4 / 27	Regulator of mitochondrial biogenesis
Vitvi01g01165	The component of the plasma membrane consisting of the gene products that are tethered to the membrane only by a covalently attached anchor, such as a lipid group, that is embedded in the membrane. Gene products with pe	8	3e-02	5 / 40	N-Glycan biosynthesis
Vitvi00g01022		9	4e-02	5 / 41	Arginine and proline metabolism
Vitvi02g00529	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	10	4e-02	4/29	Transcription factors – GRAS
Vitvi02g00507	Any process that results in a change in state or activity of a cell or an organism (in terms of movement, secretion, enzyme production, gene expression, etc.) as a result of an auxin stimulus.	11	4e-02	5 / 43	Transcription factors – BZIP
Vitvi07g01347		12	5e-02	3 / 18	Nicotinate and nicotinamide metabolism
Vitvi17g00936	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	13	5e-02	4/31	Autophagy – other
Vitvi18g00604		14	5e-02	4/32	SNARE interactions in vesicular transport
Vitvi12g00429	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	15	6e-02	3/20	Protein – Autophagosome formation proteins
Vitvi18g00879	Binding to a heme, a compound composed of iron complexed in a porphyrin (tetrapyrrole) ring.	16	6e-02	9/111	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 66 to 94
Vitvi13g01556	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing. In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	17	7e-02	10 / 128	Ubiquitin system – Single Ring-finger type E3
Vitvi02g00250	Catalysis of the transfer of a glycosyl group from one compound (donor) to another (acceptor).	18	8e-02	6 / 67	Amino acid metabolism – Tyrosine metabolism
Vitvi11g00720	Catalysis of the transfer of an acyl group, other than amino-acyl, from one compound (donor) to another (acceptor).	19	9e-02	2/11	Protein – SNAP-25[C] (Qc)
Vitvi18g02643		20	9e-02	2/11	Biosynthesis of secondary metabolism – ABA biosynthesis

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
	1	9e-05	20 / 170	Transcription factors – Other zf–C3HC4
the and	2	4e-03	6/35	Mitophagy factors
heir	3	7e-03	5 / 27	Enzyme – 2.6 Transferring nitrogenous groups
	4	1e-02	11 / 111	Hormone signaling – ABA signaling
	5	2e-02	4 / 24	Folate biosynthesis
	6	2e-02	4 / 25	Transcription factors – Other zf
	7	3e-02	4 / 27	Regulator of mitochondrial biogenesis
a	8	3e-02	5 / 40	N–Glycan biosynthesis
	9	4e-02	5 / 41	Arginine and proline metabolism
	10	4e-02	4/29	Transcription factors – GRAS
	11	4e-02	5 / 43	Transcription factors – BZIP
	12	5e-02	3 / 18	Nicotinate and nicotinamide metabolism
heir	13	5e-02	4/31	Autophagy – other
	14	5e-02	4/32	SNARE interactions in vesicular transport
	15	6e-02	3/20	Protein – Autophagosome formation proteins
	16	6e-02	9/111	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 66 to 94
the and	17	7e-02	10 / 128	Ubiquitin system – Single Ring-finger type E3
	18	8e-02	6 / 67	Amino acid metabolism – Tyrosine metabolism
	19	9e-02	2/11	Protein – SNAP-25[C] (Qc)



Spot Summary: n

metagenes = 21 # genes = 490

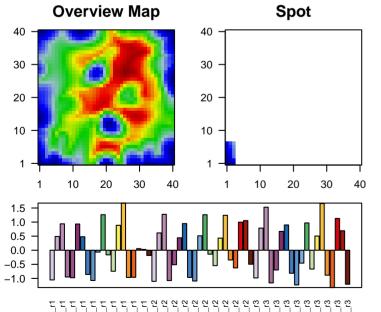
<r> metagenes = 0.97 <r> genes = 0.66

beta: r2= 42.36 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 22 (37.3 %)

CabFra_warm : 3 (100 %) Chard_acclim : 2 (66.7 %) Chard_warm : 3 (100 %) Riesl_acclim : 3 (100 %)

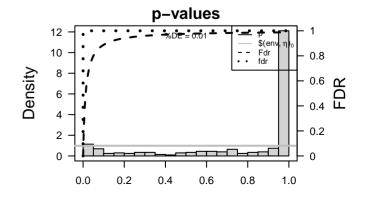
Sangio_warm : 2 (66.7 %) Tocai_acclim: 3 (100%) Tocai_warm: 1 (33.3%)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
Vitvi02g00605	Catalysis of the reaction: n H2O + an exposed unphosphorylated, unbranched malto-oligosaccharide tail on amylopectin <= amylopectin + maltose.	1	3e-17	22 / 73	Transcription
Vitvi01g00714	The contents of a cell excluding the plasma membrane and nucleus, but including other subcellular structures.	2	1e-13	16 / 48	Transcription
Vitvi01g01038	Any molecular function by which a gene product interacts selectively and non-covalently with DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid).	3	1e-13	25 / 140	Hormone sign
Vitvi19g01356	Binding to a metal ion.	4	1e-12	17 / 64	Transcription
Vitvi19g00270	Any molecular function by which a gene product interacts selectively and non-covalently with DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid).	5	4e-11	14 / 49	Transcription
Vitvi19g02230	Binding to a metal ion.	6	3e-05	15 / 153	Plant-pathog
Vitvi08g01377	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	7	2e-04	14 / 162	Plant specific
Vitvi13g01972	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	8	5e-04	11 / 118	Transcription
Vitvi02g00114	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing. In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	9	3e-03	3/11	Biosynthesis
Vitvi11g00140	Binding to a metal ion.	10	6e-03	5 / 42	Tryptophan m
Vitvi18g02584	That part of a multicellular organism outside the cells proper, usually taken to be outside the plasma membranes, and occupied by fluid.	11	8e-03	4 / 29	Carotenoid bi
Vitvi15g01084	The part of the cytoplasm that does not contain organelles but which does contain other particulate matter, such as protein complexes.	12	8e-03	4 / 29	Transcription
Vitvi02g01288	Binding to a metal ion.	13	9e-03	7 / 83	Transcription
Vitvi03g00630	A transcription regulator activity that modulates transcription of gene sets via selective and non-covalent binding to a specific double-stranded genomic DNA sequence (sometimes referred to as a motif) within a cis-regulatory region. Regulatory regions include promoters (proximal and distal) and enhancers. Genes are transcriptional units, and include	14	1e-02	7 / 86	Signal transd
Vitvi04g00511	bacterial operons. A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processind, In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	15	2e-02	3 / 19	Hormone sign
Vitvi12g00594	processing, in some species, or in specialized cell types, KNA metabolism of DNA replication may be absent. Binding to a calcium ion (Ca2+).	16	2e-02	5 / 57	Transcription
Vitvi16g01036	Catalysis of the joining of two molecules, or two groups within a single molecule, using the energy from the hydrolysis of ATP, a similar triphosphate, or a pH gradient.	17	2e-02	5 / 58	Other amino
Vitvi06g00666	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	18	3e-02	3/24	Carbohydrate
Vitvi17g00173	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	19	3e-02	2/10	Valine leucine

טו	Description	Kank	p-value	#In/aii	Geneset
Vitvi02g00605	Catalysis of the reaction: n H2O + an exposed unphosphorylated, unbranched malto-oligosaccharide tail on amylopectin <= amylopectin + maltose.	1	3e-17	22 / 73	Transcription factors – AP2 EREBP
Vitvi01g00714	The contents of a cell excluding the plasma membrane and nucleus, but including other subcellular structures.	2	1e-13	16 / 48	Transcription factors – WRKY
Vitvi01g01038	Any molecular function by which a gene product interacts selectively and non-covalently with DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid).	3	1e-13	25 / 140	Hormone signaling – Ethylene signaling
Vitvi19g01356	Binding to a metal ion.	4	1e-12	17 / 64	Transcription factors – Other transcription factors
Vitvi19g00270	Any molecular function by which a gene product interacts selectively and non-covalently with DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid).	5	4e-11	14 / 49	Transcription factors – NAC
Vitvi19g02230	Binding to a metal ion.	6	3e-05	15 / 153	Plant-pathogen interaction
Vitvi08g01377	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	7	2e-04	14 / 162	Plant specific signaling – Plant–pathogen interaction
√itvi13g01972	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	8	5e-04	11 / 118	Transcription factors – Helix–turn–helix
Vitvi02g00114	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all othe cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing, in some species, or in specialized or liybes, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	9	3e-03	3/11	Biosynthesis of secondary metabolism – ABA biosynthesis
Vitvi11g00140	Binding to a metal ion.	10	6e-03	5 / 42	Tryptophan metabolism
Vitvi18g02584	That part of a multicellular organism outside the cells proper, usually taken to be outside the plasma membranes, and occupied by fluid.	11	8e-03	4/29	Carotenoid biosynthesis
Vitvi15g01084	The part of the cytoplasm that does not contain organelles but which does contain other particulate matter, such as protein complexes.	12	8e-03	4/29	Transcription factors – GRAS
Vitvi02g01288	Binding to a metal ion.	13	9e-03	7 / 83	Transcription factors – MYB
Vitvi03g00630	A transcription regulator activity that modulates transcription of gene sets via selective and non-covalent binding to a specific double-stranded genomic DNA sequence (sometimes referred to as a modify) within a cis-regulatory region. Regulatory regions include promoters (proximal and distal) and enhancers. Genes are transcriptional units, and include bacterial operations.	14	1e-02	7 / 86	Signal transduction – Calcium signaling pathway
Vitvi04g00511	A membraine-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing, in some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	15	2e-02	3 / 19	Hormone signaling – Gibberellin signaling
Vitvi12g00594	Binding to a calcium ion (Ca2+).	16	2e-02	5 / 57	Transcription factors – HB
Vitvi16g01036	Catalysis of the joining of two molecules, or two groups within a single molecule, using the energy from the hydrolysis of ATP, a similar triphosphate, or a pH gradient.	17	2e-02	5 / 58	Other amino acids metabolism – Glutathione metabolism
/itvi06g00666	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	18	3e-02	3 / 24	Carbohydrate metabolism – Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism
Vitvi17g00173	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	19	3e-02	2/10	Valine leucine and isoleucine biosynthesis
Vitvi18g00432	That part of a multicellular organism outside the cells proper, usually taken to be outside the plasma membranes, and occupied by fluid.	20	4e-02	12 / 238	Enzyme – 2.4 Glycosyltransferases



Spot Summary: o

metagenes = 15 # genes = 275

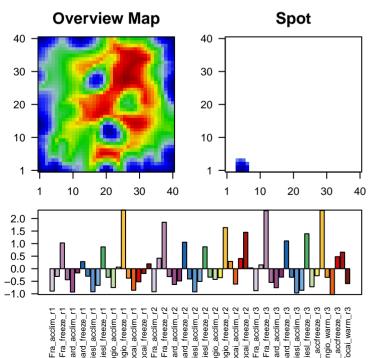
<r> metagenes = 0.99
<r> genes = 0.67

beta: r2= 34.66 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 16 (27.1 %)

CabFra_acclim: 3 (100 %)
Chard_acclim: 3 (100 %)
Riesl_acclim: 3 (100 %)
Riesl_accfreeze: 2 (66.7 %)
Sangio_acclim: 2 (66.7 %)

Tocai_acclim : 3 (100 %)



Spot Genelist

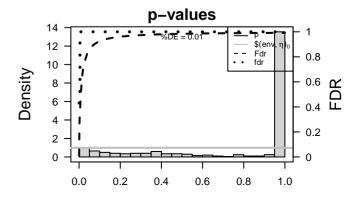
ID	Description	
Vitvi02g01341	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	
Vitvi05g01930	Binding to a metal ion.	2
Vitvi01g00556	Catalysis of an oxidation-reduction (redox) reaction, a reversible chemical reaction in which the oxidation state of an atom or atoms within a molecule is altered. One substrate acts as a hydrogen or electron donor and becomes oxidized, while the other acts as hydrogen or electron acceptor and becomes reduced.	3
Vitvi19g01938		4
Vitvi18g00635	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.	ţ
Vitvi18g00408	The membrane surrounding a cell that separates the cell from its external environment. It consists of a phospholipid bilayer and associated proteins.	6
Vitvi13g01389	Catalysis of the hydrolysis of various bonds, e.g. C-O, C-N, C-C, phosphoric anhydride bonds, etc.	-
Vitvi18g02548	Binding to a calcium ion (Ca2+).	8
Vitvi11g01153	The formation of a protein dimer, a macromolecular structure consists of two noncovalently associated identical or nonidentical subunits.	9
Vitvi11g01329	The chemical reactions and pathways resulting in the formation of substances; typically the energy–requiring part of metabolism in which simpler substances are transformed into more complex ones.	
Vitvi19g01937		
Vitvi06g01917	The chemical reactions and pathways involving carbohydrates, any of a group of organic compounds based of the general formula Cx(H2O)y.	
Vitvi05g00548	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	
Vitvi13g01395	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	
Vitvi07g01610	Any process that modulates the frequency, rate or extent of gene expression. Gene expression is the process in which a gene's coding sequence is converted into a mature gene product (protein or RNA).	
Vitvi07g00736	The contents of a cell excluding the plasma membrane and nucleus, but including other subcellular structures.	
Vitvi02g00101	Binding to monomeric or multimeric forms of actin, including actin filaments.	
Vitvi07g01325	Any molecular function by which a gene product interacts selectively and non-covalently with DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid).	
Vitvi12g01724		
Vitvi02g00702		2

Geneset Overrepresentation

3/61

Peroxisome

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
of their	1	3e-05	6 / 45	Galactose metabolism
	2	2e-03	10 / 238	Enzyme – 2.4 Glycosyltransferases
xidized,	3	3e-03	4 / 43	Alanine aspartate and glutamate metabolism
	4	4e-03	5 / 77	Carbohydrate metabolism – Galactose metabolism
ng e an	5	4e-03	5 / 79	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 30 to 64
d	6	5e-03	3 / 25	Lysine degradation
	7	8e-03	3/30	Cyanoamino acid metabolism
	8	8e-03	4/58	Other amino acids metabolism – Glutathione metabolism
	9	8e-03	5/92	Lipid metabolism – Glycerolipid metabolism
of	10	8e-03	3/31	Biosynthesis of various plant secondary metabolites
	11	1e-02	4 / 68	Amino acid metabolism – Alanine and aspartate metabolism
general	12	1e-02	2/14	Enzyme – 1.5 Acting on the CH–NH group of donors
of their	13	2e-02	2/16	Histidine metabolism
of their	14	2e-02	3 / 44	Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism
hich a	15	2e-02	3 / 44	Energy metabolism – Nitrogen metabolism
	16	2e-02	3 / 45	Valine leucine and isoleucine degradation
	17	4e-02	3/56	Glycine serine and threonine metabolism
eic	18	4e-02	5 / 140	Hormone signaling – Ethylene signaling
	19	5e-02	2/26	Pantothenate and CoA biosynthesis



Spot Summary: p

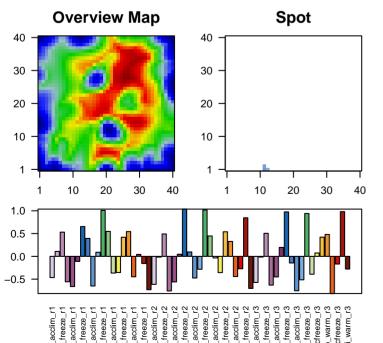
metagenes = 3 # genes = 61

<r> metagenes = 1 <r> genes = 0.61

beta: r2= 12.51 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 9 (15.3 %)

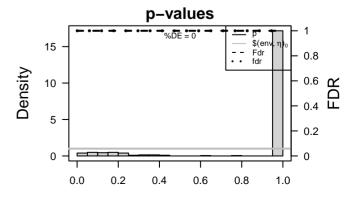
CabFra_acclim: 1 (33.3 %)
CabFra_warm: 2 (66.7 %)
Chard_acclim: 1 (33.3 %)
Riesl_acclim: 2 (66.7 %)
Tocai_acclim: 1 (33.3 %)
Tocai_warm: 2 (66.7 %)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description
Vitvi13g00161	
Vitvi18g02683	Binding to a calcium ion (Ca2+).
Vitvi18g00770	Catalysis of the hydrolysis of internal, alpha–peptide bonds in a polypeptide chain by a catalytic mechanism that involves a catalytic triad consisting of a serine nucleophile that is activated by a proton relay involving an acidic residue (e.g. asparate or glutamate) and a basic residue (usually histidine).
Vitvi02g00160	Catalysis of the reaction: a protein with reduced sulfide groups = a protein with oxidized disulfide bonds.
Vitvi01g00214	The part of the cytoplasm that does not contain organelles but which does contain other particulate matter, such as protein complexes.
Vitvi17g00945	
Vitvi12g00763	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.
Vitvi13g01609	Any process that modulates the frequency, rate or extent of cellular DNA-templated transcription.
Vitvi17g01570	
Vitvi02g00112	Catalysis of an oxidation-reduction (redox) reaction in which a CH–OH group acts as a hydrogen or electron donor and reduces NAD+ or NADP.
Vitvi18g02230	
Vitvi12g01906	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.
Vitvi18g02817	Catalysis of the hydrolysis of any ester bond.
Vitvi08g00069	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing. In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.
Vitvi16g00370	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing. In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.
Vitvi18g00020	
Vitvi02g00025	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.
Vitvi12g00053	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.
Vitvi02g01261	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.
Vitvi19g01897	

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
	1	4e-04	3 / 43	Transcription factors – BZIP
	2	4e-03	2/28	Transcription factors – Basic leucine zipper (bZIP)
	3	3e-02	2/83	Transcription factors – MYB
	4	3e-02	2/86	Signal transduction – Calcium signaling pathway
	5	4e-02	1 / 11	Vitamin B6 metabolism
	6	4e-02	1 / 11	Enzyme – 4.3 Carbon-nitrogen lyases
ir	7	4e-02	1 / 11	Cofactors and vitamin metabolism – Vitamin B6 metabolism
	8	5e-02	1 / 14	Cilium and associated proteins – Stereociliary proteins
	9	6e-02	1 / 17	Proteasome – Assembling factors
	10	6e-02	1 / 18	Chaperone – HSP20
	11	6e-02	1 / 18	Receptor - Others
	12	6e-02	2 / 118	Transcription factors – Helix-turn-helix
	13	7e-02	1 / 23	Energy metabolism – Reductive carboxylate cycle
e d	14	8e-02	1 / 25	Nitrogen metabolism
e d	15	8e-02	1 / 26	Enzyme – 5.1 Racemases and epimerases
	16	8e-02	1 / 26	Protein – Small GTPases and associated proteins
	17	9e-02	2 / 153	Plant-pathogen interaction
ir	18	1e-01	2 / 157	Protein processing in endoplasmic reticulum
	19	1e-01	1 / 35	Mitophagy factors
	20	1e-01	1 / 37	Chaperone – Protein disulfide isomerase



Spot Summary: q

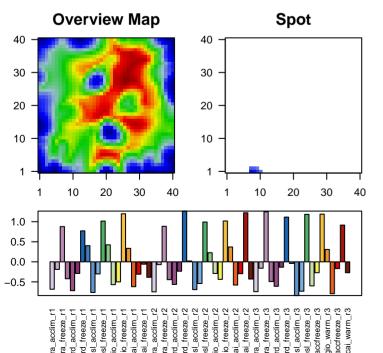
metagenes = 7 # genes = 167

<r> metagenes = 0.99 <r> genes = 0.65

beta: r2= 19.97 / log p= -Inf

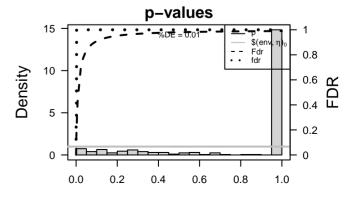
samples with spot = 11 (18.6 %)

Chard_acclim : 2 (66.7 %) Riesl_acclim: 3 (100 %) Riesl_accfreeze: 1 (33.3%) Tocai_acclim : 2 (66.7 %)



Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
Vitvi03g00359	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their	1	4e-06	6 / 47	ABC transporters
Vitvi18g02684	peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane. Bindling to a calcium ion (Ca2+).	2	3e-04	6 / 102	Membrane transport – ABC transporters
Vitvi14g00488	Reactions, triggered in response to the presence of a foreign body or the occurrence of an injury, which result in restriction of damage to the organism attacked or prevention/recovery from the infection caused by the attack.	3	2e-03	3/26	Glycosyltransferase – Hydrophobic molecule
Vitvi17g00011	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	4	2e-03	3 / 27	ABCG (White) subfamily
Vitvi05g01193	Catalysis of the reaction: UDP-glucose + D-fructose = UDP + sucrose.	5	2e-03	4 / 63	Phenylpropanoid biosynthesis
Vitvi07g01777	The contents of a cell excluding the plasma membrane and nucleus, but including other subcellular structures.	6	4e-03	2/11	Lipid metabolism – C21–Steroid hormone metabolism
Vitvi03g00170	Catalysis of an oxidation-reduction (redox) reaction, a reversible chemical reaction in which the oxidation state of an atom or atoms within a molecule is altered. One substate acts as a hydrogen or electron donor and becomes oxidized, while the other acts as hydrogen or electron acceptor and becomes reduced.	7	5e-03	3/38	Enzyme – 1.8 Acting on a sulfur group of donors
Vitvi12g01684		8	6e-03	3 / 40	SLC47: Multidrug and Toxin Extrusion (MATE) family
Vitvi13g00779	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	9	7e-03	5 / 131	Enzyme – 1.1 Acting on the CH–OH group of donors
Vitvi08g01056	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	10	8e-03	2 / 15	Stilbenoid diarylheptanoid and gingerol biosynthesis
Vitvi08g02249	Catalysis of the hydrolysis of internal, alpha-peptide bonds in a polypeptide chain by a mechanism in which a water molecule bound by the side chains of aspartic residues at the active center acts as a nucleophile.	11	2e-02	2/26	Flavonoid biosynthesis
Vitvi18g02685	Binding to a calcium ion (Ca2+).	12	2e-02	2/26	Transcription factors – G2-like
Vitvi15g00507		13	3e-02	2/28	Exosome – Exosomal proteins of breast milk
Vitvi16g01210	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	14	3e-02	3/79	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 30 to 64
Vitvi19g02058	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	15	5e-02	3 / 88	Electrochemical potential-driven transporters [TC:2]
Vitvi17g01571	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	16	5e-02	2 / 40	Energy metabolism – Methane metabolism
Vitvi18g02686		17	6e-02	2 / 44	Hormone signaling – Cytokinin signaling
Vitvi08g01611	A lipid bilayer along with all the proteins and protein complexes embedded in it an attached to it.	18	7e-02	4 / 168	Plant hormone signal transduction
Vitvi15g00795	Binding to a heme, a compound composed of iron complexed in a porphyrin (tetrapyrrole) ring.	19	8e-02	2/51	Biosynthesis of secondary metabolism – Auxin biosynthesis
Vitvi11g00304	Catalysis of a biochemical reaction at physiological temperatures. In biologically catalyzed reactions, the reactants are known as substrates, and the catalysts are naturally occurring macromodular substances known as enzymes. Enzyme possess specific binding sites for substrates, and are usually composed wholly or largely of protein, but RNA that has catalytic activity (ribozyme) is often also regarded as enzymatic.	20	8e-02	2/51	Plant specific signaling – Circadian rhythm



Spot Summary: r

metagenes = 17 # genes = 180

<r> metagenes = 0.94 <r> genes = 0.42 beta: r2= 9.26 / log p= -Inf

samples with spot = 10 (16.9 %) Riesl_accfreeze : 1 (33.3 %)

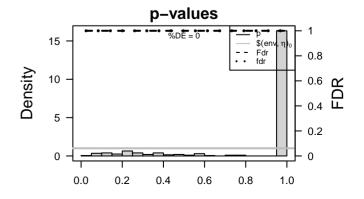
Tocai_acclim: 3 (100 %)
Tocai_accfreeze: 2 (66.7 %)
Tocai_freeze: 2 (66.7 %)
Tocai_warm: 2 (66.7 %)

Overview Map Spot 40 30 30 20 20 10 10 20 30 20 30 10 0.5 0.0 -0.5

Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
Vitvi03g01127	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	1	0.02	2/39	Other amino
Vitvi16g01158		2	0.06	3 / 146	Transporter c
Vitvi13g02129		3	0.06	2/67	Amino acid m
Vitvi07g01586		4	0.07	1 / 12	SLC15: Proto
Vitvi12g00598		5	0.07	2/72	Energy metal
Vitvi07g02606		6	0.08	3 / 161	Enzyme – 2.1
Vitvi16g01526	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing, In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	7	0.08	2/78	Energy metal
Vitvi07g02631	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	8	0.10	1 / 17	One carbon p
Vitvi16g01949		9	0.12	1 / 21	Replication a
Vitvi13g02109	Binding to a protein.	10	0.13	1 / 22	Replication a
Vitvi16g00811	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	11	0.13	1 / 22	Transcription
Vitvi12g00424	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing, In some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	12	0.13	2 / 101	Starch and su
Vitvi07g01395	,	13	0.13	2 / 102	Membrane tra
Vitvi02g00586		14	0.14	1 / 24	Enzyme – 7.1
Vitvi10g01433		15	0.15	1 / 26	Steroid biosy
Vitvi13g02560		16	0.15	1 / 26	Glycosyltrans
Vitvi18g02221	Binding to ADP, adenosine 5'-dlphosphate.	17	0.15	3 / 219	Cell growth a
Vitvi13g00026	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	18	0.15	1 / 27	SLC35: Nucle
Vitvi18g01877		19	0.16	2/118	Transcription
Vitvi09g01413		20	0.17	1 / 30	Cyanoamino

ir	1	0.02	2/39	Other amino acids metabolism – Selenoamino acid metabolism
	2	0.06	3 / 146	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 7 to 17
	3	0.06	2/67	Amino acid metabolism – Tyrosine metabolism
	4	0.07	1 / 12	SLC15: Proton oligopeptide cotransporter
	5	0.07	2/72	Energy metabolism – Carbon fixation
	6	0.08	3 / 161	Enzyme – 2.1 Transferring one–carbon groups
e d	7	0.08	2/78	Energy metabolism – Photosynthesis
	8	0.10	1 / 17	One carbon pool by folate
	9	0.12	1 / 21	Replication and repair – Mismatch repair
	10	0.13	1 / 22	Replication and repair – Homologous recombination
	11	0.13	1 / 22	Transcription factors – CCAAT
e d	12	0.13	2 / 101	Starch and sucrose metabolism
	13	0.13	2 / 102	Membrane transport – ABC transporters
	14	0.14	1 / 24	Enzyme – 7.1 Catalysing the translocation of hydrons
	15	0.15	1 / 26	Steroid biosynthesis
	16	0.15	1 / 26	Glycosyltransferase – Hydrophobic molecule
	17	0.15	3 / 219	Cell growth and death – Cell cycle
	18	0.15	1 / 27	SLC35: Nucleoside-sugar transporter
	19	0.16	2/118	Transcription factors – Helix-turn-helix
	20	0.17	1/30	Cyanoamino acid metabolism



Spot Summary: s

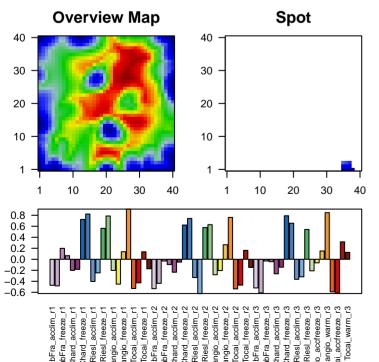
metagenes = 10 # genes = 103

<r> metagenes = 0.95 <r> genes = 0.49 beta: r2= 10.71 / log p= -Inf

bota. 12= 10.71 / log p= 1111

samples with spot = 3 (5.1 %)
CabFra_accfreeze : 1 (33.3 %)
Riesl_accfreeze : 1 (33.3 %)

Tocai_accfreeze: 1 (33.3%)



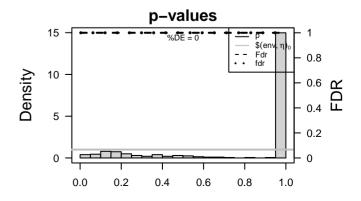
Spot Genelist

ID	Description	Ran
Vitvi08g00854	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasite.	1
Vitvi01g01981	Reactions, triggered in response to the presence of a foreign body or the occurrence of an injury, which result in restriction of damage to the organism attacked or prevention/recovery from the infection caused by the attack.	2
Vitvi12g00462		3
Vitvi06g01718	Catalysis of an oxidation-reduction (redox) reaction, a reversible chemical reaction in which the oxidation state of an atom or atoms within a molecule is altered. One substrate acts as a hydrogen or electron donor and becomes oxidized, while the other acts as hydrogen or electron acceptor and becomes reduced.	4
Vitvi13g00432	Catalysis of the transfer of a glycosyl group from a UDP-sugar to a small hydrophobic molecule.	5
Vitvi13g00870	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	6
Vitvi02g01110		7
Vitvi14g01262		8
Vitvi01g00842	The component of a membrane consisting of the gene products and protein complexes having at least some part of their peptide sequence embedded in the hydrophobic region of the membrane.	9
Vitvi03g00123	The space external to the outermost structure of a cell. For cells without external protective or external encapsulating structures this refers to space outside of the plasma membrane. This term covers the host cell environment outside an intracellular parasitie.	10
Vitvi16g01389	The chemical reactions and pathways involving carbohydrates, any of a group of organic compounds based of the general formula Cx(H2O)y.	11
Vitvi08g01221	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cells's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing, in some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	12
Vitvi03g00077	Catalysis of the transfer of an acyl group, other than amino-acyl, from one compound (donor) to another (acceptor).	13
Vitvi07g00078	A membrane-bounded organelle of eukaryotic cells in which chromosomes are housed and replicated. In most cells, the nucleus contains all of the cell's chromosomes except the organellar chromosomes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and processing, in some species, or in specialized cell types, RNA metabolism or DNA replication may be absent.	14
Vitvi03g01727	Binding to a zinc ion (Zn).	15
Vitvi17g01426		16
Vitvi02g01701		17
Vitvi01g02201	Binding to ATP, adenosine 5'-triphosphate, a universally important coenzyme and enzyme regulator.	18
Vitvi05g02230		19
Vitvi10g00782	Growth of pollen via tip extension of the intine wall.	20

Geneset Overrepresentation

	Rank	p-value	#in/all	Geneset
al protective or external encapsulating rs the host cell environment outside an	1	0.003	2/15	Stilbenoid diarylheptanoid and gingerol biosynthesis
rence of an injury, which result in infection caused by the attack.	2	0.009	2/26	Flavonoid biosynthesis
	3	0.019	2/38	Enzyme – 1.8 Acting on a sulfur group of donors
tion in which the oxidation state of n or electron donor and becomes oxidized,	4	0.022	2 / 41	Arginine and proline metabolism
phobic molecule.	5	0.026	2 / 45	Valine leucine and isoleucine degradation
nplexes having at least some part of their	6	0.033	2/51	Other metabolism – Single reactions
	7	0.036	2/54	Amino acid metabolism – Methionine metabolism
	8	0.048	2/63	Phenylpropanoid biosynthesis
nplexes having at least some part of their	9	0.060	1/11	Enzyme – 2.2 Transferring aldehyde or ketonic groups
al protective or external encapsulating rs the host cell environment outside an	10	0.065	1 / 12	Endoplasmic reticulum membrane and cytosol
f organic compounds based of the general	11	0.065	1 / 12	Enzyme – 4.4 Carbon–sulfur lyases
housed and replicated. In most cells, the mes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and NA replication may be absent.	12	0.072	2/79	Pyruvate metabolism
pound (donor) to another (acceptor).	13	0.080	1 / 15	Chaperone – HSP70 / DNAK
housed and replicated. In most cells, the mes, and is the site of RNA synthesis and NA replication may be absent.	14	0.086	1 / 16	Histidine metabolism
	15	0.086	1 / 16	Enzyme – 1.4 Acting on the CH–NH2 group of donors
	16	0.086	1 / 16	Transcription factors – HSF
	17	0.091	1 / 17	Proteasome – Assembling factors
nd enzyme regulator.	18	0.100	2/96	Transporter catalog – Porters cat 1 to 6
	19	0.101	1 / 19	Cofactors and vitamin metabolism – Ubiquinone biosynthesis

0.106



Transport and catabolism - Regulation of autophagy