

# Molecular Nanographene as Quantum Units

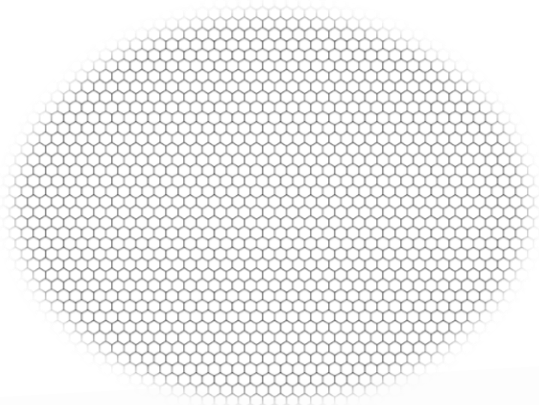
Fanmiao Kong

21/06/2022



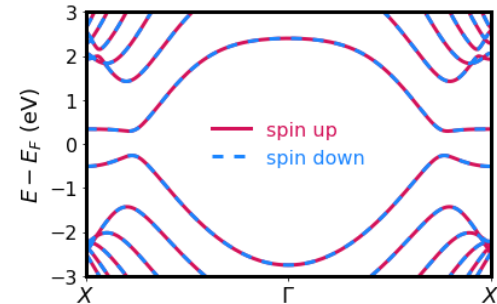
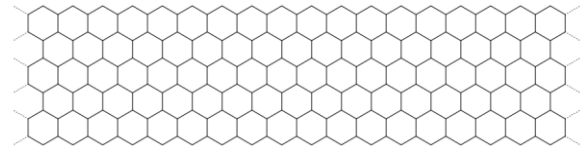
# Magnetic Zigzag Edge States in Graphene Nanoribbon

2D graphene



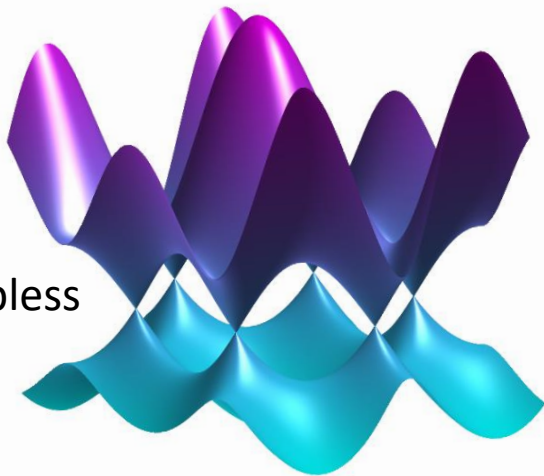
“Cutting”

1D zigzag graphene nanoribbon

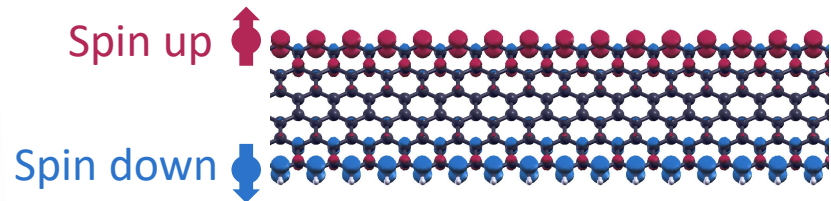


Band structure

Gapless



Band structure



- Band gap
- Spin-polarized zigzag edge states

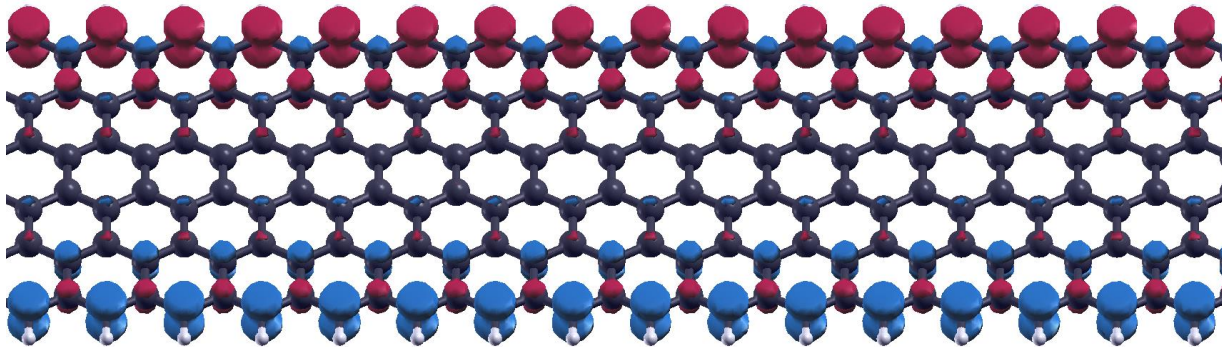
# Magnetic Zigzag Edge States in Graphene Nanoribbon

- ✓ Useful for spintronic devices
- ✓ Predicted to have **long spin coherence time**

J. Fischer, B. Trauzettel, D. Loss, *Physical Review B* 80, 155401 (2009).

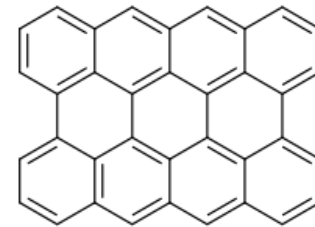
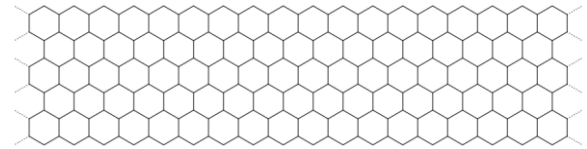
- ✗ Synthesized in high vacuum. Chemically unstable
- ✗ Difficult to study the spin states

P. Ruffieux *et al.*, *Nature* 531, 489 (2016)



# Zigzag Edge in Nanographene Molecule

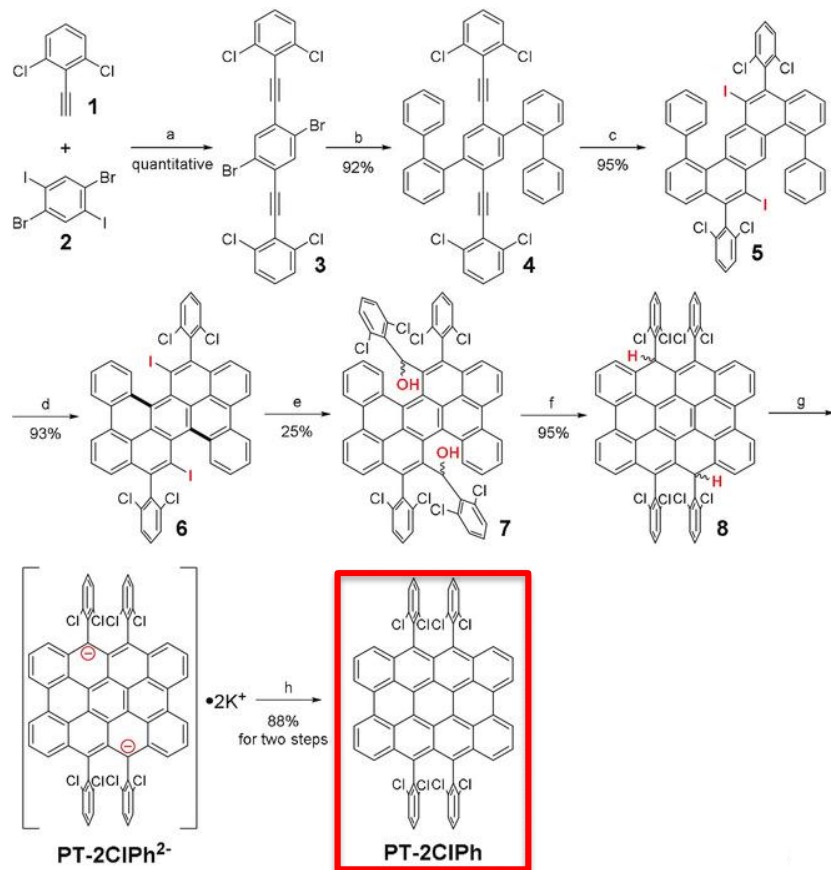
1D zigzag graphene nanoribbon



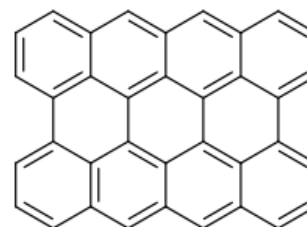
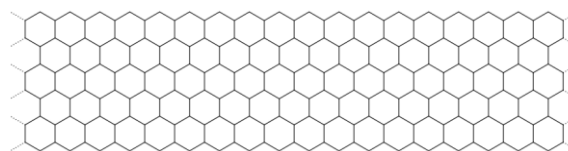
0D nanographene molecule

# Zigzag Edge in Nanographene Molecule

Synthesized by Jishan Wu's group at NUS



1D zigzag graphene nanoribbon

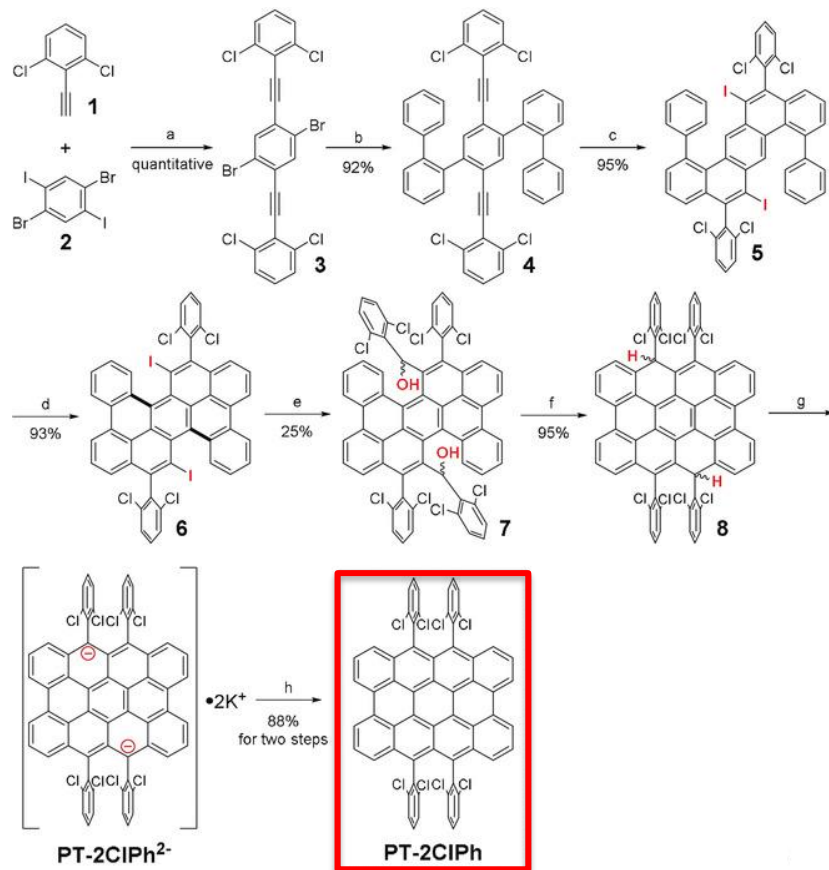


0D nanographene molecule

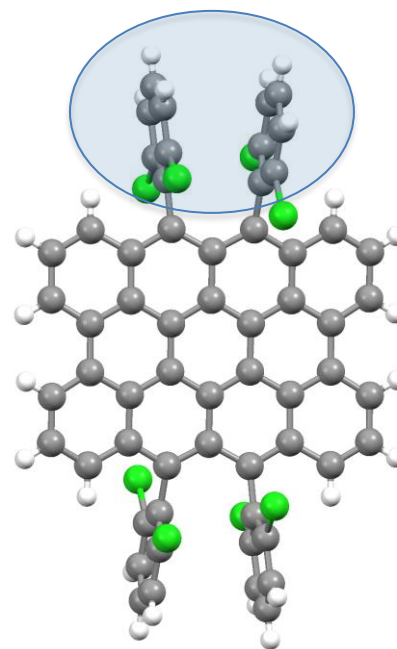


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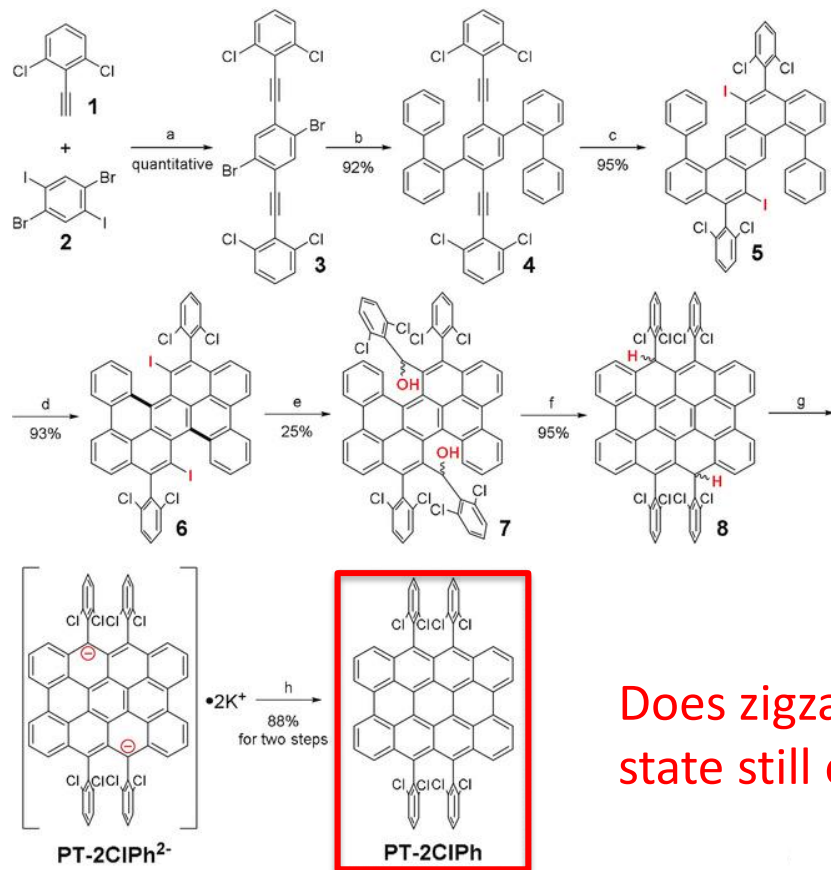
Bulky group to enhance stability and solubility



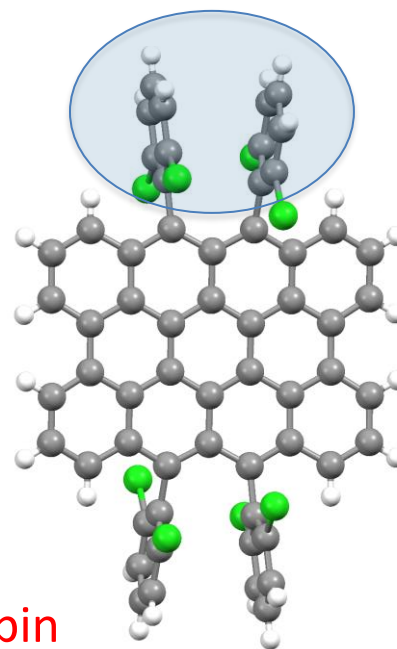
Peri-tetracene

# Zigzag Edge in Nanographene Molecule

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Bulky group to enhance stability and solubility



Peri-tetracene

Does zigzag edge spin state still exist?

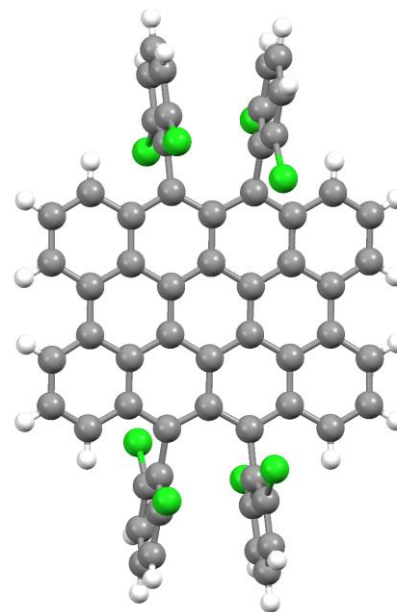
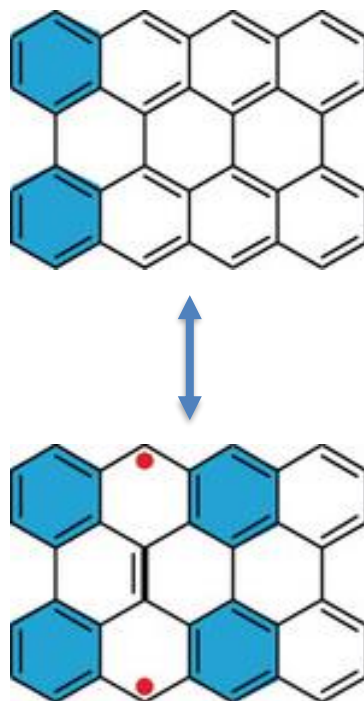
# Peri-tetracene

## Clar's sextet rule:

More aromatic rings

→ More stable

52.5% diradical character



Peri-tetracene



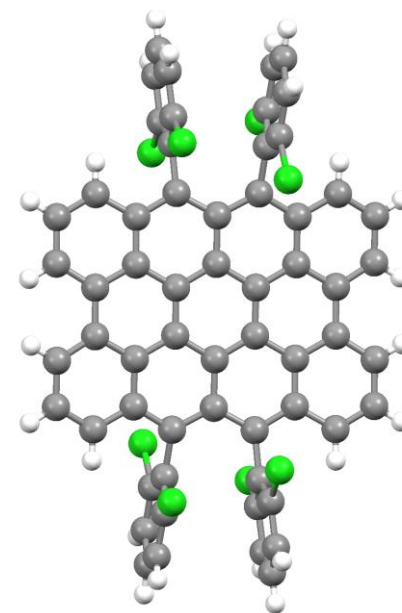
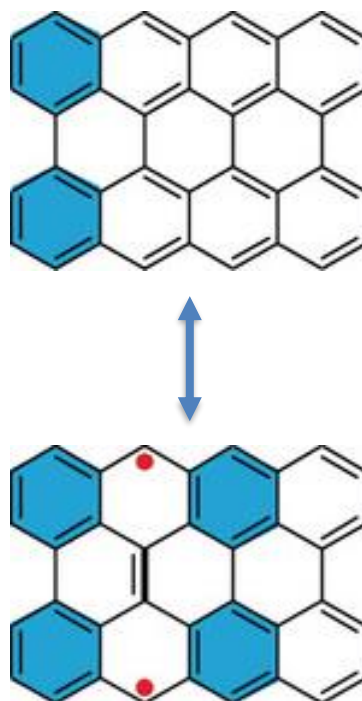
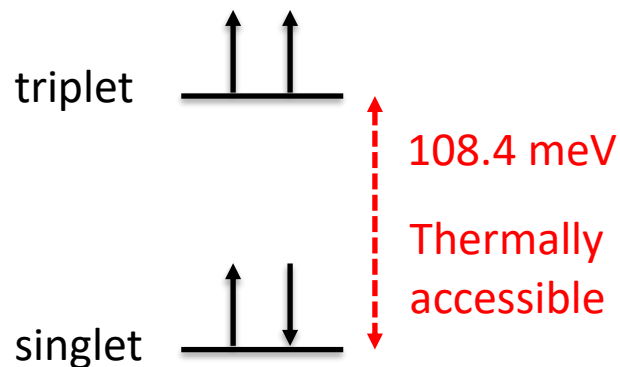
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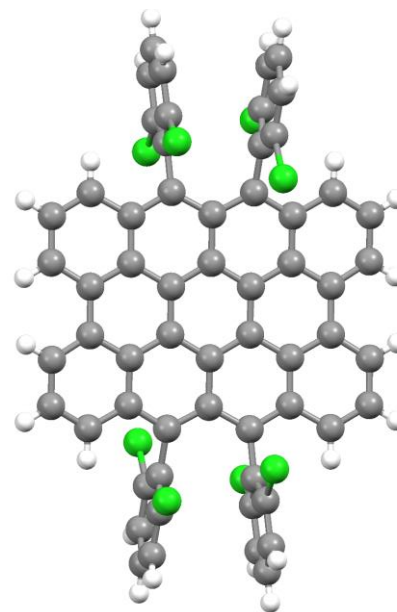
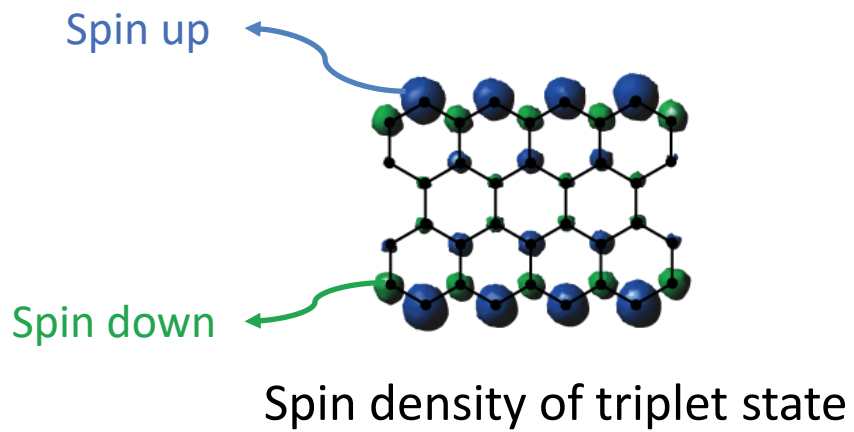
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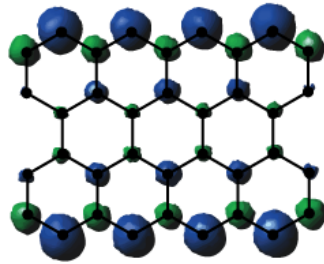


Peri-tetracene

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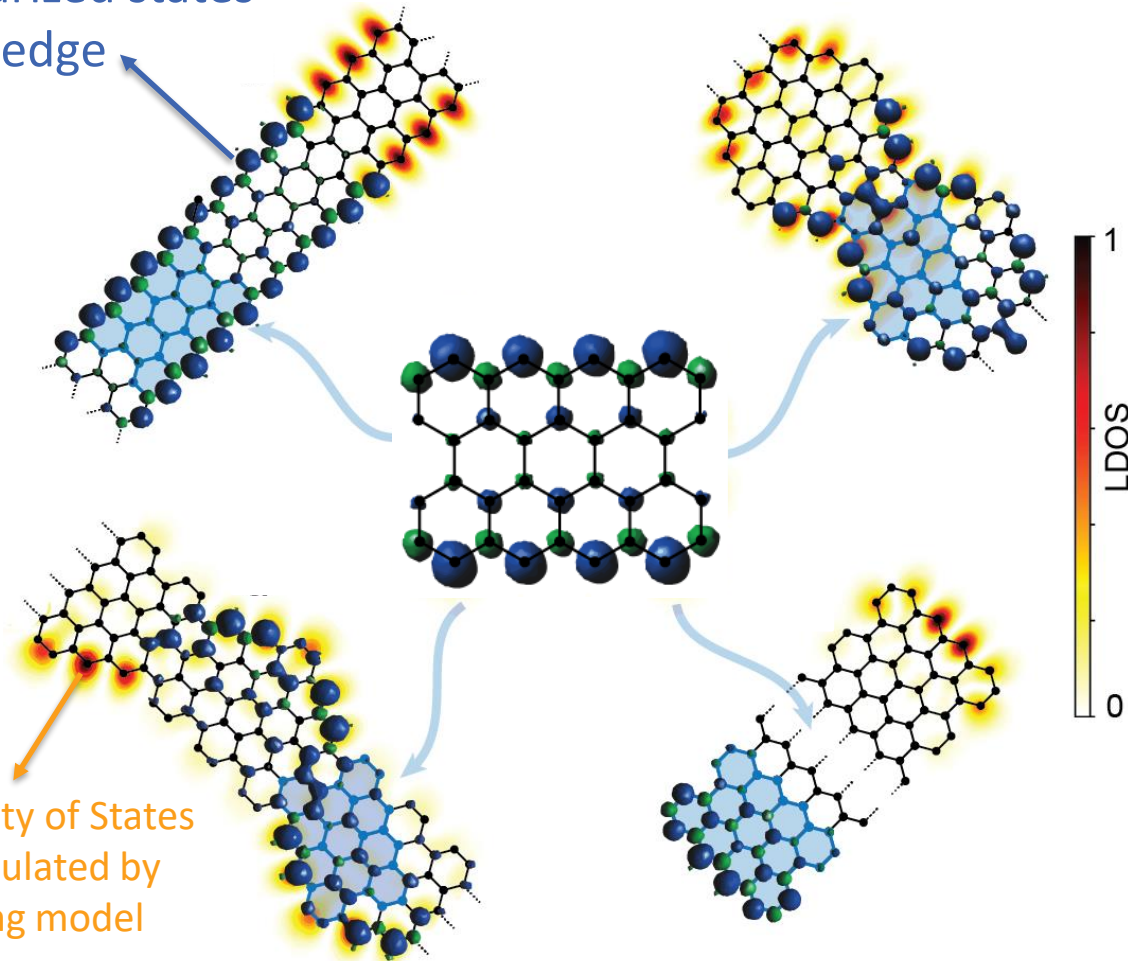
# Zigzag Edge in Extended Structures



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Spin-polarized states  
in zigzag edge

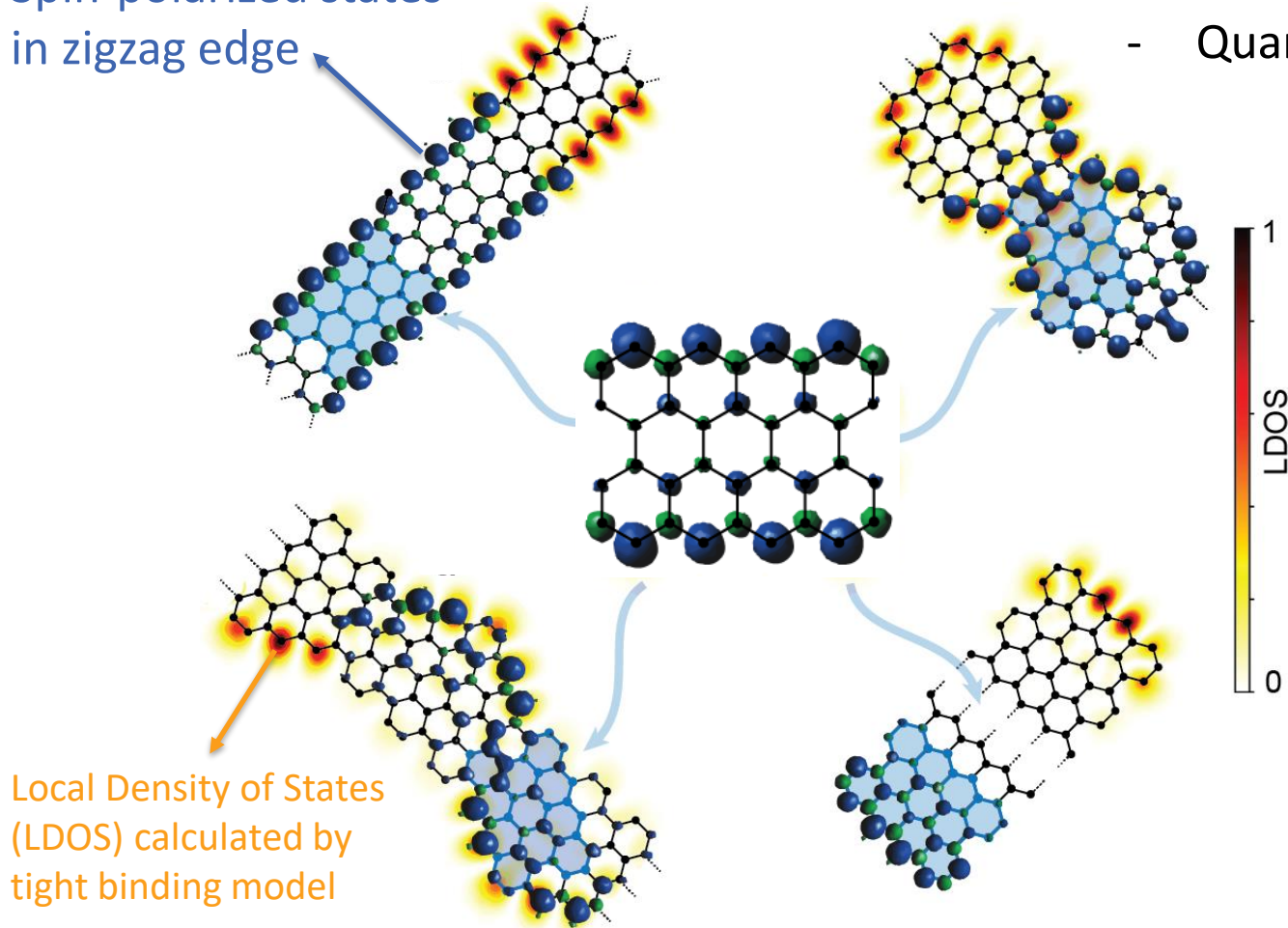
Local Density of States  
(LDOS) calculated by  
tight binding model



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Spin-polarized states  
in zigzag edge

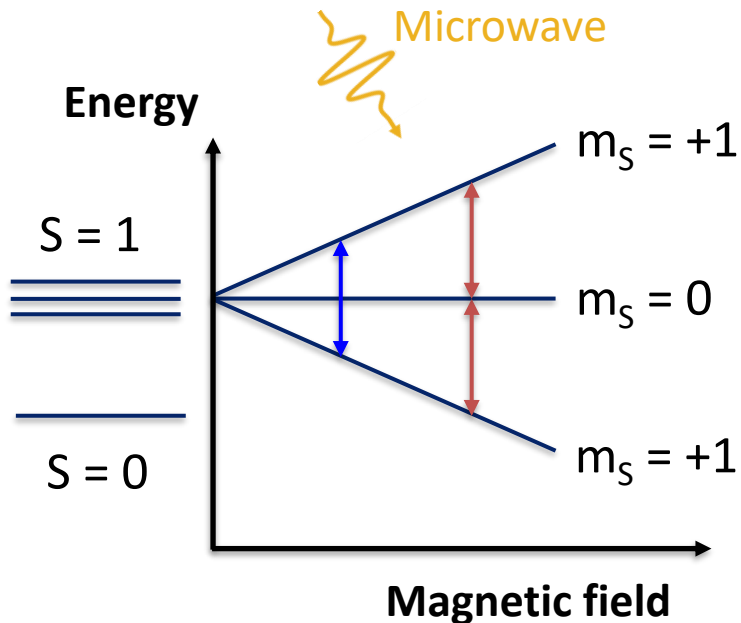
- Topological phase
- Quantum spin chain



# CW EPR Spectrum of Peri-tetracene

## CW EPR:

Continuous Wave Electron Paramagnetic Resonance

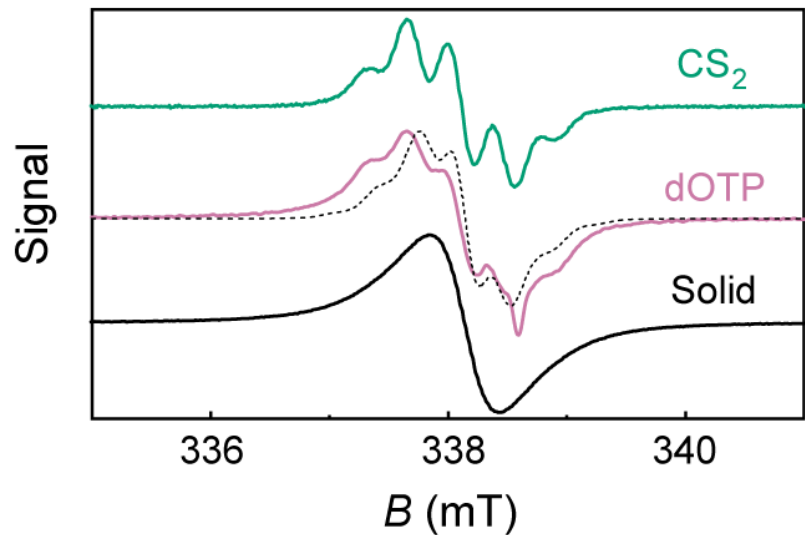
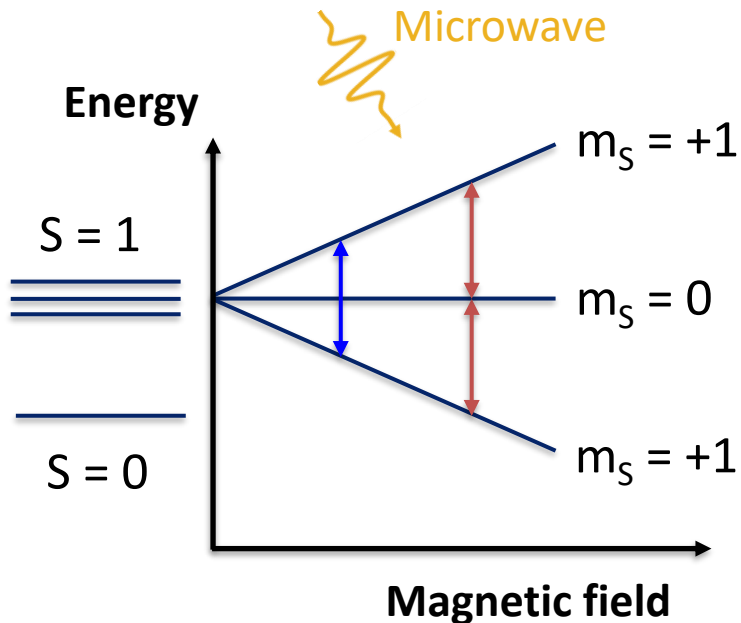




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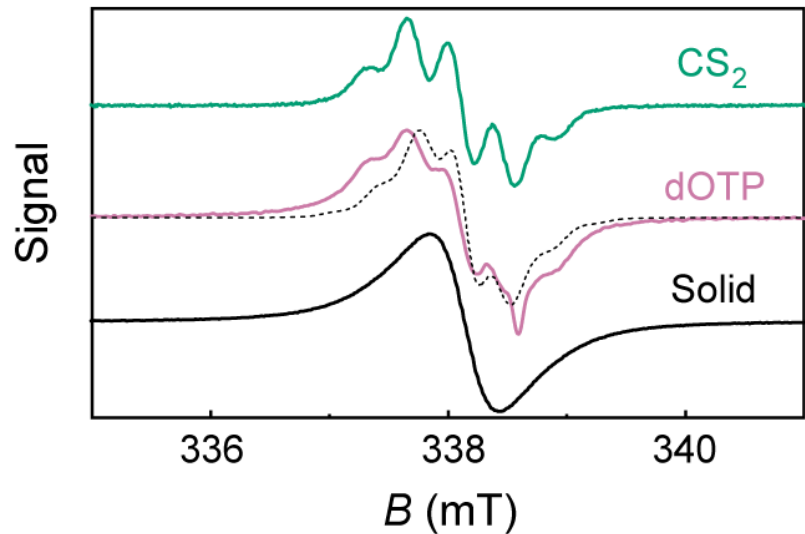
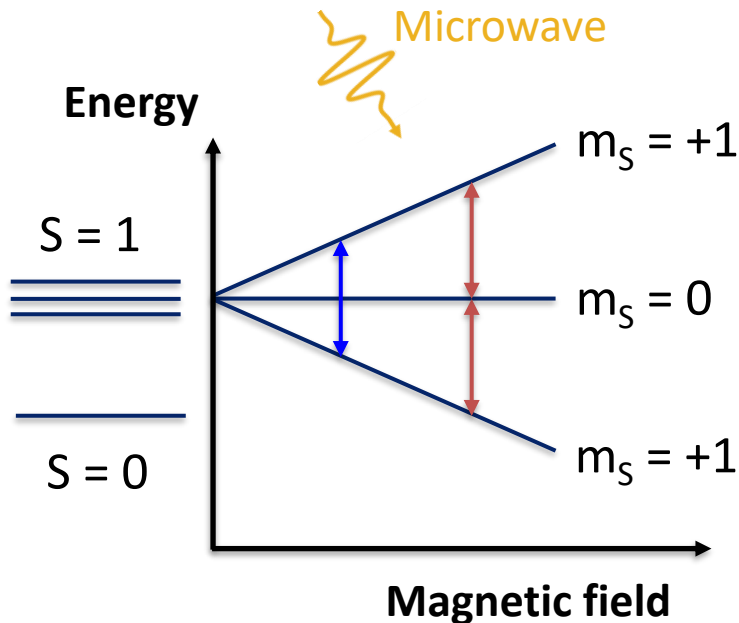
Continuous Wave Electron Paramagnetic Resonance



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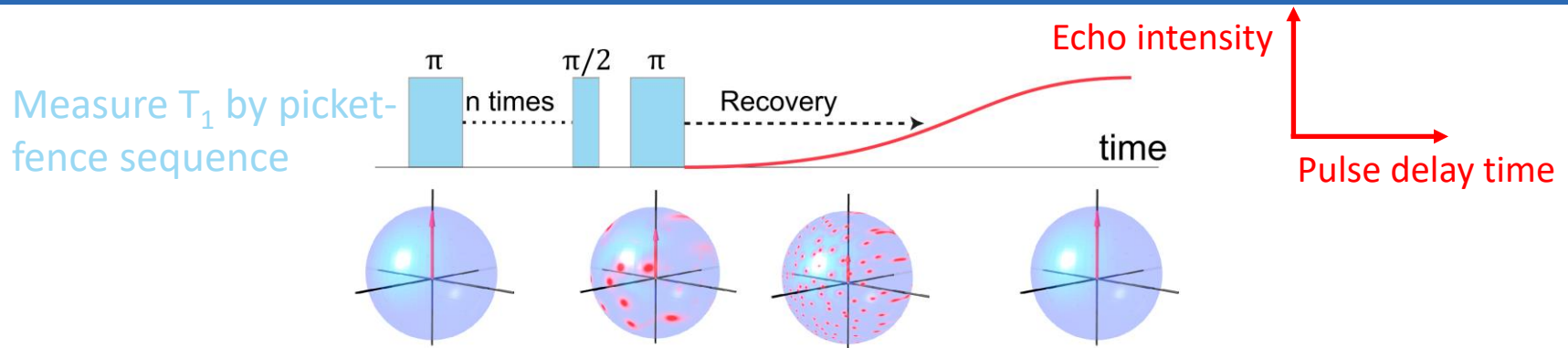
Hamiltonian to describe the system:

$$\hat{H} = \mu_B \mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{g} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{S}} + \sum_i^8 \hat{\mathbf{S}} \cdot \mathbf{A}_i \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}_i$$

Zeeman energy

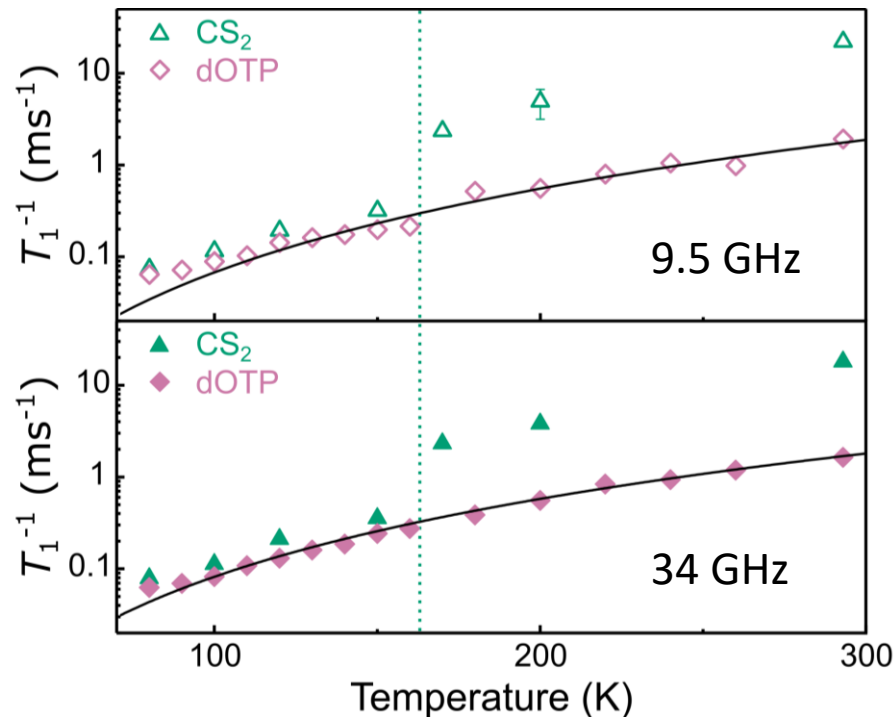
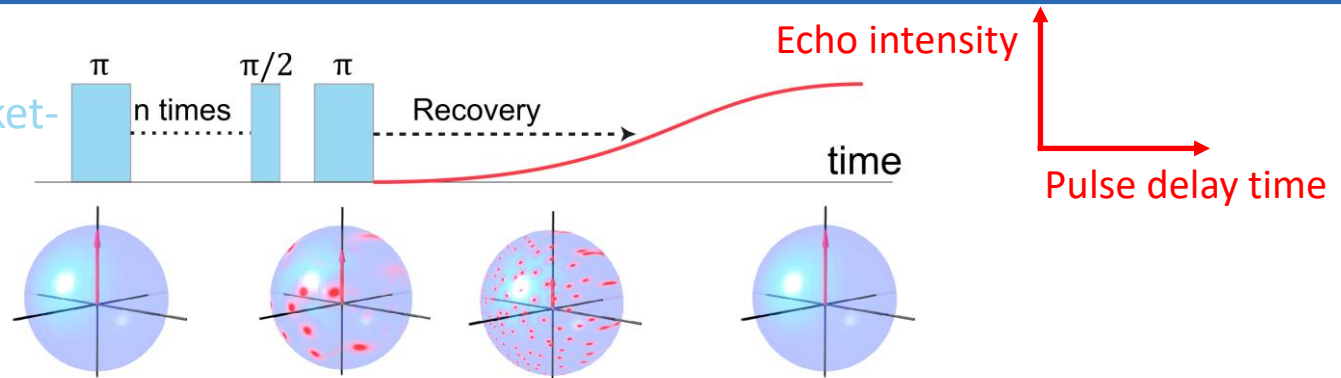
Hyperfine interaction

# Pulsed EPR Study: Spin-Lattice Relaxation



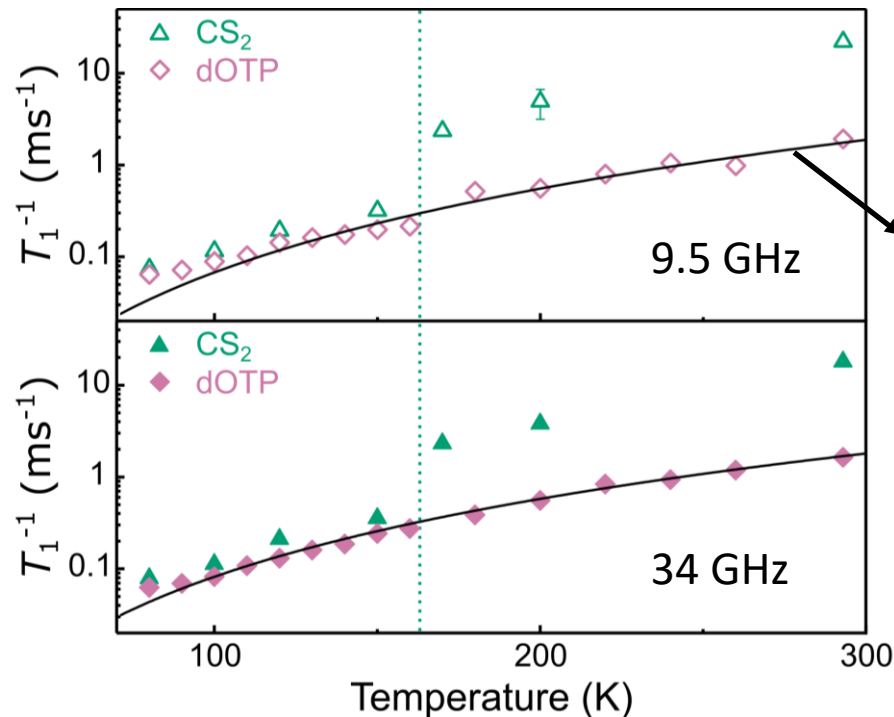
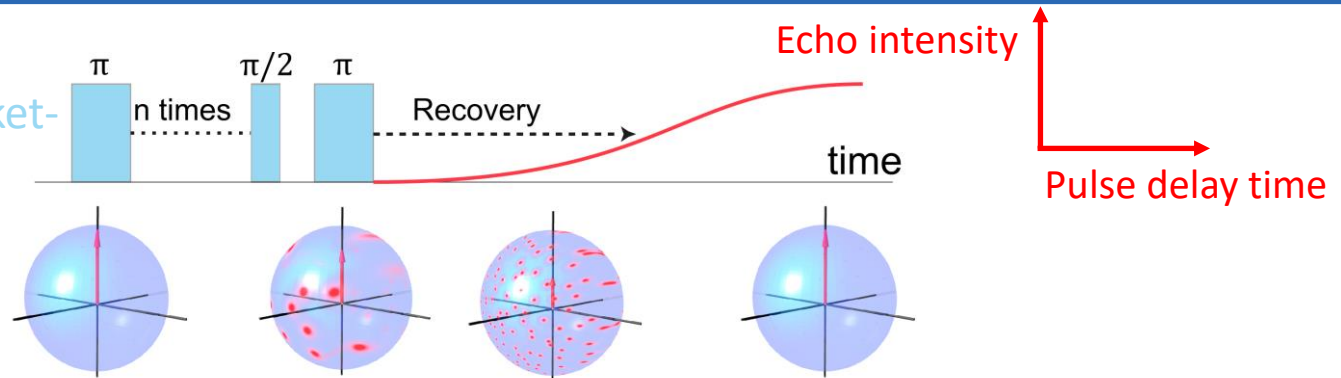
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Measure  $T_1$  by picket-fence sequence



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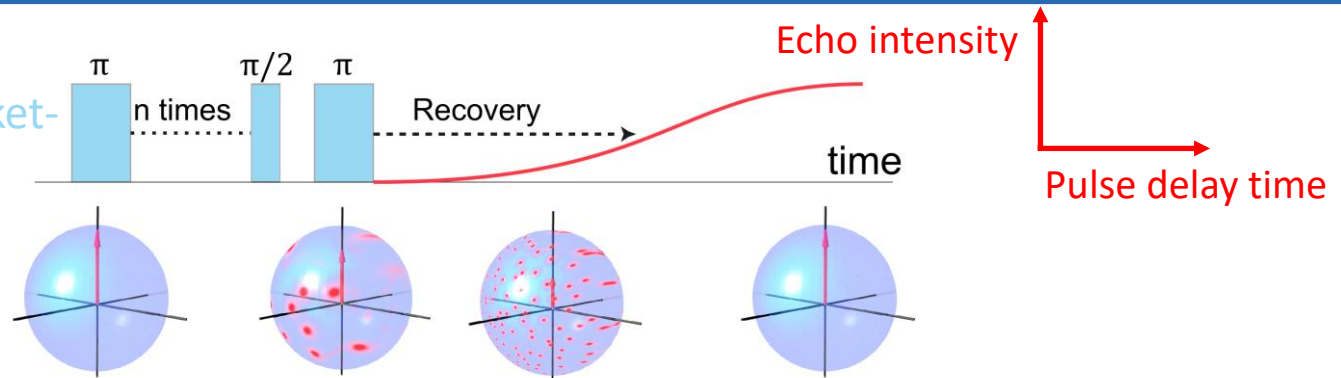
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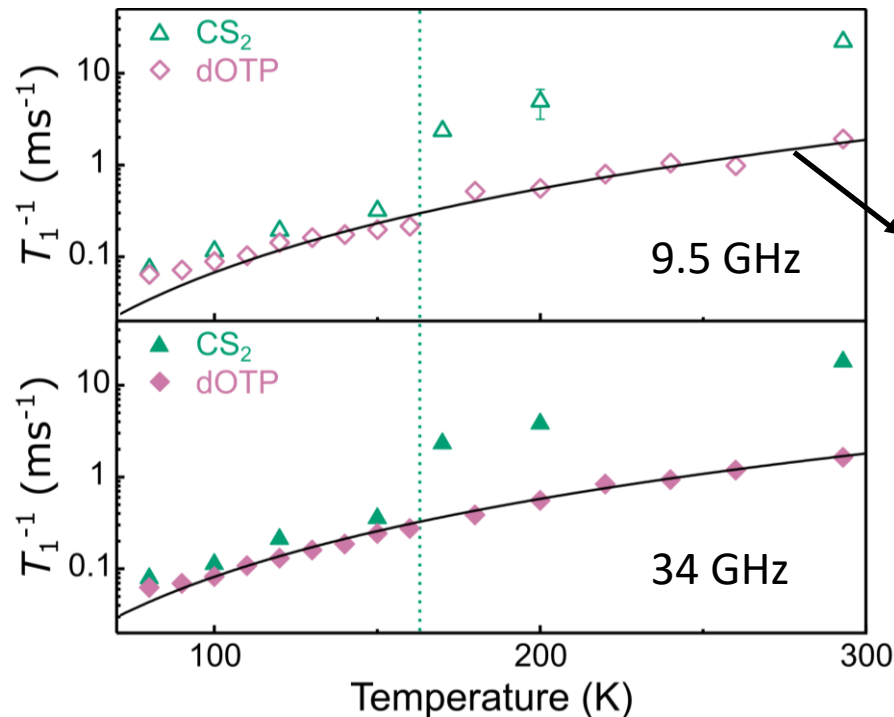
$T_1^{-1}$  vs.  $T$  is fitted by direct and Raman relaxation processes

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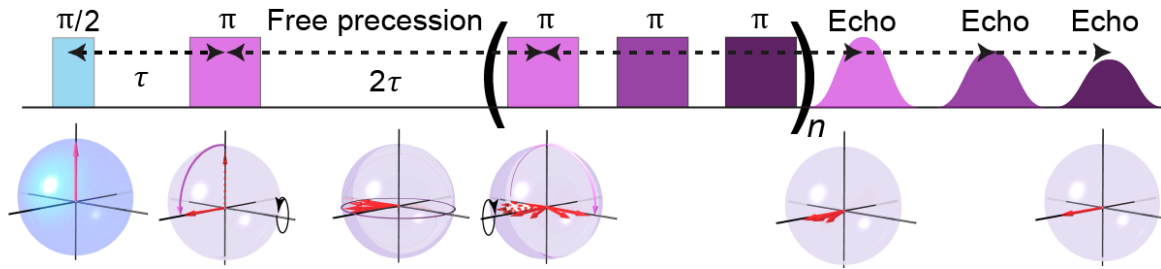
$T_1$  reaches 0.6-15 ms for  $T > 80$  K in dOTP solution



$T_1^{-1}$  vs.  $T$  is fitted by direct and Raman relaxation processes



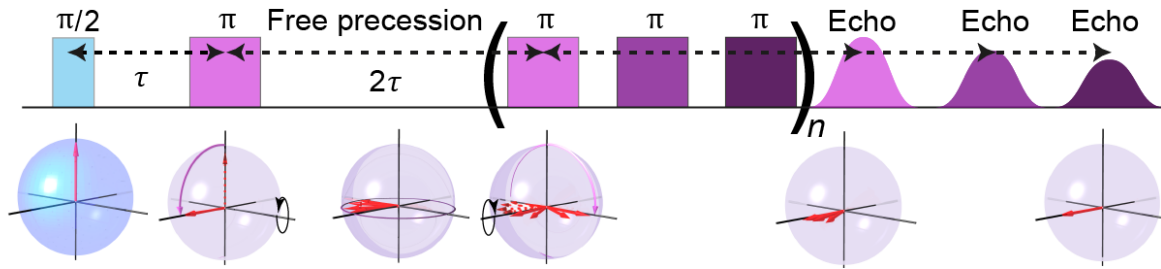
# Spin Coherence



Carr-Purcell-Meiboom-Gill (CPMG) sequence

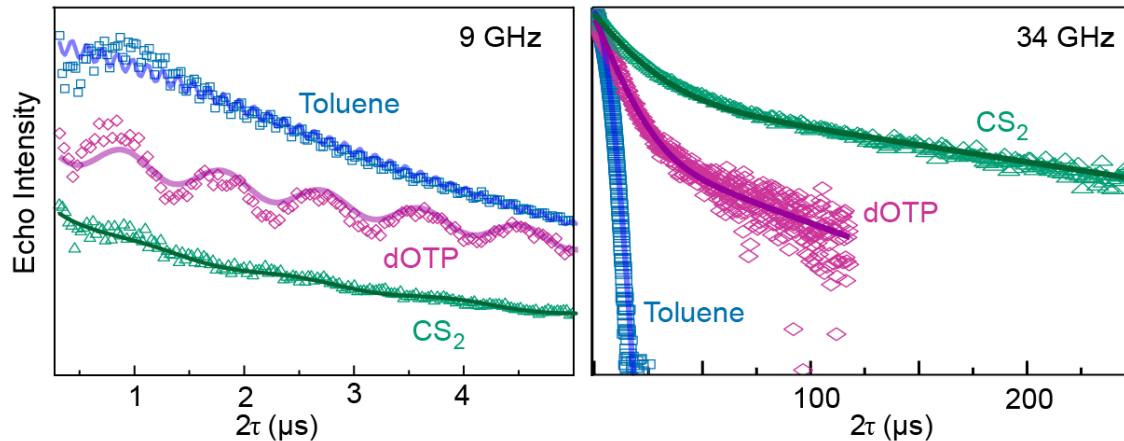
( $n = 1$ : Hahn echo)

# Spin Coherence



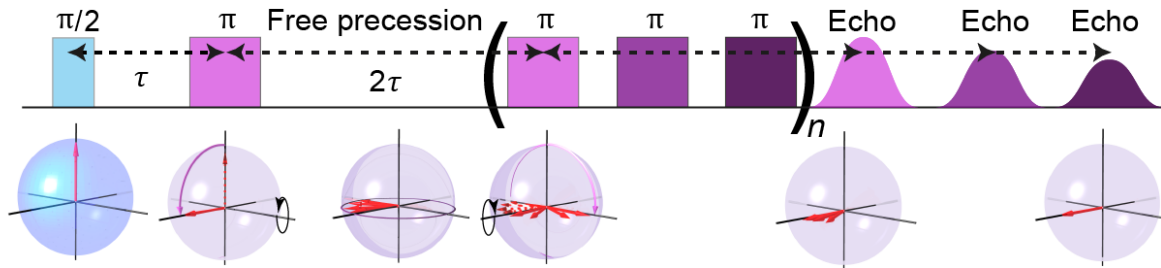
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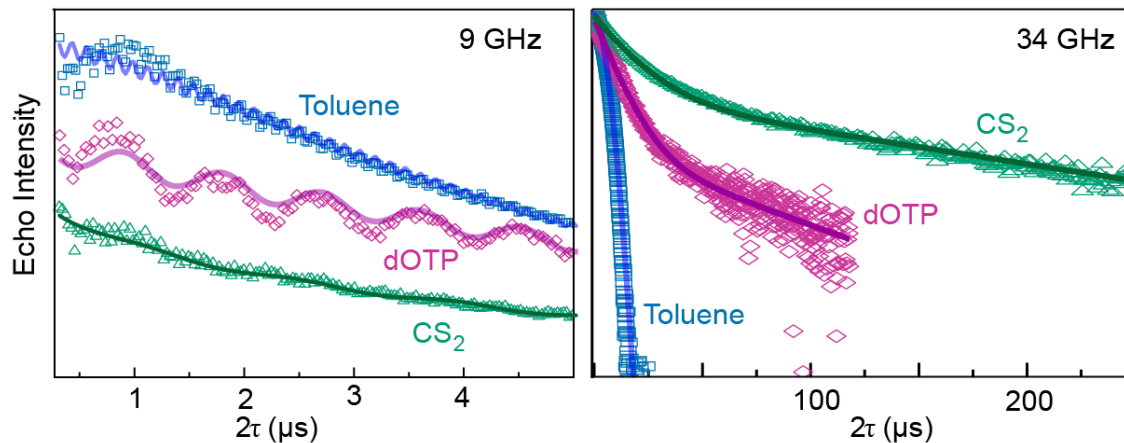
Echo decay with nuclear modulation effect

# Spin Coherence

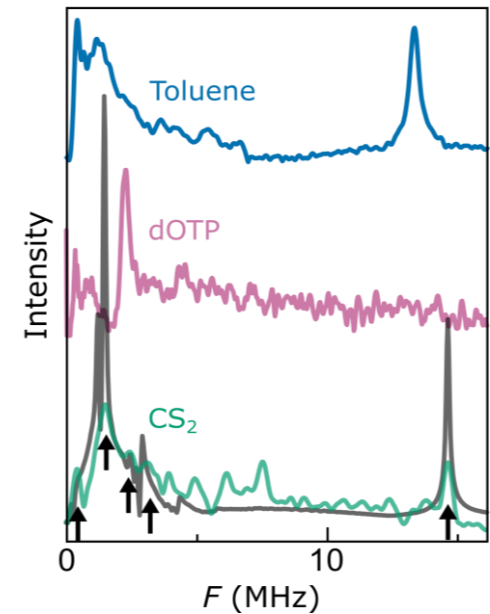


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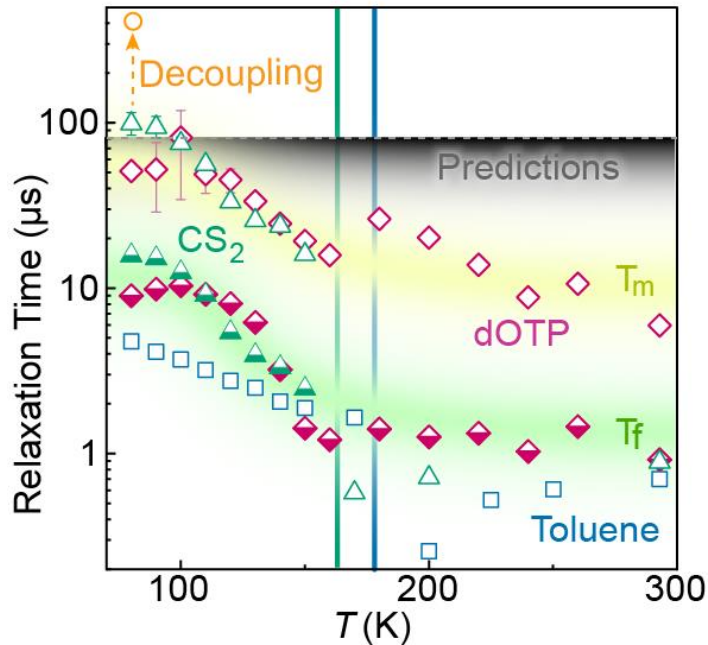
Echo decay with nuclear modulation effect



Fourier transform

# Spin Coherence

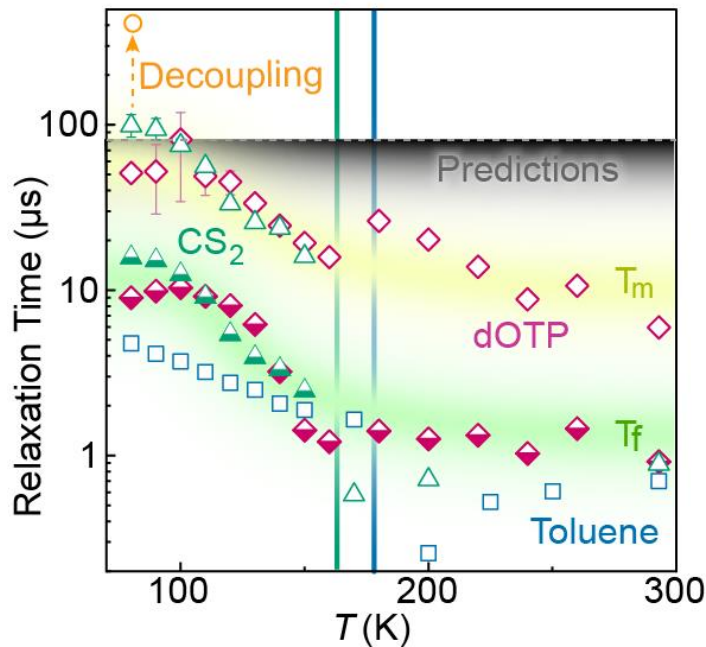
Coherence time  $T_m$  and fast relaxation time constant  $T_f$  from bi-exponential fitting



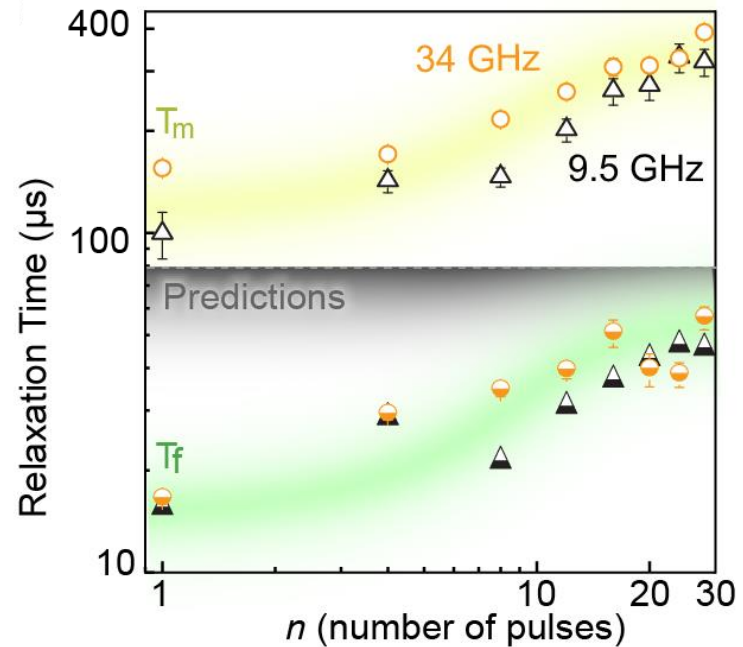
$T_m$  reaches **100  $\mu\text{s}$**  at 80 K in  $\text{CS}_2$ ,  
**exceeding theoretical predictions**

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$T_m$  reaches **100 μs** at 80 K in CS<sub>2</sub>,  
**exceeding theoretical predictions**



Further increasing coherence time up  
to **400 μs** by **dynamical decoupling**  
from the nuclear bath

# Conclusion

- Short zigzag segment in molecular nanographene as a gateway to understand extended systems.
- Spin coherence time exceeding theoretical predictions.
- More possibilities to build extended graphene nanoribbon systems, which can form quantum spin chain or host topological non-trivial phase.



# Acknowledgements

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Lapo Bogani  
Federico Lombardi  
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Karen Yan  
William Myers

## NUS

Yong Ni  
Jishan Wu

