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Activemq持久化消息到MySQL数据库中

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activemq

JMS

持久化消息

activemq持久化消息

mysql数据库

1.添加MySQL数据源

打开Activemq安装目录下的conf/activemq.xml文件，添加MySQL数据源。默认情况下Activemq使用KahaDB存储，注解掉KahaDB配置，改为mysql配置如下：

```
<!--
<persistanceAdapter>
    <kahaDB directory="${activemq.base}/data/kahadb"/>
</persistanceAdapter>
-->
<persistanceAdapter>
    <jdbcPersistenceAdapter dataSource="#MySQL-DS"/>
</persistanceAdapter>
```

该配置表示，我们将要使用名称为“MySQL-DS”的作为mysql数据源。

2. 配置MySQL数据源

在</broker>节点后面，增加MySQL数据源配置：

```
<!-- MySQL DataSource -->
<bean id="MySQL-DS" class="org.apache.commons.dbcp.BasicDataSource" destroy-ethod="close">
    <property name="driverClassName" value="com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"/>
    <property name="url" value="jdbc:mysql://127.0.0.1:3306/activemq?relaxAutoCommit=true"/>
    <property name="username" value="用户名"/>
    <property name="password" value="登录密码"/>
    <property name="poolPreparedStatements" value="true"/>
</bean>
```

此处配置类似于spring的Bean配置，id 要与上面的保持一致。

3. 配置完成后，将mysql驱动包加入到 Activemq 的 lib目录下，启动Activemq。查看activemq数据库会有三张表：activemq_acks ， activemq_lock ， activemq_msgs
数据表activemq_msgs即为持久化消息表；

整个activemq持久消息到mysql数据库配置如下：

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
```

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中

ngp_java

: 有没有报错

Activemq持久化消息到MySQL数据库

中

rainy8sky

: 按你上面的配置, 我的AMQ怎么就启动不了了

啊? ? ?

Activemq持久化消息到MySQL数据库

中

a2623567z

: 我按照你的方法二做的。怎么报用户名和密码无效。请指教一下。谢谢 ...

ActiveMQ5.5安全验证配

```
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
xmlns:amq="http://activemq.apache.org/schema/core" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-
instance"

xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
http://activemq.apache.org/schema/core http://activemq.apache.org/schema/core/activemq-core.xsd">

<!-- Allows us to use system properties as variables in this configuration file -->
<bean class="org.springframework.beans.factory.config.PropertyPlaceholderConfigurer">
    <property name="locations">
        <value>classpath:/META-INF/credentials.properties</value>
    </property>
</bean>

<!--
    The <broker> element is used to configure the ActiveMQ broker.
-->
<broker xmlns="http://activemq.apache.org/schema/core" brokerName="localhost">
    <!--
        For better performances use VM cursor and small memory limit. For more information, see:
        http://activemq.apache.org/message-cursors.html Also, if your producer is "hanging", it's probably due to
        producer flow control. For more information, see:
        http://activemq.apache.org/producer-flow-control.html
    -->
    <destinationPolicy>
        <policyMap>
            <policyEntries>
                <policyEntry topic=">" producerFlowControl="true" memoryLimit="1mb">
                    <pendingSubscriberPolicy>
                        <vmCursor />
                    </pendingSubscriberPolicy>
                </policyEntry>
                <policyEntry queue=">" producerFlowControl="true" memoryLimit="1mb">
                    <!--
                        Use VM cursor for better latency For more information, see:
                        http://activemq.apache.org/message-cursors.html
                    <pendingQueuePolicy> <vmQueueCursor/>
                </pendingQueuePolicy>
            -->
            </policyEntry>
        </policyEntries>
    </policyMap>
</destinationPolicy>

<!--
    The managementContext is used to configure how ActiveMQ is exposed in
    JMX. By default, ActiveMQ uses the MBean server that is started by
```

```
the JVM. For more information, see:

http://activemq.apache.org/jmx.html
-->
<managementContext>
  <managementContext createConnector="false" />
</managementContext>

<!--
  Configure message persistence for the broker. The default persistence
  mechanism is the KahaDB store (identified by the kahaDB tag).
  For more information, see:

  http://activemq.apache.org/persistence.html
-->
<!--
<persistenceAdapter>
  <kahaDB directory="${activemq.base}/data/kahadb"/>
</persistenceAdapter>
-->
<persistenceAdapter>
  <jdbcPersistenceAdapter dataSource="#MySQL-DS" />
</persistenceAdapter>

<!--
  The transport connectors expose ActiveMQ over a given protocol to
  clients and other brokers. For more information, see:

  http://activemq.apache.org/configuring-transport.html
-->
<transportConnectors>
  <transportConnector name="openwire" uri="tcp://0.0.0.0:61616" />
</transportConnectors>
</broker>

<!-- MySQL DataSource -->
<bean id="MySQL-DS" class="org.apache.commons.dbcp.BasicDataSource" destroy-method="close">
  <property name="driverClassName" value="com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"/>
  <property name="url" value="jdbc:mysql://127.0.0.1:3306/activemq?relaxAutoCommit=true"/>
  <property name="username" value="用户名"/>
  <property name="password" value="登录密码"/>
  <property name="poolPreparedStatements" value="true"/>
</bean>

<!--
  Enable web consoles, REST and Ajax APIs and demos
  It also includes Camel (with its web console), see ${ACTIVE_MQ_HOME}/conf/camel.xml for more info
```

Take a look at `${ACTIVEMQ_HOME}/conf/jetty.xml` for more details

-->

<import resource="jetty.xml"/>

</beans>



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