卢伟的专栏

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```
空间
                博客
                             好友
                                          相册
                                                        留言
                             DELPHI 线程池代码
                                                 收藏
用户操作
                          unit uThreadPool;
  [发私信] [加为好友]
                          { aPool.AddRequest(TMyRequest.Create(RequestParam1, RequestParam2, ...)); }
订阅我的博客
                          interface
    1 位读者
POWERED BY FEEDSKY
                          uses
                           Windows,
 为订阅
                           Classes;
 🖸 订阅到 🧳 鲜果
                          // 是否记录日志

◆ 订阅到 Google

                          // {$DEFINE NOLOGS}
🕒 订阅到 🥟 抓虾
                          type
babyvspp的公告
                           TCriticalSection = class(TObject)
                           protected
文章分类
                             FSection: TRTLCriticalSection;
                           public
存档
                            constructor Create;
  2009年08月(2)
                            destructor Destroy; override;
  2009年06月(4)
                            // 进入临界区
  2008年11月(1)
                            procedure Enter;
                            // 离开临界区
  2008年10月(2)
                            procedure Leave;
  2008年09月(4)
                            // 尝试进入
  2008年07月(1)
                            function TryEnter: Boolean;
  2008年06月(1)
                           end;
  2008年04月(3)
                          type
  2008年03月(1)
                           // 储存请求数据的基本类
  2008年02月(4)
```

2008年01月(4)

```
TWorkItem = class(TObject)
 public
  // 是否有重复任务
  function IsTheSame(DataObj: TWorkItem): Boolean; virtual;
  // 如果 NOLOGS 被定义,则禁用。
  function TextForLog: string; virtual;
 end;
type
 TThreadsPool = class;
 //线程状态
 TThreadState = (tcsInitializing, tcsWaiting, tcsGetting, tcsProcessing,
  tcsProcessed, tcsTerminating, tcsCheckingDown);
 // 工作线程仅用于线程池内, 不要直接创建并调用它。
 TProcessorThread = class(TThread)
 private
  // 创建线程时临时的Event对象, 阻塞线程直到初始化完成
  hInitFinished: THandle;
  // 初始化出错信息
  sInitError: string;
  // 记录日志
  procedure WriteLog(const Str: string; Level: Integer = 0);
 protected
  // 线程临界区同步对像
  csProcessingDataObject: TCriticalSection;
  // 平均处理时间
  FAverageProcessing: Integer;
  // 等待请求的平均时间
  FAverageWaitingTime: Integer;
  // 本线程实例的运行状态
  FCurState: TThreadState;
  // 本线程实例所附属的线程池
  FPool: TThreadsPool;
  // 当前处理的数据对像。
  FProcessingDataObject: TWorkItem;
  // 线程停止 Event, TProcessorThread.Terminate 中开绿灯
```

```
hThreadTerminated: THandle;
 uProcessingStart: DWORD;
 // 开始等待的时间, 通过 GetTickCount 取得。
 uWaitingStart: DWORD;
 // 计算平均工作时间
 function AverageProcessingTime: DWORD;
 // 计算平均等待时间
 function AverageWaitingTime: DWORD;
 procedure Execute; override;
 function IamCurrentlyProcess(DataObj: TWorkItem): Boolean;
 // 转换枚举类型的线程状态为字串类型
 function InfoText: string;
 // 线程是否长时间处理同一个请求?(已死掉?)
 function IsDead: Boolean;
 // 线程是否已完成当成任务
 function isFinished: Boolean;
 // 线程是否处于空闲状态
 function isIdle: Boolean;
// 平均值校正计算。
 function NewAverage(OldAvg, NewVal: Integer): Integer;
public
 Tag: Integer;
 constructor Create(APool: TThreadsPool);
 destructor Destroy; override;
 procedure Terminate;
end;
// 线程初始化时触发的事件
TProcessorThreadInitializing = procedure(Sender: TThreadsPool; aThread:
 TProcessorThread) of object;
// 线程结束时触发的事件
TProcessorThreadFinalizing = procedure(Sender: TThreadsPool; aThread:
 TProcessorThread) of object;
// 线程处理请求时触发的事件
TProcessRequest = procedure(Sender: TThreadsPool; WorkItem: TWorkItem;
 aThread: TProcessorThread) of object;
TEmptyKind = (
```

```
ekQueueEmpty, //任务被取空后
 ekProcessingFinished // 最后一个任务处理完毕后
 );
// 任务队列空时触发的事件
TQueueEmpty = procedure(Sender: TThreadsPool; EmptyKind: TEmptyKind) of
 object;
TThreadsPool = class(TComponent)
private
 csQueueManagment: TCriticalSection;
 csThreadManagment: TCriticalSection;
 FProcessRequest: TProcessRequest;
 FQueue: TList;
 FQueueEmpty: TQueueEmpty;
 // 线程超时阀值
 FThreadDeadTimeout: DWORD;
 FThreadFinalizing: TProcessorThreadFinalizing;
 FThreadInitializing: TProcessorThreadInitializing;
 // 工作中的线程
 FThreads: TList;
 // 执行了 terminat 发送退出指令, 正在结束的线程.
 FThreadsKilling: TList;
 // 最少, 最大线程数
 FThreadsMax: Integer;
 // 最少, 最大线程数
 FThreadsMin: Integer;
 // 池平均等待时间
 function PoolAverageWaitingTime: Integer;
 procedure WriteLog(const Str: string; Level: Integer = 0);
protected
 FLastGetPoint: Integer;
 // Semaphore, 统计任务队列
 hSemRequestCount: THandle;
 // Waitable timer. 每30触发一次的时间量同步
 hTimCheckPoolDown: THandle;
 // 线程池停机(检查并清除空闲线程和死线程)
```

```
procedure CheckPoolDown;
 // 清除死线程,并补充不足的工作线程
 procedure CheckThreadsForGrow;
 procedure DoProcessed;
 procedure DoProcessRequest(aDataObj: TWorkItem; aThread: TProcessorThread);
  virtual;
 procedure DoQueueEmpty(EmptyKind: TEmptyKind); virtual;
 procedure DoThreadFinalizing(aThread: TProcessorThread); virtual;
// 执行事件
 procedure DoThreadInitializing(aThread: TProcessorThread); virtual;
// 释放 FThreadsKilling 列表中的线程
 procedure FreeFinishedThreads;
// 申请任务
 procedure GetRequest(out Request: TWorkItem);
// 清除死线程
 procedure KillDeadThreads;
public
 constructor Create(AOwner: TComponent); override;
 destructor Destroy; override;
// 就进行任务是否重复的检查, 检查发现重复就返回 False
 function AddRequest(aDataObject: TWorkItem; CheckForDoubles: Boolean =
  False): Boolean; overload;
// 转换枚举类型的线程状态为字串类型
 function InfoText: string;
published
// 线程处理任务时触发的事件
 property OnProcessRequest: TProcessRequest read FProcessRequest write
  FProcessRequest;
// 任务列表为空时解发的事件
 property OnQueueEmpty: TQueueEmpty read FQueueEmpty write FQueueEmpty;
// 线程结束时触发的事件
 property OnThreadFinalizing: TProcessorThreadFinalizing read
  FThreadFinalizing write FThreadFinalizing;
// 线程初始化时触发的事件
 property OnThreadInitializing: TProcessorThreadInitializing read
  FThreadInitializing write FThreadInitializing;
```

```
// 线程超时值(毫秒), 如果处理超时,将视为死线程
  property ThreadDeadTimeout: DWORD read FThreadDeadTimeout write
   FThreadDeadTimeout default 0;
  // 最大线程数
  property ThreadsMax: Integer read FThreadsMax write FThreadsMax default 1;
 // 最小线程数
  property ThreadsMin: Integer read FThreadsMin write FThreadsMin default 0;
 end;
type
//日志记志函数
 TLogWriteProc = procedure(
  const Str: string; // 日志
  LogID: Integer = 0;
  Level: Integer = 0 //Level = 0 - 跟踪信息, 10 - 致命错误
  );
var
 WriteLog: TLogWriteProc; // 如果存在实例就写日志
implementation
uses
 SysUtils;
// 储存请求数据的基本类
}
function TWorkItem.IsTheSame(DataObj: TWorkItem): Boolean;
begin
 Result := False;
end; { TWorkItem.IsTheSame }
function TWorkItem.TextForLog: string;
begin
 Result := 'Request';
end; { TWorkItem.TextForLog }
```

```
}
constructor TThreadsPool.Create(AOwner: TComponent);
var
 DueTo: Int64;
begin
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
 WriteLog('创建线程池', 5);
{$ENDIF}
 inherited;
 csQueueManagment := TCriticalSection.Create;
 FQueue := TList.Create;
 csThreadManagment := TCriticalSection.Create;
 FThreads := TList.Create;
 FThreadsKilling := TList.Create;
 FThreadsMin := 0;
 FThreadsMax := 1;
 FThreadDeadTimeout := 0;
 FLastGetPoint := 0;
 //
 hSemRequestCount := CreateSemaphore(nil, 0, $7FFFFFFF, nil);
 DueTo := -1;
 //可等待的定时器(只用于Window NT4或更高)
 hTimCheckPoolDown := CreateWaitableTimer(nil, False, nil);
 if hTimCheckPoolDown = 0 then // Win9x不支持
  // In Win9x number of thread will be never decrised
  hTimCheckPoolDown := CreateEvent(nil, False, False, nil)
 else
  SetWaitableTimer(hTimCheckPoolDown, DueTo, 30000, nil, nil, False);
end; { TThreadsPool.Create }
destructor TThreadsPool.Destroy;
var
 n, i: Integer;
```

```
Handles: array of THandle;
begin
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
 WriteLog('线程池销毁', 5);
{$ENDIF}
 csThreadManagment.Enter;
 SetLength(Handles, FThreads.Count);
 n := 0;
 for i := 0 to FThreads.Count - 1 do
  if FThreads[i] <> nil then
  begin
   Handles[n] := TProcessorThread(FThreads[i]).Handle;
   TProcessorThread(FThreads[i]).Terminate;
   Inc(n);
  end;
 WaitForMultipleObjects(n, @Handles[0], True, 30000);
 for i := 0 to FThreads.Count - 1 do
  TProcessorThread(FThreads[i]).Free;
 FThreads.Free;
 FThreadsKilling.Free;
 csThreadManagment.Free;
 csQueueManagment.Enter;
 for i := FQueue.Count - 1 downto 0 do
  TObject(FQueue[i]).Free;
 FQueue.Free;
 csQueueManagment.Free;
 CloseHandle(hSemRequestCount);
 CloseHandle(hTimCheckPoolDown);
 inherited;
end; { TThreadsPool.Destroy }
function TThreadsPool.AddRequest(aDataObject: TWorkItem; CheckForDoubles:
 Boolean = False): Boolean;
var
```

```
i: Integer;
begin
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
 WriteLog('AddRequest(' + aDataObject.TextForLog + ')', 2);
{$ENDIF}
 Result := False;
 csQueueManagment.Enter;
 try
  // 如果 CheckForDoubles = TRUE
  // 则进行任务是否重复的检查
  if CheckForDoubles then
   for i := 0 to FQueue.Count - 1 do
    if (FQueue[i] <> nil)
     and aDataObject.IsTheSame(TWorkItem(FQueue[i])) then
      Exit; // 发现有相同的任务
  csThreadManagment.Enter;
  try
   // 清除死线程,并补充不足的工作线程
   CheckThreadsForGrow;
   // 如果 CheckForDoubles = TRUE
   // 则检查是否有相同的任务正在处理中
   if CheckForDoubles then
    for i := 0 to FThreads.Count - 1 do
     if TProcessorThread(FThreads[i]).IamCurrentlyProcess(aDataObject) then
       Exit; // 发现有相同的任务
  finally
   csThreadManagment.Leave;
  end;
  //将任务加入队列
  FQueue.Add(aDataObject);
  //释放一个同步信号量
  ReleaseSemaphore(hSemRequestCount, 1, nil);
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
```

```
WriteLog('释放一个同步信号量)', 1);
{$ENDIF}
  Result := True;
 finally
  csQueueManagment.Leave;
 end;
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
 //调试信息
 WriteLog('增加一个任务(' + aDataObject.TextForLog + ')', 1);
{$ENDIF}
end; { TThreadsPool.AddRequest }
函数 名:TThreadsPool.CheckPoolDown
功能描述:线程池停机(检查并清除空闲线程和死线程)
输入参数:无
返回值:无
创建日期:2006.10.22 11:31
修改日期:2006.
作 者:Kook
附加说明:
}
procedure TThreadsPool.CheckPoolDown;
var
i: Integer;
begin
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
 WriteLog('TThreadsPool.CheckPoolDown', 1);
{$ENDIF}
 csThreadManagment.Enter;
 try
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
  WriteLog(InfoText, 2);
{$ENDIF}
  // 清除死线程
  KillDeadThreads;
```

```
// 释放 FThreadsKilling 列表中的线程
  FreeFinishedThreads;
  // 如果线程空闲,就终止它
  for i := FThreads.Count - 1 downto FThreadsMin do
   if TProcessorThread(FThreads[i]).isIdle then
   begin
    //发出终止命令
    TProcessorThread(FThreads[i]).Terminate;
    //加入待清除队列
    FThreadsKilling.Add(FThreads[i]);
    //从工作队列中除名
    FThreads.Delete(i);
    //todo: ? ?
    Break;
   end;
 finally
  csThreadManagment.Leave;
 end;
end; { TThreadsPool.CheckPoolDown }
函数名:TThreadsPool.CheckThreadsForGrow
功能描述:清除死线程,并补充不足的工作线程
输入参数:无
返回值:无
创建日期:2006.10.22 11:31
修改日期:2006.
作 者:Kook
附加说明:
}
procedure TThreadsPool.CheckThreadsForGrow;
var
 AvgWait: Integer;
 i: Integer;
begin
```

```
New thread created if:
  新建线程的条件:
   1. 工作线程数小于最小线程数
   2. 工作线程数小于最大线程数 and 线程池平均等待时间 < 100ms(系统忙)
   3. 任务大于工作线程数的4倍
 }
 csThreadManagment.Enter;
 try
  KillDeadThreads;
  if FThreads.Count < FThreadsMin then
  begin
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
   WriteLog('工作线程数小于最小线程数', 4);
{$ENDIF}
   for i := FThreads.Count to FThreadsMin - 1 do
   try
    FThreads.Add(TProcessorThread.Create(Self));
   except
    on e: Exception do
     WriteLog(
       'TProcessorThread.Create raise: ' + e.ClassName + #13#10#9'Message: '
       + e.Message,
   end
  end
  else
   if FThreads.Count < FThreadsMax then
   begin
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
    WriteLog('工作线程数小于最大线程数 and 线程池平均等待时间 < 100ms', 3);
{$ENDIF}
    AvgWait := PoolAverageWaitingTime;
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
```

```
WriteLog(Format(
      'FThreads.Count (%d)<FThreadsMax(%d), AvgWait=%d',
      [FThreads.Count, FThreadsMax, AvgWait]),
      4
      );
{$ENDIF}
     if AvgWait < 100 then
     try
      FThreads.Add(TProcessorThread.Create(Self));
     except
      on e: Exception do
        WriteLog(
         'TProcessorThread.Create raise: ' + e.ClassName +
         #13#10#9'Message: ' + e.Message,
         );
     end;
    end;
 finally
  csThreadManagment.Leave;
 end;
end; { TThreadsPool.CheckThreadsForGrow }
procedure TThreadsPool.DoProcessed;
var
 i: Integer;
begin
 if (FLastGetPoint < FQueue.Count) then
  Exit;
 csThreadManagment.Enter;
 try
  for i := 0 to FThreads.Count - 1 do
    if TProcessorThread(FThreads[i]).FCurState in [tcsProcessing] then
     Exit;
 finally
  csThreadManagment.Leave;
```

```
end;
 DoQueueEmpty(ekProcessingFinished);
end; { TThreadsPool.DoProcessed }
procedure TThreadsPool.DoProcessRequest(aDataObj: TWorkItem; aThread:
 TProcessorThread);
begin
 if Assigned(FProcessRequest) then
  FProcessRequest(Self, aDataObj, aThread);
end; { TThreadsPool.DoProcessRequest }
procedure TThreadsPool.DoQueueEmpty(EmptyKind: TEmptyKind);
begin
 if Assigned(FQueueEmpty) then
  FQueueEmpty(Self, EmptyKind);
end; { TThreadsPool.DoQueueEmpty }
procedure TThreadsPool.DoThreadFinalizing(aThread: TProcessorThread);
begin
 if Assigned(FThreadFinalizing) then
  FThreadFinalizing(Self, aThread);
end; { TThreadsPool.DoThreadFinalizing }
procedure TThreadsPool.DoThreadInitializing(aThread: TProcessorThread);
begin
 if Assigned(FThreadInitializing) then
  FThreadInitializing(Self, aThread);
end; { TThreadsPool.DoThreadInitializing }
函数名:TThreadsPool.FreeFinishedThreads
功能描述:释放 FThreadsKilling 列表中的线程
输入参数:无
返回值:无
创建日期:2006.10.22 11:34
修改日期:2006.
作 者:Kook
附加说明:
```

```
procedure TThreadsPool.FreeFinishedThreads;
var
 i: Integer;
begin
 if csThreadManagment.TryEnter then
 try
  for i := FThreadsKilling.Count - 1 downto 0 do
   if TProcessorThread(FThreadsKilling[i]).isFinished then
    begin
     TProcessorThread(FThreadsKilling[i]).Free;
     FThreadsKilling.Delete(i);
   end;
 finally
  csThreadManagment.Leave
 end;
end; { TThreadsPool.FreeFinishedThreads }
函数 名:TThreadsPool.GetRequest
功能描述:申请任务
输入参数:out Request: TRequestDataObject
返回值:无
创建日期:2006.10.22 11:34
修改日期:2006.
作 者:Kook
附加说明:
}
procedure TThreadsPool.GetRequest(out Request: TWorkItem);
begin
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
 WriteLog('申请任务', 2);
{$ENDIF}
 csQueueManagment.Enter;
 try
```

```
//跳过空的队列元素
  while (FLastGetPoint < FQueue.Count) and (FQueue[FLastGetPoint] = nil) do
   Inc(FLastGetPoint);
  Assert(FLastGetPoint < FQueue.Count);
  //压缩队列,清除空元素
  if (FQueue.Count > 127) and (FLastGetPoint >= (3 * FQueue.Count) div 4) then
  begin
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
   WriteLog('FQueue.Pack', 1);
{$ENDIF}
   FQueue.Pack;
   FLastGetPoint := 0;
  end;
  Request := TWorkItem(FQueue[FLastGetPoint]);
  FQueue[FLastGetPoint] := nil;
  inc(FLastGetPoint);
  if (FLastGetPoint = FQueue.Count) then //如果队列中无任务
  begin
    DoQueueEmpty(ekQueueEmpty);
   FQueue.Clear;
   FLastGetPoint := 0;
  end;
 finally
  csQueueManagment.Leave;
 end;
end; { TThreadsPool.GetRequest }
function TThreadsPool.InfoText: string;
begin
 Result := ";
 //end;
 //{$ELSE}
 //var
 // i: Integer;
 //begin
```

```
// csQueueManagment.Enter;
 // csThreadManagment.Enter;
 // try
 //
    if (FThreads.Count = 0) and (FThreadsKilling.Count = 1) and
      TProcessorThread(FThreadsKilling[0]).isFinished then
 //
 //
      FreeFinishedThreads;
 //
 //
     Result := Format(
      'Pool thread: Min=%d, Max=%d, WorkingThreadsCount=%d, TerminatedThreadCount=%d
 //
, QueueLength=%d'#13#10,
 //
      [ThreadsMin, ThreadsMax, FThreads.Count, FThreadsKilling.Count,
 //
      FQueue.Count]
 //
       );
     if FThreads.Count > 0 then
 //
      Result := Result + 'Working threads: '#13#10;
    for i := 0 to FThreads.Count - 1 do
      Result := Result + TProcessorThread(FThreads[i]).InfoText + #13#10;
 //
    if FThreadsKilling.Count > 0 then
 //
    Result := Result + 'Terminated threads:'#13#10;
 //
 // for i := 0 to FThreadsKilling.Count - 1 do
 //
      Result := Result + TProcessorThread(FThreadsKilling[i]).InfoText + #13#10;
 // finally
     csThreadManagment.Leave;
     csQueueManagment.Leave;
 // end;
 //end;
 //{$ENDIF}
end; { TThreadsPool.InfoText }
函数名:TThreadsPool.KillDeadThreads
功能描述:清除死线程
输入参数:无
返回值:无
创建日期:2006.10.22 11:32
修改日期:2006.
    者:Kook
```

```
附加说明:
}
procedure TThreadsPool.KillDeadThreads;
var
 i: Integer;
begin
 // Check for dead threads
 if csThreadManagment.TryEnter then
 try
  for i := 0 to FThreads.Count - 1 do
    if TProcessorThread(FThreads[i]).IsDead then
    begin
     // Dead thread moverd to other list.
     // New thread created to replace dead one
     TProcessorThread(FThreads[i]).Terminate;
     FThreadsKilling.Add(FThreads[i]);
     try
      FThreads[i] := TProcessorThread.Create(Self);
     except
      on e: Exception do
      begin
       FThreads[i] := nil;
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
        WriteLog(
         'TProcessorThread.Create raise: ' + e.ClassName +
         #13#10#9'Message: ' + e.Message,
         );
{$ENDIF}
      end;
     end;
    end;
 finally
  csThreadManagment.Leave
 end;
```

```
end; { TThreadsPool.KillDeadThreads }
function TThreadsPool.PoolAverageWaitingTime: Integer;
var
i: Integer;
begin
 Result := 0;
 if FThreads.Count > 0 then
 begin
  for i := 0 to FThreads.Count - 1 do
   Inc(result, TProcessorThread(FThreads[i]).AverageWaitingTime);
  Result := Result div FThreads.Count
 end
 else
  Result := 1;
end; { TThreadsPool.PoolAverageWaitingTime }
procedure TThreadsPool.WriteLog(const Str: string; Level: Integer = 0);
begin
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
 uThreadPool.WriteLog(Str, 0, Level);
{$ENDIF}
end; { TThreadsPool.WriteLog }
// 工作线程仅用于线程池内, 不要直接创建并调用它。
}
constructor TProcessorThread.Create(APool: TThreadsPool);
begin
 WriteLog('创建工作线程', 5);
 inherited Create(True);
 FPool := aPool;
 FAverageWaitingTime := 1000;
 FAverageProcessing := 3000;
```

```
sInitError := ";
 各参数的意义如下:
 参数一:填上 nil 即可。
 参数二:是否采用手动调整灯号。
 参数三:灯号的起始状态、False 表示红灯。
 参数四:Event 名称,对象名称相同的话,会指向同一个对象,所以想要有两个Event对象,便要有两个不同的名称(
这名称以字符串来存.为NIL的话系统每次会自己创建一个不同的名字,就是被次创建的都是新的EVENT)。
 传回值:Event handle。
 hInitFinished := CreateEvent(nil, True, False, nil);
 hThreadTerminated := CreateEvent(nil, True, False, nil);
 csProcessingDataObject := TCriticalSection.Create;
 try
  WriteLog('TProcessorThread.Create::Resume', 3);
  Resume;
  //阻塞,等待初始化完成
  WaitForSingleObject(hInitFinished, INFINITE);
  if sInitError <> " then
   raise Exception.Create(sInitError);
 finally
  CloseHandle(hInitFinished);
 end;
 WriteLog('TProcessorThread.Create::Finished', 3);
end; { TProcessorThread.Create }
destructor TProcessorThread.Destroy;
begin
 WriteLog('工作线程销毁', 5);
 CloseHandle(hThreadTerminated);
 csProcessingDataObject.Free;
 inherited;
end; { TProcessorThread.Destroy }
function TProcessorThread.AverageProcessingTime: DWORD;
begin
```

```
if (FCurState in [tcsProcessing]) then
  Result := NewAverage(FAverageProcessing, GetTickCount - uProcessingStart)
 else
  Result := FAverageProcessing
end; { TProcessorThread.AverageProcessingTime }
function TProcessorThread.AverageWaitingTime: DWORD;
begin
 if (FCurState in [tcsWaiting, tcsCheckingDown]) then
  Result := NewAverage(FAverageWaitingTime, GetTickCount - uWaitingStart)
 else
  Result := FAverageWaitingTime
end; { TProcessorThread.AverageWaitingTime }
procedure TProcessorThread.Execute;
type
 THandleID = (hidTerminateThread, hidRequest, hidCheckPoolDown);
var
 WaitedTime: Integer;
 Handles: array[THandleID] of THandle;
begin
 WriteLog('工作线程进常运行', 3);
 //当前状态:初始化
 FCurState := tcsInitializing;
 try
  //执行外部事件
  FPool.DoThreadInitializing(Self);
 except
  on e: Exception do
   sInitError := e.Message;
 end;
 //初始化完成,初始化Event绿灯
 SetEvent(hInitFinished);
 WriteLog('TProcessorThread.Execute::Initialized', 3);
```

```
//引用线程池的同步 Event
Handles[hidTerminateThread] := hThreadTerminated;
Handles[hidRequest] := FPool.hSemRequestCount;
Handles[hidCheckPoolDown] := FPool.hTimCheckPoolDown;
//时间戳,
//todo: 好像在线程中用 GetTickCount; 会不正常
uWaitingStart := GetTickCount;
//任务置空
FProcessingDataObject := nil;
//大巡环
while not terminated do
begin
//当前状态:等待
 FCurState := tcsWaiting;
 //阻塞线程,使线程休眠
 case WaitForMultipleObjects(Length(Handles), @Handles, False, INFINITE) -
  WAIT OBJECT 0 of
  WAIT_OBJECT_0 + ord(hidTerminateThread):
   begin
     WriteLog('TProcessorThread.Execute:: Terminate event signaled ', 5);
    //当前状态:正在终止线程
     FCurState := tcsTerminating;
    //退出大巡环(结束线程)
     Break;
   end;
  WAIT OBJECT 0 + ord(hidRequest):
   begin
     WriteLog('TProcessorThread.Execute:: Request semaphore signaled ', 3);
    //等待的时间
     WaitedTime := GetTickCount - uWaitingStart;
    //重新计算平均等待时间
     FAverageWaitingTime := NewAverage(FAverageWaitingTime, WaitedTime);
    //当前状态:申请任务
     FCurState := tcsGetting;
```

```
//如果等待时间过短,则检查工作线程是否足够
      if WaitedTime < 5 then
       FPool.CheckThreadsForGrow;
      //从线程池的任务队列中得到任务
      FPool.GetRequest(FProcessingDataObject);
      //开始处理的时间戳
      uProcessingStart := GetTickCount;
      //当前状态:执行任务
      FCurState := tcsProcessing;
      try
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
       WriteLog('Processing: ' + FProcessingDataObject.TextForLog, 2);
{$ENDIF}
       //执行任务
       FPool.DoProcessRequest(FProcessingDataObject, Self);
      except
       on e: Exception do
        WriteLog(
          'OnProcessRequest for ' + FProcessingDataObject.TextForLog +
          #13#10'raise Exception: ' + e.Message,
          8
         );
      end;
      //释放任务对象
      csProcessingDataObject.Enter;
      try
       FProcessingDataObject.Free;
       FProcessingDataObject := nil;
      finally
       csProcessingDataObject.Leave;
      end;
      //重新计算
      FAverageProcessing := NewAverage(FAverageProcessing, GetTickCount -
       uProcessingStart);
      //当前状态:执行任务完毕
```

```
FCurState := tcsProcessed;
      //执行线程外事件
      FPool.DoProcessed;
      uWaitingStart := GetTickCount;
     end;
    WAIT_OBJECT_0 + ord(hidCheckPoolDown):
     begin
      // !!! Never called under Win9x
      WriteLog('TProcessorThread.Execute:: CheckPoolDown timer signaled ',
       4);
      //当前状态:线程池停机(检查并清除空闲线程和死线程)
      FCurState := tcsCheckingDown;
      FPool.CheckPoolDown;
     end;
  end;
 end;
 FCurState := tcsTerminating;
 FPool.DoThreadFinalizing(Self);
end; { TProcessorThread.Execute }
function TProcessorThread.IamCurrentlyProcess(DataObj: TWorkItem): Boolean;
begin
 csProcessingDataObject.Enter;
  Result := (FProcessingDataObject <> nil) and
    DataObj.IsTheSame(FProcessingDataObject);
 finally
  csProcessingDataObject.Leave;
 end;
end; { TProcessorThread.IamCurrentlyProcess }
function TProcessorThread.InfoText: string;
const
 ThreadStateNames: array[TThreadState] of string =
```

```
'tcsInitializing',
  'tcsWaiting',
  'tcsGetting',
  'tcsProcessing',
  'tcsProcessed',
  'tcsTerminating',
  'tcsCheckingDown'
  );
begin
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
 Result := Format(
  '%5d: %15s, AverageWaitingTime=%6d, AverageProcessingTime=%6d',
  [ThreadID, ThreadStateNames[FCurState], AverageWaitingTime,
  AverageProcessingTime]
   );
 case FCurState of
  tcsWaiting:
    Result := Result + ', WaitingTime=' + IntToStr(GetTickCount -
     uWaitingStart);
  tcsProcessing:
    Result := Result + ', ProcessingTime=' + IntToStr(GetTickCount -
     uProcessingStart);
 end;
 csProcessingDataObject.Enter;
 try
  if FProcessingDataObject <> nil then
    Result := Result + ' ' + FProcessingDataObject.TextForLog;
 finally
  csProcessingDataObject.Leave;
 end;
{$ENDIF}
end; { TProcessorThread.InfoText }
function TProcessorThread.IsDead: Boolean;
begin
```

```
Result :=
  Terminated or
  (FPool.ThreadDeadTimeout > 0) and (FCurState = tcsProcessing) and
  (GetTickCount - uProcessingStart > FPool.ThreadDeadTimeout);
 if Result then
  WriteLog('Thread dead', 5);
end; { TProcessorThread.IsDead }
function TProcessorThread.isFinished: Boolean;
begin
 Result := WaitForSingleObject(Handle, 0) = WAIT_OBJECT_0;
end; { TProcessorThread.isFinished }
function TProcessorThread.isIdle: Boolean;
begin
 // 如果线程状态是 tcsWaiting, tcsCheckingDown
 // 并且 空间时间 > 100ms,
 // 并且 平均等候任务时间大于平均工作时间的 50%
 // 则视为空闲。
 Result :=
  (FCurState in [tcsWaiting, tcsCheckingDown]) and
  (AverageWaitingTime > 100) and
  (AverageWaitingTime * 2 > AverageProcessingTime);
end; { TProcessorThread.isIdle }
function TProcessorThread.NewAverage(OldAvg, NewVal: Integer): Integer;
begin
 Result := (OldAvg * 2 + NewVal) div 3;
end; { TProcessorThread.NewAverage }
procedure TProcessorThread.Terminate;
begin
 WriteLog('TProcessorThread.Terminate', 5);
 inherited Terminate;
 SetEvent(hThreadTerminated);
end; { TProcessorThread.Terminate }
procedure TProcessorThread.WriteLog(const Str: string; Level: Integer = 0);
```

```
begin
{$IFNDEF NOLOGS}
 uThreadPool.WriteLog(Str, ThreadID, Level);
{$ENDIF}
end; { TProcessorThread.WriteLog }
}
constructor TCriticalSection.Create;
begin
 InitializeCriticalSection(FSection);
end; { TCriticalSection.Create }
destructor TCriticalSection.Destroy;
begin
 DeleteCriticalSection(FSection);
end; { TCriticalSection.Destroy }
procedure TCriticalSection.Enter;
begin
 EnterCriticalSection(FSection);
end; { TCriticalSection.Enter }
procedure TCriticalSection.Leave;
begin
 LeaveCriticalSection(FSection);
end; { TCriticalSection.Leave }
function TCriticalSection.TryEnter: Boolean;
begin
 Result := TryEnterCriticalSection(FSection);
end; { TCriticalSection.TryEnter }
procedure NoLogs(const Str: string; LogID: Integer = 0; Level: Integer = 0);
begin
end;
```

<pre>initialization WriteLog := NoLogs;</pre>	
end.	
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